

Highfields Farm Strip, Map and Sample Excavation

Post-excavation Assessment and Updated Project Design



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Unit R6 Sheaf Bank Business Park Prospect Road Sheffield S2 3EN

www.wessexarch.co.uk

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Address Burlington House

Lypiatt Road Cheltenham Gloucestershire GL50 2SY

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Fieldwork directed by Paula Whittaker
Project management by Chris Swales
Document compiled by Paula Whittaker

Contributions from Inés López-Dóriga (charred plant remains), Lorrain Higbee (animal

bone), Loraine Mepham (other finds), lan Rowlandson (pottery),

Gwladys Monteil (samian), Carol Lang (micromorphology).

Graphics by Ian Watkins and Joanna Debska

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Summary

Wessex Archaeology was commissioned by CgMs Consulting on behalf of North Midlands Construction Ltd to carry out an archaeological strip, map and sample excavation as a condition of planning permission, in advance of a housing development at Highfields Farm, Findern, Derby (NGR 432000 332300). The excavation, which occupied 3.25 hectares, was the final stage in a programme of archaeological works related to the development.

An isolated pit containing Bronze Age pottery, and a handful of flint (all residual), are the only evidence relating to the earlier prehistoric periods. Evidence for occupation becomes more conspicuous during the late Iron Age, with two near complete roundhouse eaves drip gullies and a network of enclosure ditches thought to belong to this period. However, the majority of the remains on the site date to the Romano-British period and comprise an extensive system of rectilinear ditched enclosures containing further roundhouse eaves drip gullies, a well, a waterhole, middenlike spreads, and slight traces of a potential rectilinear structure defined by beam slots. The ceramic evidence suggests that the main boundary framework on the site appears to have been established by the 2nd century AD, with activity continuing until the middle of the 4th century AD, but with no indication that the settlement continued survived until the end of the 4th century AD.

During the Romano-British period the site lay around 6.5 km south-west of the known military and civilian centres located at Strutts Park and Little Chester, Derby, and 650 m south-east of the course of Ryknield Street, the Roman road that led south from Derby.

Post-Roman remains comprised cultivation furrows, a small assemblage of medieval and post-medieval finds, and relatively modern field boundaries.

A range of finds was recovered from the site, including a relatively large pottery assemblage. This contained a modest range of regional and Continental imports, which is unusual for a rural Romano-British site in Derbyshire, and presumably reflects the proximity of the military and civilian centres at Derby and the road by which they were supplied. Of most interest amongst the finds was a pair of metal bowls, with one decorated with a six-pointed star, possibly intended as a Chi-Rho (Christian) symbol.

Environmental remains collected during the excavation show signs of the production and processing of cereals, mostly spelt wheat with some barley, with pollen evidence suggestive of wet areas, pasture, meadows, arable and disturbed ground, but little indication of woodland. The animal bone assemblage was small; it suggests the site's occupants ate beef, mutton and some pork. Remains of horse and deer were also noted.

Iron Age and Romano-British occupation in the hinterland of Derby is not well understood, and so the excavations contribute to the emergent understanding of the local settlement pattern. The Romano-British pottery and a few of the charred plant assemblages hold the highest potential to understand the nature of the site and its role within the wider Romano-British landscape. Such work offers an avenue to examine the influence of urban and military markets and populations on outlying rural areas. Overall, the site may be considered to be of regional importance. However, should the decoration on the nested vessel be confirmed as a type of Chi Rho, this would provide nationally important evidence of the adoption of Christianity within Roman Britain.

This post-excavation assessment describes the archaeological results and discusses the remains in their local context. Updated questions to guide ongoing analysis are identified; recommendations for further work are presented, leading to the publication of the site, and deposition of the archive at an appropriate local museum.



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The fieldwork was directed by Paula Whittaker, with the assistance of Max Higgins, Hannah Holbrook, Nick Woodward, Chris Oakes, Margi Leman, Heather Tamminen, Mary Marshall, Owen Jenkins, Cat Thornhill, Andrea Goodinson, Justynia Dekiert, Luke Roberts, Jack Peverall, Otis Gilbert, Louis Bermuda, Ifigeneia Klopa, Stavroula Fouriki, Sam McCormick, Martina Tenzer, Chris Warburton, Dan Webster, Alvaro Mora-Ottomano, Matt Tooke, Andy Reid, Chris Hirst and Ashley Tuck. Finds processing and co-ordinating were by Jess Irwin and Matt Leivers. Environmental processing was co-ordinated by Inés López-Dóriga and Liz Chambers and carried out by Dora Olah, Ifigeneia Klopa, Callum Bruce and Stavroula Fouriki, flots were sorted by Nicki Mulhall. Pollen samples were assessed by Alex Brown, the sediments were described by Liz Chambers.

The specialist reports were written by Alex Brown (pollen), Liz Chambers (monolith sample sediment descriptions), Inés López-Dóriga (charred plant remains), Lorrain Higbee (animal bone), Carol Lang (soil micromorphology), Lorraine Mepham (miscellaneous finds), Ian Rowlandson and Gwladys Monteil (pottery/samian respectively). This report was written by Paula Whittaker and edited by Chris Swales and Patrick Daniel. Graphics were produced by Joanna Debska and Ian Atkins. The project was managed by Chris Swales on behalf of Wessex Archaeology.



HIGHFIELDS FARM, STRIP, MAP AND SAMPLE EXCAVATION

Post-excavation Assessment and Updated Project Design

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project and planning background

- 1.1.1 Wessex Archaeology was commissioned by CgMs Consulting (hereafter 'the Client') on behalf of North Midlands Construction Ltd to carry out an archaeological strip, map and sample excavation as a condition of planning permission, in advance of a housing development at Highfields Farm, Findern, Derby (Planning Application SDDC 9/2006/0775, APP/F1040/A/06/2028732, 9/2011/0640; NGR 432000 332300; Fig.1) (hereafter 'the Site').
- 1.1.2 The proposed development involves the construction of up to 1200 residential units, a new primary school, community facilities and associated infrastructure and landscaping, including provision for a new country park. The overall development area occupies *c.* 51 ha., and had been used as agricultural land until recently.
- 1.1.3 The strip, map and sample excavations focussed on a 3.25 ha area and represented the final stage in a programme of archaeological works that had included:
 - desk-based assessment (Hunt 2006)
 - fieldwalking survey (Hurford 2006)
 - trench evaluation (Hurford 2007)
 - geophysical survey (Heard 2007)
 - trench evaluation (Higgins and Beamish 2014)
- 1.1.4 Following discussions between the Client and Steve Baker, Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist (hereafter 'the curator') a scope of works was agreed. University of Leicester Archaeological Services produced a written scheme of investigation (WSI) (ULAS 2014) outlining how the requirements of the work would be met. The excavation was undertaken in accordance with this WSI and an addendum, which detailed the aims, methodologies and standards to be employed for both the fieldwork and the post-excavation work (Wessex Archaeology 2017). The curator approved the WSI, on behalf of the Local Planning Authority (LPA), prior to fieldwork commencing. The excavation was undertaken between 23rd January and 17th June 2017 with a break of four weeks in March/April.



1.2 Site location, topography and geology

- 1.2.1 The Site is located in the parish of Findern (NGR 432000 332300) and is bounded to the south by a hedgerow alongside Bakeacre Lane, a deep ditch and field boundary to the east and more fields to the north and west.
- 1.2.2 The field had been left uncultivated while waiting for the development to commence, although it was still possible to discern a slight gradient through the long grasses and weeds. The higher ground lay in the north-west at 58 m aOD (above Ordnance Datum), from where the ground surface sloped down to 53.3 m aOD at the eastern corner of Site. The majority of the Site's boundary features were aligned to exploit its eastward drainage fall.
- 1.2.3 The underlying geology is mapped as Gunthorpe Member mudstone with superficial deposits of lacustrine clay and silt (British Geological Survey online viewer).

1.3 Scope of the report

1.3.1 The purpose of this report is to provide the provisional results of the excavation, to assess the potential of the results to address the research aims outlined in the WSI, to recommend a programme of further analysis work, and outline the resources needed, to achieve the aims (including the revised research aims arising from this assessment), leading to dissemination of the archaeological results via publication and the curation of the archive.

2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

2.1 Introduction

2.1.1 The WSI presented an outline of the historic and archaeological context of the wider development area (ULAS 2014), parts of which are summarised below.

2.2 Archaeological and historical context

- 2.2.1 The Site lies in an area of known prehistoric and Roman activity.
- 2.2.2 Approximately 4 km to the south-west of the Site, excavations at Mercia Marina in 2008 found many features and finds from a broad prehistoric date range including: possible Late Upper Palaeolithic stone tools from the glacial gravels; Mesolithic flint tools and a possible Mesolithic pit feature; Early Neolithic midden pits containing Early Neolithic pottery; Early Bronze Age ring ditch features, cremation burials; 'triangular' post-built structures and a circular post-built structure; and Iron Age/Romano-British boundary ditch features (ARS 2008).
- 2.2.3 The Site lies approximately 6.5 km to the south-west of the Roman fortifications that formed the precursor to the later settlement at Derby. The first Roman fort was built at Strutts Park (on the western side of the River Derwent) not long after AD 50. This was replaced in AD 80 by a fort located at Little Chester on the opposite side of the river, and known as *Derventio*. Excavations have revealed details of the fort and a thriving vicus (civilian settlement) along its eastern side. Recent excavations in advance of flood defence works and in association with The Big Dig in 2016



- produced artefacts indicating that it was a strategic point for trade and taxes (Trent and Peak Archaeology 2016).
- 2.2.4 By the early 3rd century, much of the area was no longer occupied by the military and was under cultivation. *Derventio* was abandoned by the end of the 4th century, although evidence for post-Roman settlement in the area includes a late 5th–early 6th-century cemetery close to the east gate of the fort (Sparey-Green 2002).
- 2.2.5 The Roman road of Ryknield Street passes through the northern part of the wider development area on a north-east to south-west alignment (SMR 18929-MNR4600). This originally connected Wall in Staffordshire to *Derventio*.
- 2.2.6 Earthworks associated with the road are still visible in places and a section west of the former Crest Hotel is scheduled (SMR32050). Excavations by the Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit examined the road and also found a Bronze Age cremation urn and an Iron Age pit alignment (monument no. 1394759, Cherrington 2003).
- 2.2.7 The nearby villages of Littleover and Findern were mentioned in the Domesday Book and so are likely to have been established settlements at the time of the Norman Conquest. The parish church in Findern was rebuilt in 1863, on the site of a Saxon chapel destroyed by fire (Findern Parish Council n.d.).

2.3 Previous works related to the development (taken from the WSI)

- 2.3.1 The wider development area has undergone a number of archaeological works in the preceding 11 years, including a fieldwalking survey, geophysical survey, and two trench evaluations. These provided evidence for prehistoric and Roman activity along with evidence for medieval agriculture in the form of ridge and furrow.
- 2.3.2 The fieldwalking survey (Hurford 2006) produced no strong concentrations of artefacts although it did provide some evidence of possible prehistoric and Roman activity along with medieval agricultural manuring. The geophysical survey (Heard 2007) combined a magnetic susceptibility scan of 43 ha with a subsequent detailed magnetometry survey of seven areas totalling c. 4.3 ha. Six of the seven areas provided results dominated by past agricultural activity. However, in one of the areas possible evidence for buried archaeological features was identified. This included positive linear and isolated anomalies representing cut features across the centre, south and east of the area. These include one feature that represented part of a rectangular enclosure and another with two parallel ditches running south-west to north-east.
- 2.3.3 Two areas of settlement were identified from the combined fieldwalking and geophysical survey. Targeted evaluative trenching in May 2007 (Hurford 2007) and March 2014 (Higgins and Beamish 2014), identified the remains of a settlement of Romano-British date in the south-east of the development area. A second area of occupation of probable Iron Age date was also identified in the north of the same field. Trench evaluation in the south-west of the development area did not identify features associated with the finds of pottery and burnt stone found during field-walking.



3 AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

3.1 Aims

- 3.1.1 The general aims of the excavation, as stated in the WSI (ULAS 2014) and in compliance with the ClfA's *Standard and guidance for archaeological excavation* (ClfA 2014a), were:
 - to identify the presence/absence of any archaeological deposits;
 - to record the remains to be impacted by the proposed ground works including a sufficient record to establish the character, extent and date range for any archaeological deposits; and,
 - within the stated project objectives, the principal aim of the recording is to establish the nature, extent, date, depth, and significance of the heritage.

4 METHODS

4.1 Introduction

4.1.1 All works were undertaken in accordance with the detailed methods set out within the WSI and its addendum (ULAS 2014 and Wessex Archaeology 2017) and in general compliance with the standards outlined in ClfA guidance (ClfA 2014a). The methods employed are summarised below.

4.2 Fieldwork methods

- 4.2.1 The excavation area was set out using a Leica GNSS (Global Navigation Satellite System) receiver connected to Leica's SmartNet service, in the same position as that proposed in the WSI. The topsoil/overburden was removed in level spits using a 360° excavator equipped with a toothless bucket, under the constant supervision and instruction of the monitoring archaeologist. Machine excavation proceeded in level spits until the archaeological horizon or the natural geology was exposed.
- 4.2.2 Where necessary, archaeological deposits were cleaned by hand to aid visual definition. A sample of archaeological features and deposits identified was hand-excavated, sufficient to address the aims of the excavation. A sample of natural features such as tree-throw holes were also investigated.
- 4.2.3 Spoil derived from both machine stripping and hand-excavated archaeological features was visually scanned for the purposes of finds retrieval. A metal detector was also used. Where found, artefacts were collected and bagged by context. All artefacts from excavated contexts were retained, although those from features of modern date (19th century or later) were recorded on site and not retained.
- 4.2.4 All archaeological features and deposits were recorded using Wessex Archaeology's *pro forma* recording system. A complete drawn record of excavated features and deposits was made including both plans and sections drawn to appropriate scales (generally 1:20 or 1:50 for plans and 1:10 for sections), and tied to the Ordnance Survey (OS) National Grid. The Ordnance Datum (OD: Newlyn)



- heights of all principal features were calculated, and levels added to plans and section drawings.
- 4.2.5 The same Leica GNSS system as used for setting out also surveyed the location of archaeological features. All survey data is recorded in OS National Grid coordinates and heights above OD (Newlyn), as defined by OSGM15 and OSTN15, with a three-dimensional accuracy of at least 50 mm.
- 4.2.6 A full photographic record was maintained consisting of 35 mm monochrome prints and digital images taken with a 35 mm digital SLR camera with a resolution of 10 megapixels. The photographic record illustrates both the detail and the general context of the principal features. Digital images have been subject to managed quality control and curation processes, which have embedded appropriate metadata within the image and will ensure long term accessibility of the image set.

4.3 Artefactual and environmental strategies

- 4.3.1 Appropriate strategies for the recovery, processing and assessment of artefacts and environmental samples were in line with those detailed in the WSI and its addendum (ULAS 2014 and Wessex Archaeology 2017). The treatment of artefacts and environmental remains was in general accordance with: *Guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials* (CIfA 2014b) and *Environmental Archaeology: A Guide to the Theory and Practice of Methods, from Sampling and Recovery to Post-excavation* (English Heritage 2011).
- 4.3.2 Bulk samples were taken from archaeological deposits with dry preservation of organic matter found filling features such as pits, gullies and field boundary/enclosure ditches.
- 4.3.3 Following a monitoring visit attended by the curator and the Historic England Regional Science Advisor, it was agreed that column samples would be taken through the deposits within the well and watering hole identified on the Site. Samples were taken through the spreads of grey clay identified as possible working areas/midden areas to assess soil micromorphology.
- 4.3.4 Monoliths were taken from these features in order to allow geoarchaeological description, interpretation and possible subsampling for microfossils (eg, pollen). Samples spanned the whole section where possible, including the lower boundary of the feature into the 'natural'.
- 4.3.5 Kubiena samples for micromorphological analysis were taken from specific locations in the section where fine layering was observed. This was seen in the midden material/spreads. Assessment of the Kubiena samples involves macroscopic study (using a low power microscope) in the laboratory for the preservation of intact micro layering. The potential for micromorphological analysis is dependent on the preservation of intact micro layering.
- 4.3.6 The remains of possible timbers charred *in situ* were observed on site. The remains were rectangular dark patches of sediment with occasional inclusions of macroscopically visible charcoal. Small samples of soil (*c.* 100 ml) spaced 0.2 m



were taken from these dark patches. These samples were bucket floated after being checked for larger pieces of charcoal, and will be analysed by an external specialist (Dana Challinor) to test the timber hypothesis, as recommended below.

4.4 Monitoring

4.4.1 Steve Baker, Derby and Derbyshire Development Control Archaeologist monitored the fieldwork on behalf of the Local Planning Authority. Any variations to the WSI, if required to better address the project aims, were agreed in advance with both the Client and Steve Baker.

5 STRATIGRAPHIC RESULTS

5.1 Introduction

Summary of archaeological features and deposits

- 5.1.1 A total of 1440 archaeological contexts were recorded at the Highfields Farm excavations. The remains comprise a small rural settlement of late Iron Age date, followed by more extensive evidence of Romano-British occupation. Post-Roman remains chiefly comprise field boundaries and remnants of ridge and furrow cultivation.
- 5.1.2 The earliest feature encountered was a Bronze Age pit. Late Iron Age roundhouses and associated ditched enclosures were found in the north-west part of the Site.
- 5.1.3 The majority of the features have been attributed to the Romano-British period with pottery evidence suggesting continuous activity from the invasion in the 1st century AD to the middle of the 4th century AD. A substantial rectangular field system with internal ditched enclosures and appended rectangular enclosures was uncovered. Numerous pits and spreads/middens were found along with structural evidence comprising beam slots, postholes and stone post pads. Within these enclosures four near complete Romano-British roundhouses were found, patchy remains of a further three roundhouses beneath the later features suggest the replacement of buildings on the Site.
- 5.1.4 Furrows relating to medieval or post-medieval ridge and furrow cultivation could be seen across the whole of the Site, aligned in a roughly east to west direction (Pl. 1). Truncation was less severe in the south-eastern area of the Site where deposits of colluvium protected the underlying archaeological remains. The furrows were themselves later truncated by post-medieval land drains. A long post-medieval field boundary cut across the length of the Site, this appears to have gone out of use in modern times. Two modern sewer pipe trenches also cut across the Site, further truncating the archaeological remains.

Methods of stratigraphic assessment and quantity of data

5.1.5 All hand written and drawn records from the excavation have been collated, checked for consistency and stratigraphic relationships. Key data has been transcribed into an Access database for assessment, which can be updated during any further analysis. The excavation has been preliminary phased using stratigraphic relationships and the spot dating from artefacts, particularly pottery.



5.1.6 Table 1 (below) provides a quantification of the records from the excavation.

Table 1 Quantification of excavation records

Туре	Quantity
Context records	1440
Context registers	52
Graphics (A4 and A3)	434
Graphics registers	24
Environmental sample registers	20
Object registers	2
Digital photographs	3747

5.1.7 Feature numbers have been allocated to entities such as ditches, roundhouses, spreads, important pits, or postholes forming a structure. Within this report, feature numbers are preceded by an 'F' to differentiate them from context numbers.

5.2 Soil sequence and natural deposits

- 5.2.1 The plough soil across the Site was on average less than 0.4 m deep and in places as little as 0.25 m deep, with the archaeological remains having been subject to extensive truncation through medieval and post-medieval agriculture. An extensive system of ridge and furrow truncated the archaeology and obliterated many relationships between the archaeological features. The truncation of archaeological features was especially severe in the northern half of the Site. In the southern and easternmost areas, a mid-orangey brown silty clay colluvial subsoil, 0.05–0.19 m thick lay beneath the plough soil. This subsoil sealed the natural geological layer which was an orangey pale brown slightly silty clay, with occasional darker reddish-brown patches and light grey/blue patches of clay.
- 5.2.2 Irregularly shaped geological features containing light cream grey silty marl-like deposits and tree-throw holes were occasionally present.

5.3 Prehistoric features

5.3.1 A small circular pit, F52 (0.5 m in diameter, 0.2 m depth, Fig. 3; Pl. 2), contained 30 fragments of pottery, and one small unidentifiable burnt bone fragment. The pottery was Bronze Age in date. The pit was located in the south-western part of the Site, away from the later core settlement area. A number of isolated pits were found nearby although none contained any datable evidence.

5.4 Late Iron Age-peri-conquest

Roundhouse F17

5.4.1 Two nearly complete roundhouse eaves drip gullies and one partial example were located in the northernmost part of the Site (Fig. 4 and 8). Eaves drip gully F17 did not form a complete circle due to truncation from a furrow across its southern half and the gully terminating in the north-east end. This gully has possibly petered out here due to machine truncation. Its internal diameter varied between 8.54 m and 8.8 m. The gully was 0.4–0.6 m wide and 0.12–0.3 m deep, and generally contained two fills. One potential re-cut could be seen on the north side (slot 1190). The feature



contained 106 sherds of late Iron Age–1st century AD pottery, representing at least 10 vessels. At the very end of the south-eastern terminal was the top of a complete beehive quernstone (Obj. No. 1) (Fig. 4; Pl. 3 and 4). Just under a metre to the west along the gully was a slightly damaged beehive quernstone (Obj. No. 2). Both lay in the gully in inverted positions, ie, with their flat, grinding surfaces uppermost.

- 5.4.2 Two gullies lying perpendicular to the south-eastern terminal of the eaves drip gully give the appearance of forming an entranceway to the roundhouse (Fig. 4; Pl. 5) both were just under 3 m in length, 0.3 m wide and between 0.25 m and 0.38 m deep. The southern gully, 1072, contained 36 sherds of pottery and numerous small burnt stone/cobbles. Some of the stones were fire cracked and had probably been used as pot boilers. The northern entranceway gully, 1087, contained 17 sherds in each of its fills. The pot was identified as late Iron Age handmade sherds from a coarse quartz gritted vessel from the 1st century AD (Table 3 and 4).
- 5.4.3 Inside the eaves drip gully a shallow oval pit (1165: 1.3 m x 0.62, 0.9 m in depth) containing a large amount of charcoal was probably a cooking pit, the charcoal being left *in situ* from its last use.
- 5.4.4 A small shallow sub-circular pit, 1192, lay just inside the north-eastern eaves drip gully terminal and contained a flint flake. It was possibly related to posthole 1204, with both forming part of the roundhouse's internal structure. A potential tree throw 1180 was located on the north-eastern edge of the roundhouse. Although speculative, this was possibly a tree that was felled to be utilised in the house building works.
- 5.4.5 Potential 4-post structure F12 (Fig. 7) lay c. 25 m south-east of eaves drip gully F17. Although artefactually undated, it may, on typological grounds belong to the pre-Romano-British phase of the Site. The structure had sides with approximate dimensions of 3 m x 2 m.

Roundhouse F20

- 5.4.6 On the highest part of the Site at 58 m aOD, 31 m to the north-west of roundhouse F17, another nearly complete eaves drip gully, F20, was found (Fig. 5; Pl. 6). The gully was between 0.5 m and 0.6 m wide, with an internal diameter of 9.7 m. The gully survived to a depth of between 0.18 m and 0.35 m.
- 5.4.7 This gully had been cut by two features: first by Romano-British ditch F18 and then by a furrow. Romano-British ditch F18 cut across the roundhouse's eastern edge, in the area where the potential entranceway appears to have been: the eastern gully terminated just before ditch F18 indicating the position of the entranceway. The other break in the eaves gully, though partially truncated by a furrow is also located in the same area as was seen in F17, facing south-west, suggesting another potential entranceway. This eaves drip gully was 100% excavated, the gully fills contained a sparse amount of pottery dating to the late Iron Age, handmade shell gritted sherds from 1134, and a handmade grog gritted sherd from a jar from fill 1338 was found alongside occasional burnt stone. A small assemblage of pink/carnation (Caryophyllaceae) seeds was found in the environmental sample taken from terminal 1143 on the south-east side of the gully (see below).



- 5.4.8 A small pit with burnt stone in (1145: 0.6 x 0.5 m x 0.22 m; Fig. 5) was found inside the roundhouse on its southern side (Fig. 5; Pl. 7). This was probably a cooking pit utilising the stones as pot boilers to heat water up, or place food directly upon. An environmental sample from the backfill of this pit was taken although no evidence of charred food remains was found.
- 5.4.9 Part of a curvilinear gully, 1354, was visible in the north-western part of the roundhouses interior. It possibly provided some extra internal drainage; it was just 0.11 m deep. Adjacent to this internal gully was an oblong pit (1364: 0.44 m x 0.34 m x 0.19 m depth); there were no other internal features to suggest the structural components of the roundhouse.
- 5.4.10 Though undated but possibly also part of this phase of late Iron Age roundhouses, curvilinear 1197 was not a complete eaves drip gully, but contained a similar fill to F20, it also had some associated small pits and a possible posthole. It was located 4 m away from the south-eastern entranceway of roundhouse F20 (Fig. 5).

Enclosure ditches F15, F36 and F37

- 5.4.11 Linear F36 (9.7 m in length) and F37 (36 m in length) formed the northern corner of a possible larger enclosure (Fig. 6). These narrow gullies (0.35 m to 0.5 m wide) were very hard to see against the natural clay and only the lower 0.10m of fill had survived later truncation. Although speculative and not seen to link up directly, F15 may have formed the southern corner of this enclosure. An abraded late Iron Age handmade pottery sherd, was found in cut 1051 of F37. In the lower fill 1055 of F15 a similar single sherd from a coarse quartz gritted vessel was found. The north-western side of this enclosure respects roundhouse F17 and is probably contemporary with it. Remnants of a gully/linear feature1218 following the same north-east to south-west alignment, located between ditches F18 and F19, was probably also part of this earlier ditch/enclosure system.
- 5.4.12 Ditch F15 turned to the east to form the south-western corner of a late Iron Age enclosure; it was only seen in this direction for a length of 7.6 m before being truncated by a furrow. Its northern end was cut by later ditch F10, beyond which F15 did not appear to extend. It is possible that the northern boundary for this enclosure was cut away by a later re-cut which formed F10 and adjoined ditch F11. However, a smaller gully 1017, could be seen continuing beyond ditch F11 and ditch F10's junction to the north, which may be part of the original enclosure relating to F37, F36 and F15. A well-preserved and moderately rich assemblage of cereal grains was recovered in one of the samples from enclosure ditch F15, including hulled sixrowed barley (*Hordeum vulgare* var. *vulgare*) and wheat (see below).
- 5.4.13 Undated curvilinear gully F16 appear to have been dug to drain into F15. Just to the east of this feature, another gully remnant was seen; numbered F14, this was cut by the main enclosure ditch F11.
- 5.4.14 A cluster of seven small to medium-sized pits (collectively F48, Fig. 7; Pl. 8) was located in the northern part of the Site. Pit 1357 and 1366 lay just over a metre apart. A handful of sherds in the basal fill of pit 1357 dated to the late Iron Age–early Roman period. In pit fill 1367 pottery sherds were Roman and dated to the 1st century AD (Table 3 and 4) and probably came from the same rusticated jar. A few



isolated poorly preserved cereal grains, including wheat and barley were also found in this feature.

5.5 Early Roman: 2nd century AD+

- 5.5.1 Following the Roman occupation, the rectilinear field system on the Site developed and expanded. Two of the main elements within the new field system were ditches F10 and F11. Ditch F10 crossed the full width of the Site on an ENE to WSW alignment (Fig. 8; Pl. 9). A 10% sample of its 173 m length was excavated but only a handful of pottery was found. This was Romano-British in date, with the only chronologically diagnostic material belonging to the 2nd century AD. One fragment of oxidised proto Derbyshire ware had been refashioned into a counter/disc (see section 6.2.27 below). Other finds include animal bone (some burnt) and a small curled strip of lead (Obj. No. 9). This ditch, along with remainder of the main boundary framework (see below) was probably still functioning into the late Roman period, but was perhaps not close enough to the domestic activity in the settlement core to have much midden rubbish of that date deposited in its fill. Alternatively it may have become infilled, but its boundary continued to be marked by an accompanying hedgerow.
- 5.5.2 Adjoining linear F10, ditch F18 ran northward for 57 m and continued beyond the northern limit of excavation (Fig. 8). Its fills contained some fragments of horse bone and a couple of sherds of late Iron Age pottery as well as Roman pottery in its upper fill. Approximately 30 m south-west of ditch F18 lay ditch F19, which also adjoined ditch F10. Ditch F19 defined a 30 m x 24 m+ enclosure. Ditch F19 contained no datable artefacts, although it most likely also formed part of the Romano-British enclosure system, given its association with ditch F10.
- 5.5.3 Ditch F11 formed a 'T'-junction with ditch F10 and ran down the centre of the Site for 153 m on a NNW to SSE alignment. This ditch contained some 1st and 2nd-century pottery in its primary fil including scraps of samian and grey ware found in fill 1391 (Fig. 11; sect. F11.1). Ditch F11 had a clearly visible recut which mostly contained AD 140–350 pottery sherds. It appears to have functioned throughout the settlement's lifespan: it was never transgressed by any later (Romano-British) features and was respected by the 2nd–4th-century ditch F38 (Fig. 10). One primary fill of F11 contained barley, a potential crop grown on the settlement.
- 5.5.4 Prominent ditch F25 was appended to the eastern side of ditch F11, and so subdivided the plot of land lying to the south and east of ditches F10 and F11 respectively (Fig. 8–9; Pl. 10). Finds of both shed and butchered antler from fill 2235 of ditch F25 (Pl. 18) indicate that the Site's inhabitants both hunted deer and collected shed antlers (see below). Ditch F25 also contained an unidentifiable copper alloy coin, 2nd-century pottery and later pottery in its re-cut (Fig. 11; section F25.1). It is likely that F25 was open by the 2nd century but was subsequently recut. These main ditches seem to have defined the principal boundary framework on the Site and were probably maintained throughout the following centuries, until the late Roman period.
- 5.5.5 Extending southwards from F25 some smaller linear ditches (F56, F57 and F3) were seen (Fig. 8–9). They possibly utilised F25 to form an enclosure in the early



Romano-British phase on the Site. Ditch F57 contained some high-quality pottery including a small amount of samian of 2nd-century date. Amongst the local wares a fragment of Mancetter-Hartshill mortarium was stamped and could be identified to the potter lunius. He is known to have worked at a Mancetter-Hartshill workshop and possibly also at Little Chester (see below). To the east of ditch F57 lay ditch F3, which also contained 2nd-century pottery and shared the alignment of F56 and F57. These features appear to have been contemporary and possibly formed an enclosure containing roundhouse F65 (see below).

- 5.5.6 Other features that may have formed part of this enclosure arrangement include F27, F26 and a parallel linear 2374, 25 m to the south, cut away by F23. These thin, slightly vague, linear features all appear similar in nature and were probably contemporary. F27 was possibly a continuation of F3; it also contained no artefacts in its shallow fill. Parallel to F3, linear F34 contained 2nd-century pottery in both of its excavated slots.
- 5.5.7 To the west of F57, patchy remnants of linear features (1572 and 1663) were seen following the same alignment, though no pottery was found to resolve their date. However, pit 1566 at the south end of gully 1572 did contain late 1st–early 2nd century pottery, perhaps indicating the group as a whole was broadly contemporary.
- 5.5.8 Approximately 48 m to the south-east, right-angled ditch F60 contained 2nd-century pottery and burnt stone. This narrow ditch defined the north-eastern corner of a small enclosure possibly serving F66, a poorly preserved potential eaves drip gully (Fig. 9). Ditch F60 was heavily truncated by a modern sewer pipe trench.
- 5.5.9 Ditch F24 linked ditch F25 with enclosure F5/F23 and (see below), and in doing so defined the western side of a rectangular field with dimensions of 26 m x 13 m. F24 had a recut 2349, the early ditch fill 2296 contained 2nd-century pottery alongside animal bone (Fig. 11, sect. F24.1). Fill 2297 of the recut contained 2nd-4th-century pottery (Fig. 11, sect. F24.1).

5.6 Roman: 2nd-4th century AD

5.6.1 Enclosure F55 was only partially seen with only its north-west corner visible on the southern limit of excavation (Fig. 10). It contained pottery from the 3rd century and 3rd or 4th century, including Derbyshire ware jars, Mancetter-Hartshill mortaria and a grey ware bowl (see below). It also contained a single glume base of spelt wheat, recovered from an environmental sample (see below).

Roundhouse F9

- 5.6.2 Roundhouse F9 was an incomplete eaves drip gully (Fig. 9) with a terminal in the south-east suggesting an eastern entranceway; its width varied from 0.26 m to 0.66 m, with a diameter of 7.5 m. The single fill contained mostly 2nd-century pottery though some 3rd-century pottery was found in the terminal. It cut across earlier ditch F3 which contained 2nd-century pottery, so was probably late 2nd-century/3rd-century in date.
- 5.6.3 Inside the eaves drip gully small oval pit 2365 (Fig. 15) contained two fills, the upper fill being rich in charcoal fragments as well as burnt stone and pottery sherds,



including Black Burnished ware and grey ware. Some of the Black Burnished ware had burnt marks on as if it had been used as a cooking vessel. It is likely that this was a cooking pit utilised by the house occupants.

5.6.4 Not far away west of roundhouse F9 was a remnant of another potential roundhouse eaves drip gully: F65 (Fig. 9). Just over 1.5 m away to the north another curvilinear gully remnant was seen; these are possibly truncated roundhouse eaves drip gullies that were clustered around this area, only small portions of the gully have survived the later ridge and furrow disturbance (Pl. 11).

Enclosure F5/F23

- 5.6.5 Ditch F5 and northern adjoining ditch F23 together formed a rectangular enclosure with a dimension of 38.75 m x 14.5 m (Fig. 9). The ditch varied in width from 1–2 m with a depth of 0.6–0.8 m, showing indications of a recut on its western edge. In the north-east corner of the enclosure a smaller pen like area was enclosed by gully F22. On the edge of ditch F5 and F22 a spindle whorl was found which had been formed from a piece of grey ware pottery (Obj. No. 3). Pottery from F5 was varied in date: there were fragments of 2nd-century pottery as well as sherds broadly dated to AD 140–350. A silver coin identified to Galba (AD 68–69) was also recovered from this ditch.
- 5.6.6 A pair of metal bowls, one nested in the other, was found at the junction of F23 and F24. A small lead bowl (Obj. No. 4), with a smaller silver-like metal vessel (Obj. No. 34) placed inside it, was found *c.* 0.35 m deep in the fill 2334 of ditch F23 (Pl. 19 and 20). After cleaning and analysis, it was established that the smaller, inner vessel is made up of 60% copper, and equal parts zinc and nickel. The smaller, inner vessel has a decorated inner rim, and a six-pointed star on the inside of the base, possibly intended as a Chi-Rho (Christian) symbol (Pl. 21 and 22; see discussion).
- 5.6.7 Ditch F5 continued to the north for 14 m, to its junction with prominent boundary F25 (Pl. 23). Though unseen just beyond the limit of excavation, F5 potentially continued northwards to connect with east—west ditch F10 thereby completing the definition of a large rectangular field to the north (Fig. 2 and 9).
- It was evident during the fieldwork that the natural lie of the land causes water from the Site to collect in its south-eastern corner. The Site's Romano-British occupants must have had the same problem, as the ditches here were relatively wide (F1 and F34) potentially to cope with the volume of water (Fig. 9 and 11; section F1.1). Although no pottery was found in these ditches, their layout indicates they were contemporary with enclosure F5/F23.

Well F28

5.6.9 A 1.38 m-diameter well, F28, was located in centre of enclosure F5/F23 (Fig. 9 and 14). It was initially excavated in half section down to the safety limits of 1.2 m (Pl. 13). After reducing the ground surface by machine, the well was excavated to a further depth of 2.1 m. Unfortunately, the plan to further step down the sondage with the machine and hand dig to the base of the well was not possible, as the fill slumped creating an unsafe and unstable profile (Pl. 14). The lower fills of the well had to be machined out, but were sorted through for artefact retrieval. Only



waterlogged organic remains were found in the lower reaches of the well. Moderate charred assemblages of cereal grains, including spelt wheat and barley, and a few weed seeds were recovered from the samples in well F28 (see below).

5.6.10 Approximately 0.5 m from the machined surface, fill 2284 contained waterlogged organic material with preservation of grass and wood visible. Animal bone found in the well fills was scarce: one fragment of butchered cattle bone and one horse bone were found. The only pottery retrieved was in the upper fill of the well—this dated to the 2nd to 4th century AD. It is likely that the well was opened at the start of the Romano-British settlement in this area and continued to function even when partial silting up had occurred.

Large pit F29

- 5.6.11 Approximately 30 m north-west of well F28 lay pit F29 (6.2 x 6 m x 1.78 m) another feature whose excavation had to be completed by machine due to safety considerations (Fig. 15; Pl. 15 and 16). It contained seven fills that returned a finds assemblage including animal bone, pottery dated to AD 140–350, an iron implement (possibly a knife) and a possible fragment of beehive quern. The animal remains included cattle and deer, with a relatively large amount of horse bones. Waterlogged wood found at the base of the pit (Pl. 17) included hewn remains of a possible post alongside chopped branches.
- 5.6.12 The pit is thought to be a watering hole due to its great depth. It cut drainage ditch F25, which also contained pottery broadly dated to AD 140–350.

Enclosure F38/F39

5.6.13 Western enclosure ditch F38 was located in the south-western corner of the Site, where it could be seen to cut (but not transgress) F11, suggesting it was part of the later enclosure systems (Fig. 10). It contained pottery dated to the 2nd–4th century and fired clay. Along with F39, it defined a rectangular enclosure measuring 35 m x 21 m. Gully F40 was appended to F39; this contained ceramics of late Iron Age–Roman date.

Roundhouses F7, F8 and F69

- 5.6.14 In the southern part of the Site, two virtually inter-linking eaves drip gullies appear to respect each other. It is possible F7 was an ancillary structure added onto F8 when more space was needed (Fig.12 and 13). However, as it is thought difficult to extend roundhouses, due to their conical roofs, the features may represent a sequence, perhaps with F7 post-dating F8, although no relationship could be discerned. The internal diameter of roundhouse F8 was 7 m, F7 was a little bigger, measuring 8 m x 8.5 m internally.
- 5.6.15 These roundhouses could have been in existence for a reasonable length of time, as 2nd-century pottery was found in F8, but pottery that was only broadly datable to 2nd–4th century was found in gully F7. A pit within F8, 2321, contained a large amount of stone, some burnt, and pottery dated to AD 140–350 (Pl. 12). One fragment of quernstone was also found in this pit. The environmental sample from the pit contained evidence of cereal production along with uncharred plant remains and invertebrate remains potentially preserved by waterlogging. The gully fill nearby



- 2353 also contained a coleoptile from a sprouted cereal grain providing evidence of the crops being cultivated nearby (see below). A pit located in a similar position within eaves drip gully F7 was much shallower.
- 5.6.16 Though difficult to discern due to furrow truncation, a break in the gully on the southeast side of F8 and in F7 on the south-west side, suggested possible entranceways into the roundhouses.
- 5.6.17 Curvilinear feature F69 lay 50 m to the north-west of roundhouse F9, just east of principal boundary F11, and was probably another remnant of a roundhouse (Fig. 6). It contained Romano-British pottery. Two small internal pit/postholes contained burnt stones and pottery broadly dated to AD 140–350.

Internal enclosures

- 5.6.18 Inside the large enclosures defined by F11, F25 etc, narrower drainage gullies/ditches were seen, forming smaller enclosures such as F49 and F50 (Fig. 9). The western side of the enclosure marked by F49 and F50 was well defined; it lay parallel to F11 and was set 2.8–3.8 m to its east (Pl. 24). Enclosure 50 had a northern boundary which ran off-alignment in a more east—west direction. Ditch F30 may have been the continuation of this feature; one of its fills contained a rich assemblage of charred plant remains suggestive of crop processing, oyster shells and some metal working slag fragments. Its easternmost end was difficult to see due to overlaying spreads.
- 5.6.19 The latest pottery in ditch F50 was of the late 3rd/4th century. This feature also contained a small glass fragment, the only fragment of Roman glass to be found on the Site.
- 5.6.20 The southern end of F50 was truncated by a large furrow, although there also seemed to be an intentional gap here forming an entranceway between F50 and F49. The enclosure defined by ditch F49 measured 15.5 m by at least 10.5 m—there was no evidence of its eastern side. There was a smaller shallow gully, F59, set partially within this enclosure, again slightly off a perpendicular alignment, enclosing a space of 16 m x 8.3 m. Cut 1782 was possibly a continuation F49, this contained pottery sherds dating to AD 140–350.
- 5.6.21 To judge by its alignment and position, ditch F61 possibly defined the southern edge of the enclosure of which F50 was part, although how F49 may have fitted into this arrangement is not clear. F61 contained fragments of samian ware from Central Gaul. To the south of F61 and sharing its alignment were F53 and F54 (Fig. 10). Ditch F54 cut into major boundary F11 but did not extend beyond it, suggesting broad contemporaneity. A single sherd of Derbyshire ware, pierced and trimmed to make a spindle whorl (Obj. No. 20 1740 see below), was found in ditch F54.
- 5.6.22 Ditch F2 defined a complete, nearly square, enclosure measuring 17 m north—south and 17.8 m east—west (Fig. 9; Pl. 25). It had a 1 m-wide entranceway in the western side. Although some 2nd-century AD pottery was found in the south-eastern corner of the enclosure ditch, most of the pottery was broadly dated to AD 140–350. Similar pottery was recovered from enclosure F4, which lay just to the south and continued beyond the limit of excavation.



Beam slots F58

- 5.6.23 Towards the north-west corner of large enclosure F11/F25 lay a much smaller enclosure: F67 (Fig. 16). This was rectangular in plan, measuring 9 m east—west by at least 12 m north—south. There was no evidence of its northern side. Enclosure F67 lay slightly askew to the alignment of most of the other boundaries on the Site. Enclosure ditch F67 contained pottery dating to AD120+, animal bone, and a small amount of metalworking slag and hammerscale.
- 5.6.24 Although the eastern side of the enclosure was obscured by spread F45, remains of an entrance gap defined by a terminal and posthole (1464; 1475) could be faintly discerned here. Within this scenario, the spread may represent trample at the entranceway, although the micromorphological analysis of soil samples from the spread (sample no.s 489 and 490) found no evidence that could relate to trampling (see Appendix 7 below). Postholes surrounding and sealed by the spread may have formed a small windbreak. Spread F45 contained a large group (3.2 kg) of pottery including sherds from a samian vessel dated AD150–200, grey ware and Derbyshire ware jars (Pl. 28). Although there was no clear evidence of trampling, micromorphological analysis of samples 489 and 490, which derived from the area of the spread, showed charcoal, small bone fragments and amorphous organic matter within the soil matrix, suggesting the presence of a midden area (see Appendix 7 below).
- 5.6.25 Three or perhaps four beam slots (collectively numbered F58) were recorded within enclosure F67 (Pl. 26–27). These were fairly short, being 1.5–3 m long. They contained large amounts of charcoal, possibly due to *in situ* burning of the beams they once contained. Beam slot 1564 appears to have contained two beams with a layer of clay separating their burnt remnants. Further evidence of *in situ* burning was the scorched red coloration of the natural clay surrounding beam slot 1562. Posthole 1703, located on the north-east end of beam slot 1564, was probably related to the beam slots. Feature 1699 lay closer to the north-west terminal of enclosure F67. It resembled the three beam slots of F58 and its vertical edges would suit this proposed function. It was slightly deeper than the other beam slots.
- 5.6.26 Other features internal to enclosure F67 include a group of small pits (1715, 1713, 1832, 1790, and 1824) that lay just to the north of the F58 beam slots. These pits respected the position and followed the alignment of beam slot 1713. Charcoal was found in a number of these pits along with occasional sherds of pottery mostly broadly datable to AD 140–350.
- 5.6.27 Finally, with regard to enclosure F67, three small and fairly shallow pits (1621, 1604 and 1606) lay close to its south-western corner; these supplied a small amount of pottery dating from the 2nd century or later.
- 5.6.28 It is likely that some of the features contained within enclosure F67 had a structural role, with perhaps others related to habitation. It is however difficult to trace the complete and original outline of any building that may once have stood here.



Spreads

- 5.6.29 Dark grey-coloured spreads (F63, F64 and F68; Fig. 9) extending to the west of roundhouses F7 and F8 contained numerous pottery sherds. The coloration of the deposits suggests a high organic content with, in the case of sample 468 from F63, evidence of charcoal, small bone fragments and amorphous organic matter visible at the microscopic level within the soil matrix (see Appendix 7 below). Overall, the evidence points to these spreads being the remains of middens. The pottery was mid to late Romano-British in date and included a fragment of 4th-century colander. A probable brick fragment and iron nails were also found, along with animal bone (sheep/goat and pig).
- 5.6.30 Spread F68 appears to respect an oblong pit, 1656, so must be related (Fig. 10; Pl. 29). Pit 1656 was reasonably deep at 0.6 m; it could have been a storage pit or possibly had a structural function (Pl. 30). A large stone (0.5 m x 0.3 m) lay on the edge of the pit and probably functioned as a post pad. Other stones nearby (collectively 1741) contained a worked hollow/groove for a post to be positioned on. The stones didn't form a coherent structure but may have been related to other small pits/postholes further to the west such as 1660 and 1662.
- 5.6.31 A cluster of six pits was seen to the south of these spreads, and just north of F55 (Fig. 10). The largest, sub-oval pit 1598/1600, contained pottery from AD 140–350, burnt stone and a silver Roman coin (Obj. No. 23) of Septimius Geta, dated to AD 198–212.

5.7 Medieval

- 5.7.1 Evidence of medieval activity on the Site comprised remains of ridge and furrow cultivation; medieval and later pottery was recovered from some of the furrows. In addition, a couple of sherds of medieval pottery and a silver hammered long cross penny dated to 1247–79 were found intrusive within Romano-British ditches. It is assumed these artefacts made their way onto the Site through manuring or as casual losses.
- 5.7.2 The general paucity of medieval finds suggests there was not a substantial settlement in close proximity to the Site, with the furrows instead forming parts of the open fields serving Littleover or Findern. The furrows followed the same alignment as both the ancient fieldsystem and its modern successor, all of which seem aligned to exploit the Site's natural drainage fall to the east.
- 5.7.3 It is possible that the Romano-British ditches survived as earthworks when the agricultural practices of the ridge and furrow system began on the Site.

5.8 Post-medieval/ modern

5.8.1 Stretching the full width of the Site, ditch F21 was 162.5 m long with a gateway gap of 6 m (Fig. 9). This ditch formed a field boundary depicted on early Ordnance Survey mapping and which survived up to the 1990s. Large pits seen along its length were probably tree stump extraction pits. One machined slot through one of the larger pits contained asphalt roofing felt.



5.8.2 Shallow pit 1269 (Fig. 6), found in the northern part of the Site, contained a fragment of clay tobacco pipe. Post-medieval finds from the furrows include a small metal button, a furniture mount and part of a watch casing.

5.9 Uncertain date

- 5.9.1 No pottery was recovered from roundhouse F47, despite it being 100% excavated (Fig. 8, Pl. 32). The only find was a piece of worked flint. It was situated to the east of F48 within the enclosure bounded by F10, F11 and F25. The eaves drip gully varying between 0.2 m–0.6 m in width and had an internal diameter of 7.5 m. It was nearly complete, though truncated by two sewer pipe trenches and a furrow. It appeared to have an entranceway on its north-western side with a terminal end 1397 evident on the south side, the gap uncertain due to the truncation. This was possibly a late Iron Age roundhouse, though its north-western entranceway resembled roundhouse F8, which was Romano-British in date.
- 5.9.2 Located in the north of the Site, linear feature F42 was off alignment compared to most of the other ditches (Fig. 8–9). It ran for 21 m on an east to west alignment, and contained no datable material. A cluster of postholes and a small pit adjacent to it were also undated.
- 5.9.3 Linear ditch F46 ran parallel to F11 on its west side, very shallow and difficult to see, it contained no artefacts (Fig. 9). Three small linear gullies, 3003, 3025 and 3058, in the far west of the Site were possibly modern. Glazed pottery was found in one fill though this could relate to land drain construction and therefore be intrusive. They did not conform with the prevailing alignment and it could be speculated that these were very early in date, pre-dating the Roman period and possibly more likely to be related to the Bronze Age pit F52 (40 m to the south-east).

Pits

- 5.9.4 Five small pits/large postholes, collectively F13, lay to the north of F21 and west of F11. No artefacts were recovered from them, although each was 100% excavated (some charcoal fragments were recovered). These features were spaced as if to form a possible structure: three pits were in a line 1.5 m apart, with the two other forming a slightly off-parallel alignment 1.5–2.5 m to the south.
- 5.9.5 Twenty-five postholes and twenty-one pits were scattered across the large open expanse in the western side of the Site. Some were identified as small tree throws or shrub bowls, others potentially related to the prehistoric pit F52. Some of the pits and postholes contained charcoal in their fills but no datable artefacts were retrieved.

5.10 Watching brief areas

- 5.10.1 Although the features appeared to thin out towards the northern limit of excavation, a watching brief was carried out when a new site compound was built 44 m north of the main Site. The works uncovered ditches, pits and a potential curvilinear gully with Roman pot seen on the ditch's surface (Fig. 2).
- 5.10.2 No remains were noted in the other watching brief areas, which were located to the north-east of Site (Fig. 2).



6 FINDS

6.1 Introduction

6.1.1 This report discusses the finds from both stages of work on the Site (strip, map and sample excavation and watching brief). Overall quantities of finds by material type are presented in Table 2. The assemblage ranges in date from prehistoric to post-medieval/modern, with a focus on the Romano-British period.

Table 2 Finds totals by material type

Material	No.	Wt. (g)
Pottery	2709	32,920
Prehistoric	30	292
LIA/Romano-British	2633	32,151
Post-Roman	9	108
Modern	37	369
Ceramic Building Material	3	347
Clay Pipe	3	3
Stone		
Objects	5	-
Worked Flint	12	-
Burnt Stone/Flint	-	182,398
Unutilised stone	5	-
Glass	3	34
Slag	2	13
Metalwork	32	-
Coins	4	-
Copper alloy	6	-
Lead/Lead alloy	8	-
Iron	14	-
Animal bone	1311	11,258
Shell	4	6

6.2 Pottery

Introduction

6.2.1 Two thousand, seven hundred and nine sherds of pottery (32.920 kg, 29.54 RE) were presented for study. The group included a range of pottery ranging in date from the 1st to the 4th century AD, with small quantities of earlier (Bronze Age) and later (medieval and post-medieval/modern) material. Although pottery from the 1st century AD was present in smaller quantities the find spots suggest that some of the possible structures recognized on the Site may date to this period. A range of pottery from the 2nd to 3rd century AD was present including oxidized and reduced Little Chester wares and proto-Derbyshire coarse wares (see Leary 2013, 128, OAC and OBC) probably mostly of 2nd-century AD date, along with a small quantity of samian. The 3rd- to 4th-century AD assemblage included an abundance of Derbyshire ware along with smaller quantities of grey ware and Mancetter-Hartshill type mortaria. A small quantity of South Midlands type shell-gritted wares, a late example of a painted wall-sided Mancetter-Hartshill mortarium, and Nene Valley colour-coated bowls and dishes were present which suggested activity on the Site



- until the middle of the 4th century AD, although no sherds of Oxfordshire ware or other diagnostic forms were present that would suggest that new pottery was brought to the Site at the end of the 4th century AD.
- 6.2.2 The group was relatively large for a rural assemblage from Derbyshire, with a limited but significant range of samian, colour-coated ware and mortaria. The majority of the pottery was probably produced locally at Little Chester or at kilns in the Belper area. Over a third of the assemblage was made up of the locally produced and durable Derbyshire ware. Jars were the commonest forms but a range of beakers, bowls, dishes, flagons and mortaria showed that the inhabitants used a variety of vessels including table wares. The proximity to the markets close to the fort at Derby may explain the range of samian and mortaria in use on this Site in comparison to other sites in Derbyshire not sharing this advantage.
- 6.2.3 A few sherds showed signs of being trimmed to discs or spindle whorls suggesting that vessels were re-used as counters and for spinning textiles. Carbonised residues on a number of the Derbyshire ware jars suggest that some ceramic vessels were used for cooking food on an open fire.

Methodology

6.2.4 The pottery assessment has been carried out according to the 2016 Standard for Pottery Studies in Archaeology (Barclay et al. 2016), with an archive produced to comply with the requirements of the Study Group for Roman Pottery (Darling 2004) using the codes and system developed by the City of Lincoln Archaeological Unit (Darling and Precious 2014) concorded to the fabric scheme used by Leary (2001; 2013). Quantified summaries of fabrics and vessel forms are presented in Tables 3 and 4. A tabulated summary by context and a sherd archive has been prepared (held in archive). The dates provided represent the pottery recorded here: the main text of the report and other specialist contributions should be consulted to ascertain the overall date attributed to each context.

 Table 3
 Pottery fabric summary

Fabric code	Fabric group	Fabric details	Sherd	Sherd %	Weight (g)	Weight (g)	Total RE %
SAMCG	Samian	Central Gaulish	19	0.70%	220	0.67%	23
SAMLG	Samian	La Graufesenque samian ware	2	0.07%	9	0.03%	6
SAMMV	Samian	Les Martres-de-Veyre samian (inclusion-less)	1	0.04%	3	0.01%	0
SAMRZ	Samian	Rheinzabern samian ware	2	0.07%	30	0.09%	3
SAMTR	Samian	Trier samian (Trier I and Trier II)	3	0.11%	77	0.23%	0
MOMD	Mortaria	Midlands mortaria; precise source unknown	16	0.59%	833	2.53%	41
MOMH2	Mortaria	Mancetter-Hartshill mortaria: Meta sediment trits; Leicester fabric MO4	38	1.40%	1506	4.57%	157
MONVT	Mortarium	Nene Valley type- light fabric, slag trits	2	0.07%	76	0.23%	4
MOOXW	Mortaria	Oxfordshire white-slipped mortaria	2	0.07%	3	0.01%	0
CGBL	Import	Central Gaulish Black ware	1	0.04%	1	0.00%	0
GFIN	Fine	Miscellaneous fine grey wares	4	0.15%	11	0.03%	0
GLAZ	Import?	Other glazed wares	4	0.15%	4	0.01%	0



Fabric code	Fabric group	Fabric details	Sherd	Sherd %	Weight (g)	Weight (g)	Total RE %	
СС	Fine	Other colour-coated wares	1	0.04%	4	0.01%	0	
CC?	Fine	Other colour coated wares	2	0.07%	21	0.06%	16	
CC1	Fine	Colour coated fabric 1	25	0.92%	437	1.33%	35	
CC1?	Fine	Colour coated fabric 1	16	0.59%	68	0.21%	2	
CR1	Oxidised	Cream ware: Site fabric 1	6	0.22%	63	0.19%	153	
CR2	Oxidised	Cream ware: Site fabric 2	12	0.44%	73	0.22%	33	
DBY	Oxidised	Derbyshire ware	965	35.62%	15579	47.32%	1216	
DBY?	Oxidised	Derbyshire ware	1	0.04%	64	0.19%	0	
OX	Oxidised	Misc. oxidized wares	1	0.04%	4	0.01%	0	
OX?	Oxidised	Misc. oxidised wares	1	0.04%	1	0.00%	0	
OX1	Oxidised	Oxidised fabric 1	35	1.29%	240	0.73%	12	
OX3	Oxidised	Little Chester Oxidised ware (Brassington 1971)	77	2.84%	538	1.63%	95	
OXC1	Oxidised	Coarse oxidised: Site fabric 1	386	14.25%	3492	10.61%	302	
OXC1?	Oxidised	Coarse oxidised: Site fabric 1	1	0.04%	8	0.02%	0	
OXFIN	Oxidised	Fine Oxidised fabric	6	0.22%	40	0.12%	0	
OXL	Oxidised	Light oxidised fabrics	1	0.04%	3	0.01%	18	
BB1	Reduced	Black burnished 1, unspecified	Black burnished 1, unspecified 43 1.599					
BBT	Reduced	Black Burnished type copies	60	2.21%	415	1.26%		
GREY	Reduced	Miscellaneous grey wares	13	0.48%	40	0.12%	7	
GREY?	Reduced	Miscellaneous grey wares	3	0.11%	10	0.03%	0	
GREY1	Reduced	Reduced fabric 1	378	13.95%	4283	13.01%	317	
GREY2	Reduced	Reduced fabric 2	2	0.07%	3	0.01%	5	
GREY3	Reduced	Little Chester Grey ware (Brassington 1971)	234	8.64%	2230	6.77%	188	
GROG	Reduced	Grog-tempered wares	1	0.04%	87	0.26%	0	
IAGR	Reduced	Native tradition/transitional grit-tempered wares	5	0.18%	16	0.05%	0	
IAGR1	Reduced	Iron Age tradition 'Gritty': Site fabric 1	6	0.22%	7	0.02%	0	
IAGR2	Reduced	Iron Age tradition 'Gritty': Site fabric 2	17	0.63%	159	0.48%	27	
IASA1	Reduced	Iron Age Sandy: Site Fabric 1	134	4.95%	611	1.86%	21	
IASA2	Reduced	Iron Age Sandy: Site Fabric 2			22	0.07%	7	
SHEL1	Calcareous	Shell gritted- Site fabric 1	69	2.55%	232	0.70%	74	
IASH1	Calcareous	Iron Age Shell Gritted: Site Fabric 1	2	0.07%	74	0.22%	7	
IASH2	Calcareous	Iron Age Shell Gritted: Site Fabric 2	9	0.33%	132	0.40%	13	
SHEL	Calcareous	Miscellaneous undifferentiated shell-tempered	4	0.15%	11	0.03%	6	
IAGROG1	Grog	Iron Age grog gritted wares- Site fabric 1	3	0.11%	15	0.05%	0	
ВА	Reduced	BA coarsely-gritted ware	30	1.11%	292	0.89%	0	
MISC	Misc	Misc uncategorised	10	0.37%	25	0.08%	0	
MOD	Post Med	Modern pottery, undifferentiated	37	1.37%	369	1.12%	34	
PRO	Post Roman	Post-Roman Pottery	4	0.15%	86	0.26%	0	
PRO?	Post Roman	Post-Roman Pottery	5	0.18%	22	0.07%	0	



 Table 4
 Vessel form summary

Form	Form Type	Form Description	Sherd	Sherd %	Weight (g)	Weight %	Total RE %
BK	Beaker	Unclassified form	11	0.41%	184	0.56%	0
BK?	Beaker	Unclassified form	15	0.55%	51	0.15%	25
BKEV	Beaker	Everted rim	5	0.18%	71	0.22%	47
36	Bowl	Samian form- see Webster 1996	1	0.04%	19	0.06%	3
38	Bowl	Samian form- see Webster 1996	1	0.04%	1	0.00%	0
В	Bowl	Unclassified form	2	0.07%	25	0.08%	6
B38	Bowl	Imitation samian 38	7	0.26%	60	0.18%	2
BCORG	Bowl	Corrugated form, as Birss 1985 No. 143	2	0.07%	81	0.25%	21
BFB	Bowl	Bead and flange bowl	21	0.78%	532	1.62%	110
BFBH	Bowl	Bead and flange high bead	3	0.11%	57	0.17%	8
BFL	Bowl	Flange rimmed (eg Gillam 1970 Types 218- 220)	5	0.18%	81	0.25%	23
BGF	Bowl	Grooved flange	19	0.70%	190	0.58%	31
BNK	Bowl	Necked	7	0.26%	322	0.98%	68
BSEG	Bowl	Segmental Gillam 294-5	6	0.22%	50	0.15%	13
BL	Bowl- large		2	0.07%	107	0.33%	14
BD	Bowl/dish	-	30	1.11%	218		0
CLSD	Closed	Form	440	16.24%	7782		0
C27	Cup	Imitation samian 27	4	0.15%	26	0.08%	23
31	Dish	Samian form- see Webster 1996	11	0.41%	149	0.45%	23
D	Dish	Unclassified form	3	0.11%	58	0.18%	0
DGR	Dish	Grooved rim	13	0.48%	102	0.31%	7
DPR	Dish	Plain rim	5	0.18%	59	0.18%	25
LUDSB	Dish	Samian form see Webster 1996	2	0.07%	76		0
F	Flagon	Unclassified form	1	0.04%	3	0.01%	18
FHOF	Flagon	Hofheim collared rim	1	0.04%	17	0.05%	100
FTR	Flagon	Ringed dominant top ring	2	0.07%	48		86
J	Jar	Unclassified form	- 69	2.55%	1760	5.35%	68
J162	Jar	Narrow necked; as Darling and & Precious 2014, No. 968		0.04%	31	0.09%	13
JBR	Jar	Bead rimmed	3	0.11%	9	0.03%	7
JCAV	Jar	Cavetto rim	4	0.15%	49	0.15%	27
JCH	Jar	Channel rim- Iron Age type	17		214		65
JCUR	Jar	Curved	36	1.33%	658	2.00%	217
JDBY	Jar	Derbyshire lid-seated- broadly as Gillam type 152		0.26%	78	0.24%	12
JDBY1	Jar	Derbyshire lid-seated - as Gillam type 152 with grooved rim	59	2.18%	1502	4.56%	260
JDBY2	Jar	Derbyshire lid-seated - as Birss 1985 Fig. 42.80 with un-grooved rim	96	3.54%	2271 6.90%		484
JDBY3	Jar	Derbyshire lid-seated - as Birss 1985 Fig. 42.99 with squat rim	55	2.03%	790	2.40%	201
JEV	Jar	Everted rim	16	0.59%	159	0.48%	57
JEVC	Jar	Everted rim- curved as Gillam type 135	4	0.15%	63	0.19%	31
JL	Jar	Large	13	0.48%	840		0
JLS	Jar	Lid-seated	1	0.04%	3		2
					•		•



Form	Form Type	Form Description	Sherd	Sherd %	Weight (g)	Weight %	Total RE %
JNK	Jar	Necked	73	2.69%	470	1.43%	229
JNN	Jar	Narrow-necked	57	2.10%	417	1.27%	133
JRUST	Jar	Rusticated	10	0.37%	26	0.08%	0
JS	Jar	Storage	1	0.04%	71	0.22%	7
JBK	Jar/Beaker	Small jar or beaker	3	0.11%	16	0.05%	13
JBKEV	Jar/Beaker	Everted rim	2	0.07%	5	0.02%	10
JBKNK	Jar/Beaker	Necked	8	0.30%	51	0.15%	43
JB	Jar/Bowl	Unclassified form	14	0.52%	167	0.51%	46
JBL	Jar/Bowl	Large	10	0.37%	403	1.22%	31
JBNAT	Jar/Bowl	Native tradition	2	0.07%	31	0.09%	2
JBNK	Jar/Bowl	Necked	36	1.33%	457	1.39%	84
L	Lid	Unclassified form	1	0.04%	16	0.05%	2
LD	Lid/dish	Unclassified	2	0.07%	6	0.02%	4
ST	Misc	Strainer	1	0.04%	9	0.03%	0
M	Mortaria	Unclassified Form	25	0.92%	583	1.77%	0
MFL	Mortaria	Flange-rimmed as Gillam 246	7	0.26%	419	1.27%	50
MHH	Mortaria	Hammerheads as Gillam 279-84	5	0.18%	219	0.67%	34
MHK	Mortaria	Hook-rimmed as Gillam 237-45	10	0.37%	781	2.37%	44
MWS	Mortaria	Wall-sided as Gillam 287-9	2	0.07%	125	0.38%	23
MTRB	Mortarium	With triple ribbed rim	10	0.37%	294	0.89%	51
OPEN	Open	Form	1	0.04%	53	0.16%	0
18	Plate	Samian form- see Webster 1996	1	0.04%	8	0.02%	6
-	Unknown	Form uncertain	1428	52.71%	9497	28.85%	45

The assemblage

Bronze Age (BA fabric)

6.2.5 Thirty sherds (0.292 kg, 0 RE) of prehistoric pottery were recovered from pit F52/3041. All are in the same fabric and almost certainly represent a single vessel. All are body sherds, and there are no diagnostic features; vessel body walls are relatively thick (11–12 mm). The fabric is coarse, containing a moderate frequency of poorly sorted quartz/quartzite and other rock inclusions <7 mm in size. On the basis of fabric and vessel wall thickness, these sherds have been dated as Bronze Age.

Native tradition wares (IASA, IAGR and IASH fabrics)

6.2.6 One hundred and sixty-eight sherds of handmade pottery (0.953 kg, 0.75 RE) from a maximum of 38 vessels were recorded. Significant assemblages were retrieved from eaves drip gully F17 which included a range of material dating to the 1st century AD with a smaller assemblage from eaves drip gully F20. Smaller quantities of such wares were found in other contexts, alongside Roman wheel made wares in some cases. The range of pottery present suggested some activity on the Site during the 1st century AD. The pottery present was predominantly quartz sand-gritted and probably locally made, with forms including a jar with a bead rim from ditch F3. Many of the sand gritted vessels were only represented by featureless body sherds that were more difficult to date.



6.2.7 A small quantity of shell-gritted wares were also present including a fragment from a large shell-gritted storage jar and a small quantity of fine shell-gritted vessels. including a native tradition jar or bowl from posthole feature 1444 and a jar with an everted rim and cordon decoration from eaves drip gully F17 (Elsdon 1996, B6.25). These shell-gritted wares were probably manufactured in areas where Jurassic strata outcropped and have been found on late Iron Age sites in the region and at the Strutts Park fort so it is possible that such vessels reached this part of Derbyshire before, during and after the conquest (Rowlandson 2012; Birss 1985; Leary 2001). During the late Iron Age and possibly the early Roman period it is likely that pottery usage was much lower than in the mid- to late Roman period when the Little Chester and Derbyshire ware kilns provided an abundance of locally manufactured durable wheel made pottery. It is possible that the Site continued to be occupied from the 1st century AD until the end of the Roman period but the relatively small quantity of Iron Age tradition wares present represents the relative scarcity of pottery in use by the occupants in the peri-conquest period.

Samian

- 6.2.8 Thirty-four sherds of samian ware were recovered. The following assessment was written with minimal information about the Site, and the nature and significance of the assemblage is assessed accordingly below.
- 6.2.9 The fabric of each sherd was examined, after taking a small fresh break, under a x20 binocular microscope and was catalogued by context number. Each archive catalogue entry consists of a context number alongside a find code, fabric, form and decoration identification, sherd count, rim or base EVE (Estimated Vessel Equivalent, RE in table headings) when appropriate and weight. The presence of wear, repair and graffiti was also systematically recorded. The name-stamp was the subject of slightly more in-depth assessment in an attempt to provide a more precise date range (see below).
- 6.2.10 The assemblage is small with thirty-four sherds for a total weight of 403 g and a total rim EVES figure of 0.45 (Table 4). The average weight is *c*.16 g, a figure not unusual for a rural assemblage.

	La G	araufes	enque	Les Martres-de-Veyre			Lezoux		Rheinzabern		Trier		Total				
	sh	wgt	RE	sh	wgt	RE	sh	wgt	RE	sh	wgt	RE	sh	wgt	sh	wgt	RE
dish				1	3		2	55							3	58	
DR18	1	8	0.06												1	8	0.06
DR18/31				1	13	0.03									1	13	0.03
DR31							11	149	0.23						11	149	0.23
DR36										1	19	0.03			1	19	0.03
DR38							1	1							1	1	
DR45							2	39	0.1						2	39	0.1
LUDSb													2	76	2	76	
mortarium							1	3							1	3	
unid	2	4					7	21		1	11		1	1	11	37	
Total	3	12	0.06	2	16	0.03	24	268	0.33	2	30	0.03	3	77	34	403	0.45

Table 5 Samian fabrics and forms recovered from the Site

6.2.11 Despite its small size, the samian group contains a range of fabrics and forms dating from the late 1st to the early 3rd century AD. The earliest material consists of a few



South Gaulish fragments though it is relatively undiagnostic and much abraded (lowest average weight = 4g). Two excoriated flakes were recovered in ditch groups F11 and F25 and the rim of a dish form Dr.18 from pit 1699. All are difficult to date precisely but are probably Flavian or Flavian-Trajanic in date.

- 6.2.12 Two fragments from the Trajanic industry of Les Martres-de-Veyre in Central Gaul provide the only evidence for samian use in the early 2nd century AD (ditch F05 and gully 1663).
- 6.2.13 The rest of this small assemblage is later, with Central Gaulish plain samian vessels from Lezoux taking the lion's share with 24 sherds. Lezoux forms includes a limited range of Antonine and late Antonine types with a Dr.31 with a stamp recovered in spread F45 dated AD150–200 (see Cat. No.1), another four examples of Dr.31, a flanged bowl form Dr.38 (spread 1746) and two mortaria (pit 2402 and ditch F30), a samian form normally dated to after AD170.
- 6.2.14 Two vessels from Eastern Gaul complete the collection, the rim of a dish form Dr.36 associated with a Rheinzabern fabric in pit 2089 and the base of a dish form LUDSb with an internal groove in lieu of a step from Trier in pit 1816. Both are likely to date to the later 2nd to mid-3rd century AD.
- 6.2.15 No evidence of repair, graffiti or wear was noticed during recording but a Central Gaulish body sherd recovered from post pad 1741 was reworked into a spindle whorl.
- 6.2.16 The group is too small to attempt much in terms of statistical or functional analysis. The range of fabrics is varied and suggests a relatively easy access to samian in the Flavian-Trajanic period and from the mid-2nd century AD perhaps benefiting from the trading opportunities provided by the fort at Little Chester where all of the industries represented here have been found in quantities (Dickinson 1985; 2000; Bird and Marsh 2002). There is little evidence in the samian group for occupation in the Hadrianic period (AD 120–150). The bulk of the samian dates to after AD 150.
- 6.2.17 Despite a relatively diverse range of fabrics and the nearby presence of a fort, the assemblage is entirely made up of plain vessels which is slightly unexpected and would place it within a basic rural range for Britain (Willis 2005, section 8.2.6). The types represented are very limited with a predominance of dishes, a single flanged bowl and two mortaria. Cups are completely absent which is unusual. The small size of the group makes it difficult to assess the significance of such a functional profile. The absence of decorated bowls and cups may be significant, an even smaller samian assemblage from Lodge House in Smalley, broadly earlier in date had several decorated bowls and cups (Monteil 2013). The samian assemblage from Ockbrook, equally small but more contemporary to this one lacked decorated bowls but included cups (Dickinson 2001, table 1).

Catalogue of samian potter's stamp

6.2.18 The following entry gives the catalogue number, the excavation context number; potter's name (i, ii etc, where homonyms are involved); die form; form type, pottery of origin, a reference to published drawing and a date range.



1) Cat.no.1-(1472), Maia-, 1a, Dr.31, Lezoux, Hartley, Hartley and Dickinson 2009, 205, AD150–200

Amphorae

6.2.19 No amphorae were retrieved during the excavations. Amphora sherds are rare finds in this area outside of fortresses and were mostly only imported during the 1st and 2nd century AD. By the 3rd to 4th century AD imported goods in amphorae were rare and it is likely that wine was transported from production sites in Britain or on the continent in barrels. The ceramic evidence would suggest a limited use of amphorae-born goods although it is possible that inhabitants of the Site had acquired olive oil, wine and other luxury goods in smaller quantities from traders near the fortress as recent excavations in Leicester have shown evidence for a specialist food shop or 'deli' (Score 2010).

Mortaria

- 6.2.20 Fifty-eight mortaria sherds (2.418 kg, 2.02 RE) were retrieved. The majority of the mortaria present were in the Mancetter-Hartshill tradition but it is possible that a proportion of the 2nd-century mortaria present, including some of the hook rimmed types, may have been produced at Little Chester although further research would be needed to support this. A stamped vessel of the potter lunius was retrieved from Ditch F57; he is known to have worked at a Mancetter-Hartshill workshop and possibly also at Little Chester. The majority of the Mancetter-Hartshill type vessels had fired clay trituration grits typical of the later 2nd century AD onwards and included a range of triple ribbed rim, hammerhead and wall-sided type forms that suggested mortaria were also in use from the later 2nd century until sometime in the 4th century AD. One paint-decorated wall-sided vessel (broadly as Gillam 1970, type 289), present in ditch F54 and spread F63, represents the latest products of the Mancetter-Hartshill industry from the middle of the 4th century AD.
- 6.2.21 Unusual mortaria present included two sherds that may have been produced in the Nene Valley in the 3rd to 4th century AD, one from spread 1667 and a further unstratified vessel (Perrin 1999, fig. 79.M71). A sherd possibly from an Oxfordshire white ware mortarium was also retrieved from context 2463.

Other fine wares

- 6.2.22 Two hundred and eighty-five sherds of other fine wares (2.708 kg, 2.41 RE) were retrieved. There were few other imported fine wares with only a small fragment from a Central Gaulish Black Ware beaker being retrieved from group 1746. The majority of the rest of the material consisted of colour-coated wares in the Nene Valley tradition. These sherds were present in small numbers and included fragments from beakers, a copy of a samian form 38 bowl, straight-sided bead and flanged bowls and dishes with plain rims suggesting activity on the Site in the 3rd and 4th centuries AD. Quantities of such fine wares are typically rare on sites in Derbyshire although quantities amongst late Roman groups from fortress and villa sites are often higher (Rowlandson 2015; Symonds 2002; Birss 1985).
- 6.2.23 A single local grey ware sherd, possibly from a beaker, showed signs of a lead glaze (group 1699). A number of vessels of this type have been recorded from elsewhere in Derbyshire (Leary 2001, GG1) although it is not believed that there was large



scale production of vessels with this sort of surface treatment. The finer oxidised and grey ware local early to mid-Roman material presumably produced in the vicinity of Little Chester has been considered as a coarse ware and is discussed further below.

Oxidised wares

- 6.2.24 One thousand, four hundred and forty-four sherds (19.876 kg, 18.27 RE) of oxidised ware were retrieved. A maximum of 11 light-fired flagon type white ware vessels were noted (CR1-2 and OXL); all appeared likely to be from flagons, with a Hofheim derivative type from spread F45 and expanded top-rim types from context 2359 and pit 1619 (Birss 1985, no. 16). Possible production sources for these vessels include Mancetter-Hartshill, Little Chester and perhaps also Lincoln. The presence of the Hofheim type vessel would suggest that Roman wheel made vessels reached the Site in small quantities soon after the Roman conquest.
- 6.2.25 Fine oxidised wares similar to those produced at Little Chester and from early deposits at the Derby fort were noted with a maximum of 49 vessels noted. Forms included beakers with everted rims, segmental flanged bowls, a copy of a samian form 27 campanulated cup, necked jars or beakers, a jar with an everted rim and a lid or a dish which could all be paralleled with material from the published Little Chester kilns (Brassington 1971). The presence of this material would suggest that a range of table ware reached the Site in the 2nd century AD and, with the exception of a small quantity of samian, these local wares made up the majority of such wares in use in the 2nd century AD.
- 6.2.26 Other oxidised wares of uncertain source, though probably local, were classified as OX1. A maximum of 28 vessels were represented including sherds from a bowl copying samian form 38, a large jar, a jar with a narrow neck and a strainer. It is possible that these vessels were produced in the vicinity of Derby but they had a coarser fabric than the traditional Little Chester products.
- 6.2.27 The coarse proto-Derbyshire ware (OXC1, see discussion in Leary 2013) was well represented with a maximum of 238 vessels recoded. These vessels were almost exclusively channel or lid-seated jar variants similar to those illustrated from the Little Chester kilns (Brassington 1971) along with a few narrow-necked jars. This fabric appears to have been the commonest coarse ware in the 2nd century AD and was probably utilised for a variety of cooking and storage functions prior to the development of the higher-fired Derbyshire ware type vessels; these appeared in the Antonine period and became ubiquitous by the 3rd century AD. A basal sherd in this fabric appears to have been trimmed to a disc (context 1179, Obj. No. 30).





Derbyshire ware (918 sherds from a maximum of 657 vessels) was, unsurprisingly, 6.2.28 the most common fabric (Tomber and Dore 1998, DER CO). Due to the relatively diverse range of material of other types and periods from the Highfields Farm site it did not make up as much of the assemblage as seen at other more basic rural assemblages from the county. This robust, high-fired coarse ware is typically the most common type of pottery found on Roman sites in the county and was made on production sites in the vicinity of the modern town of Belper. The developed Derbyshire ware was first produced in the Antonine period, becoming most common in the 3rd century and continuing in production until sometime in the 4th century AD with only small changes in fabric (Leary 2001; 2013). This long period of production necessitates that a broad date be attributed to many of the contexts which only contained Derbyshire ware and grey ware body sherds, although there is scope to date some of the rim variants with greater precision. The vast majority of the vessels could be attributed to the commonest lid-seated or curved rim jar types (Birss 1985, 118, table 5) along with a few narrow-necked jars of types also known from kiln sites. It is clear that these durable vessels were used for a variety of kitchen and storage functions and carbonised residues suggest that some vessels may have been used for cooking on an open fire. One basal sherd appears to have been formed into a spindle whorl (context 1740, Obj. No. 20).





Reduced wares

- 6.2.29 Six hundred and sixty-eight sherds (6.180 kg, 5.03 RE) of reduced ware were retrieved. Black Burnished ware 1 from Dorset (BB1) and Black Burnished ware 1 type vessels (BBT) that may have been manufactured at a number of off-shoot industries, perhaps including production near Derby, were recorded with a maximum of 13 and 29 vessels respectively. These wares reached the northern markets after AD 120 and, in Dorset, continued to be produced until the end of the Roman period. Although a small number of 2nd-century AD forms were recognised including dishes with grooved rims, jars with out-curved rims and perhaps the lipped dishes, the majority of these vessels could be attributed to the 3rd to 4th century AD, such as a bowl with a grooved flange, a jar with a cavetto rim, a plain rimmed dish and a straight-sided bead and flanged bowl. Birss (1985) noted a disproportionate quantity of Black Burnished ware 1 style pottery amongst an assemblage from Derby, and Symonds recorded a similar pattern from the 1971-72 excavations at Little Chester (Symonds 2002) of 27.4% by sherd count and 18.3% by weight. It appears likely that such wares were acquired by the inhabitants of this Site through the same sources. However, it is clear that rural assemblages had a much lower proportion of Black Burnished ware 1 than has been seen at Derby and a similar lower level of Black Burnished ware has been observed from rural settlements at Rossington, South Yorkshire despite the proximity to the local Black Burnished ware 1 kiln site (Rowlandson and Hartley 2013, Buckland et al. 2001). Carbonised deposits on one of the jars would suggest some of this material was used for cooking on an open fire.
- 6.2.30 Sherds from a maximum of 136 Little Chester type grey ware vessels were recorded. The range of forms present was similar to the 2nd-century AD kiln material published by Brassington (1971) including bowls with corrugated walls (Birss 1985, no. 143), necked bowls (Brassington 1971, fig. 6.28–36; Dool 1985, fig. 81.157), necked jars, rusticated jars, jars with everted rims and narrow necked jars. It is likely that this material reached the Site in the 2nd century AD and suggests that, taken with the fine oxidised wares and proto-Derbyshire ware, the majority of the pottery used on the Site was manufactured locally.
- 6.2.31 A further range of coarser grey wares was recorded (GREY1), which included material ranging in date from the 2nd to 4th centuries AD. The forms present included a range of necked jars and bowls, beakers with everted rims and a lid along with diagnostically late Roman material including plain rimmed dishes and a number of straight-sided bead and flanged bowls. These forms were also noted amongst the later groups from Derby and at the Heage villa site (Birss 1985; Rowlandson and Darling 2015). Although this group of grey wares was well represented it would appear that the majority of the medium sized jars were still manufactured in Derbyshire ware. Necked jars and bowls, smaller bowls and dishes were the favoured grey ware forms, a similar pattern was noted by Leary after the analysis of the Derbyshire ware kiln assemblage from Lumb Brook, Hazelwood (2003).
- 6.2.32 A single grog/clay pellet-gritted grey ware sherd from a large jar was retrieved from pit 1612.



6.2.33 One of the grey ware sherds appears to have been formed into a spindle whorl (context 2324, Obj. No. 3).



Roman shell-gritted wares

6.2.34 Seventy-one sherds (0.237 kg, 0.94 RE) of other shell-gritted wares were retrieved from a maximum of 14 vessels. The majority of this material appeared similar to the Roman necked jars with undercut rims seen (Birss 1985, no. 124) in groups from the 3rd century AD or later. Punctate Brachiopod shell could be recognised amongst some of the sherds in better condition, suggesting a proportion of this group was probably produced by the South Midlands shell-gritted industry.

Post Roman pottery

6.2.35 Nine sherds (0.108kg, 0 RE) of post-Roman or possible post-Roman pottery were retrieved. Glazed sherds were retrieved from furrow 3060 and ditch F5. These sherds should be more closely identified at the analysis stage. A further five sherds from two vessels from unstratified deposits should also be shown to a post-Roman pottery specialist for any final report to confirm an identification. The small quantity of post-Roman pottery from this Site suggests that the area was not close to a settlement in the medieval period.

The stratified sequence

6.2.36 The group included a range of pottery ranging in date from later Iron Age through to the 4th century AD. Although pottery from the 1st century AD was present in smaller quantities the find spots suggest the possibility that some of the possible structures recognized on the Site may date to this period. Few features could be dated to the late Iron Age or early Roman period; these included 1051, 1053, 1081, 1108, 1241, 1444, 1458 and 3041, but these groups only contained very small groups of handmade pottery. Good groups of handmade pottery included roundhouse gullies F17 and F20 which suggested 1st century AD occupation on the Site. A good group of early Roman pottery was also retrieved from pit F48, dated by a grey ware jar with web rustication. The presence of these wares in a number of the boundary



ditches suggests the possibility that they were established in the early Roman period.

- 6.2.37 The majority of the features produced few sherds and were often either dated by the presence of Little Chester type oxidised and reduced wares and proto-Derbyshire ware to the later 1st to 2nd century AD, or from AD 140–350 where the ubiquitous Derbyshire ware was present. The majority of the contexts were attributed the later date bracket. Although on sites further from Derby this ware is not common until the 3rd century AD, the proximity to the known production sites and the fort at Derby would suggest that some Derbyshire may have reached the Site in the second half of the 2nd century AD. As Derbyshire ware does not lend itself to close dating the presence of other more diagnostic pottery was required to provide closer dating for some of the contexts.
- 6.2.38 The small quantity of South Midlands type shell-gritted wares, a late example of a painted wall-sided Mancetter-Hartshill mortarium and Nene Valley colour-coated bowls and dishes all suggested activity on the Site until the middle of the 4th century AD; however, no sherds of Oxfordshire ware or other diagnostic forms were present that would suggest that new pottery was brought to the Site at the end of the 4th century AD (eg, Rowlandson with Darling 2015; Birss 1985; Symonds 2002). Therefore, by the nature of the assemblage many of the contexts can only be broadly dated to a period of about 200 years.
- It is noteworthy that groups dating to the latest period at Derby often contained a 6.2.39 high proportion of Derbyshire ware or material of earlier date. Groups of late Roman pottery were found from a more limited number of features during the North-west sector excavations (Birss 1985, 114-6), the Little Chester 1971-2 excavations (Symonds 2002) and from the Heage villa site (Rowlandson and Darling 2015). On the Highfields Farm site dating often depended upon a few key sherds to suggest a late Roman date. There appear to be few diagnostic assemblages that could be attributed to the later 4th century from Derbyshire when compared to rural sites from the modern county of Lincolnshire. It may be that the countryside in Derbyshire suffered from Neil O'Loughlin's 'cumulative aceramicity' (Buckland and Magilton 2005, 52) in a similar fashion to the area of South Yorkshire in the hinterland of the Doncaster fortress. When production of the favoured durable Derbyshire ware jars appeared to falter in the middle of the 4th century AD, it appears many of those who continued to live in the region returned to a way of life with fewer ceramic vessels, in a similar way to the pre-Roman Iron Age.

Selected larger groups

Ditch F5

6.2.40 Eighty-eight sherds (1.183 kg, 1.8 RE) were retrieved. A small group of medieval pottery was retrieved from this feature but the Roman pottery assemblage ranged in date from the 2nd to the 4th century AD. The presence of a grey ware straight sided bead and flanged bowl in this group suggests that the latest Roman pottery from this group was deposited in the late 3rd or 4th century AD.



Ditch F11

6.2.41 Eighty-six sherds (0.672 kg, 0.78 RE) were retrieved. This medium sized group included sherds from a Mancetter-Hartshill hammerhead mortarium that suggest that the feature remained open until the middle of the 3rd century AD. Derbyshire ware was the most common fabric and included examples of necked jars and a jar with a curved rim (Birss 1985, no. 79). Small quantities of earlier material were also present including South Gaulish samian, a segmental flanged bowl in a Little Chester oxidised ware fabric, proto-Derbyshire ware (OXC1) and a Little Chester grey ware necked bowl. A sherd from a shell-gritted necked jar was also present (Birss 1985, no.124).

Roundhouse gully F17

6.2.42 One hundred and six sherds (0.506 kg, 0.26 RE) were retrieved from this possible roundhouse gully. Nearly all of the sherds from this feature were handmade quartz sand-gritted types (IASA1) from a maximum of ten vessels. These sherds had no diagnostic features and have been presumed to be Iron Age or early Roman, being similar to material seen at sites such as Ockbrook (Leary 2001). A handmade shell-gritted jar with a cordon beneath a rounded everted rim was present, which dates the group to the 1st century AD, possibly to the pre- or peri context period (as Elsdon 1996, B.6.25).

Ditch F30

6.2.43 Forty-one sherds (0.661 kg, 0.46 RE) were retrieved. There were no examples of the Little Chester fine oxidised and reduced ware fabrics from this group but a small number of sherds in proto-Derbyshire ware were present. The group dates to sometime after AD 140 on the basis of the Derbyshire ware jars (JDBY1-3) with the presence of a sherd from a Nene Valley colour-coated beaker suggesting a date in the 3rd century AD or later.

Spread F31

6.2.44 Seventy-one sherds (0.830 kg, 0.48 RE) were retrieved. The pottery from this group could be broadly dated to AD140–350 on the basis of the Derbyshire ware jars but a similar quantity of proto-Derbyshire ware was also present. A sherd from a Black Burnished ware 1 dish with a grooved rim and a sherd from a fine Little Chester type oxidised ware segmental flanged bowl suggested that a proportion of the pottery present ought to be dated to the 2nd century AD.

Spread F45

6.2.45 One hundred and seventy-six sherds (3.205 kg, 1.98 RE) were retrieved. Pottery ranging in date from the 1st to 3rd centuries AD was present. Sherds from two white ware vessels were recorded, most notable of which was a Hofheim type flagon (Birss 1985, no. 180), probably of 1st-century AD date. The majority of the sherds (112, 63.64%) were from Derbyshire ware jars including typical JDBY1–2 types, one with a slashed rim, and necked and curved rimmed types. Mortaria present consisted of Mancetter-Hartshill types including one vessel with fired clay trituration grits. Small quantities of the finer Little Chester type oxidised and reduced wares were also present along with samian from Central Gaul and Trier. The large quantity of Derbyshire ware suggests the feature was backfilled late in the 3rd century AD.



Pit F48

6.2.46 Twenty-four sherds (0.099kg, 0.19 RE) of early Roman pottery were retrieved from pit group F48. The sherds present were from a jar with an everted rim and coarse web rustication (eg. Birss 1985 Fig. 39.9) and scraps of handmade pottery.

Enclosure Ditch F50

6.2.47 Thirty-six sherds (0.357 kg, 0.37 RE) were retrieved. The pottery from this group contained a range of earlier fabrics including transitional ware IAGR1 and Little Chester fine oxidised and reduced wares that date to the early to mid-Roman period, along with a small sherd of Black Burnished ware 1. Derbyshire ware was noted but the presence of a Nene Valley type colour-coated plain rimmed dish and a straight sided bead and flanged bowl suggest the feature remained open into the late Roman period, probably the 4th century AD.

Enclosure Ditch F55

6.2.48 Eighty-nine sherds (1.143 kg, 1.40 RE) were retrieved. The majority of the pottery from this group dated to the 2nd or 3rd century AD. The presence of a grey ware straight sided bead and flanged bowl from context 1533 suggests that the feature was open until the late 3rd to 4th century AD. Over half of the sherds present were from typical Derbyshire ware jars (JDBY1-3) and a significant proportion of the assemblage was made up of proto-Derbyshire ware jars. Sherds from a Mancetter-Hartshill mortarium with fired clay trituration grits, a Nene Valley colour-coated type vessel and Little Chester oxidised and reduced wares were also present.

Ditch F61

6.2.49 Sixty-three sherds (1.121 kg, 0.97 RE) were retrieved. Half of the sherds from this group were from Derbyshire ware jars with smaller quantities of proto-Derbyshire ware, Little Chester fine oxidised and reduced wares. Sherds of Central Gaulish samian and Mancetter-Hartshill mortaria were present. the majority of the assemblage could be dated to the later 2nd to 3rd century AD but the presence of a small quantity of a grey ware straight sided bead and flanged bowl from context 1694 would suggest that the feature remained open until the late 3rd or 4th century AD.

Spread F62

6.2.50 Ninety-two sherds (0.917 kg, 0.46 RE) were retrieved. Over half of the assemblage was made up of sherds from Derbyshire ware jars with smaller quantities of proto-Derbyshire ware, colour-coated ware and Little Chester type fine reduced and oxidised wares. Little of the material could be closely dated but a 3rd-century date for the deposition of this assemblage appeared most likely. A single modern sherd was also retrieved from this feature which was probably intrusive.

Spread F63

6.2.51 One hundred and six sherds (1.278 kg, 0.92 RE) were retrieved. This group could be dated to the 4th century on the basis of a painted wall-sided Mancetter-Hartshill mortarium. Black Burnished ware 1 and grey ware straight sided bead and flanged bowls also supported this late Roman date. Derbyshire ware made up nearly half of



the pottery from this group and a proportion of these sherds may also have been produced in the 4th century AD.

6.2.52 It was notable that there were few examples of the 2nd-century AD proto-Derbyshire or the Little Chester fine oxidised and reduced wares present. A flake of Central Gaulish samian was the only other material present that was produced in the 2nd century AD.

Pit 1566

6.2.53 Twenty-seven sherds (0.288kg, 0.75 RE) were retrieved from pit 1566 that dated to the late 1st to 2nd centuries AD. The group included sherds from channel-rimmed jars, light fired flagons and a cup in a fine oxidised fabric mimicking samian form 27 (as Brassington 1971, fig. 11, no. 265–6).

Post pad 1741

6.2.54 Fifty-two sherds (0.624 kg, 0.53 RE) were retrieved. This medium sized group included colour-coated sherds, with one basal sherd possibly trimmed to form a counter, sherds from wall-sided mortaria, a bowl with a grooved rim in a Black Burnished ware 1 type fabric, a straight sided bead and flange bowl and sherds from the ubiquitous Derbyshire ware jars. A small quantity of samian was present including one sherd that had been pierced and reworked. The straight-sided bead and flanged bowl dates the group to the late 3rd to 4th century AD.

Spread 1746

6.2.55 One hundred and seventy-six sherds (2.178 kg, 1.26 RE) were retrieved from spread 1746. The majority of the group consisted of sherds from Derbyshire ware jars but there was a greater variety of pottery types than in other assemblages. This group included sherds from a Mancetter-Hartshill type mortarium, samian from Central Gaul and Rheinzabern, a sherd from a Central Gaulish Black Ware beaker, Nene valley colour-coated ware beakers, a Black Burnished type ware bowl with a grooved flange and white ware. A date in the 3rd century AD or later for the deposition of this pottery would appear most likely. A single modern sherd from context 1747 was probably intrusive.

Ditch 2262

6.2.56 Thirty sherds (0.163 kg, 0.11 RE) were retrieved from Ditch 2262. This group included grey ware and sherds from an oxidised necked vessel. Small quantities of Derbyshire ware were also present, which date the group to sometime after AD 140.

Pit 2402

6.2.57 Fifty-seven sherds (0.673 kg, 0.34 RE) were retrieved from pit 2402. The assemblage included sherds from Derbyshire ware jars, grey ware and a Mancetter-Hartshill type mortarium and dated to the late 2nd to mid-3rd century AD.

Furrow 2406

6.2.58 Thirty-seven sherds (0.366 kg, 0.21 RE) were retrieved from furrow 2406. This group included grey ware, Derbyshire ware and a sherd from a white ware



mortarium which dated to the 3rd to 4th century AD. Glazed wares represent a small proportion of modern pottery present within the furrow feature.

Pit 2460

6.2.59 Thirty-four sherds (0.369 kg, 0.28 RE) were retrieved from pit 2460; fragments from Derbyshire ware jars and proto-Derbyshire ware dated the group to AD 140–350.

Spread 2490

6.2.60 Eighty-three sherds (1.374 kg, 1.47 RE) were retrieved from spread 2490. Three sherds of modern pottery were present in this group suggesting some later disturbance. The Roman pottery was predominantly dated to the late 3rd to 4th century AD, half of the sherds were from Derbyshire ware jars but the presence of a grey ware plain rimmed dish and a straight-sided bead and flanged bowl dated the group. A paint-decorated hammerhead rimmed Mancetter-Hartshill mortarium was also present.

Pit 3041

- 6.2.61 Thirty sherds from a single coarse quartz-gritted handmade vessel (0.292 kg, 0 RE) were retrieved. No feature sherds were evident and therefore the vessel could only be attributed a broadly prehistoric date.
- 6.2.62 Unstratified material
- 6.2.63 One hundred and thirty-eight sherds (2.190 kg, 2.05 RE) were retrieved from unstratified find spots. This material has been described in the tabulated data (in archive).

6.3 Ceramic building material (CBM)

6.3.1 Only three pieces of CBM were recovered. Although undiagnostic, all have been identified as Romano-British on fabric grounds; the larger fragment from spread F63 is probably from a brick of some kind rather than tile, based on thickness.

6.4 Stone

- 6.4.1 This category includes portable objects, worked flint, burnt (unworked) stone and flint, and other stone collected but which appears to be unutilised in any way.
- 6.4.2 Objects
- 6.4.3 Four objects were recovered, all quernstones. All four came from Romano-British features. Two (Obj Nos 1 and 2) are complete beehive querns, both from cut 1159. There are two further fragments, from querns of uncertain form (although possibly further beehives); one came from pit F29 (from the curved outer edge of the quern), and the other (a small fragment with one surface) from pit 2321.

Worked Flint

6.4.4 Twelve pieces of worked flint were recovered. This consists entirely of miscellaneous debitage – flakes and chips. Raw material appears to be locally accessible gravel flint. In the absence of chronologically distinctive tools or other



utilised pieces, this small group can only be broadly dated as Neolithic/Bronze Age, and all pieces occurred as residual finds in later contexts.

Burnt stone/flint

A large quantity of unworked burnt stone was recovered from the Site (over 182 kg). The largest group came from roundhouse eaves drip gully F20 (32.360 kg), and four other features produced more than 10 kg: spread F45 (29.350 kg), post pad 1741 (22.480 kg), cut 2490 (11.251 kg) and ditch 1230 (10.500 kg). This material type has an uncertain function; it may represent the by-product of cooking practices, or some other pyrotechnical activity.

Unworked stone

6.4.6 Five other pieces are apparently unutilised. These comprise two large fragments which probably acted as post pads (1741, F38), two rounded pebbles, and a fragment of metamorphic rock (cut 1799).

6.5 Glass

6.5.1 Three pieces of glass were found. A small fragment of pale blue vessel glass from enclosure ditch F50 may be Romano-British, but is not sufficiently distinctive to determine with any confidence. The other two fragments are from green wine bottles of 18th-century date or later (cut 1825, context 2001).

6.6 Metalwork

6.6.1 Metalwork includes coins, as well as objects of copper alloy, lead/lead alloy and iron.

Coins

6.6.2 Four coins were recovered, three Roman and one medieval. Two of the Roman coins are silver issues, with preliminary identifications of Galba (AD 68–69; Obj. No. 16, from F5) and Septimius Geta (AD 198–212; Obj. No. 23, from edge of pit/spread 1598). The third, a copper alloy issue, is at this stage unidentified (Obj. No. 12, F25). The medieval coin is a hammered silver long cross penny (1247–79; Obj. No. 13, from F25).

Copper alloy

- 6.6.3 Of the six copper alloy objects found, four are of post-medieval/modern date. They comprise two disc buttons, fragments of possible watch casing, and a decorative mount (possibly a furniture fitting). There is also an unidentifiable and undatable corroded lump.
- 6.6.4 Of most interest, however, is a small sheet metal bowl found 'nested' inside a slightly larger lead/lead alloy bowl (see below) in enclosure ditch F23. A preliminary specific gravity test on the bowl indicates that it is made of nickel silver (a copper alloy with the appearance of silver). It has been slightly compressed laterally (and the rim has torn), but was originally hemispherical with a footring base (now flattened). It has a band of punched decoration running around the inside of the rim, and a six-pointed star on the inside of the base, possibly intended as a Chi-Rho (Christian) symbol. The context of deposition is likely to have been non-standard;



the two vessels were found in the central fill of the ditch and had the appearance of being deliberately deposited. Most Romano-British pewter vessels, for example, are known from hoards deposited towards the end of the 4th century AD, and their manufacture does not seem to have started in Britain until after AD 250 (Beagrie 1989, 175; Poulton and Scott 1991). A preliminary test for specific gravity on the bowl gave a result of 8.7; the best match on this basis would be 'nickel silver' (composition 60% copper, 20% zinc, 20% nickel), but this is an alloy which does not appear in Europe until the post-medieval period. XRF analysis would be required in order to determine the true composition - the relative proportions may change and there may well be other elements present (see Appendix 5)

Lead/lead alloy

- 6.6.5 The outer of the two small 'nested' bowls from enclosure ditch F23 is made of lead (or lead alloy). It is robust, hemispherical in shape, with a footring. No decoration or other markings are visible on the surfaces.
- 6.6.6 A small disc with a possible grid stamp (Obj. No. 24, furrow cutting through spread F63 and F64) could be a token of some kind; its date is uncertain.
- 6.6.7 There is at least one 'pot mend' (Obj. No. 27, from the base of an evaluation trench, over a spread/furrow), and two other 'plugs' could have functioned similarly (Obj. No. 26, furrow next to beam slot structure F58; ditch F3).
- 6.6.8 Other objects comprise a small coiled strip (Obj. No. 9, ditch F10), a small bar bent double (Obj. No. 7, enclosure ditch F3), and a small lump (Obj. No. 29 furrow next to beam slot structure F58).

Iron

6.6.9 The iron consists largely of nails (nine examples). There is one possible knife blade from large pit F29 (Obj. No. 5), and a possible hinge (Obj. No. 32, ditch F25). Other objects comprise miscellaneous fragments (bar, strip, corroded lump) of unknown date and function.

6.7 Animal bone

Introduction

6.7.1 A total of 1311 fragments (or 11.258 kg) of animal bone were recovered from the excavation. The material is extremely fragmented and once conjoins are considered the total count falls to just 282 fragments. The assemblage is quantified in Table 6 by species and period, and includes material of late prehistoric and Romano-British date.

Methods

6.7.2 The assemblage was rapidly scanned and the following information quantified where applicable: species, skeletal element, preservation condition, fusion and tooth ageing data, butchery marks, metrical data, gnawing, burning, surface condition, pathology and non-metric traits. This information was directly recorded into a relational database (in MS Access) and cross-referenced with relevant contextual information.



Results

Preservation and fragmentation

- 6.7.3 Bone preservation varies from fair to extremely poor due to subtle differences in geology, hydrology and soil pH. Poor preservation has led to the degradation of bones and teeth, and this has resulted in a high rate of fragmentation, hence the large discrepancy between the raw and adjusted fragment counts provided above. It has also significantly biased the assemblage in terms of skeletal element representation, consequently loose teeth are common while post-cranial elements are rare, or do not survive in an identifiable form. A significant number of contexts include bones in different states of preservation and this is a general indication that material has been reworked and redeposited from earlier contexts.
- 6.7.4 Gnaw marks were apparent on only five post-cranial bones. This is an extremely low occurrence; however, surface marks such as these are likely to have been effaced by poor preservation.

Bronze Age

6.7.5 An unidentifiable burnt fragment of animal bone came from pit F52 which is dated to the Bronze Age.

Early Romano-British

6.7.6 A small number of bone fragments came from eight features assigned to the early Romano-British period. Most of the identified bones belong to horse and came from ditch 3. The bones are from separate slots but could potentially belong to the same animal since there are no repeated elements. The skeletal elements include the tibia, metatarsal, first phalanx, patella and a tarsal. A further horse bone, a mandible from a pony-sized animal, came from pit 1566. The other identified bones all belong to cattle and include fragments of mandible and loose teeth.

Late Romano-British

- 6.7.7 A total of 241 fragments of animal bone came from features of late Romano-British date, mostly ditches but also roundhouse gullies, pits, layers and a well (Group 28). The material is widely distributed across the Site, although a relatively large amount of bone came from pit F29.
- 6.7.8 As indicated above the assemblage has been significantly biased due to poor preservation and as a result the assemblage includes a restricted range of species and skeletal elements, and no bird or fish bones. Loose teeth with their hard enamel outer surface, are more common than less robust elements from the post-cranial skeleton.
- 6.7.9 The following species have been identified and are listed in terms of their relative frequency: cattle, horse, sheep/goat, pig and red deer (Table 6). Horse bones are almost as common as cattle bones, and this is a slightly atypical situation. There is no indication, in the form of neonatal or immature horse bones that the breeding and rearing of horses was a local specialism although the layout of the enclosures and small paddocks would have provided a suitable environment for this activity. It is possible that the position of the settlement adjacent to Ryknield Street and the fort at Little Chester, had some influenced on the livestock economy and the number of



horses kept since travellers between Wall and Chesterfield are likely to have needed replacement horses.

- 6.7.10 Most (71%) of the horse bones came from pit F29. The identified bones include several complete post-cranial elements and a pair of mandibles. The bones are from an adult with an estimated withers (or shoulder) height of 14.2 hands (i.e. a pony-sized animal). Cut marks on the scapula and femur result from skinning and indicate that the carcass was utilised. The marks are consistent with filleting meat off the bone, but the most likely recipients for this were probably dogs since the consumption of horseflesh was generally restricted to emergencies in most 'Romanised' parts of the Empire (Tacitus Annals II, 24 and Histories IV, 60; quoted in Luff 1982).
- 6.7.11 The bones and teeth of livestock are widely scattered across the Site and there are no large concentrations from individual features. This could indicate that the Site was relatively clean of domestic food refuse however given the poor condition of much of the material the low frequency of bones is more likely to reflect preservation bias.
- 6.7.12 The evidence suggests that the local livestock economy was primarily based on cattle-farming with some sheep/goat and pig. The poor condition and fragmented nature of the material means that there is limited detailed information available from which to assess mortality patterns and husbandry strategies.
- 6.7.13 Pit F29, and ditches F5 and F25 all contained red deer remains. These include a large piece of antler, and two bones from the right forequarter (scapula and humerus) from pit F29, an antler tine from ditch F5, and two further pieces of antler and a left scapula from ditch F25. One of the pieces of antler from ditch F25 is the base of a shed beam, therefore, although deer were hunted, it was also necessary to collect shed antlers when they became available in the autumn.

Undated

6.7.14 Animal bones also came from undated features including ditches, gullies, pits, a posthole and a possible midden deposit. It is likely that these features belong to the main Romano-British phase of activity however this requires confirmation through further stratigraphic analysis. The identified remains include a few cattle bones and single bones from a sheep/goat, pig and horse.

Table 6 Animal bones: number of identified specimens present (or NISP) by period

Species	Bronze Age	Early RB	Late RB	Undated	Total
cattle	-	5	37	3	45
sheep/goat	-	-	15	1	16
pig	-	-	6	1	7
horse	-	8	28	1	37
red deer	-	-	7	ı	7
Total identified	-	13	93	6	112



Total unidentifiable	1	19	148	2	170
Overall total	1	32	241	8	282

6.8 Other finds

6.8.1 Other finds comprise three fragments of clay tobacco pipe stem; two small fragments of metalworking slag; and four very small fragments of oyster shell.

6.9 Conservation

- 6.9.1 Objects in potentially unstable condition, and therefore possibly in need of conservation treatment, comprise the metalwork. The pair of nested lead and lead alloy bowls were block-lifted on site and have been subsequently excavated under controlled conditions by a conservator. These, and other metal objects, are packed in as stable a condition as possible, in airtight polythene tubs with drying agent (silica gel).
- 6.9.2 The ironwork in particular is in poor condition and heavily corroded. All metalwork (apart from the lead/lead alloy objects) has been X-radiographed as part of the assessment phase, primarily as a basic record and to aid identification, but also to inform any decisions on necessary further treatment.

7 ENVIRONMENTAL EVIDENCE

7.1 Introduction

7.1.1 A total of three hundred and eight samples were taken. A selection of two hundred and thirty-four bulk samples from a range of spreads and features such as pits, postholes, ditches and wells, were processed for the recovery and assessment of charred plant remains and charcoal. The bulk samples included standard-volume (ca. 40 litres when possible) samples as well as series of small samples of 1 litre from possible timber or beam remains. Three kubiena samples from spreads were submitted for micromorphological analysis. Two pollen samples from soil filling two nested lead and nickel alloy vessels were analysed. Two monolith samples taken from a pit and a well were described and recommendations for subsampling were made. The samples break down into the following phase groups (Table 7):

 Table 7
 Sample provenance summary

Phase		No	o. of sam	oles		Volume	Feature/deposit
	Kubiena	Monolith	Pollen	Bulk		(litres) of	types
				Taken	Processed	I -	
						bulk samples	
Prehistoric				1	1	20	Pit
Late Iron Age	-	-	-	15	13	322	Linear ditch, enclosure ditch, roundhouse gully and pits
Early Roman (2nd century)	-	-	-	53	40	1092	Linear ditch, enclosure ditch, roundhouse gullies, pits



Late Roman (140- 350)	3	2	2	90	77	1547.45	Ditches, roundhouses, spreads, well, pits
Medieval	-	-	-	0	0	-	-
Post- medieval/modern	-	-	-	1	0	-	Ditch
Uncertain	-	-	-	125	82	2006.105	Ditches, roundhouses, pits, postholes, spreads
Totals				285	231	4987.555	

7.2 Aims and Methods

7.2.1 The purpose of this assessment is to determine the potential of the environmental remains preserved at the Site to address project aims and to provide data valuable for wider research frameworks. As recommended in the site-specific sampling strategy outlined in the Addendum to the WSI (Wessex Archaeology 2017), a selection of samples from the most promising deposits was chosen for processing and assessment of the preservation of environmental evidence. The selection was undertaken in consultation with the lead environmental lead, the fieldwork director and the curator. The shortlisting criteria were the depth of the features, their function or association with domestic activities and the density of activity in the area. Based on taphonomic factors, the most promising deposits were those from deep features and associated to domestic activities (pits, postholes, ring gullies) or, failing that, from boundary features (field/enclosure ditches) when no other were available for sampling in the immediate area.

Macrofossils

7.2.2 The size of the bulk samples varied between 0.1 and 40 litres, and on average was around 22 litres. The samples were processed by standard flotation methods, standard bulk samples were processed on a Syraf-type flotation tank and small bulk samples (ca. 1 litre) were bucket floated. Prior to wetting the sediments and to avoid fragmentation upon processing, the small bulk samples from possible timber or beamslots were examined by a member of the environmental department for the presence of macroscopic charcoal; when present, the wood charcoal fragments were extracted and they were later added to the flots of the samples once they were processed by bucket flotation. All the flots were retained on a 0.25 mm mesh, nd the residues fractionated into 5.6/4 mm and 1 mm fractions. The coarse residue fractions (>5.6/4 mm) were sorted with the naked eye and discarded. The flots were scanned using a stereo incident light microscopy (Leica MS5 microscope) at magnifications of up to x40 for the identification of environmental remains. Different bioturbation indicators were considered, including the percentage of roots, the abundance of modern seeds and the presence of mycorrhizal fungi sclerotia (eg, Cenococcum geophilum) and animal remains, such as earthworm eggs and insects, which would not be preserved unless anoxic conditions prevailed. The preservation and nature of the charred plant and wood charcoal remains, as well as the presence of other environmental remains such as molluscs, animal bone and insects (in cases of anoxic conditions for their preservation), was recorded. Preliminary identifications of dominant or important taxa are noted below, following the nomenclature of Stace (1997) for wild plants, and traditional nomenclature, as provided by Zohary and Hopf



(2000, tables 3, page 28 and 5, page 65), for cereals. Abundance of remains is qualitatively quantified (A^{***} = exceptional, A^{**} = 100+, A^{*} = 30-99, A = >10, B = 9-5, C = <5) as an estimation of the minimum number of individuals and not the number of remains per taxa.

Pollen

7.2.3 Two sub-samples (504 and 505) were processed using standard pollen extraction methods (Moore *et al.* 1991). Pollen was identified and counted using a Nikon E400 biological research microscope. A total of 150 pollen grains were counted for each sub-sample in addition to any aquatics and fern spores. One lycopodium tablet was added to enable calculation of pollen concentrations. Pollen and spores were identified to the lowest possible taxonomic level. Plant nomenclature follows Stace (1997) and Bennett *et al.* (1994). Pollen sums are based on total land pollen (TLP) plus the sum of the component taxa within the respective category. Identification of indeterminable grains was according to Cushing (1967). At assessment stage the results are not presented in pollen diagrams, but are presented in tabular form as raw data.

Monoliths

7.2.4 The monolith samples were cleaned prior to recording and standard descriptions were used (following Hodgson 1997), including Munsell colour, texture, structure and nature of boundaries, as given below in Appendix 2. Sediments were also described using Troels-Smith classifications (Troels-Smith 1955).

7.3 Results

Macrofossils

- 7.3.1 The flots from the bulk samples were generally small and there were high numbers of roots and modern seeds that may be indicative of stratigraphic movement and the possibility of contamination by later intrusive elements. The organic environmental evidence was preserved by charring and waterlogging and included plant remains (both fruits and wood), insect remains and crustaceans (both ostracods and water fleas). Terrestrial mollusc remains were present in a number of samples from both dry and waterlogged deposits.
- 7.3.2 Charred material was generally poorly preserved and often iron coated, suggesting deposition conditions with a fluctuating water table, which may have a detrimental effect on the preservation of charred organic matter, and probably explains the low density of remains of anthropic activities. Wood charcoal was noted generally in small quantities, although it was present in moderate quantities in features such as beam slots and some of the pits.
- 7.3.3 Uncharred plant remains such as typically recovered in seasonally waterlogged sites were present in many of the samples, probably having been preserved by waterlogging in some of the cases. However, it is difficult to tell in many of the cases whether they are truly waterlogged but dried out, or simply intrusive recent material. For that reason, only plant remains recovered from safe contexts where preservation by waterlogging is ensured by the depositional conditions will be considered here. These deposits normally include insects, ostracods and water flea remains.



7.3.4 The processed samples from features F1, F6, F9, F10, F12, F13, F14, F21, F22, F24, F26, F27, F29, F38, F39, F44, F51, F52, F57 and many of the ungrouped or undated features did not provide any significant environmental evidence. Only sampled features or deposits with significant macroremain assemblages will be discussed in more detail next.

Late Iron Age

7.3.5 Very few assemblages from this phase have been retrieved with only a single poorly preserved cereal grain present in one of the samples from F17. However, a well preserved and moderately rich assemblage of cereal grains was recovered in one of the samples from enclosure ditch F15, including hulled six-rowed barley (*Hordeum vulgare* var. *vulgare*) and wheat. Some remains of weed seeds were also present, mostly brome (*Bromus* sp.) and sedges.

Early Romano-British (1st and 2nd century)

7.3.6 Little environmental evidence has been retrieved from features dating to the Early Romano-British period, with only small assemblages of charred plant remains were recovered in some of the samples from linear ditch F11, including barley, docks, sedges, grasses (Poaceae) and trefoil/medick/clover (Trifolieae), a small assemblage of dock and indeterminate seeds in enclosure ditch F25 and a small assemblage of seeds in the pink family (Caryophyllaceae) in roundhouse F20. A small number of terrestrial molluscs was recovered in some of the samples as well as some uncharred seeds (Sambucus sp., Rubus sp., Juncus sp., Chenopodiaceae, Lamiaceae) that may have been waterlogged.

Romano-British (140-350 AD)

- 7.3.7 Little charred environmental evidence was recovered from enclosure ditches of this period: only a small amount of barley and spelt wheat (Triticum spelta) grains in two of the samples from F5, a single poorly preserved cereal (Triticeae) grain in the sample from F23, in F49 a vetch seed, in F50 a few wheat grains and chaff and a weed, a single glume base of spelt wheat in F55. This evidence is consistent with background crop-processing domestic activity of Iron Age or Romano-British chronology. Two of the deposits in F5 also contained environmental evidence preserved by waterlogging, including a few invertebrate remains (including insects and egg cases of the water flea Daphnia sp.), abundant vegetative plant material (including roundwood), and fruits from rushes (Juncus spp.), scurvygrass (Cochlearia sp.), buttercups (Ranunculus spp.), the carrot family (Apiaceae), the daisy family (Asteraceae), the pink family (Caryophyllaceae), sedges (Cyperaceae), the mint family (Lamiaceae) and persicaria (Persicaria sp.), birch (Betula sp.), the goosefoot family (Chenopodiaceae), brambles (Rubus sp.), fumitory (Fumaria sp.), grasses (Poaceae), cinquefoil (Potentilla sp.) and nettles (Urtica sp.).
- 7.3.8 Little evidence was also found on the roundhouse from the same period, with only a small assemblage of charred plant remains including a coleoptile from a sprouted cereal grain and seeds of wild plants, such as cinquefoil (*Potentilla* sp.), daisies (Asteraceae), Cyperaceae in roundhouse F8 and associated pit 2321. The pit had also uncharred plant remains (*Ranunculus* sp, Apiaceae, *Juncus* sp., Cyperaceae) and invertebrate remains (ostracods, *Daphnia* sp.), potentially preserved by waterlogging.



- 7.3.9 Other types of ditches, such as linears and gullies also provided little environmental evidence pointing to some domestic activities in the background: linear F54 included spelt grains and chaff, and some weed seeds, gully F3 a single and poorly preserved cereal (Triticeae) grain and a few terrestrial molluscs.
- 7.3.10 Spreads generally provided small amounts of charred plant remains, suggesting these features are not associated to any crop-processing activity: small assemblages of poorly preserved cereal grains and few charcoal fragments were present in some of the samples from feature F45, a grain and a glume base were present in 2402, almost no wood charcoal but only a few weed seeds were recovered from F63 and F64, but a moderate amount of wood charcoal was recovered in F35 and in F31, where a single barley grain was also present. A possible rye rachis segment (the only possible evidence of this crop in the Site) was found in spread F63.
- 7.3.11 Some small assemblages of grains were recovered from beam slot F58 but what was significant from the feature was unsurprisingly the abundance of wood charcoal.
- 7.3.12 The rich assemblages of charred plant remains recovered in the samples from feature F30 suggest this was related to crop processing or contained the byproducts of such activities. The assemblages included cereal grains and chaff (mostly spelt wheat and some barley) and seeds of wild plants, many of which probably acted as crop weeds, such as grasses, buttercups (*Ranunculus* sp.), docks, plantain (*Plantago lanceolata*), sedges, daisies and vetches.
- 7.3.13 Moderately rich and well-preserved charred assemblages of cereal grains, including spelt wheat and barley, and a few weed seeds were recovered from the samples in well F28. Plant macrofossil assemblages preserved by waterlogging were recovered in this feature, as well as in ditch F23 and waterhole F29, where abundant vegetative plant material (including fragments of branch wood with no evidence of manipulation) and seeds of wild plants were present. The waterlogged plant remains included *Juncus* sp., *Ranunculus* spp., *Cochlearia* sp., *Atriplex* sp., Cyperaceae, *Persicaria* sp., Caryophyllaceae, Chenopodiaceae, Asteraceae (inc. Cardueae), *Rubus* sp., *Urtica* sp., *Potentilla* sp., Lamiaceae, Apiaceae (inc. *Aethusa* sp, *Pimpinella* sp.), *Betula* sp., *Rumex* sp., *Polygonum* sp., *Sambucus* sp., indets.

Uncertain

7.3.14 Small unrepresentative assemblages were found in some of the features of uncertain phasing: a small assemblage of seeds from wild plants and a little charcoal were recovered at roundhouse F47, a tuber in posthole 1094, some weed seeds in pits 1528, 1703, 1764 and 1656, posthole 1751, ditch 2664 and gully 1699, some cereal grains in pits 1612 and 1621, a cereal grain in 1553. In pit F48 a few isolated poorly preserved grains, including wheat (*Triticum* sp.), barley (*Hordeum vulgare*), vetches (Vicieae), sedges (Cyperaceae) and docks (*Rumex* sp.) were found. Due to poor preservation, the identification of the cereal species cannot be carried further, unfortunately not providing further dating evidence for the chronology of these features.



Pollen (samples 504 and 505)

- 7.3.15 Pollen was assessed from two samples infilling two nested late Roman vessels. Sample 504 was derived from soil infilling a lead bowl, with sample 505 derived from the soil contents of a nickel alloy bowl nested inside the larger lead bowl (Appendix 3).
- 7.3.16 Pollen concentrations were good in both samples although preservation was generally poor with undeterminable pollen grains (crumpled and degraded) reaching 25%. High levels of indeterminable grains can point towards potential biases in pollen preservation, with pollen types less resistant to decay processes (eg, Poaceae—grasses) under-represented relative to pollen of taxa more resistant to decay processes (eg, trees such as *Betula*—birch; *Alnus glutinosa*—alder).
- 7.3.17 Both samples are dominated by non-arboreal pollen taxa (>95%) with arboreal pollen taxa forming a minor component (>5%). The assemblages are broadly similar between the two samples, both containing large quantities of Poaceae, along with Cyperaceae (sedge family), Rosaceae (rose family) and Lactuceae (lettuce family) with smaller quantities of a range of herb taxa (eg, *Filipendula*—meadowsweet; *Trifolium*—clover; *Plantago lanceolata*—ribwort plantain; *Cirsium*—thistles). Large Poaceae grains (>40µm) were recorded in both samples, which may represent cereal-type pollen grain, but further speciation is not possible due to the crumpled preservation of the grains. Many of the Poaceae and Cyperaceae grains are partially crumpled but still identifiable.

Sediments

- 7.3.18 Monolith sample 500, taken from well F28 shows fluctuating water levels overlying anthropogenically derived deposits (Appendix 2)
- 7.3.19 Monolith sample 508, taken from pit F29 also in the east of the Site, shows different types of deposition processes. Initially water-related deposits are overlaid with periods of deposition resulting from earth movement (soil creep/hillwash). The lower sediments give no indication of deliberate human involvement with deposition, whereas the upper units may have accumulated through human intervention with the landscape (soil instability, clearance, ploughing, etc.).

8 DISCUSSION

8.1.1 An isolated pit containing Bronze Age pottery, and a handful of flint (all residual), is the only evidence relating to the earlier prehistoric periods. Evidence for occupation of the Site during the late Iron Age is more conspicuous: the two near complete roundhouse eaves gullies F17 and F20, along with the surrounding small enclosure ditches, only contained pottery dating to the late Iron Age, and are presumed to belong to this period. In addition, an undated roundhouse, F47, may have been contemporary. The evidence appears to suggest that the initial focus for settlement lay in the northern part of the Site but shifted south and east during the Romano-British period. However, it is possible that potential late Iron Age remains have been masked or obliterated by the Romano-British phase of occupation, as late Iron Age pottery was found in some of the later features in the far south-west of Site.



- 8.1.2 The main boundary framework on the Site appears to have been established by the 2nd century AD; smaller internal enclosures were constructed at this time and afterwards. Some features such as ditch F3 eventually went out of use, and other features were constructed over the top of them (eg, roundhouse F7, F8 and F9, and paddock enclosure F2). Overall, the main boundary template on the Site seems to have been long-lived, with the ridge and furrow sharing the same alignment as the Site's ancient boundaries. This presumably reflects the enduring dictates of drainage, in light of the Site's drainage fall to the east.
- 8.1.3 Towards the later part of the lifespan of the Romano-British settlement a rectangular enclosure, F67, containing a rectilinear array of beam slots was built. This was slightly askew from the overall Site template. Although the appearance and function of any structure that stood here is not known, the remains here mark a development in the nature of the Site's archaeological signature.
- 8.1.4 A range of finds was recovered, including a relatively large pottery assemblage. This contained a range of regional and Continental imports, which although modest, is unusual for a rural Romano-British site in Derbyshire, and presumably reflects the proximity of the military and civilian centres at Derby and that of the road by which they were supplied.
- 8.1.5 Many of the finds relate to the everyday rural subsistence activities such as crop processing, textile production and small-scale metalworking. Some artefacts may also have formed part of the religious or spiritual life of the Site's inhabitants. The two large beehive quern stones found in the eaves gully of roundhouse F17 form part of wider pattern of quern disposal for which a ceremonial interpretation is often ascribed (eg, Watts 2014). Of most interest amongst the finds from the Site was the discovery of a plain lead bowl with a smaller copper alloy bowl 'nested' within it. The smaller bowl was decorated with a band of punched decoration around its inside rim, and a six-pointed star on the inside of the base, possibly intended as a Chi-Rho (Christian) symbol. The 'nested' arrangement of the bowls suggests they had been carefully placed in the ground, again, most likely for ceremonial reasons.
- 8.1.6 Pollen samples taken from the soil inside the bowls unfortunately do not shed light on their function. The pollen was predominantly non-arboreal, and suggestive of wet areas, pasture, meadows, arable, and disturbed ground. From the other environmental remains from the Site, there was evidence of production and processing of cereals: mostly spelt wheat with some barley.
- 8.1.7 The animal bone assemblage was small; it suggests the Site's occupants ate beef, mutton and some pork. Remains of horse and deer were also noted. The presence of a reasonable amount of horse bone, nearly as much as cattle, could indicate that horses may have been an extra source of income, perhaps by providing fresh steeds for people travelling along the Roman road (Ryknield Street), which lay 650 m to the north-west of the Site. There is no indication, in the form of neonatal or immature horse bones, that the breeding and rearing of horses was a local specialism although the layout of the enclosures and small paddocks would have provided a suitable environment for this activity.



8.1.8 The silver coin of Emperor Galba (a rare find considering the brevity of his reignseven months from 68 to 69 AD) and the abundance of early Roman pottery on the Site show its development got underway not long after the Roman conquest, and presumably coincided with the use of the first Roman fort in Derby (Strutts park, occupied c. AD 55-80; Hewitson 2012, 8). The construction of Ryknield Street, the main Roman road running south from Derby, was presumably also to the economic advantage of the Site's inhabitants. Although this may have followed an established prehistoric routeway, traffic along it would almost certainly have increased following the Roman occupation. It is likely that surplus agricultural production from the Highfields Farm site was sold to the nearby fort and vicus. The fort did not survive beyond the early 4th century (Wheeler 1985, 303), although its civilian settlement was longer-lived, continuing into the post-Romano-British period. The fact that there is no evidence pottery reaching the Site after the mid-4th century might highlight the degree to which exploitation of the Site had become dependent on the presence of the nearby military, as opposed to civilian, markets at Derby.

9 STATEMENT OF POTENTIAL

9.1 Summary of potential

- 9.1.1 The Site contains evidence of late Iron Age and Romano-British land demarcation, farming and settlement on the outskirts of Derby. The recorded stratigraphy and datable artefacts cast light onto the development of the local landscape following the Roman occupation. The examined deposits and features have provided complementary, and at times relatively rich, suites of data. The Romano-British pottery and a few of the charred plant assemblages hold the highest potential to understand the nature of the Site and its role within the wider Romano-British landscape.
- 9.1.2 As noted in the original WSI, 'Iron Age and Romano-British settlement is poorly represented in South Derbyshire' (ULAS 2014, 2) and so the Site contributes to the emergent understanding of the local settlement pattern. In particular, the Site offers the possibility to examine the influence of urban and military markets and populations on outlying rural areas, as during the Romano-British period the Site lay around 6.5 km from the known military and civilian centres located at Strutts Park and Little Chester, Derby.
- 9.1.3 Based on the foregoing, the Site may be considered to be of regional importance. However, should the decoration on the nested vessel be confirmed as a type of Chi Rho, this would provide nationally important evidence of the adoption of Christianity within Roman Britain.

9.2 Stratigraphic potential

9.2.1 The archaeological sequence exposed within the strip, map and sample areas was relatively simple: the majority of pre-medieval deposits were sealed by ploughsoil/subsoil/furrow deposits and were cut in to the geological substrate. Most of the Site's pre-medieval features were set out on a common template and, generally there was little evidence for stratification. Where intercutting has occurred, the chronological sequence has generally been established, and the overall stratigraphic sequence of the Site's archaeological remains is, therefore,



sufficiently well understood. Further stratigraphic analysis will not enhance the understanding of activity on the Site.

9.3 Finds potential

Introduction

- 9.3.1 The main interest in the finds assemblage lies in the pottery, the most commonly occurring artefact type. Animal bone was also relatively well represented, although the assemblage is still considered too small to warrant further work, particularly in the light of its poor condition.
- 9.3.2 The potential of other finds is relatively limited, although there are groups and individual items of interest. Evidence for lifestyle (apart from the use of ceramic vessels) is particularly lacking, and there are no personal items. Structural evidence (building material, nails etc) is similarly sparse. A few objects (stone, ceramic) provide some functional information, and the occurrence of large quantities of burnt, unworked stone may also have some significance in this respect.

Pottery

- 9.3.3 The assemblage has limited potential to inform our understanding of the handmade pottery in use before the Roman conquest due to the small assemblage size with only a few feature sherds present.
- 9.3.4 The samian has been fully quantified and requires no more basic recording and although small it provides valuable quantified information that can in time be integrated and compared more fully with other assemblages from other rural sites in Derbyshire though a limited number are fully quantified and published (eg, Bolsover: Leary 1995, and Blackbrook: Leary 2011, are without detail about the samian). The stamp is only the fifteenth example recorded from Britain (Hartley and Dickinson 2009, 205) and as such deserves to be published and added to the Names on Terra Sigillata database.
- 9.3.5 The presence of Little Chester type oxidised and grey wares is of interest, suggesting activity on the Site in the early Roman period. Comparison of the forms present in this fabric with other groups in the local area would be useful to see which types were favoured by people living in the wider hinterland of the fort. Consideration of the early features from the Site sequence may help to establish how much of the pottery from this early period of production was found in early Roman features and how much was found deposited with later Roman wares.
- 9.3.6 More detailed comparison of the pottery from features in a phased sequence may help to establish the earliest occurrence of developed Derbyshire ware. Due to the longer currency for some of the key coarse ware types (such as Derbyshire ware) refining the chronology of a number of the smaller assemblages is difficult. Recognising distinctively late groups depends upon stratified occurrences of more distinct coarse ware types such as grey ware straight sided bead and flanged bowls or the paint decorated Mancetter-Hartshill mortarium (D02, from features F54, F63). Closer consideration of the occurrence of these types may help to isolate which activity on the Site occurred during the late Roman period.



- 9.3.7 Thin section and ICP –AES and -MS type chemical analysis could be used on the paint decorated mortarium (D02) and the stamped mortarium to contrast with Mancetter-Hartshill and Little Chester Kiln samples to see if they can be more securely attributed to a production source, particularly as the potter lunius is believed to have worked at both sites. This would assist with looking at the distribution and marketing of the products of key Roman pottery industries in the East Midlands (EMHERF n.d., Research Objective 5A & 5J).
- 9.3.8 A programme of organic residue analysis on some of the better-dated pottery groups would contribute to the understanding of the functions of the different pottery wares and forms, how they differed from each other, and how this might have altered over time (Historic England 2017). Organic residue analysis could also, in the absence of an informative animal bone assemblage from the project, provide missing detail on the Site's subsistence base, as well as providing information for inter-site/inter-regional comparison.
- 9.3.9 Assemblages of Roman pottery from rural sites in the county are typically small (eg, Leary 2013 1865 sherds; 2001 1611 sherds). This represents a good sized assemblage that can be contrasted with other groups from the region to develop our understanding of pottery use in the county. Publication of this site and pottery assemblage would disseminate the results of this study.

Animal bone

9.3.10 The faunal assemblage is relatively small, poorly preserved and fragmentary, as such it offers only limited scope for further analysis. The high relative abundance of horse remains is however, atypical of most Romano-British roadside settlements and merits further consideration which could help address project specific research questions (see for example (EMHERF n.d.). It is recommended age, biometry and butchery information is recorded to complete the archive for the animal bone assemblage. This information together with more basic details regarding species and skeletal element representation, will form the basis for a report that summarises the assemblage and attempts to place it within a wider regional context.

Metalwork

- 9.3.11 Perhaps of most interest are the two nested bowls, one of nickel silver and the other of lead, found in enclosure ditch F23, and apparently deliberately deposited. These two objects require further research to set them in their regional and national context, and to examine the possible circumstances of their deposition.
- 9.3.12 The coins, and the few other identifiable metal objects merit a little further work to confirm and/or enhance identifications, although these are unlikely to add significantly to our understanding of the Site.

Stone and ceramic objects

9.3.13 Functional information is provided by the quernstones (which also illustrate sources of supply) and ceramic spindlewhorls, although the quantities in each case suggest that grain-processing and textile working were not carried out intensively on the Site. The large quantities of burnt stone deposited across the Site are intriguing, and their



distribution warrants some further investigation, which may shed more light on the possible origin of this material.

Other finds

9.3.14 Quantities of ceramic building material (three fragments, undiagnostic Romano-British), clay tobacco pipe (three fragments, post-medieval), worked flint (12 pieces, all debitage), glass (three fragments, one indeterminate but possibly Romano-British, two post-medieval) and slag (13 g, undated) are negligible, and these categories have no further potential.

9.4 Environmental potential

Macrofossils

- 9.4.1 qqln general, small to moderately rich assemblages of plant remains were recovered from many of the sampled features on the Site, with some areas not providing any environmental evidence at all. In general, the results of the assemblage seem to confirm the initial assumption that features such as ditches and gullies would provide little environmental evidence due to their shallow and functional nature. As such, it is recommended to discard most of the unprocessed samples, which are considered to hold little potential for the presence/preservation of charred plant remains. This assessment is based on the type and shallowness of the parent features and the drainage characteristics of the soils (intermittently wet and dry on the surface). The only exception is the one unprocessed sample (number 286) from the relatively deep F30. Two other samples were processed from this ditch and provided the richest assemblage from the Site. This remaining sample is therefore recommended for processing and analysis.
- 9.4.2 The assemblages with very small amounts of plant remains have little potential since they could easily be reworked or intrusive (Pelling *et al.* 2015) and can contribute very little information to the understanding of the Site, other than the fact that domestic crop-processing activities took place in it in the Iron Age or Romano-British periods. The assemblages of invertebrate remains are small and have little potential for analysis. The analysis of some of the richer charred plant assemblages, provided they are radiocarbon dated, has more potential to provide information on the nature of the settlement and local agricultural practices in the Iron Age and Late Romano-British period.
- 9.4.3 The plant macroremains preserved by waterlogging (F23, F28 and F29) provide some information about the local environment, in which open areas with stagnant and nutrient-rich bodies of water, probably of a seasonal nature, dominated the vicinity of the Site. Common taxa from these habitats were, among others, Cyperaceae, Caryophyllaceae, Juncus sp., Chenopodiaceae, Ranunculus sp., Polygonaceae (Persicaria sp., Polygonum sp., Rumex sp.), Asteraceae and Lamiaceae. Hedgerow fruits, such as brambles (Rubus sp.) and elder (Sambucus sp.) berries were also available locally and may have possibly been the object of human exploitation, although there is no definite evidence to prove this. Trees of wet habitats, such as birch (Betula sp.), were also present, although possibly at a considerable distance, since the seeds of these are wind dispersed. The presence of wood from trunks and branches indicates that wood was not scarce in the vicinity of the Site. The presence of ostracods in some of these waterlogged deposits (for



example, in F5, F28 and F29) confirms the presence of bodies of water, probably nutrient rich, as suggested by the presence of water fleas. However, the winter or survival eggs (ephippia) of water fleas (Daphnia sp.) suggest these water bodies probably dried out considerably on the dry season. This is consistent with the pedological context of the area, which is dominated by slowly permeable soils producing seasonally wet conditions.

Pollen (samples 504 and 505)

- 9.4.4 Pollen samples from soil infilling the nested lead and nickel alloy bowls provide some coarse information on the wider surrounding environment, although the moderate preservation of pollen may have resulted in under-representation of herbaceous pollen preventing further speciation of pollen beyond family level (eg, in the case of Rosaceae). The pollen assemblages do not provide specific information suggestive of the likely function of the bowls (ie, specific foods, liquids or other organic matter). The dominance of Poaceae, Cyperaceae, Rosaceae and Lactuceae pollen is likely to reflect a range of vegetation communities growing within the vicinity of the Site (wet areas, pasture, meadows, arable, disturbed ground), with Poaceae likely representing areas of grassland, pasture and meadows, as well as plants such as *Phragmites* (reeds) growing alongside Cyperaceae in ditches and other wet areas. The low values for arboreal pollen suggest a largely open landscape in the vicinity.
- 9.4.5 The relatively high level of indeterminable pollen grains raises the potential for issues of differential pollen preservation and biased assemblages, preventing further speciation of some pollen types beyond family level (eg, Rosaceae), and likely resulting in the under-representation of other pollen taxa. The pollen grains contained within soil infilling the bowls is largely indicative of the surrounding environment and provides no clear indications of any food, liquids or other plant remains likely contained within the bowls. Further analysis is therefore not recommended on these samples.

Sediments

- 9.4.6 Assessment of monolith sample 500 confirms the on-site interpretation of this feature as a well. However, monolith sample 508 indicates that may have been a water hole, recut later as a pit and truncated by a furrow.
- 9.4.7 Pollen and microfaunal evidence may be present in sediments from monolith sample 500 and potentially in the lower sediments of monolith sample 508. As there is sufficient dating evidence for these features already, there is no justification for taking additional dating samples. The sediments are minerogenic and therefore pollen data will be highly generalised to the wider landscape rather than allowing for refinement of local populations. The contexts that appear to represent water activity may yield microfaunal data but, consideration of the landscape and water courses indicates that any information to be gained from past salinity levels would not augment our understanding of the features or Site to any greater extent. Subsampling for these proxies is, therefore, not recommended and these monolith samples may be discarded after the assessment has been completed and accepted.



9.5 Overall research potential

Reappraisal of the project objectives

- 9.5.1 The general aims of the excavation, as stated in the WSI (ULAS 2014, Wessex Archaeology 2017) were:
 - to identify the presence/absence of any archaeological deposits;
 - to record the remains to be impacted by the proposed ground works including a sufficient record to establish the character, extent and date range for any archaeological deposits; and,
 - to establish the nature, extent, date, depth, and significance of the heritage.

Updated project aims

- 9.5.2 The significance and potential of the archaeology of Derbyshire were appraised in a resource assessment and research agenda (Cooper 2006). This was updated some six years later (Knight *et al.* 2012), and the regional research framework is currently being further revised by means of an open access 'wiki' document (http://tinyurl.com/EMHERF; EMHERF n.d.). Other documents identify research priorities for the chronological periods relating to the Site at the national level (eg, English Heritage 2010 and 2012). These have been used to update the project aims in light of the archaeological and palaeoenvironmental remains encountered.
- 9.5.3 The results of the archaeological fieldwork at Highfields Farm have the potential to contribute to the following research objectives:
 - to investigate intra-regional variations in the development of fields and linear boundary systems (EMHERF n.d., Research Objective 4F);
 - to characterise placed deposits (EMHERF n.d., Research Objective 4H);
 - to investigate the landscape context of rural settlements (EMHERF n.d., Research Objective 5H);
 - to explain Roman-period site histories in relation to any Iron Age precursors (English Heritage 2012, 14);
 - to better understand the landscape context of known sites and to recognise regional diversity within Roman-period landscapes (English Heritage 2012, 14; 2010, 12–3);and,
 - to better understand human interactions with the environment (English Heritage 2010, 15; 2012, 16).
- 9.5.4 More specifically, the work at Highfields Farm has generated data relevant to the following published research questions:
 - how far was the [Roman] military conquest a motor of social and economic change? (EMHERF n.d., Research Agenda 5.2.1)



- how did the supply needs of military garrisons and armies along the northern frontier affect the economy? (EMHERF n.d., Research Agenda 5.2.4)
- how did the withdrawal of Roman and political and financial support impact upon the established society and economy? (EMHERF n.d., Research Agenda 5.2.5)
- what resources moved in and out of the region during this [Romano-British] period? (EMHERF n.d., Research Agenda 5.6.1)
- can we elucidate the beliefs and practices associated with religious or ritual foci and may certain classes of site have been associated with particular activities? (EMHERF n.d., Research Agenda 5.8.3) And,
- what was the inter-relationship between the development of roadside settlements and other rural sites, land use and agriculture, in the surrounding region? (Cooper 2006, 156).
- 9.5.5 With regard to the pottery, the assemblage may be able to contribute to the established specialist framework, particularly with regard to:
 - understanding Roman and native interaction; the continuation of Iron Age
 pottery traditions through the Roman period; marketing mechanisms and
 supply, and differing patterns of consumption at rural sites in different parts of
 the north of Britain (Willis 2002).

10 UPDATED PROJECT DESIGN AND RECOMMENDATIONS

10.1 Introduction

10.1.1 Further work is required to better place the archaeology of the Site within its local, regional and national context. A stage of analysis and publication will allow the results of the fieldwork to contribute to the relevant established research aims and questions.

10.2 Stratigraphy

10.2.1 Further stratigraphic analysis is not recommended.

10.3 Finds

10.3.1 Only selected categories of finds warrant any further analysis: pottery, stone, coins and metalwork, and animal bone. For other categories, the information presented here on the Romano-British artefacts can be adapted for incorporation in the publication report.

Conservation

10.3.2 On the basis of the condition of the metal objects, their nature, date range and provenance, and with reference to the X-rays, seven objects (three coins, lead and copper alloy bowls, possible iron hinge) have been selected as requiring further



conservation treatment in the form of further X-raying or investigative cleaning, to reveal further details in order to refine identifications (Table 8).

 Table 8
 Objects selected for conservation treatment

Material	Obj Type	Obj No	Condition	Action
Silver	Coin	13	Complete, few fine scratches; very worn. Thin layer of sulphide corrosion covers c 80% of both sides. Slightly burnished appearance.	Remove soil
Silver	Coin	16	Complete, intact; very worn from use. Surface consists of thin layer of dark, compacted corrosion, some silver showing through.	Remove soil
Silver	Coin	23	Complete, intact; very little wear. Two cracks running from edge, may possibly join across obverse. Few small areas where silver visible beneath darker, compacted corrosion products on surface. Covered in compacted soil.	Remove soil
Copper alloy	Bowl	34	See Conservation Report, Appendix 5	Remove soil
Lead	Bowl	4	See Conservation Report, Appendix 5	Remove soil
Iron	?Hinge	32	Covered in thick layer of iron corrosion and soil.	X-ray at different angle to determine form

Coins and metalwork

- 10.3.3 Following any necessary conservation treatment (see above), coins will be submitted for specialist identification and comment. Catalogue entries for other Romano-British objects will be enhanced as appropriate, adding germane parallels to support identifications and dating.
- 10.3.4 The lead/lead alloy bowls will be subjected to XRF analysis to determine their composition. A report will be produced, drawing on the results of the XRF analysis, describing and discussing the artefacts in their local and regional context, drawing out conclusions on the significance of the markings, and their economic/functional interpretation. The two bowls will be illustrated.
- 10.3.5 All coins and metalwork should be retained for long-term curation, as objects of intrinsic interest, with the exception of iron nails and undiagnostic fragments. The latter are considered to have little or no further research potential and add nothing to our understanding of the Site.

Pottery

- 10.3.6 The description of the Bronze Age sherds from pit 3041 will be slightly enhanced, and this small group will be placed in its local and regional ceramic context.
- 10.3.7 Although no further recording is necessary for the Iron Age—Roman pottery, a limited programme of illustration will be required along with a more detailed statistical



- comparison to test the preliminary observations about the composition of the assemblage.
- 10.3.8 Seven selected coarse ware vessels will be illustrated to demonstrate the range of pottery present. The remaining significant vessels have already been paralleled to existing publications. A rubbing and possibly a photograph of the stamped mortarium will also help to illustrate the die type. The stamped samian vessel will be photographed; the poor condition of the surface of this vessel makes this the most appropriate way to record the die.
- 10.3.9 The samian contribution will be updated for the final report with any further phasing and site information and closer comparison of the samian from this site with other sites in the county. The same will be required for the remainder of the Iron Age-Roman assemblage.
- 10.3.10 The stamped mortarium will be discussed in more detail. The stamped mortarium and paint-decorated mortarium could be contrasted with samples from the Mancetter-Hartshill and Little Chester kilns to confirm a provenance.
- 10.3.11 The three sherds reused as spindlewhorls will be briefly discussed; one may be illustrated as an example.
- 10.3.12 The nine sherds of post-Roman pottery will be identified to ware type and recorded.

Organic residue analysis

10.3.13 It is recommended that key sherds from the following stratigraphic groups be submitted for organic residue analysis: Late Iron Age—peri-conquest features F14 and F15, and Romano-British occupation-related features spread F62 and ditches/gullies F34, F66 and F67. This will be done in order to answer the following questions: what was the function of the shell-gritted jars and mortaria and did it change over time? Did the Romano-British grey ware lid-seated jars form functional replacements for the Iron Age and Romano-British shell-gritted jars? The organic residue analysis of 30 sherds is recommended to answer these questions and in doing so provide data for inter-site/inter-regional comparison.

Selection policy

10.3.14 The pottery should be retained *in toto* for long-term curation, to ensure the integrity of an assemblage which offers further research potential beyond the remit of the current project, in the context of Late Iron Age/Romano-British ceramics in the north Midlands.

Stone

10.3.15 Geological IDs on objects will be added to the catalogue entries. A brief report will be prepared, discussing the quernstones in terms of morphology, chronology and potential sources. A brief comment will be made on the distribution of burnt unworked stone. No further comment is considered necessary on the worked flint. The more complete of the two beehive querns will be photographed for the final report.



10.3.16 The burnt, unworked stone (apart from a small representative sample) has already been discarded, on agreement with the Development Control Archaeologist. Other unworked stone will also be discarded, and also the worked flint (as having little or no further research potential, and little or nothing to contribute to our understanding of the Site), but all worked objects should be retained.

Animal bone

- 10.3.17 Age, biometric and butchery data will be recorded following established methods and guidelines (Baker and Worley 2014). The information presented in this report will be adapted for inclusion in the final report. The report should specifically address the role horse husbandry played in the site economy. This is particularly relevant given the proximity of the site to Ryknield Street and the fort at Little Chester. The report should establish if the high horse bone count is 'normal' for rural settlements in the region (Allen 2017, 124–6) and if there is any evidence to suggest that the settlement was a local breeding centre, perhaps one with a connection to the supply of horses to the Roman military stationed at the nearby fort (Hyland 1990, 77; Johnstone 2008, 130 and 138).
- 10.3.18 The main interest in this assemblage lies in the horse bones, and this group of material should be retained for long-term curation. The remainder of the assemblage is in poor condition, and quantities would not support statistically valid analysis, but some further selection of more complete bones (with the potential to provide age, biometric and butchery information) from stratigraphically secure and well dated contexts will also be undertaken.

Other finds

- 10.3.19 No further work is proposed for the ceramic building material, clay pipes, glass, slag or marine shell. Quantification (taken from existing finds records in the project archive) may be included in any tabulated data for the overall finds assemblage, and a note of their provenance may be incorporated in the stratigraphic text. No illustration is necessary.
- 10.3.20 None of these finds is recommended for retention for long-term curation, on the basis of small quantities, and lack of any intrinsic interest.

10.4 Environmental remains

- 10.4.1 In light of their limited potential all unprocessed samples are recommended for discard, apart from sample 286, which 286 originates from a deeper ditch (F30) from where other two samples (287 and 288) were processed and which provided the richest charred plant remain assemblage on the Site. Therefore, this sample is recommended for processing and analysis.
- 10.4.2 The environmental samples proposed for analysis include those from well F28 and ditches F15 and F30. For the analysis, all identifiable charred plant macrofossils will be extracted from the 2 and 1 mm residues together with the flot. The analysis will involve the full quantification (Antolín *et al.* 2016) of the charred plant assemblages.
- 10.4.3 The analysis of some of the wood charcoal would provide information woodland management and exploitation and potentially on the function of some features on



the Site (eg, beam slot F58 and spreads F35, F31). For the analysis, identifiable charcoal will be extracted from the 2 mm residue together and the flot (>2 mm). Larger richer samples will be sub-sampled: up to a maximum of 100 charcoal fragments per sample will be analysed, as recommended by Keepax (1988). Only fragments greater than 2mm, and primarily those greater than 4mm, will be examined, as fragments <2mm generally lack sufficient anatomical detail and thus cannot be conclusively identified. Fragments will be prepared for identification according to the standard methodology of Leney and Casteel (1975). Charcoal pieces will be fractured with a razor blade so that three planes can be seen: transverse section (TS), radial longitudinal section (RL) and tangential longitudinal section (TL). They will then be examined under bi-focal epi-illuminated microscopy at magnifications of x50, x100 and x40. Identification will be undertaken according to the anatomical characteristics described by Schweingruber (1990) and Butterfield and Meylan (1980). Identification will be to the lowest taxonomic level possible. usually that of genus and nomenclature according to Stace (1997), individual taxon (mature and twig) will be separated, quantified, and the results tabulated.

10.4.4 No further work is recommended on the pollen and monolith samples.

10.5 Radiocarbon dating

- 10.5.1 The radiocarbon dating of cereal grains from the rich assemblages from F15 and F30 is recommended in order to verify their phasing, since the sequence could represent changes in crop choices over time.
- 10.5.2 A total of two radiocarbon samples from these features will be submitted to the 14CHRONO Centre, Queen's University, Belfast, and will be calculated using the IntCal13 calibration curve (Reimer *et al.* 2013) and the computer program OxCal (v4.2.3) (Bronk Ramsey and Lee 2013) and cited at 95% confidence. The degree of reliability of the radiocarbon date and the event which is aimed to be dated will be assessed following Waterbolk (1971) and Pelling *et al.* (2015).
 - 10.5.3 No other dates are recommended due to a lack of suitable entities from taphonomically secure/stratigraphically articulated contexts, the imprecision of the calibration curve with regard to the Roman period, and the presence of chronologically distinctive pottery within many of the features.

10.6 Context

- 10.6.1 To better understand the context of the Site, both in terms of its physical location within the ancient landscape and against the backdrop of the latest understanding of Romano-British Derbyshire, it is recommended that a project specific GIS be created, incorporating the results of:
 - a literature review and updated HER search, and
 - the sourcing of existing LiDAR data to enable production of a digital model of the Site landscape.



11.2 Preparation of the archive

Physical archive

- 11.2.1 The physical archive, which includes paper records, graphics, artefacts and ecofacts, will be prepared following the standard conditions for the acceptance of excavated archaeological material by Derby Museum, and in general following nationally recommended guidelines (SMA 1995; CIfA 2014c; Brown 2011).
- 11.2.2 All archive elements will be marked with the accession code, and a full index will be prepared. The physical archive comprises the following:
 - 18 cardboard boxes or airtight plastic boxes of artefacts and ecofacts, ordered by material type
 - 6 files/document cases of paper records and A3/A4 graphics

Digital archive

11.2.3 The digital archive generated by the project, which will include born-digital data (survey data, databases and spreadsheets, photographs and reports) as well as a scanned security copy of the physical records (see below, Section 12.4), will be deposited with the Archaeology Data Service (ADS) to ensure its long-term curation. Digital data will be prepared following ADS guidelines (ADS 2013 and online quidance), and accompanied by full metadata.

11.3 Selection policy

- 11.3.1 Wessex Archaeology follows national guidelines on selection and retention (SMA 1993; Brown 2011, section 4), with the aim of retaining only those finds with further research potential, or which fulfil other criteria within the Museum's collecting policy.
- 11.3.2 In this instance, and in agreement with the Development Control Archaeologist, all but a small sample of the burnt, unworked stone has already been discarded.
- 11.3.3 Apart from the pottery, which should be retained *in toto*, all other categories of material will be subject to selective retention, as detailed in the individual method statements for material types (see above).
- 11.3.4 The selection policy will be agreed with the Development Control Archaeologist and the Museum, and fully documented in the project archive.

11.4 Security copy

11.4.1 In line with current best practice (eg, Brown 2011), on completion of the project a security copy of the written records will be prepared, in the form of a digital PDF/A file. PDF/A is an ISO-standardised version of the Portable Document Format (PDF) designed for the digital preservation of electronic documents through omission of features ill-suited to long-term archiving.

11.5 **OASIS**

11.5.1 An OASIS online record (http://oasis.ac.uk/pages/wiki/Main) has been initiated, with key fields completed (OASIS ID wessexar1-277521). A .pdf version of the final



report will be submitted to OASIS. Subject to any contractual requirements on confidentiality, copies of the OASIS record will be integrated into the relevant local and national records and published through the Archaeology Data Service ArchSearch catalogue.

12 COPYRIGHT

12.1 Archive and report copyright

- 12.1.1 The full copyright of the written/illustrative/digital archive relating to the project will be retained by Wessex Archaeology under the *Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988* with all rights reserved. The client will be licenced to use each report for the purposes that it was produced in relation to the project as described in the specification. The museum, however, will be granted an exclusive licence for the use of the archive for educational purposes, including academic research, providing that such use conforms to the *Copyright and Related Rights Regulations 2003*. In some instances, certain regional museums may require absolute transfer of copyright, rather than a licence; this should be dealt with on a case-by-case basis.
- 12.1.2 Information relating to the project will be deposited with the Historic Environment Record (HER) where it can be freely copied without reference to Wessex Archaeology for the purposes of archaeological research or development control within the planning process.

12.2 Third party data copyright

12.2.1 This document and the project archive may contain material that is non-Wessex Archaeology copyright (eg, Ordnance Survey, British Geological Survey, Crown Copyright), or the intellectual property of third parties, which Wessex Archaeology are able to provide for limited reproduction under the terms of our own copyright licences, but for which copyright itself is non-transferable by Wessex Archaeology. Users remain bound by the conditions of the *Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988* with regard to multiple copying and electronic dissemination of such material.



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APPENDICES

Appendix 1: Assessment of the charred plant remains and charcoal

									C	harred						Water	logged
Feat ure	Contex t	Sam ple	V ol (L)	Flo t (ml)	Sub- sam ple	Bioturbat ion proxies	Gra in	Ch aff	Cereal Notes	Oth er	Other Notes	Charcoal > 4/2mm	Charcoal	Comment s (preserva tion)	Vegetat ive plant parts	Other plant remains	Invertebrates (Insects, molluscs and crustaceans)
Prehis	toric pit																
3041	3042	302	20	15		60%, C, E	_	_	-	_	-	2ml	Mature	-			
Late Ir																	
	Linear di	tch F37															
1051	1052	120	20	15		90%, C, E	_	_	-	_	-	Trace	Mature	-			
	Enclosur																
						70%, C,			Hordeum vulgare var. vulgare subsp.		Cyperaceae,		Mature +				
1068	1069	125	35	15		Ε	Α	-	hexastichum, Triticum sp.	Α	Bromus sp.	1ml	roundwood	Fair			
1096	1097	126	37	10		90%, A, E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
	Roundho	use F17	gully a	nd pits													
	1073	118	17	10		90%, C, E, I 30%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	1ml	Mature	-			
1072	1074	119	30	10		E 80%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature Mature +	-			
1087	1088	128	7	10		E 70%, A*,	-	-	-	-	-	1ml	roundwood	- Poor, iron			
		130	40	15		E 80%, C,	С	-	Triticeae	-	-	1ml	Mature	coated			
		146	12	10		E	-	-	-	-	-	1ml	Mature	-			
	1160	147	30	20		80%, A, E 70%, A*,	-	-	-	-	-	С	Mature				
1159	1170	131	30	20		E 90%, C,	-	-	•	-	-	Trace	Mature				
1163	1164	149	37	10 33		E	-	-	-	-	-	<1ml	Mature	-			
1165	1166	152	18	0		2%, C, E	-	-	-	-	-	300ml	Mature	-			
1192	1193	157	9	3		60%, C	-	-	-	-	-	Trace in <0.5mm	Mature	-			
Early F	Roman																
	Linear di	tches F1,	F3, F1	I 0 , F11,	F24, F26	, F27, F57											
2004	2006	201	8	2		70%, A**	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			



						T	ı		-				-	1			
			٠,						CI	narred		1	ı	0	Manatat	Waterl	ogged
Feat	Contex	Sam	ol (L	Flo t (ml	Sub- sam	Bioturbat ion	Gra	Ch		Oth		Charcoal		Comment s (preserva	Vegetat ive plant	Other plant	Invertebrates (Insects, molluscs and
ure	t	ple))	ple	proxies	in	aff	Cereal Notes	er	Other Notes	> 4/2mm	Charcoal	tion)	parts	remains	crustaceans)
						60%, A*,						_					
	2007	202	8	15		E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
0445	2416	290	34	10		90%, A, E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
2415	2417	278	36	10		90%, A*	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
2035	2036	209	20	25		80%, A, E 90%, A*,	-	-	•	-	-	1ml	Mature	-			
2075	2076	218	40	50		E 80%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	1ml	Mature				
2262	2263	240	30	10		E 90%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			Moll-t
2400	2401	276	40	30		E	С	-	Triticeae	-	-	Trace	Mature	Poor			
2430	2431	280	20	5		50%, C	-	-	-	-	-	<1 ml	Mature + roundw	vood			
2440	2441	283	7														
1066	1067	117	31	5		80%, B, E	-	-	-	-	- Poa/Phleum,	Trace	Mature Mature +	-			
1206	1208	161	36	10		40%, B, E	_	_	_	С	Trifoliae	Trace	roundwood	Fair			
1390	1391	193	36	10		80%	С	_	Hordeum vulgare	C	Rumex sp.	<1 ml	Mature + roundw				
1421	1423	409	13	15		90%, A, E	-	_	-	-	-	<1ml	Mature	-			
1426	1427	408	36	15		80%, B, E	_	_	_	_	_	Trace	Mature	_			
1631	1634	460	25	10		90%, C, I	_	_	_	_	_	Trace	Mature	_			Moll-t
3111	3113	304	40	15		5%, B, E	_	_	-	С	Cyperaceae	Trace	Mature	-			IVIOII-t
0111	0110	004	40	10		90%, A**,				Ū	Оурстассас	11400	Mataro				
2294	2296	251	40			E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
2349	2297	252	40	15		90%, A, E, I	_	_	_	_	_	Trace	Mature	_			Moll-t
2382	2383	272	22	15		80%, C, I	_	_	_	_	_	Trace	Mature	_			Wildli t
2424	2425	279	18	10		80%, B, E	_	_	_	_	_	Trace	Mature	_			
1539	1540	417	20	5		90%, C	_	_	_	_	_	Trace	Mature	_			
1541	1543	418	18	20		50%, C				_		Trace	Mature	-			
1041				20		30%, C	-	-	-		-	Hace	Mature				
	Enclosur	e ditch F	25			00% C											
1135	1136	140	7	5		90%, C, E	_	_	-	-	_	Trace	Mature	_			-
1432	1434	401	36	10		90%, B, E	_	_	_	_	_	Trace	Mature	_			Moll-t
1402	1404	401	30	10		3070, B, E						Hace	Wature			A** - Sambucus sp., Rubus	WOII-C
						70%,								Dried out but was probably waterlogg		sp., Juncus sp., Chenopodia ceae,	
2310	2307	256	40	20		A***, E 50%, A**,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	ed,	A***	Lamiaceae	-
2435	2436	282	33	10		I ,		-	-	С	Rumex sp., indet.	<1 ml	Mature				
	Four-pos										•						
1003	1004	101	10	20		90%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	<1ml	Mature	-			
						, -,											



		1				l I			CI	narred				1		Water	
Feat	Contex	Sam	V ol (L	Flo t (ml	Sub- sam	Bioturbat ion	Gra	Ch	Cr	Oth		Charcoal		Comment s (preserva	Vegetat ive plant	Wateri Other plant	Invertebrates (Insects, molluscs and
ure	t	ple)	`)	ple	proxies	in	aff	Cereal Notes	er	Other Notes	> 4/2mm	Charcoal	" tion)	parts	remains	crustaceans)
						E						_					
1023	1024	105	8	15		60%, B, E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
	Roundho	use F9 gı	ılly an	d pit		80%, C,											
2200	2201	231	37	25		E, I 80%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
2210	2211	233	20 2	2		E, I	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
2363	2364	273	0	15		70%, B, E 90%, A*,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
	2366	269	20	10		E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			Moll-t
2365	2367	270	20	10		80%, B, E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			Moll-t
	Roundho	use F20 g	jully a	nd pits													
1133	1134	135	40	20		70%, B, E 90%, A**,	-	-	-	-	-	1ml	Mature	-			
1143	1144	141	20	10		E	-	-	-	С	Caryophyllaceae	B Trace in	Mature	Fair			
1320	1337	169	40	15		90%, B, E	-	-	-	-	-	<1mm	Mature	-			
1327	1338	170	40	25		90%, C 80%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	<1 ml Trace in	Mature				
1354	1355	174	50	15		E, I 90%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	<1mm	Mature	-			
1145	1146	142	8	10		E 90%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace Trace in	Mature	-			
1364	1365	178	25	10		E	-	-	-	-	-	<1mm	Mature	-			
Late Re																	
-	Ditches F	23, F54				000/ 4*											
2302	2303	255	20	3		90%, A*, E	С	-	Triticeae	-	-	Trace	Mature	Poor		A** - Mainly Juncus sp., Cyperaceae	
2333	2334	262	40	20 0	50%							Trace	Mature		A*** (inc. roundw ood)	Ranunculus sp., Apiaceae, Sambucus sp., Indets	C - Insects
1510	1512	411	33	30		80%, A**, E	В	В	Triticum sp., (inc. spelta), glume bases and detatched embryo	С	Persicaria sp., Cyperaceae, Poaceae	Trace	Mature	Poor			
					38, F39,	F49, F50, F55											
2032	2034	208	40	15		80%, B, E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			



					l				Chi	arred						Waterl	ogged
Feat ure	Contex t	Sam ple	V ol (L)	Flo t (ml)	Sub- sam ple	Bioturbat ion proxies	Gra in	Ch aff	Cereal Notes	Oth er	Other Notes	Charcoal > 4/2mm	Charcoal	Comment s (preserva tion)	Vegetat ive plant parts	Other plant remains	Invertebrates (Insects, molluscs and crustaceans)
2039	2040	211	40	10	, 500	80%, B, E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-	purco	A** - Juncus spp., Cochlearia sp., Ranunculus spp., Apiaceae, Asteraceae, Caryophylla ceae, Cyperaceae , Lamiaceae, Persicaria	o. aocadamy
2103	2104	213	20	0	50%	Е	-	-	-	-	-	1ml	Mature		A***	sp.,	C - <i>Daphnia</i> sp.
2205	2224	234	37	15		80%, A**	С		Triticum sp. (inc. spelta)	С	Poaceae	Trace	Mature	Poor	A*** (inc.	A* - Juncus sp., Cyperaceae , Asteraceae, Betula sp., Chenopodia ceae, Caryophylla ceae, Rubus sp., Ranunculus sp., Apiaceae, Fumaria sp., Poaceae, Lamiaceae, Urtica sp., Destoriillo	C. Jacota Panhais an
	2358	265	32	10 0		E	-	-	-	-	-	С	Mature	- Good,	roundw ood)	Potentilla sp.	C - Insects, <i>Daphnia</i> sp. egg cases
	2359	266	4	30		70%, A*, E 90%, A*,	В	-	Hordeum vulgare, Triticum spelta	-	-	Α	Mature + roundwood	iron coated			
	2360	267	36	4		E 90%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
2356	2361	268	36	5		E 90%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
2384	2387	274	40	20		E	-	-	-	-	-	<1ml	Mature	-			



				1		1			Ch	arred				ı	ı	Waterl	henno
			V ol	Flo	Sub-	Bioturbat		۵.	Cil					Comment	Vegetat ive		Invertebrates (Insects,
Feat ure	Contex	Sam ple	(L	(ml	sam ple	ion proxies	Gra in	Ch aff	Cereal Notes	Oth er	Other Notes	Charcoal > 4/2mm	Charcoal	(preserva tion)	plant parts	Other plant remains	molluscs and crustaceans)
		275	2	5	p.c	90%, C	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-	pu. to		o. actacoano)
	2473	288	10	15		1%, C	A**	A*	Triticum sp. (inc. spelta) grains, glume bases, spikelet forks and detatched embryos	A**	Poaceae (inc. Bromus sp.), Asteraceae, Rumex sp., Ranunculus sp., Vicieae	1ml	Mature	Heteroge nous			
2471 I	2475	287	30	40		60%, B	A*	A*	Triticum sp. (inc. dicoccum and spelta) grains, glume bases and spikelet forks (A*), Hordeum vulgare grain (C)	A	Poaceae (Avena/Bromus, Lolium/Festuca), Cyperaceae, Vicieae, Plantago lanceolata	4ml	Mature + roundv	vood	Poor		,
3118	3117	303	25	2		80%, C	_	_	_	_	_	Trace in <1mm	Mature	_			
3118	3131	306	8	2		80%, A*	-	-				Trace	Mature	-			
1485	1486	407	38	30		90%, B, E	_	_	_	C	Vicieae	Trace	Mature	Poor			
1400	1400	401	30	30		90%, C,				O	Vicioac	Trace	Mature	1 001			
1502	1505	410	20	15		E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
4540	4504	440	20			000/ D.E	_		Triticum sp. and Triticeae grain, Triticum					5			
1519	1521	412	20	30		90%, B, E 80%, C,	В	С	sp. glume bases	-	-	<1ml	Mature	Poor			Moll-t
1534	1537	415	34	10		E .	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	- Poor, may have been		A - Ranunculus	
						75%, A**,								waterlogg		spp,	
1582	1583	453	17	20		E	С	-	Triticum sp.	-	-	<1ml	Mature	ed	A**	Apiaceae	Moll-t
1665	1666	461	25	10		80%, C, E	-	-	-	С	Asteraceae	Trace	Mature	Poor			
1592	1593	443	37	60		90%, B	-	С	Triticum spelta glume base	-	-	Trace	Mature	Poor			
	Gully F22					000/ 0											
2300	2301	254	8	5		90%, C, E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature				
	Roundho	use F7 gı	ully an	d pit													
2066	2067	221	20	4		80%, C, E, F						Trace	Mature	_			
2085	2067	222	40	4 25		E, F 80%, A, E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature Mature				
2065	∠∪80	222	40	25		80%, A, E 80%, B,	-	-	-	-	-	rrace	ivialure	-			
	2098	226	31			E. F						Trace	Mature	_			



			1	1	1		1		C	narred						Waterl	oggod
Feat ure	Contex t	Sam ple	V ol (L)	Flo t (ml)	Sub- sam ple	Bioturbat ion proxies	Gra in	Ch aff	Cereal Notes	Oth er	Other Notes	Charcoal > 4/2mm	Charcoal	Comment s (preserva tion)	Vegetat ive plant parts	Other plant remains	Invertebrates (Insects, molluscs and crustaceans)
2122	2123	229	20	4		80%, B, E, F	_	_	_		_	Trace	Mature	_			
	Roundho					_,.						11400	mataro				
2229	2230	237	28			90%, C, E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
2352	2353	264	32	10		80%, C, E, F	С	-	Triticeae coleoptile	С	Potentilla sp, Asteraceae, Cyperaceae	Trace	Mature	Fair			
2378	2379	271	17	10		75%, A*, E 80%, B,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	Dried out but was probably waterlogg ed, fair		A* - Ranunculus sp, Apiaceae,	C - Ostracods, <i>Daphnia</i>
2321	2323	261	30	30		60%, Б, Е, I	С	В	Triticum sp. (inc. spelta) glume bases	С	Poaceae	2ml	Mature	preservati on	A**	Juncus sp., Cyperaceae	sp.
	Well F28																
	2282	245	40	25		5%, C, E, I	-	-	-	-	•	5ml	Mature	-		A** - Mainly Juncus spp., also Caryophylla ceae, Cyperaceae	
	2283	246	40	15		E (A**)	В	С	Hordeum vulgare, Triticum sp. (inc. spelta) glume bases	-		A	Mature	Good	A**	Asteraceae, Betula sp. Cyperaceae , Caryophylla ceae, Urtica sp., Juncus sp., Chenopodia ceaee, Rumex sp., Ranunculus sp., Persicaria sp., Asteraceae (inc. Cardueae), Lamiaceae, Rubus sp.	
2281	2284	247	40	49 0	20%	E	С	-	Hordeum vulgare	С	Bromus sp.	С	Mature	Good	A***	Rubus sp., Indets	-



			١.,				ļ.,		Ch	arred		T	1			Waterl	ogged
			V.	Flo		5								Comment	Vegetat		
F4	Camtau	C	ol	t (m)	Sub-	Bioturbat	Gra	Ch		Oth		Charcoal		S	ive	Other plant	Invertebrates (Insects, molluscs and
Feat	Contex	Sam	(L	(ml	sam	ion		aff	Cereal Notes		Other Notes	> 4/2mm	Characal	(preserva	plant	Other plant	
ure	τ	ple)	ple	proxies	in	ап	Cereal Notes	er	Other Notes	> 4/2/11/11	Charcoal	tion)	parts	remains	crustaceans)
																Ranunculus	
																spp.,	
																Cyperaceae , Persicaria	
																sp.,	
																Caryophylla	
																ceae,	
																Chenopodia	
																ceae,	
																Asteraceae	
																(inc.	
																Cardueae),	
																Rubus sp.,	
																Urtica sp.,	
																Potentilla	
																sp.,	
																Lamiaceae,	
																Apiaceae	
																(inc. Aethusa sp,	
																Pimpinella	
																sp.), <i>Betula</i>	
																sp., Rumex	
																sn., ramox	
				25					Triticum sp., Hordeum vulgare, Triticum		Bromus sp.,					sp., Polygonum	
	2503	248	40	0	50%	E	В	В	spelta glume bases	В	Vicieae	A**	Mature	Good	A***	sp., indets	-
									·, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							A** -	
																Juncus	
																spp.,	
																Cyperaceae	
																, Betula sp.,	
																Carypohylla	
																ceae, Urtica	
																sp.,	
																Ranunculus	
																spp.,	
																Asteraceae, Chenopodia	
																ceae,	
																Lamiaceae,	
																Potentilla	
																sp,	
	2284,			12									Mature +			Aphanes	
	2501	501	10	0	50%	E	-	-	-	-	-	С	roundwood		A***	sp., Indets	<u>-</u>
	Pit F29																



			Г		1		1		Ol-							\A/	
Feat ure	Contex t	Sam ple	V ol (L)	Flo t (ml)	Sub- sam ple	Bioturbat ion proxies	Gra in	Ch aff	Cereal Notes	Oth er	Other Notes	Charcoal > 4/2mm	Charcoal	Comment s (preserva tion)	Vegetat ive plant parts	Waterl Other plant remains	Invertebrates (Insects, molluscs and crustaceans)
		257	40	20 00	125 ml	E	-	-	-	-		С	Mature		A*** (inc. wood, mature and roundw ood)	A** - Chenopodia ceae, Polygonace ae, Ranunculus spp., Persicaria sp., Apiaceae, Potentilla sp., Caryophylla ceae, Juncus sp., Cochlearia sp, Cyperaceae , Asteraceae, Lamiaceae, Sambucus sp., Atriplex sp., Cyperaceae	C-Insects
2313	2314	259	15	17 50 27 50	125 ml 125 ml	E	-	-	-	-	-	C	Mature		A*** (incl. wood, mature and roundw ood) A*** (inc. wood, mature and roundw ood)	Ranunculus spp., Urtica sp., Cochlearia sp., Apiaceae, Caryophylla ceae, Juncus spp., Asteraceae, Persicaria sp., Alisma sp., Lamiaceae A** - Apiaceae, Ranunculus spp., Cyperaceae, Cochlearia sp., Asteraceae, Juncus	- C- Insects



				ı		1			Chi	arred				ı		Waterl	nanad
Feat ure	Contex t	Sam ple	V ol (L)	Flo t (ml)	Sub- sam ple	Bioturbat ion proxies	Gra in	Ch aff	Cereal Notes	Oth er	Other Notes	Charcoal > 4/2mm	Charcoal	Comment s (preserva tion)	Vegetat ive plant parts	Other plant remains	Invertebrates (Insects, molluscs and crustaceans)
	2501	507	26		50%	E						-			A*** (inc. roundw ood)	spp., Chenopodia ceae, Rubus sp., Caryophylla ceae, Rumex sp., Lamiaceae, budscales A* - Juncus spp., Asteraceae, Ranunculus spp., Chenopodia ceae, Caryophylla ceae, Caryophylla ceae, Apiaceae, Cyperaceae , Persicaria sp., Lamiaceae, Potentilla sp., Rubus sp., Indets A* - Cyperaceae , Paraiceae, Caryophylla ceae, Apiaceae, Potentilla sp., Rubus sp., Indets A* - Cyperaceae , Apiaceae, Caryophylla ceae, Apiaceae, Caryophylla ceae, Caryophylla	C - <i>Daphnia</i> sp.
	2502	506	36	24 0	50%	Е	-	-	-	-		-	-	_	A***	Cochlearia sp., Indets	
	Spreads I	F31, F35,		nd ass	ociated p	oits), F63 and	F64				_						_
2249	2250	238	0. 2	20		1%, C, E	-	-		-	-	15ml	Mature	-			



ure t 2490 2491 2 1471 11 1472 11 1469 1473 1 1476 11 1477 1479 11 1813 4 1842 1841 4 4 1562 1563 4 4 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4	Sam ple 239 291 197 195 194 198 196 488 496 499 558	18 2 8	Flo t (ml sam ple sam	n ion	Grain C C C	C	Cereal Notes Hordeum vulgare Triticeae Triticum sp. Hordeum vulgare, Triticum sp. Triticum sp. glume base, cf. Secale	Oth er	Other Notes	Charcoal > 4/2mm <1ml 5 ml Trace 2ml <1 ml Trace	Charcoal Mature + rounds Mature + rounds Mature Mature Mature Mature Mature Mature	Poor Poor - -	Vegetat ive plant parts	Waterl Other plant remains	ogged Invertebrates (Insects, molluscs and crustaceans)
ure t 2490 2491 2 1471 1 1472 1 1469 1473 1 1476 1 1477 1479 1 1473 4 1815 1813 4 4 1842 1841 4 4 1562 1563 4 4 1562 1563 4 4 1562 1563 4 4 1562 1563 4 4	Sam ple 239 291 197 195 194 198 196 488 496 499 558	ol (L) 0. 3 40 8 36 37 6 1 18 2 8	t (ml san ple	5%, C 30%, C 5%, B, E 75%, C, E 60%, C, E <1% 90%, C, E, 1 80%, C, E 90%, C,	C C C B		Hordeum vulgare Triticeae Triticum sp. Hordeum vulgare, Triticum sp. Triticum sp. glume base, cf. Secale	- C	-	<pre>> 4/2mm <1ml 5 ml Trace 2ml <1 ml Trace 7 mce Trace</pre>	Mature + rounds Mature + Mature Mature Mature Mature Mature Mature	s (preserva tion) Poor vood Poor Poor	ive plant		molluscs and
2490 2491 2 1471 1 1472 1 1469 1473 1 1474 1476 1 1477 1479 1 1815 1813 4 1842 1841 4 1848 4 1848 4 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4	239 291 197 195 194 198 196 488 496 499 558	3 40 8 36 37 6 1 31 18 2 8	1 60 4 60 2 1.5 15	5%, C 30%, C 5%, B, E 75%, C, E 60%, C, E <1% 90%, C, E, I 80%, C, E 90%, C,	C C C C	-	Hordeum vulgare Triticeae Triticum sp. Hordeum vulgare, Triticum sp. Triticum sp. glume base, cf. Secale	- C	-	<1ml 5 ml Trace 2ml <1 ml Trace Trace	Mature + rounds Mature + Mature Mature Mature Mature Mature Mature	Poor vood Poor Poor - -	parts	Tellidilis	crustaceans)
2490 2491 2 1471 1 1472 1: 1469 1473 1: 1474 1476 1: 1477 1479 1: 1815 1813 4 1842 1841 4 Beamslot F5 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4	239 291 197 195 194 198 196 488 496 499	3 40 8 36 37 6 1 31 18 2 8	60 4 60 2 1.5 15	30%, C 5%, B, E 75%, C, E 60%, C, E <1% 90%, C, E, I 80%, C, E 90%, C,	C C B	-	Triticeae Triticum sp. Hordeum vulgare, Triticum sp Triticum sp. glume base, cf. Secale	- C	- -	5 ml Trace 2ml <1 ml Trace Trace	Mature + round Mature Mature Mature Mature Mature	vood Poor Poor Poor - -			
2490 2491 2 1471 1 1472 1: 1469 1473 1: 1474 1476 1: 1477 1479 1: 1815 1813 4 1842 1841 4 8eamslot F5 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4	291 197 195 194 198 196 488 496 499	40 8 36 37 6 1 31 18 2 8	4 60 2 1.5 15	30%, C 5%, B, E 75%, C, E 60%, C, E <1% 90%, C, E, I 80%, C, E 90%, C,	C C B		Triticeae Triticum sp. Hordeum vulgare, Triticum sp Triticum sp. glume base, cf. Secale	-	- -	5 ml Trace 2ml <1 ml Trace Trace	Mature + round Mature Mature Mature Mature Mature	vood Poor Poor Poor - -			
1471 1: 1472 1: 1469 1473 1: 1474 1476 1: 1477 1479 1: 1815 1813 4: 1842 1841 4: 1848 4: 1562 1563 4: 1562 1563 4:	197 195 194 198 196 488 496 499 -58	8 36 37 6 1 31 18 2 8	4 60 2 1.5 15	5%, B, E 75%, C, E 60%, C, E <1% 90%, C, E, I 80%, C, E 90%, C,	C B - -		Triticum sp. Hordeum vulgare, Triticum sp. Triticum sp. glume base, cf. Secale	-	- -	Trace 2ml <1 ml Trace Trace	Mature Mature Mature Mature Mature	Poor Poor - -			
1472 1: 1469 1473 1: 1474 1476 1: 1477 1479 1: 1815 1813 4: 1842 1841 4: 1848 4: Beamslot F5 1562 1563 4: 1562 1563 4:	195 194 198 196 488 496 499 	36 37 6 1 31 18 2 8	2 1.5 15	5%, B, E 75%, C, E 60%, C, E <1% 90%, C, E, I 80%, C, E 90%, C,	C B - -	-	Triticum sp. Hordeum vulgare, Triticum sp. Triticum sp. glume base, cf. Secale	-	- -	2ml <1 ml Trace Trace	Mature Mature Mature Mature	Poor Poor -			
1469 1473 1 1474 1476 1: 1477 1479 1: 1815 1813 4 1842 1841 4 1848 4 Beamslot F5 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4	194 198 196 488 496 499 =58	37 6 1 31 18 2 8	2 1.5 15	75%, C, E 60%, C, E <1% 90%, C, E, I 80%, C, E 90%, C,	B - -	-	Hordeum vulgare, Triticum sp. Triticum sp. glume base, cf. Secale	-	- -	<1 ml Trace Trace	Mature Mature Mature	Poor - -			
1474 1476 1: 1477 1479 1: 1815 1813 4 1842 1841 4 1848 4 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4	198 196 488 496 499 -58 422	6 1 31 18 2 8	1.5 15 15	E 60%, C, E <1% 90%, C, E, I 80%, C, E 90%, C,	-	-	- - - - Triticum sp. glume base, cf. Secale	- - C	- -	Trace Trace	Mature Mature	-			
1474 1476 1: 1477 1479 1: 1815 1813 4: 1842 1841 4: 1848 4: 1562 1563 4: 1562 1563 4:	198 196 488 496 499 -58 422	6 1 31 18 2 8	1.5 15 15	60%, C, E <1% 90%, C, E, I 80%, C, E 90%, C,	-		- - - - Triticum sp. glume base, cf. Secale	- - C	- - Rumex sp.	Trace Trace	Mature Mature	-			
1477 1479 1: 1815 1813 4 1842 1841 4 1848 4 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4	196 488 496 499 =58 422	1 31 18 2 8	1.5 15 15	<1% 90%, C, E, I 80%, C, E 90%, C,	-			- - C	- - Rumex sp.	Trace	Mature	-			
1815 1813 4 1842 1841 4 1848 4 Beamslot F5 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4	488 496 499 -58 422	31 18 2 8	15	90%, C, E, I 80%, C, E 90%, C,	-			- C	- Rumex sp.			- Fair			
1842 1841 4 1848 4 Beamslot F5 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4	496 499 =58 422	18 2 8	15	E, I 80%, C, E 90%, C,	-			С	Rumex sp.	_		Fair			
1842 1841 4 1848 4 Beamslot F5 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4	496 499 =58 422	18 2 8	15	80%, C, E 90%, C,	-			C	Rumex sp.						
1848 4 Beamslot F5 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4	499 -58 422	2 8		E 90%, C,	-	С			op.	Trace	Mature	Fair			
1848 4 Beamslot F5 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4	499 -58 422	2 8		90%, C,		•	cereale rachis segment	_	_	Trace	Mature	Poor			
Beamslot F5 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4	-58 422	1		E, F			coroare racine degineria			11400	mataro				
1562 1563 4. 1562 1563 4. 1562 1563 4.	422		10		-	-	-	С	Poaceae	Trace	Mature	Poor			
1562 1563 4 1562 1563 4			10												
1562 1563 4	423	1	10	1%, C	-	-	-	-	-	3ml	Mature	-			
		1	5	30%	-	-	-	-	-	1ml	Mature	-			
				<1%, C,											
1562 1563 4	424	1	15	E <1%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	6ml	Mature	- Heteroge			
	425	1	10	E , , O,	С	-	Triticeae	С	Cyperaceae	2ml	Mature	nous			
									- 71			Heteroge			
1562 1563 4	426	1	10	5%, C	В	-	Triticum sp., Triticeae	С	Persicaria sp	3ml	Mature	nous			
l			_		_			_				_			
		1	5	20%, E	В	-	Hordeum vulgare, Triticum sp., Triticeae	В	Vicieae	<1ml	Mature	Poor			
1562 1563 4	429	1	10	<1%, E	-	-	-	-	-	<1ml		-			
4500 4500 4	100		0	200/ 5	0		Tritier	A +	Asteraceae,	4 mal	Matrice	D			
1562 1563 4	430	1	2	30%, E	С	-	Triticum sp.	A*	Persicaria sp.	<1ml	Mature	Poor			
									Asteraceae,						
									Ranunculus sp.,						
1562 1563 4	431	1	1.5	80%, E	С	С	Triticeae, detatched embryo	Α	Persicaria sp., Poa/Phleum	<1ml	Mature	Poor			
		1	1.5	10%, E	-	-	- Indead, uctatorica ciribiyo	_	- Oa/FIIIGUIII	<1ml	Mature	-			
		1	3	10%, E	_	_	_	-	_	1ml	Mature	-			
1004 1000 4	7-7-0	-	•	10%, C,	-	-		-			Mature				
1564 1565 4	450	45	30	E, F	С	-	Triticum sp.	С	Cyperaceae	15ml	Mature	Poor			Moll-t
1564 1565 4	432	1	35	<1%	-	-	-	-	-	30ml	Mature	-			
1564 1565 4	433	1	2	20%	-	-	-	-	-	<1ml	Mature	-			
											Mature +				
1564 1565 4	434	1	15	<1%	-	-	-	-	-	4ml	roundwood				
1564 1565 4	435	1	20	5%	_	-	_	-	_	10ml	Mature + roundwood	_			



			I							Ch	narred						Water	logged	7
Feat	Contex	Sam	V ol (L	Flo t (ml	Sub- sam	Bioturbat ion	Gra	Ch			Oth		Charcoal		Comment s (preserva	Vegetat ive plant	Other plant	Invertebrates (Insects, molluscs and	
ure	t	ple))	ple	proxies	in	aff		Cereal Notes	er	Other Notes	> 4/2mm	Charcoal	tion)	parts	remains	crustaceans)	4
1564	1565	436	1	15		<1%, C	-	-	-		-	-	5ml	Mature + roundwood	-				
1564	1565	437	1	5		1%, F	_	_	_		_	_	1ml	Mature + roundwood	_				
1564	1565	438	1	10		<1%	_	_	_		_	_	3ml	Mature	_				
1564	1565	439	1	5		<1%, E	_	_	_		_	_	2ml	Mature	_				
1564	1565	440	1	5		20%, E	_	_	_		-	_	1ml	Mature	_				
				67															Mol
1564	1608	451	70	5		2%, B, E	-	-	-		-	-	625ml	Mature + round	wood	-			l-t
1564	1609	452	10	10		40%, C	-	-	-		-	-	4ml	Mature	-				_
Feature	es of uncert	ain date																	_
	Ditches a	ınd gullie																	-
2093	2094	227	40	3		80%, B	-	-	-		-	-	Trace	Mature	-				
1041	1042	110	30	10		60%, B, E		-	-		-	-	Trace	Mature	-				
1062	1063	145	30	10		80%, B, E	-	-	-		-	-	2ml	Mature	-				
2226	2227	235	8	10		80%, B	-	-	-		-	-	Trace	Mature	-				
2226	2228	236	7	5		90%, C	-	-	-		-	-	Trace	Mature	-				
2492	2493	292	10	2		30%, C 40%, C,	-	-	-		-	-	1ml	Mature	-				
1415	1416	192	38	15		E	-	-	-		-	-	<1 ml	Mature	-				
						80%, C,							Trace in						
1033	1034	107	20	10		E	-	-	-		-	-	<1mm	Mature	-				
						80%, C,							Trace in						
1039	1040	108	36	10		E, I, F 90%, C,	-	-	-		-	-	<1mm	Mature	-				
1108	1109	137	40	10		E	-	-	-		-	-	Trace	Mature	-				
1108	1110	138	10	2.5		80%, B, F	-	-	-		-	-	Trace	Mature	-				
1117	1119	132	36	10		90%, B, E	-	-	-		-	-	Trace	Mature	-				
1128	1130	139	40	15		90%, A, E 90%, C,	-	-	-		-	-	<1ml	Mature	-				
1137	1138	136	17	10		E 60%, C,	-	-	-		-	-	<1ml	Mature	-				
1197	1199	159	38	10		E 90%, C,	-	-	-		-	-	Trace	Mature	-				
1360	1361	176	36	10		90%, C, E	-	-	-		-	-	Trace	Mature	-				
1362	1363	177	32	15		90%, C, E	_	_				_	Trace in <1mm	Mature	_				
						90%, C,													
1402	1403	188	20	15		E 80%, C,	-	-	-		-	-	Trace	Mature	-				
1623	1624	457	10	5		E	-	-	-		-	-	Trace	Mature	-				
1625	1626	458	7																
1627	1628	459	19	10		90%, A, E 70%, C,	-	-	-		-	-	1.5ml	Mature					
1672	1674	466	5	2		E	-	-	-		С	Cyperaceae	<1ml	Mature	Fair			Moll-t	



	1		ı	1		1			01-					_		Metal	la mana d
			v	Flo				1	Ch	arred		1	1	Comment	Vocatet	Waterl	loggea I
Feat ure	Contex t	Sam ple	ol (L)	t (ml)	Sub- sam ple	Bioturbat ion proxies	Gra in	Ch aff	Cereal Notes	Oth er	Other Notes	Charcoal > 4/2mm	Charcoal	s (preserva tion)	Vegetat ive plant parts	Other plant remains	Invertebrates (Insects, molluscs and crustaceans)
1675	1676	467	7	2		80%, C	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
1799	1798	486	7	00								Oral	Managa			A - Caryophylla ceae, Ranunculus sp.,	O house Mally
1821	1822	494	38	20		E, F 80%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	3ml	Mature		A***	Cyperaceae	C - Insects, Moll-t
1832	1830	493	40	20		E	-	-	-	-	-	4ml	Mature	-			
2087	2088	223	14	3		80%, B, E 80%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
2264	2265	241	8	15 0.2	100 %	Е	С	-	Triticeae	-	-	Trace	Mature	Poor			
		504	0	5	resid ue 100 %	<1%, C	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
2333	2334	505	0. 1	0.2 5	resid ue	<1%, A* 70%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
3122	3123	305	26	10		E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
	Pit cluste	rs F13, F	48														
1045	1046	114	9	2.5		90%, B, E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
1047	1048	112	4	5		80%, C	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
1049	1050	113	28	15		5%, A 50%. C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
1339	1340	171	20	15		E 50 70. O,	С	-	Triticum sp., Triticeae	_	-	<1 ml	Mature	Poor			
	1347	172	36	40		20%, B, E	-	-	-	-	-	10ml	Mature	-			
1345	1349	173	20	30		50%, C, E	С	_	Triticeae	_	_	5ml	Mature	Poor			
1575						90%, C,	J	-	THIOGGO	-				1 001			
	1358	179	8	2.5		Е	-	-	-	-	- Cyperaceae,	Trace	Mature	-			
1357	1359	180	30	30		70%, B, E	-	-	-	С	Polygonaceae	1ml	Mature	Fair			
1375	1377	181	38	20		80%, B, E	С	-	cf. Hordeum vulgare	С	Vicieae	<1ml	Mature	Poor			
	Pits and	postholes	s														
											_	Trace in					
1079	1080	127	7	10		90%, C	-	-	-	-	-	<1mm	Mature	-			
1081	1082	121	14	10		75%, B, E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
1094	1095	122	13	10		75%, A, E	-	-	-	С	Indet. tuber	<1ml	Mature	Poor			
1077	1078	115	3	5		80%, C					_	Trace in <0.5mm	Mature				
1141	1142	154	38	5 10			-	-	-	-	-	<0.5min	Mature	-			
1141	1144	104	30	10		2070, A, E	-	-	-	-	-	JIIII	ividlule	-			



										Charred						Waterl	logged
Feat ure	Contex t	Sam ple	V ol (L)	Flo t (ml)	Sub- sam ple	Bioturbat ion proxies	Gra in	Ch aff	Cereal Notes	Oth er	Other Notes	Charcoal > 4/2mm	Charcoal	Comment s (preserva tion)	Vegetat ive plant parts	Other plant remains	Invertebrates (Insects, molluscs and crustaceans)
1151	1152	143	2	0.2 5		<1%, C 20%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature Mature +	-			
1153	1154	144	20	30		E 75%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	20ml	roundwood	-			
1180	1181	151	36	5		E	-	-	-	-	-	1ml	Mature	-			
1186	1187	156	4	5		2%, C 80%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace in <0.5mm	Mature	-			
1194	1196	158	37	15		E ,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
1220	1221	162	15	15		70%, B	-	-	-	-	-	3ml	Mature	-			
						80%, C,						Trace in					
1276	1290	166	11	10		E 80%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	<1mm	Mature	-			
1280	1281	167	4	5		80%, C, E 90%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	1ml	Mature	-			
1413	1414	405	32	15		E , , ,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
1454	1455	402	5	35		80%, C	-	-	-	-		5ml	Mature	-			
1528	1529	416	6	2		90%, C 70%, C,	-	-	-	A*	Asteraceae, Bromus sp.	Trace	Mature				
1553	1554	419	20	15		E 80%, C,	С	-	Triticeae	-	-	Trace	Mature				
1555	1556	420	20	15		E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
1566	1568	441	13	10		80%, B	-	-	-	-	-	<1ml	Mature	-			
1606	1607	447	5	5		90%, C	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			Moll-t
	1613	454	5	35		40%, B, E	С	-	Triticum sp., Hordeum vulgare	-	-	10ml	Mature	Poor		A - Juncus sp., Ranunculus spp., Chenopodia	
1010	1011	455				70%, A,						_		_		ceae,	
1612	1614	455	25	20		E, F	A	-	Hordeum vulgare, Triticeae	-	- Deceses	Trace	Mature	Poor	A**	Apiaceae	C - Insects
1621	1622	456	4	5		90%, C	С	-	Triticeae	-	Poaceae Cyperaceae,	Trace	Mature	Poor Heteroge			
1656	1658	463	36	30		75%, B, E	-	-	-	С	indet tubers	5ml	Mature	nous			
1660	1659	464	9	10		80%, C	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
1662	1661	465	9	5		90%, C 90%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
1699	1702	497	7	3		E 30%, C,	-	-	-	С	Cyperaceae	Trace	Mature				
1703	1704	471	20	25		E, I 80%, C,	С	-	Hordeum vulgare	С	?tuber	5ml	Mature	Poor			
	1710	472	40	10		E	-	-	-	-	-	1ml	Mature	-			
1713	1711	473	40	20		75%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	<1ml	Mature	-			



									CI	harred						Water	ogged
Feat ure	Contex t	Sam ple	V ol (L)	Flo t (ml)	Sub- sam ple	Bioturbat ion proxies	Gra in	Ch aff	Cereal Notes	Oth er	Other Notes	Charcoal > 4/2mm	Charcoal	Comment s (preserva tion)	Vegetat ive plant parts	Other plant remains	Invertebrates (Insects, molluscs and crustaceans)
1751	1749	470	20	40		E, I 90%, B, E				0	Asteraceae	Trace	Mature	Poor			
1751	1749	478 480	20 9	10 2		90%, C, I	-	-		C -	- Asteraceae	Trace	Mature	P001			
1764	1767	481	10	10		90%, C, E 90%, C,	-	-	-	С	Cyperaceae	Trace	Mature	Fair			
1769	1771	483	10	30		90%, C, E 90%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature				
1790	1788	485	30	25		E, F	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			Moll-t
1824	1823	491	40	7		85%, E, I	-	-	-	С	Indet. tuber	Trace	Roundwood				
2037	2038	210	10	5		90%, C 90%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
2089	2090	224	40	15		Е	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature Mature +	-			
2095	2096	225	40	45		90%, B, E 80%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Α	roundwood	-			
2099	2112	228	20	2		E 80%, C,	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
2124	2125	230	1	3		E	-	-	-	-	-	<1ml	Mature	-			
2266	2267	242	10	0.5		90%	-	-	-	-	-	Trace Trace in	Mature	-			
2279	2280	250	6	5 10		10%, B, E	-	-	-	-	-	<0.5mm	Mature	-			
2287	2288	249	40	0		20%, B, E	-	-	-	-	-	45ml	Mature				
3011	3036	300	6														
3087	3089	301	17	1.5		80%, C, E	_	_	-	-	_	Trace in <0.5mm	Mature	-			
	Roundho	use F47															
1379	1381	184	30	20		90%, C	_	_	-	С	Ranunculus sp., indet.	<1 ml	Mature				
1397	1398	185	20	40		80%, C, E	_	_	-	С	Cyperaceae	2ml	Mature	Fair			
1397	1399	186	19	10		80%, C, E	_	_	-	-	-	1ml	Mature	-			
1404	1406	189	35	40		90%, C, E	_	_	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
1407	1408	190	27	25		90%, C, E, I	_	-	-	-	-	<1ml	Mature	-			
4.400	4.440	404	40	50		90%, A,						0	Matrice				
1409	1410	191	40	50		E, F	-	-	-	-	-	C	Mature				
1446	1447	199	4	3.5		90%, C 90%, B,	-	-	•	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
1449	1450	400	11	10		E, F	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
1711	Spreads	105		40		400/ 4 =						4.1					
1741	1742	495	30	10		40%, A, E	-	-	-	-	-	4ml	Mature	-			
1746	1748	477	38	20		90%, B, E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature				



									CI	harred					Water	logged	
Feat ure	Contex t	Sam ple	V ol (L)	Flo t (ml)	Sub- sam ple	Bioturbat ion proxies	Gra in	Ch aff	Cereal Notes	Oth er	Other Notes	Charcoal > 4/2mm	Charcoal	Comment s (preserva tion)	Vegetat ive plant parts	Other plant remains	Invertebrates (Insects, molluscs and crustaceans)
1778	1779	479	40	20		90%, C, E	-	-	-	-	-	Trace	Mature	-			
2402	2403	277	36	50		90%, B, E, F, I	С	С	Triticum sp. glume base and grain	-	-	Trace	Mature	Poor			
	1225	163	5	10		60%, A, E	-	-	-	-	-	1ml	Mature	-			

Key: A^{***} = exceptional, A^{**} = 100+, A^{*} = 30-99, A = >10, B = 9-5, C = <5; Bioturbation proxies: Roots (%), Uncharred seeds (scale of abundance), F = mycorrhyzal fungi sclerotia, E = earthworm eggs, I = insects; Moll-t = terrestrial molluscs.



Appendix 2: Sediment descriptions and subsamples recommended for analysis

Location: V	Vell [2281]	Monolith sam	ple: <500>	Drawing: -	
Depth	Context	Subsamples	Sediment description	Interpretation	
0-0.24m	2282	-	Fairly firm 10YR 4/2 dark greyish brown sandy silt loam. Very fine pores (0.1%) and moderate iron staining. Mottled throughout. Gradual to diffuse lower boundary. Troels-Smith classification: Grana minora (Gmin)1, Argilla granosa (Ag)3; Nigror (Nig.)1; Stratificatio (Str.)0; Elasticitas (Elas.)0; Siccitas (Sicc.)4; Limes superior (Lim.).	redoxymorphic	Periods o
0.24-0.35m	2283	-	Firm 2.5Y 4/2 dark greyish brown silty clay. Very fine pores (0.5%) and rare charcoal. Gradual lower boundary. Very similar to unit above with less mottling. Troels-Smith classification: Ag3 Argilla steatodes (As)1; Nig.1; Str.0; Elas.0; Sicc.4; Lim.1.	oxidisation.	Periods of fluctuating water activity
0.35-0.52m	2284	-	Fairly firm 10YR 4/1 dark grey sandy silty loam. Rare, uncharred organics, rare (1%) very small stones (quartz, sandstone, mudstone), very fine pores (0.5%), very rare iron staining. Gradual lower boundary. Troels-Smith classification: Ag2 As1 Gmin1; Nig.1; Str.0; Elas.0; Sicc.3; Lim.2.	surrounding area, mixing with underlying unit	activity
0.52-0.97m	2503	-	Firm 10YR 4/1 dark grey sandy clay loam. Rare organics (complete roots), rare fragmented charcoal, rare large rounded and subangular stones (0.02m), pottery sherd at 0.91-0.92m. Very rare iron staining and moderate patches of pure clay. Troels-Smith classification: As3 Ag1 Gmin+; Nig.2; Str.0; Elas.1; Sicc.3; Lim.2.	activity – deliberate	Top of area of human activity

Location: p	oit [2313]	Monolith sam	nple: <508>	Drawing: 331
Depth	Context	Subsamples	Sediment description	Interpretation
0-0.35m	2495/7	-	Stiff 10YR 4/3 brown silt loam. Frequent flecks of iron staining, rare large rounded and subangular flint, (40mm), rare charcoal flecks. Very fine pores (2%). Clear boundary. Troels-Smith classification Argilla granosa (Ag)2 Argilla steatodes (As)2; Nigror (Nig.)1; Stratificatio (Str.)0; Elasticitas (Elas.)0; Siccitas (Sicc.)4; Limes superior (Lim.)1.	energy, redoximorphic event(s) – sediment exposed for extended periods



Location:	pit [2313]	Monolith san	ple: <508>	Drawing: 331	
Depth	Context	Subsamples	Sediment description	Interpretation	
0.35- 0.58m	2498	-	Stiff 10YR 4/1 dark grey silty clay loam. Rare flecks of iron staining and rare large subangular sandstone (30mm). Very fine pores (2%). Clear boundary. Troels-Smith classification: Ag2, As2; Nig.1; Str.0; Elas.0; Sicc.4; Lim.1.	Large inclusions indicate high energy but lack of organics suggest earth movement rather than water activity	Possible recut – natural infilling of pit – soil creep/hillwash
0.58- 0.73m	2499	-	Firm 10YR 3/2 very dark greyish brown silty clay loam. Rare small inclusions (quartz, flint, sandstone), very rare medium inclusions (subrounded quartz 15mm), rare organics (uncharred, woody), rare iron staining. Very fine pores (2%). Very weakly horizontally laminated. Clear boundary. Troels-Smith classification: Ag3, As1; Nig.1; Str.1; Elas.0; Sicc.4; Lim.1.	and organics indicate seasonal deposition through water activity	Periods of fluctuating water activity depositing sediments and vegetation from surrounding area. NOTHING TO INDICATE ANTHROPOGENIC ACTIVITY
0.73- 0.89m	2500	-	Firm 10YR 3/2 very dark greyish brown sandy clay loam. Rare small inclusions (quartz, flint), very rare large subangular quartz, rare organics throughout (uncharred, woody), moderate flecks and patches of iron staining. Very fine pores (2%). Weakly horizontally laminated. Gradual boundary. Troels-Smith classification: Ag3, As1, Grana minora (Gmin)+; Nig.1; Str.1; Elas.0; Sicc.4; Lim.1.	laminations indicate	As above – gradual infill through
0.89- 1.66m	2501/2502	-	Firm 10YR 3/1 very dark grey silty clay loam. Rare very small inclusions (quartz, sandstone), rare flecks of pure clay, occasional organics (uncharred, woody, complete roots), rare iron staining. Very fine pores (2%-5%). Weakly horizontally laminated. Very slightly sandier towards base of unit. Slightly wetter than overlying units. Sharp smooth boundary. Troels-Smith classification: Ag2 As2; Nig.1; Str.1; Elas.0; Sicc.3; Lim.3.	moisture level indicate anaerobic conditions with laminations	hrough water action
1.66- 1.70m	-	-	Friable, clean, fine sand. Troels-Smith classification: Gmin4, Grana majora (Gmaj)+; Nig.0; Str.0; Elas.0; Sicc.4.	Natural geology	Geology



Appendix 3: Results of pollen assessment (total number of grain counted)

Sample	504	505
Exotic (Lycopodium)	59	100
Betula (birch)	1	-
Corylus avellana type (hazel)	2	6
Alnus glutinosa (alder)	1	1
Fraxinus excelsior (ash)	-	1
Salix (willow)	1	-
Rosa (rose)	1	-
Chenopodiaceae (goosefoot family)	1	6
Brassicaceae (cabbage family)	2	-
Polygonum aviculare (common knotgrass)	-	1
Urtica dioica (stinging nettle)	1	-
Poaceae (grass family)	64	43
Poaceae >40um (large grass grain)	4	2
Cyperaceae (sedge family)	17	25
Ranunculus undiff. (buttercups)	1	3
Silene type (campion)	1	1
Rosaceae (rose family)	15	22
Filipendula (meadowsweet)	5	9
Trifolium type (clovers)	4	3
Apiaceae (carrot family)	1	1
Plantago lanceolata (ribwort plantain)	1	6
Rubiaceae (bedstraws)	-	2
Cirsium (thistles)	5	1
Lactuceae (lettuce family)	19	27
Aster type (daisies)	1	2
Centaurea nigra (common knapweed)	4	5
Pteropsida undiff. (fern spores undiff.)	4	2
Pteridium aquilinum (bracken)	4	4
Polypodium vulgare (polypodies)	3	2
Indeterminables	50	55
Total Land Pollen Count (TLP)	152	167
Trees and Shrubs%	3.9	4.8
Herbaceous%	96.1	95.2
Fern Spores%	6.7	4.6
Indeterminables%	24.8	24.8



Appendix 4: OASIS data collection form

OASIS ID: wessexar1-277521

Project details

Highfields Farm, Findern, South Derbyshire Project name

the project

Short description of Wessex Archaeology carried out a 3.25 ha archaeological excavation as a condition of planning permission, in advance of a housing development at Highfields Farm, Findern, Derby. An isolated pit containing Bronze Age pottery and a handful of residual flint are the only evidence of the earlier prehistoric periods. Occupation during the late Iron Age becomes more conspicuous, with two near complete roundhouse gullies and a network of enclosure ditches thought to belong to this period. However, the majority of the remains date to the Romano-British period and comprise an extensive system of rectilinear ditched enclosures containing further roundhouse gullies, a well, waterhole, midden-like spreads, and slight traces of a potential rectilinear beam slot structure. Pot dates indicate the main boundary framework was established by the 2nd century AD, with activity continuing until the mid-4th century AD, but with no indication that the settlement continued survived until the end of the 4th century AD. Post-Roman remains comprised furrows, a small assemblage of medieval and post-medieval finds, and relatively modern field boundaries. A range of finds was recovered from the Site, including a relatively large pottery assemblage with a modest range of regional and Continental imports, which is unusual for a rural Romano-British site in Derbyshire, and presumably reflects the proximity of the military and civilian centres at Derby and the road by which they were supplied. Of most interest amongst the finds was a pair of metal bowls, with one decorated with a six-pointed star, possibly intended as a Chi-Rho (Christian) symbol.

Start: 23-01-2017 End: 17-06-2017 Project dates

Previous/future work

Yes / No

Any associated project reference codes

115470 - Contracting Unit No.

Any associated project reference

codes

9/2006/0775 - Planning Application No.

Any associated project reference codes

APP/F1040/A/06/2028732 - Planning Application No.

Any associated project reference

codes

9/2011/0640 - Planning Application No.

Type of project Recording project

Site status

Current Land use Cultivated Land 2 - Operations to a depth less than 0.25m

Monument type SETTLEMENT Late Iron Age

Monument type SETTLEMENT Roman

RIDGE AND FURROW Medieval Monument type

Monument type WELL Roman



Monument type ROUND HOUSE (DOMESTIC) Late Iron Age

Monument type ROUND HOUSE (DOMESTIC) Roman

Monument type PIT Bronze Age

Monument type DITCH Late Iron Age

Monument type DITCH Roman

Significant Finds ANIMAL BONE Roman

Significant Finds POTTERY Bronze Age

Significant Finds POTTERY Late Iron Age

Significant Finds POTTERY Roman

Significant Finds POTTERY Medieval

Significant Finds POTTERY Post Medieval

Significant Finds COINS Roman

Significant Finds COINS Medieval

Significant Finds METALWORK Roman

Significant Finds QUERN STONES Late Iron Age

Significant Finds BURNT STONE Late Iron Age

Significant Finds BOWL Roman

Investigation type "Open-area excavation", "Part Excavation", "Watching Brief"

Prompt Planning condition

Project location

Country England

Site location DERBYSHIRE SOUTH DERBYSHIRE FINDERN Highfields Farm, Findern,

Derbyshire, Excavation and Watching brief

Postcode DE23 3RW

Study area 3.25 Hectares

Site coordinates SK 3200 3230 52.886881614111 -1.524368319683 52 53 12 N 001 31 27 W Point

Height OD / Depth Min: 53.1m Max: 57.5m

Project creators

Name of Organisation

Wessex Archaeology

Project brief originator

with advice from County Archaeologist

Project design originator

ULAS

Project

Chris Swales

director/manager
Project supervisor

Paula Whittaker

Type of

Developer



sponsor/funding

body

Name of sponsor/funding

sponsor/fundin

North Midland Construction Ltd

Project archives

Physical Archive

Derby Museum and Art Gallery

recipient

Physical Archive ID DBYMU 2017-27

Physical Contents "Animal Bones", "Ceramics", "Environmental", "Glass", "Metal", "Worked

stone/lithics"

Digital Archive

recipient

Derby Museum and Art Gallery

Digital Archive ID DBYMU 2017-27

Digital Contents "Animal Bones", "Ceramics", "Environmental", "Stratigraphic", "Survey"

Digital Media

available

"Database","Images raster / digital photography","Spreadsheets","Survey","Text"

Paper Archive

recipient

Derby Museum and Art Gallery

Paper Archive ID DBYMU 2017-27

Paper Contents "Stratigraphic"

Paper Media available

"Context sheet", "Diary", "Drawing", "Photograph", "Plan", "Report", "Section"

Project bibliography 1

Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)

Publication type

Title Highfields Farm: Strip, Map and Sample excavation. Post-excavation Assessment

and Updated Project Design

Author(s)/Editor(s) Whittaker, P.

Other bibliographic

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Date 2018

Issuer or publisher Wessex Archaeology

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Sheffield

Description C. 150 page A4 spiral-bound report with colour plates and figures

Entered by Jess Irwin (j.irwin@wessexarch.co.uk)

Entered on 22 May 2018



Appendix 5: Object conservation note (ON 4)



Object Conservation Note

Site name:	Highfields Farm	Site code:	115470
Conservator:	LPW	Context:	2334
Date finished:	14.06.2017	Object number:	4

Simple name:	Bowl x 2
Materials:	Lead/ lead alloy, copper alloy

Photographs: 115470_sf4_1&115470_sf4_2 before separation, from above 115470_sf4_3 & 115470_sf4_4 115470_sf4_5 & 115470_sf4_6 before separation, side 1 before separation, side 2 115470_sf4_7 & 115470_sf4_8 before separation, side 3 115470_sf4_9 & 115470_sf4_10 before separation, side 4 115470_sf4_11&115470_sf4_12 115470_sf4_13&115470_sf4_14 during separation, from above during separation, side 3 115470_sf4_15 & 115470_sf4_16 inner bowl after separation, from above 115470_sf4_17 to 115470_sf4_20 inner bowl after separation, detail internal decoration 115470_sf4_21 & 115470_sf4_22 115470_sf4_23 & 115470_sf4_24 inner bowl after separation, underside inner bowl after separation, side view 1 115470_sf4_25 & 115470_sf4_26 inner bowl after separation, side view 2 115470_sf4_27 & 115470_sf4_28 outer bowl after separation, from above 115470_sf4_29 & 115470_sf4_30 outer bowl after separation, underside 115470_sf4_31 & 115470_sf4_32 outer bowl after separation, side view 1 115470_sf4_33 & 115470_sf4_34 outer bowl after separation, side view 2 115470_sf4_35 & 115470_sf4_36 both, after cleaning, from above 115470_sf4_37 & 115470_sf4_38 both, after cleaning, underside

Specific gravity test for inner bowl:

Weight in air = 87gm

Weight in water = 77gm

Specific gravity = 8.7

The best match on the basis of specific gravity would be 'nickel silver' (composition 60% copper, 20% zinc, 20% nickel), but this is an alloy which does not appear in Europe until the post-medieval period. XRF analysis would be required in order to determine the true composition - the relative proportions may change and there may well be other elements present.

Two bowls that have been stacked together.

The outer bowl is made of lead or lead alloy. It is robust and has a footring. The inner bowl is made of copper alloy. It is made of relatively thin sheet and has a footring. It has a band of decoration running around the inside of the rim and a star pattern on the bottom of the inside.

The copper alloy bowl is inside the lead bowl. The copper alloy bowl has been slightly squashed so that there are two opposite tears running down from the rim corresponding to where the metal is folded.

Heavy soil fills the copper alloy bowl and the gap between the two bowls.

The soil was softened with a mixture of 50:50 distilled water/industrial methylated spirit (IMS) and removed with a wooden point and metal spatula so that the bowls could be separated.

Page 1 of 1



Appendix 6: Context summary

		Fill				
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
1000	Fill Description	Cut	Cut Description	Cut interpretation	Group	interpretation
1001						
1002						
1004	Mid grey brown, silty sand, sparse small stones, charcoal flecks. Feature dimensions: 0.55m x 0.35m	1003	Oval in plan, stepped base. Concave/ stepped sides, moderate slope, Dimensions: 0.85m x 0.35m x 0.12m	Posthole - one of four in semi- circle south of big ditch.	F12	Group of 4/5 postholes NE side of site
1006	Mid orangey grey silty clay with occasional grit and gravel inclusions and charcoal fleck archaeological components. Feature dimensions (m): 0.80 x 0.37 x 0.05.	1005	Shape in plan: oblong. Base shape: flat. Side shape: bowl shaped. Side slope: gradual. Interventions dimensions: Length 0.47m x Width 0.37m x Thick/depth: 0.05m.	Part of a group of shallow postholes/pits. Possible structure.	F12	Group of 4/5 postholes NE side of site
1008	Light brownish grey clayish silt with substantial subangular stones and moderate subangular flint pieces. Charcoal flecking archaeological components. Thick/depth (m): 0.40.	1007	Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: concave. Side shape: concave. Side slope: moderate. Intervention dimensions (m): 1.60 x 1.07m x 0.40.	Ditch slot running in an E-W orientation. Very shallow due to persistent ploughing causing substantial truncation.	F38	NE-SW enclosure ditch. Finds: Animal bones, potter
1010	Dark brownish grey silty clay (fairly compact) with 5% rounded stone inclusions. Feature dimensions (m): 15+ x 0.7. Same as (1014); cut by [1011].	1009	E-W orientation. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: unknown. Side shape: concave. Side slope: steep. Intervention dimensions (m): 0.7 x 0.15.	Linear ditch cut by later ditch [1011]. Probably a boundary ditch. This feature has not been excavated fully to its base due to weather conditions. The primary aim was to establish the relationship - for a profile equivalent to [1009] see [1013]	F11	NW-SE linear RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones, animal
1012	N-S orientation. Mid orangey grey silty clay (fairly compact) with no other components. Feature dimensions (m): 3+ x 0.36.	1011	N-S orientation. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: unknown. Side shape: concave. Side slope: moderate. Intervention dimensions (m): Length E-W 0.7/N-S 0.9 x Width 0.2.	Linear ditch that cuts earlier ditch [1009] at a right angle. Function unclear. Has not been excavated to base due to weather conditions.	1011	OWN GROUP
1014	Black clayey silt with pebbles of varying size. Archaeological components: burnt animal bones. The pebbles appear to be burnt and the large amount of burnt bones suggests that the deposit was formed very quickly.	1013	NE-SW. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: flat. Side shape: straight. Side slope: Gradual. Intervention: Slot. Feature Dimension: +20m x 0.95m x 0.20m.	Linear ditch. Likely irrigation.	1013	OWN GROUP
1016	Light brown loamy silt. Soft.	1015	NE-SW. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: Flat. Side shape: Slightly concave. Side slope: Gradual. Feature dimensions: +20m x 1m x 0.20m.	Cut of natural gully. Cuts [1013] on SE side. Geologically "seals" [1013].	1015	OWN GROUP
1018	Mid brownish grey silty clay. Occasional stones. No archaeological components.	1017	N-S. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: concave. Side shape: concave. Side slope: Moderate. Intervention: slot. Feature dimensions: +3m x 0.38m x 0.16m.	Gully terminus	1017	OWN GROUP
	Mid brownish grey silty clay. 2% angular stones. No		E-W. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: concave. Side shape: concave. Side slope: shallow. Intervention: slot. Feature dimensions:			
1020	archaeological components.	1019	+30m x 1.75m x 0.16m	Furrow	1019	OWN GROUP

		Fill			-10	
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
- Среск			E-W. Shape in plan: linear.	- Cut moi produitori	O. Gup	niio protunon
	Light yellowish grey sandy		Base shape: concave. Side			
	clay. 5% rounded stones. No archaeological components.		shape: concave. Side slope: shallow at sides,			
	Feature dimensions: 1m x		steep in centre. + 30m x			
1022	0.7m x 0.06m	1021	2.2m x 0.58m.	Ditch	1021	OWN GROUP
-		_	Shape in plan: circular.		-	
			Base shape: flat. Side			
	NAC di successi di mancione al la consecució di		shape: concave. Side			0
	Mid grey brown clayey silt. Minimal stones. Charcoal		slope: gradual. Feature dimensions: 0.5m x 0.4m x			Group of 4/5 postholes NE
1024	scatter.	1023	0.1m	Pit (NE of [1005])	F12	side of site
			N-S. Shape in plan: Linear.	(= [] /		
			Base Shape: Concave.			
			Side shape: concave. Side			
	Dayle maniah haanna ailte alan		slope: Moderate. Feature	Ditab (avelle) Evene vate a veneble to		
1026	Dark greyish brown silty clay. 40% stones of varying size.	1025	dimensions: 3m x 0.87m x 0.14m	Ditch/gully. Excavator unable to distinguish.	1025	OWN GROUP
1020	40 % Stories of varying size.	1023	N-S. Shape in plan: linear.	distinguisii.	1025	OWN GROOP
			Base shape: concave. Side			
	Dark orangey, brown sandy		shape: Straight. Side slope:			
	silt. Frequent sub-circular		sharp. Intervention: 1m			
	stones. Charcoal flecking,		corner slot. Feature	Linear ditch. Truncated linear		
1028	ironstone fragments. Feature dimensions: 0.23m	1027	dimensions: 0.30m x 0.50m x 0.23m.	ditch found beneath later ditch [1007].	1027	OWN GROUP
1020	Mottled dark grey/orange	1021	X 0.23III.	[1007].	1021	OWN GROOT
	brown silt/clay. 5% sub-					
	rounded stones 20mm. Shape					
	in plan: oval. Base shape:					
	concave. Side shape: straight.		E.W. Ohana is also assal	Dit and Dit mand and a family		
1030	Side slope: Moderate. Intervention: half section.	1029	E-W. Shape in plan: oval. Base shape: concave.	Pit cut. Pit westernmost of group of 5 pits in S Area 1.	1029	OWN GROUP
1000	micrycrition. Hair Section.	1023	E-W. Shape in plan: linear.	or o pito in o Arca 1.	1023	OWN GROOT
			Base shape: concave. Side			
	Mid greyish brown silty clay.		shape: concave. Side			
	7% angular stones, well		slope: shallow at sides,			
1031	sorted. Occasional charcoal, 1 % of deposit.	1021	steep in centre. + 30m x 2.2m x 0.58m.	Ditch	1021	OWN GROUP
1031	% of deposit.	1021	E-W. Shape in plan: linear.	Diteri	1021	OWN GROOP
			Base shape: concave. Side			
			shape: concave. Side			
	Dark brownish grey silty clay. 5		slope: shallow at sides,			
1000	% rounded stones. 2 % burnt	1001	steep in centre. + 30m x	Ditch	1021	OWN CROUD
1032	stone. 3% charcoal.	1021	2.2m x 0.58m. E-W. Shape in plan: Linear.	Ditch	1021	OWN GROUP
			Bade shape:			
	Light pinkish grey silty clay.		Concave/irregular. Side			
	Moderate subcircular stones		shape: Concave. Side			
	20-25%. Charcoal flecking.		slope: Moderate.	Cut of ditch butt end. Same ditch		
1034	Feature dimension: 10m x	1033	Dimensions: +10m x 0.60m x 0.22m.	as [1007]. Badly truncated. Evidence of burning.	1033	OWN GROUP
1034	0.60m x 0.22m Mid to light brown silty clay.	1033	NE-SW. Shape in plan:	Evidence of burning.	1033	OWN GROUP
	Occasional burnt stones up to		linear. Base shape: flat.			
	0.10m in size. Occasional		Side shape: Concave. Side			
	deposits of natural from		slope: steep/gradual.			
	(1002). Fill very similar than		Feature dimensions: 0.40m			
1026	more of the slots of fill. +/- 40m	1025	x 1.80m x 0.40. Cuts [1075]	Cut of linear, possibly field	1025	OWN CDOLLD
1036	x 1.80m x 0.40m.	1035	that seems old. N-S. Shape in plan: linear.	boundary.	1035	OWN GROUP
			Base shape: flat/concave.			
			Side shape: straight. Side			
	Mid brown silty clay.		slope: steep. Intervention:			
	Occasional pebbles of varying		slot. Feature dimensions:			
	size, poorly sorted. Feature		+/- 70m x 1.10m x 0.40m.			
	dimensions: +/- 70m x 1.10m x		Possible "step" on East side			NW-SE linear
	0.40m. Very similar to the ones found in most of the slots in		by burrow or interface of			RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones,
1038	F11	1037	silty material. Cutting east edge of the	Cut of probable field boundary	F11	animal
1040	Mixed, mostly very dark grey	1039	S. Shape in plan: circular.	cut of pit	1039	OWN GROUP



		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	with orange brown silty clay. Occasional small stones.		Base shape: flattish. Side shape: concave. Side			
	Archaeological components:		slope: steep. Intervention:			
	fire cracked pebbles. Feature		half-section. Feature			
	dimensions: 0.84m x 0.52m x 0.30m.		dimensions: 0.84m x 0.52m x 0.30m.			
	0.30111.		NW-SE. Shape in plan:			
	Mid-dark grey brown silty clay.		linear. Base shape: flat.			
	Shows up clearly on surface of natural. Occasional pebbles.		Side shape: concave. Side slope: steep. Feature			
	Archaeological components:		dimensions: 33.65m x			Narrow gully
1042	burnt stone, pebbles, charcoal.	1041	0.33m x 0.28m	cut of gully	F14	NW-SE
	Mottled grey, pink/orange silty clay. Very compact. Small					
	angular/sub-angular stones on		N-S. Shape in plan: linear.			NW-SE linear
	E-side. Medium sized angular		Base shape: concave. Side			RB ditch. Finds:
1044	stones on western side of fill. Flecks of charcoal.	1043	shape: Straight. Side slope: shallow.	cut of ditch	F11	Animal bones, animal
1044	ricons of ondrodal.	1040	Shape in plan: circular.	out of ditori		ariiriai
			Base shape: flat. Side			
	Mid grey silty clay. 1 %		shape: straight. Side slope: moderate. Feature			
	subrounded pebbles (20mm) 1		dimensions: 0.6m x 0.70m x	Cut of pit in middle of collection		Group of 5 pits
1046	% subangular flint (20mm %)	1045	0.22m	of 5.	F13	S side of site.
	Mid grey clay silt. 1% subrounded pebbles 20mm,		Shape in plan: irregular. Base shape: concave. Side			
	1% subangular flint 20mm.		shape: straight. Side slope:			
4040	Feature dimensions: 0.30m x	4047	steep. Feature dimensions:	0.4.4.4.4.5	E40	Group of 5 pits
1048	0.45m x 0.28m.	1047	0.30m x 0.45m x 0.28m. E-W. Shape in plan: Oval.	Cut of pit. 1 of 5	F13	S side of site.
			Base shape: Flat. Side			
			shape: straight. Side slope:			
	Mid grey silt clay. 1% subrounded stones 20mm, 1%		Steep. Intervention: Half Section. Feature dimension:	Pit. 1 of 5 pits which form feature		Group of 5 pits
1050	subangular flint 20mm.	1049	1.1m x 0.4m x 0.2m.	13.	F13	S side of site.
			N-S. Shape in plan: Right-			
	Dark greyish brown silty clay.		angled linear. Base shape: Irregular. Side shape:			
	Coarse components: 25%		stepped. Side slope:			
	larger rounded, subangular. 10% smaller rounded,		Irregular. Feature dimension: 1.60m x 0.60m x	Possibly associated with fill a		
1052	subrounded.	1051	0.29m.	continuation.	1051	OWN GROUP
			N-S. Shape in plan: linear.			
	Mid brownish grey silty clay.		Base shape: Unknown. Side shape: Unknown. Side	Cut of ditch. Ditch containing a		
	2% rounded stones.		slope: Steep. Feature	single homogenous fill. Cut by		
	Archaeological components:		dimension: 1m x 1.2m x	later ditch [1056] and furrow		01441 00010
1055	8% charcoal, Pottery.	1053	0.30m E-W. Shape in plan: Linear.	[1058]. NB- (1054) is void.	1053	OWN GROUP
			Base shape: Concave. Side	Cut of ditch. Containing single a		
	Mid and ide brown either day		shape: Concave. Side	single fill (in this slot-more fills in		
	Mid greyish brown silty clay. Coarse components: 7.5%		slope: Moderate. Feature dimension: +30m x 1.1m x	other slots). Cuts ditch [1053] and is cut by furrow [1058].		
1057	angular stones. 1% charcoal.	1056	0.80m	Probably Roman?	1056	OWN GROUP
1050		1050		Cut of furrow. Context sheet	1050	OWN CDOUD
1059		1058	N-S Shape in plan:	missing.	1058	OWN GROUP
			Subcircular. Base shape:			
	Light whitish grey silty clay.		Concave. Side shape: Concave. Side slope:	Cut of half section of posthole isolated to the north east of Area		
	Occasional subcircular stones		Sharp. Feature dimensions:	No relation to any other		
1061	5-10%. Charcoal flecking.	1060	0.50m x +0.30m x +0.20m	features.	1060	OWN GROUP
			NE-SW. Shape in plan:			
			Linear. Base shape: flattish. Side shape: Concave. Side			
	Mid-dark brown grey silty clay.		slope: Gradual. Feature			
1063	Coarse components: small stones.	1062	dimension: +2.75m x 0.48m x 0.22m	Cut of gully.	F14	Narrow gully NW-SE
1065	Mid grey silt clay. 1%	1064	Shape in plan: circular.	Pit. 1 of 5 which form Feature	F13	Group of 5 pits
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

		Fill				
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
Deposit	subrounded pebbles (20mm)	Cut	Base shape: flat. Side	13.	Group	S side of site.
	1% subangular flint (20mm)		shape: straight. Side slope:			
			Moderate. Feature dimensions: 0.3m x 0.6m x			
			0.28m.			
	Mottled grey, pink, orange clay. Coarse components:					
	small/, medium					
	subangular/rounded stones					
	occasionally. Archaeological components: Burnt stone,		N-S. Shape in plan: Linear.			
	animal bone, charcoal,		Base shape: Concave. Side			
	smoothing/hammer stone.		shape: straight. Side slope:			NW-SE linear
	Approx thickness: 0.45m. Compact fill. Charcoal clumps		Moderate/steep. Feature dimensions: +1.10m x	All part of the same feature as		RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones,
1067	on east	1066	1.40m x 0.45m	[1043] [1037] [1035]	F11	animal
			N-S. Shape in plan: linear.			
			Base shape: concave. Side shape: concave. Side			
			slope: steep. Intervention:			
	Mid brownish grey silty clay.		relationship slot. Feature	Ditch containing a single		Ditch enclosure
1069	Rounded stones 3% Charcoal 2%, Pottery, Burnt Stone.	1068	dimensions: +20m x 0.8m x 0.3m	homogenous fill. Cut by later ditch [1070].	F15	NW-SE adjoining F10.
1003	270, 1 Ottory, Duritt Stolle.	1000	E-W. Shape in plan: Linear.	anon proroj.	1 10	aujoning i 10.
ı			Base shape: Concave. Side			
			shape: Concave. Side slope: Moderate. Type of			
	Dark brownish grey silty clay.		intervention: Relationship	Gully containing a single fill.		
	Charcoal 1%. Occasional burnt		slot. Feature dimensions:	Cuts earlier ditch [1068].	1	
1071	stone.	1070	+3m x 0.45m x 0.18m NW-SE. Shape in plan:	Function unclear.	1070	OWN GROUP
			linear. Base shape: V-			
			shaped. Side shape:			
	Mid grey sandy clay. 5%		Irregular. Side slope: Irregular. Additional			
	sparse subangular cobbles to		description: The sides of			
	boulders. Archaeological		the cut are highly irregular,			Eaves gully +
	components: pottery, 3% sparse charcoal pieces and		varying from vertical to shallow and contains two			sausage entranceway.
	flecks. Loose compaction. Iron		fills: 1x primary, 1x	Possible entranceway to		Roundhouse,
1073	Age pottery.	1072	secondary.	roundhouse (F17)	F17	fin
			NW-SE. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: V-			
			shaped. Side shape:			
			Irregular. Side slope:			
			Irregular. Additional description: The sides of			
			the cut are highly irregular,			Eaves gully +
			varying from vertical to shallow and contains two			sausage entranceway.
	Mid orangey grey silty clay.		fills: 1x primary, 1x	Possible entranceway to		Roundhouse,
1074	Occasional small stone.	1072	secondary.	roundhouse (F17)	F17	fin
			SSE- NNW. Shape in plan: Roughly linear. Base			
			shape: Concave. Side			
			shape: Concave. Side			
			slope: 45 degrees on average. Feature			
	Black clayey 20% silt. Friable.		dimensions: +/- 6m x 0.40m			
	Fill very similar than other		x 0.27m. Additional			
	ones found on similar features by shape, size and orientation		description: out of the gully but very similar than other			
1076	on area 1.	1075	ones found on Area 1. In	Cut of gully.	1075	OWN GROUP
	0.2m x 0.46m x 0.22m Mid					
	black grey silt clay. 10% charcoal. Feature angled as if		Shape in plan: circular. Base shape: Flat. Side			
	stake driven in/pulled out at an		shape: Straight. Side slope:			
1078	angle.	1077	Moderate/Steep.	Cut of stakehole. East of [1079].	1077	OWN GROUP
1080	Mid grey silt clay. 50% burnt	1079	Shape in plan: circular.	Cut of pit to W of stakehole	1079	OWN GROUP



		Fill				
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
Deposit	stone. Mix of sub-angular and	Cut	Cut Description Base shape: flat. Side	[1077]	Group	interpretation
	subrounded stones 40mm -		shape: straight. Side slope:			
	0.1mm		one steep one shallow. Diameter: 0.6m x depth:			
			0.11m			
	Mid brown grov silty alov		Shape in plan: oblong.			
	Mid-brown grey silty clay. Occasional small stones,		Base shape: irregular. Side shape: gradual on E, steep	Pit cut. Related to settlement in		
1082	pebbles.	1081	on W.	1.6m to SE of probable RH gully	1081	OWN GROUP
	Mid greyish brown mottled with orange flecks. Clay. Many		E-W. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: flat. Side			
	small angular stones. Orange		shape: straight. Side slope:			
	flecks could be iron panning.		shallow. Feature			
1084	Compact fill. Approx. 0.17m thick.	1083	dimensions: +1m x 1.35m x 0.20m	Furrow. Cuts through ditch [1085] across the top.	1083	OWN GROUP
1004	u not.	1000	E-W. Shape in plan: linear.	[1000] delects the top.	1000	CWW CROOL
			Base shape: concave. Side			
			shape: straight. Side slope: steep/moderate. Feature			
			dimensions: +1m x 0.60m x			
	Mid graviah braven silter alau		0.29m. Additional	Ditch sat underneath furrow		
	Mid greyish brown silty clay. Occasional small angular		description: Side slope: Steep on N-side moderate	[1083]. [1085] is to the west of		
1086	stones. Flecks of charcoal.	1085	on S-side.	[1058].	1085	OWN GROUP
	Mid grey sandy clay. Sparse		E-W. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: flat. Side			
	coarse gravel 3%. Cobbles		shape: straight. Side slope:			
	1%. Archaeological		steep. Intervention: 1m slot.			
	components: pottery, 1% rare charcoal. Additional		Feature dimensions: +3m x 0.30m x 0.38m. For most of			Eaves gully +
	description: Level of fill at the		the excavated length the			sausage
	section line is truncated depth		base is flat for 0.2m next to	Base the section of t		entranceway.
1088	of fill in the rest of the slot was greater than apparent at the	1087	the section the base shape is closer	Possible entranceway to Roundhouse (F17)	F17	Roundhouse, fin
	3		E-W. Shape in plan: linear.	,		
			Base shape: flat. Side shape: straight. Side slope:			
			steep. Intervention: 1m slot.			
			Feature dimensions: +3m x			
	Mid brownish grey sandy clay. Sparse 3% coarse gravel, 1%		0.30m x 0.38m. For most of the excavated length the			Eaves gully + sausage
	cobbles. Archaeological		base is flat for 0.2m next to			entranceway.
4000	components: pottery, rare	4007	the section the base shape	Possible entranceway to	F47	Roundhouse,
1089	charcoal 1%.	1087	is closer Round. Bit longer N-S.	Roundhouse (F17)	F17	fin
			Base shape: flat, barely			
	Mid to dark grey clayey 40%		concave. Side shape: concave. Side slope: 45			
	silt. Friable. Occasional		degrees. Some similarities,	Cut of possible truncated pit. +/-		
	Pebbles towards the base of		by situation related to ditch	1.30m to SW from ditch scot		
	the fill. Distinguishable in part by colour and in part by		basically with pit [1126]. Bit less deed than [1092] recut	[1037]. Although the relationship between them is inconclusive.		
1091	consistence from [1053].	1090	on pit [1092].	Sweet lord.	1090	OWN GROUP
			Shape in plan: moon			
			shaped in W (cut by [1090]) Base shape: flattish, barely			
			concave. Side shape:			
			concave. Side slope: 45			
			degrees. Feature dimensions: 0.60m x 0.20m			
			x 0.16m. Additional			
	Mid grey silty 20% clay, firm. Very slow deposit on pit		description: +/- 1.30m to SW from Ditch slot [1037]	Cut of a very truncated pit. Cut on W side by smaller pit or		
1093	[1092].	1092	seems [1090] is a s	bioturb [1090].	1092	OWN GROUP
	Dark grey blueish hint. Fill		Shape in plan: sub-circular.			
	undercuts natural to the West As if post has been put in at an		Side shape: under cut. Side slope: under cut on W			
	angle or taken with a I		gradual on E. Type of			
1095	cannot read the writing.	1094	intervention: half-section.		1094	OWN GROUP

		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
			Diameter: 36cm Depth:			
			26cm. E-W Shape in plan:			
			linear/curvilinear. Base			
			shape: concave. Side			
			shape: concave. Side slope: Moderate. Feature			
			dimensions: +5m x 0.86m x			
			0.32m Additional			
	Mid orangey brown silty clay.		description: This terminus is E-W, but the ditch turns			Ditch enclosure
	Well-sorted angular stones		north c. 2m to the west of			NW-SE
1097	5%.	1096	this terminus slot	Terminus	F15	adjoining F10.
			NW-SE and NE-SW. Shape in plan: curvilinear. Base			
			shape: slightly concave.			
			Side shape: slightly			
			concave. Side slope: steep. Intervention: 1m slot.			
	Mid orangey brown silty clay.		Feature dimensions: +20m			Ditch enclosure
	Angular stones, well sorted.		x 0.60m x 0.40m. This is a	Ditch containing a single		NW-SE
1099	Charcoal 5%.	1098	corner slot. N-S. Shape in plan: Linear.	homogenous fill.	F15	adjoining F10.
			Base shape: Flat. Side			
			shape: Concave. Side			
			slope: Moderate. Intervention: Relationship			
			slot. Feature dimensions:			
	l		+2m x 0.85m x 0.35m. Cut			0.44.51= !!
	Light grey clay. Archaeological components: Animal bones.		of ditch is unclear in section- drawn in as dashes			SW-NE linear beneath furrow.
	Sticky, compact + fill. Approx		on #130 A - different colour			Finds: burnt
1101	thickness: 0.10m	1100	fills to		F10	and unburn
			N-S. Shape in plan: Linear. Base shape: Flat. Side			
			shape: Concave. Side			
			slope: Moderate.			
			Intervention: Relationship slot. Feature dimensions:			
			+2m x 0.85m x 0.35m. Cut			
	Orangey brown mottled with		of ditch is unclear in			SW-NE linear
	light grey silty clay. Many small angular stones. Compact fill,		section- drawn in as dashes on #130 A - different colour			beneath furrow. Finds: burnt
1102	approx thickness: 0.27m.	1100	fills to		F10	and unburn
			N-S. Shape in plan: Linear.			
			Base shape: Flat. Side shape: Concave. Side			
			slope: Moderate.			
			Intervention: Relationship			
			slot. Feature dimensions: +2m x 0.85m x 0.35m. Cut			
	Darkish grey brown mottled		of ditch is unclear in			SW-NE linear
	with orange flecks silty clay.		section- drawn in as dashes			beneath furrow.
1103	Compact fill. Approx thickness: 0.30m.	1100	on #130 A - different colour fills to		F10	Finds: burnt and unburn
			W-E. Shape in plan: linear.			and dribuin
	Mid greyish brown mottled with		Base shape: flat. Side			
	orange flecks clay. Many small angular stones. Orange flecks		shape: straight. Side slope: shallow. Type of			
	could be iron-panning.		intervention: Relationship			
1105	Compact fill. Approx thickness	1404	slot. Feature dimensions	Furrow. Sits above [1106] is cut	1101	OWN CDCLID
1105	0.20m Mid greyish brown silty clay.	1104	+10m x 1.50m x 0.20m. W-E. Shape in plan: Linear.	by [1100] on north side.	1104	OWN GROUP
	Many small/medium sized		Base shape: Flat. Side			
	angular/rounded stones.		shape: straight. Side slope:	Bassible Basses in the Line		
	Flecks of charcoal and burnt stone. Compact fill. Approx		Moderate. Feature dimensions: + 10m x 0.90m	Possible Roman ditch which is cut by furrow [1104] and by ditch		
1107	thickness: 0.47m	1106	x 0.47m.	[1100].	1106	OWN GROUP
1109	Lots of burnt stone large bag	1108	N-S Shape in plan:		1108	OWN GROUP



		Fill				
_	EU 5	of	0.15	S 41 4 1 1 1	P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description full.	cut	Cut Description curvilinear. Base shape:	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	Tun.		irregular. Side shape:			
			concave. Side slope:			
			gradual. Feature dimensions: +1m x 0.56m x			
			0.32m			
			N-S Shape in plan: curvilinear. Base shape:			
			irregular. Side shape:			
			concave. Side slope:			
	Orangey brown silty clay. Burnt stone small amount.		gradual. Feature dimensions: +1m x 0.56m x			
1110	Occasional charcoal. Sampled.	1108	0.32m		1108	OWN GROUP
			E-W. Shape in plan: linear.			
			Base shape: flat. Side shape: straight. Side slope:	Ditch cut. Cut of ditch in NW		
	Light grey yellow silt clay. 10%		Moderate. Type of	corner of Area 1. Some		
	subrounded pebbles 40mm.		intervention: relationship	relationship to [1113] N-S ditch		
1112	Archaeological components: none.	1111	slot. Feature dimensions: +5m x 0.9m x 0.24m	but relationship not visible in plan or section.	1111	OWN GROUP
1 - =	-		N-S. Shape in plan: linear.	,	1	
			Base shape: flat. Side shape: straight. Side slope:	Cut of small N-S ditch		
	Light grey yellow silt clay. 10%		moderate. Intervention:	relationship to [111] not visible in		
1114	subrounded pebbles 40mm.	1113	10m x 0.80m x 0.34m.	plan or section.	1113	OWN GROUP
			N-S. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: flat. Side			
			shape: straight. Side slope:			
	Light grey yellow silt clay.		steep. Intervention: 1m slot.	Div. 1		
1116	Coarse components 10% subrounded stones 40mm.	1115	Feature dimensions: +10m x 0.64m x 0.16m.	Ditch cut if N-S ditch slotted N of furrow.	1115	OWN GROUP
1110	Subrounded Stories Formin.	1110	N-S. Shape in plan: linear.	Turiow.	1110	OWN ONCO!
	Mid yellowish grey silty clay.		Base shape: concave. Side	Ditch containing 3 fills. Quite		
	Coarse components 3% angular stones. Feature		shape: concave. Side slope: Moderate. Feature	short. Function unclear. Could have been originally a longer		
	dimensions: +3m x 0.45m x		dimensions: +3m x 0.58m x	ditch that has been truncated		
1118	0.05m Dark brownish black silty clay.	1117	0.19m N-S. Shape in plan: linear.	away?	1117	OWN GROUP
	Charcoal 50%. Feature		Base shape: concave. Side	Ditch containing 3 fills. Quite		
	dimensions: +3m x 0.53m x		shape: concave. Side	short. Function unclear. Could		
	0.1m. Additional description: Charcoal, rich fill of ditch		slope: Moderate. Feature dimensions: +3m x 0.58m x	have been originally a longer ditch that has been truncated		
1119	[1117].	1117	0.19m	away?	1117	OWN GROUP
			N-S. Shape in plan: linear.	Ditabase de la la configuración de Confi		
	Mid orangey brown silty clay.		Base shape: concave. Side shape: concave. Side	Ditch containing 3 fills. Quite short. Function unclear. Could		
	Angular stones, well sorted		slope: Moderate. Feature	have been originally a longer		
1120	5%. Feature dimensions: +3m x 0.58m x 0.08m	1117	dimensions: +3m x 0.58m x 0.19m	ditch that has been truncated away?	1117	OWN GROUP
1120	A U.JUIII A U.UUIII	1111	N-S. Shape in plan: linear.	away:	111/	OVVIN GROUP
			Base shape: concave. Side			
			shape: Concave. Side slope: Moderate. Feature	Small, shallow gully. Possibly		
			dimensions: +3m x 0.22m x	part of a larger gully that has		
1122	Mid brownish grey silty clay.	1121	0.10m	been truncated away.	1121	OWN GROUP
	Reddish mid brown clayey 30% silt, firm. Coarse		N-S. Shape in plan: Linear.			
	components 30-40% grit from		Base shape: Flattish. Side	Cut of possible irrigation ditch.		
1124	(1002). Feature dimensions: +/- 50m x 0.25m x 0.30m	1123	shape: Moderately straight. Side slope: 45 degrees.	Northern slot in N-S possible irrigation ditch.	1123	OWN GROUP
1124	Mid brown greyish silty 30%	1123	Side Siepe. 43 deglees.	inigation diton.	1120	SWIN SILOSI
	clay, firm. Occasional pebbles		N-S. Shape in plan: Linear.	Out of a coefficient in the state of		
	(flint), 3-4 cm in size. Feature dimensions: +/- 50m x 0.65m x		Base shape: Flattish. Side shape: Moderately straight.	Cut of possible irrigation ditch. Northern slot in N-S possible		
1125	0.30m.	1123	Side slope: 45 degrees.	irrigation ditch.	1123	OWN GROUP
	Dolo mid brown alarcas (000()		Roughly E-W. Shape in			
	Pale mid brown clayey (20%) silt, friable. Occasional grit		plan: Oval, pointed to W. Side shape: very gentle			
1127	from (1002)	1126	slope. Base shape: flattish.	Cut of Pit, very truncated.	1126	OWN GROUP

		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description Feature dimensions: 1m x	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
			0.50m x 0.05m			
	Feature dimensions: +/- 50m x 0.15m x 0.30m. Reddish mid brown clayey 30% silt, firm.		N-S. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: concave, roughly pointed. Side shape: straight. Side slope: 45 degrees. Type of intervention: 1m slot. Feature dimensions: +/- 50m x 0.90m x 0.30m. Additional description: Similar shape in section	Cut of possible irrigation ditch. Cut of same ditch that includes		
1129	Occasional grit from (1002).	1128	then [1123],	[1123].	1128	OWN GROUP
1130	Greyish mid brown silty 30% clay, firm. Occasional pebbles (flint) up to 5 cm size. Additional description: looks similar than secondary fill on another N-S ish linear ditch about 5m to west.	1128	N-S. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: concave, roughly pointed. Side shape: straight. Side slope: 45 degrees. Type of intervention: 1m slot. Feature dimensions: +/- 50m x 0.90m x 0.30m. Additional description: Similar shape in section then [1123],	Cut of possible irrigation ditch. Cut of same ditch that includes [1123].	1128	OWN GROUP
4465	Light grey mottled orange flecks silty clay. Many rounded stones. Compact gritty fill.	445	Shape in plan: semi-circle. Base shape: flat. Side shape: undulating. Side slope: shallow. Feature dimensions: +10m x 0.30m x 0.22m. Additional description: Terminus slot of possible roundhouse gully. Shallow gully with only one		440:	OWAL ORGEN
1132	Approx thickness: 0.22m	1131	fill. Shape in plan: Semi-circle.	cut of gully	1131	OWN GROUP
1134	Light grey mottled with orangey flecks silty clay. Many small rounded stones. Burnt stone. Compact, gritty fill. Approximate thickness: 0.18m	1133	Base shape: flat. Side shape: straight. Side slope: shallow. Intervention: 1m slot. Feature dimensions: +10m x 0.75m 0.18m.	Shallow gully of possible roundhouse.	F20	Possibly roundhouse eaves gully. Finds: Flint, pot
1136	Dark brownish grey silty clay. Charcoal 10%.	1135	Shape in plan: Circular. Base shape: concave. Side shape: Concave. Side slope: steep. Feature dimensions: Diameters: 0.44m x 0.12m.	Pit containing one fill and several burnt stones. Possibly a pit for heating water or food? The pit appears to have a clay lining in parts, as the surrounding natural is gravel rather than clay. The clay is at the edge of the pit only and not in the natural	F25	NE-SW ditch enclosure. Finds: Animal bone, pottery
	Mid grey silt clay. 1% charcoal		N-S. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: Concave. Side shape: straight. Side slope: steep. +5m x 0.22m x	Gully to the E of Feature 19. Relationship to F19 not		
1138	Mid greyish brown loamy sand. Small 15% rounded- subangular, large: 15% subrounded ang.	1137	O.07m Shape in plan: Irregular. Base shape: Irregular. Side shape: Concave. Side slope: N: Steep. S: Moderate. Additional description: Possibly more than one posthole, concentration of charcoal located in one area.	In close proximity to other possible postholes.	1137	OWN GROUP
	Light greyish brown silt loam. Small: 25% subrounded- v ang; Large 30% well rounded - V ang. Archaeological components: Charcoal, burnt		N-S. Shape in plan: linear (possibly curved to SE) Base shape: V-shape. Side shape: stepped Side slope: Irregular/stepped. Heavily			
1142	stones.	1141	compacted burnt stones at	Geological/tree throw?	1141	OWN GROUP



		Fill				
		of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	Light grey mottled with orange		base of cut. Shape in plan: semi-circle			Possibly
	flecks silty clay. Many small		Base shape: flat Side			roundhouse
1144	angular stones. Medium/large angular/rounded burnt stones.	1143	shape: concave Side slope: moderate.	Shallow gully, part of Feature 20. Roundhouse gully.	F20	eaves gully. Finds: Flint, pot
1144	Mid brown mottled with orange	1143	moderate.	20. Roundhouse guily.	1 20	r inus. r iirit, pot
	silty clay. Many small angular		Shape in plan: oval. Base	Base shape unclear due to		Possibly
	stones. Filled with medium/large angular/rounded		shape: unclear. Side shape: concave. Side slope: steep.	several large stones (rounded) piled on top of each other and		roundhouse eaves gully.
1146	burnt stones.	1145	Diameter: 0.40m x 0.22m	leading into the section	F20	Finds: Flint, pot
			NW-SE Shape in plan: linear. Type of intervention:			
			1m slot. Feature	Cur appears to be in scoops as		
			dimensions: +6m x 0.38m x	it appears to rise up like a butted		Curvilinear next
1148	Mid brown grey silty clay. Not slotted properly. Feature	1147	0.14m	in the N.	F16	to F15.
	dimensions: +180m x 1.5-2.2m					
	x 0.15m. Pale-mid orangey		CW NE shans in plant			
	brown (digs beige) clayey silt, Occasional stone. Rare		SW-NE shape in plan: linear Base shape: Not			
	pottery. Edge of furrow cut		seen Side shape: Convex			
	encroaches on gully S. numbered up became part of		Side slope: gradual. Feature dimensions: +180m			
1150	this.	1149	x 1.5-2.4m x 0.15m	Post-Medieval furrow cut.	1149	OWN GROUP
			Shape in plan:			
			Oval/Circular. Base shape: concave. Side: Concave.	Either a posthole or a small pit.		
			Side slope: shallow. Type of	There are no other postholes		
			intervention: half-section. Feature dimensions.	nearby so possibly a pit (?) Contains a single homogenous		
1152	Mid greyish brown silty clay.	1151	Diameter: 0.32m x 0.07m.	fill.	1151	OWN GROUP
	Greyish brown with flecks of		Shape in plan: Elongated			
	orange sandy loam. Filled with small stones of the angular		pit. Base shape: flat. Side shape: straight. Side slope:			
	variety. Occasional flecks of		moderate on southern side	Shallow pit that sits to the East		
1154	charcoal. Quite friable fill.	1153	steep on northern side.	of posthole [1186]	1153	OWN GROUP
	Mid-orangey grey silty clay.		N-S. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: concave. Side			
	Angular stones, well sorted		shape: concave. Side			
	5%. Charcoal 1%. Additional description: This fill is not		slope: steep. Intervention: relationship slot. Feature	Ditch containing a single		Ditch enclosure
	present in the other slots of		dimensions: +20m x 0.8m x	homogenous fill. Cut by later		NW-SE
1155	this ditch. [1053] [1046] [1048].	1068	0.3m	ditch [1070].	F15	adjoining F10.
	Mid orangey brown sandy clay. Rare 1% cobbles, sparse 5%		E-W. Shape in plan: curvilinear. Base shape:			
	coarse gravel. Archaeological		concave. Side shape:			
	components: 2 x quern stones		concave. Side slope: Steep. Feature dimensions: +20m	Oversut in centre of clat 2		
	1&2, sparse 3% charcoal. Pottery abundant in upper		x 0.58m x 0.29. Additional	Overcut in centre of slot, 2 Quern stones recovered from fill		
1160	levels.	1159	info.	1, 2. 1x secondary fill.	1159	OWN GROUP
			N-S. Shape in plan: Curvilinear. Base shape: U-			Eaves gully +
			shaped. Side shape:			sausage
	Mid orangey brown sandy clay.		straight. Side slope: steep.			entranceway.
1162	Sparse 3% charcoal. Moderate compaction.	1161	Feature dimensions: +20m x 0.33m x 0.26m	Eaves gully of roundhouse.	F17	Roundhouse, fin
	p	1	Ne-SW Shape in plan:			
			curvilinear. Base shape: concave: Side shape:			
	Mid orangey brown sandy clay.		concave: Side shape: concave. Side slope:			
	Sparse 3% coarse gravel. 3 %		Moderate. Feature			
1164	charcoal. Moderate compaction.	1163	dimensions: +20m x 0.5m x 0.12m	Eaves gully of roundhouse.	1163	OWN GROUP
1104	osnipuolion.	1100	Shape in plan: oval. Base	Lavoo gany or roundilouse.	. 103	37717 31(30)
	Dipole pilite plane Anabasasia silasi		shape: flat. Side shape:			Eaves gully +
	Black silty clay. Archaeological components: charcoal.		straight. Side slope: shallow. Feature	Probably a fire pit associated to		sausage entranceway.
	Additional description: Fill		dimensions: 1.30m x 0.62m	roundhouse gullies [1159] [1161]		Roundhouse,
1166	made largely up of charcoal.	1165	x 0.09m	[1163] [1176]	F17	fin

		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
1168	Mid orangey brown in E facing section, mid grey in W facing section, silty clay. Coarse gravel approx 3%. A few flecks of charcoal. Moderate compaction.	1167	Shape in plan: linear Base shape: concave/irregular. Side shape: straight. Side slope: Shallow/vertical.	Gully cut of RH. Feature dips down into a bowl shape at the end.	F17	Eaves gully + sausage entranceway. Roundhouse, fin
1170	Feature dimensions: +1m x 0.4m x 0.09m Mid orangey brown silty clay. Occasional stones. Archaeological components: quern stone just above (1160). Very similar to natural.	1159	E-W. Shape in plan: curvilinear. Base shape: concave. Side shape: concave. Side slope: Steep. Feature dimensions: +20m x 0.58m x 0.29. Additional info.	Overcut in centre of slot, 2 Quern stones recovered from fill 1, 2. 1x secondary fill.	1159	OWN GROUP
1170	Mottled red brown grey silt clay. Coarse. 10% subrounded pebbles 20mm. Relationship to [1173] not visible in plan or section or section.	1171	N-S Shape in plan: Linear Base shape: Concave Side shape: Concave Side slope: Moderate. Feature dimensions: +10m x 0.31m x 0.09m Additional description: Possibly cut by [1173] relationship dug in slot but not visible.	Ditch cut. Feature 19 small ditch N-S.	F19	NW-SE smaller end ditch parallel to F18.
1174	Mottled red brown/grey silty clay. 10% subrounded pebbles 20mm.	1173	E-W Shape in plan: Linear. Base shape: flat. Side shape: convex. Side slope: Steep. Intervention: Relationship slot. Dimensions: +10m x 0.31m x 0.42m.	Cut of E-W ditch	1173	OWN GROUP
1175	Mid greyish brown sandy clay sparse 3% coarse gravel. Only identified in section after excavation.	1161	N-S. Shape in plan: Curvilinear. Base shape: U- shaped. Side shape: straight. Side slope: steep. Feature dimensions: +20m x 0.33m x 0.26m	Eaves gully of roundhouse.	F17	Eaves gully + sausage entranceway. Roundhouse, fin
1177	Light brown clayey 40% silt very occasional pebbles =/-2cm in size.	1176	E-W (roughly) Shape in plan: linear Base shape: Flat. Side shape: Concave. Side slope: 60 degrees. Feature dimensions: 1.70m x 1.50m x 0.20m	Recut of gully on Top of ditch. Similar than other ditches on A1. Seems recutting slightly on top of possible irrigation ditch.	1176	OWN GROUP
1179	Brownish mid grey silty 20% clay. Occasional angular pebbles 3-4cm size.	1178	E-W. Shape in plan: linear, very straight. Base shape: flat. Side shape: slightly progressive. Side slope: +/-0.80m. Feature dimensions: =/-70m x 0.50m x 0.20m. Archaeological components: Pot, probable RB (Either stopper of base). Additional description:	Cut of possible irrigation ditch. Seems very different straight irrigation ditch, just masked by [1126] on top of that	F10	SW-NE linear beneath furrow. Finds: burnt and unburn
1181	0.35m slot excavated also as (cannot read) to be a natural. Feature dimensions: 2.6m x 0.45m x 0.46m. Pale grey silty clay - very compacted. Occasional small stones. Charcoal. Sampled.	1180	SW-NE. Shape in plan: Oblong with a pointy end in NE. Base shape: Irregular. Side shape: concave. Side slope: steep on SE not seen NW. Intervention: 2 small slots 1m x 0.35m x 0.7m, 0.70m x 0.25m. Feature dimensions: 2.6m x 0.45m x 0.46m	This feature was located in AR where RH gully should have curved round. However, this feature instead went the opposite direction. Was excavated in 2 small slots but as fill continued beyond natural on the surface - probable tree throw.	1180	OWN GROUP
1183	Mottled grey orange brown silty clay. Coarse components: small angular stones. Gravely texture. Unclear whether the fill was natural or not. Light grey with orange flecks	1182	NW-SE. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: flat (ish). Side shape: straight. Side slope: steep. Feature dimensions: +10m x 1.10m x 0.45m NW-SE. Shape in plan:	Ditch sits to the east of the roundhouse gully (feature 20). Ditch runs through roundhouse. Ditch sits to the east of the	F18	NW-SE smaller enclosure ditch. Finds: Animal bones NW-SE smaller
1184	clay small sub angular stones.	1182	linear. Base shape: flat	roundhouse gully (feature 20).	F18	enclosure ditch.



		Fill				
_		of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description Charcoal flecks, possible	cut	Cut Description (ish). Side shape: straight.	Cut Interpretation Ditch runs through roundhouse.	Group	Interpretation Finds: Animal
	fragments of quernstones.		Side slope: steep. Feature	Diterraris tirough roundriouse.		bones
	Compact fill. Approx.		dimensions: +10m x 1.10m			
	thickness: 0.25m		x 0.45m NW-SE. Shape in plan:			
	Mid brown with greyish orange		linear. Base shape: flat			
	flecks clay. Few angular small		(ish). Side shape: straight.	Ditab aits to the cost of the		NW-SE smaller
	stones. Archaeological components: Possibly small bit		Side slope: steep. Feature dimensions: +10m x 1.10m	Ditch sits to the east of the roundhouse gully (feature 20).		enclosure ditch. Finds: Animal
1185	of pot. Charcoal flecks.	1182	x 0.45m	Ditch runs through roundhouse.	F18	bones
			Shape in plan: circular. Base shape: undulating.			
			Side shape: concave. Side			
	Greyish brown with orange		slope: steep on southern			
	flecks. Sandy loam. Filled with small angular stones. Flecks of		side moderate on northern side. Diameter: 0.45m x	Posthole [1186] sits to the N-W		
1187	charcoal. Friable fill.	1186	0.11m.	of pit [1153].	1186	OWN GROUP
			E-W. Shape in plan: linear,			
			very straight. Base shape: flattish. Side shape: vertical,			
			gently slopes. Side slope:			
	Brownish mid grey silty 20%		90 degrees. +/- 30 degrees.	Cut of possible irrigation ditch.		
	clay. Occasional angular (ie. Broken pebbles 3-4 cm in		Additional description: Very similar on shape in section	No conclusive relationship with features around, mostly because		
	size). Basically, same fill than		than [1178]. Cut on top by	(1189) is not too similar than		
1189	(1179).	1188	[1176], inconclusive to say i	surrounding deposits.	1188	OWN GROUP
	Mid orangey brown (very hard to see a surface) silty clay.		+6m x 0.37m x 0.12m. Initially not possible to see			
	Occasional small stone.		his terminal end, but	Cut for NE terminal end of RH		
1191	Charcoal flecks.	1190	machined out	gully	1190	OWN GROUP
	Type of intervention: Half- section. Feature dimensions:					
	0.93m x 0.35m x 0.60m. Soil					
	colour: pale-orangey grey silty					Eaves gully +
	clay silty clay. Occasional small stones. Archaeological		Orientation: S. Shape in			sausage
	components: rare charcoal, 1x		plan: Subcircular/oval.	Cut of very shallow pit, splodge.		entranceway.
1193	flint/flake. Additional description: fill virtually g	1192	Feature dimensions: 0.93m x 0.35m x 0.6m	Possibly related to faces gully F17.	F17	Roundhouse, fin
1190	description. Illi viitually g	1192	Shape in plan: Sub circular.	117.	1 17	1111
	Orangey brown with small		Base shape: Flat (ish). Side			
	flacks of grey sandy sib- angular/ tiny rounded stones		shape: Straight. Side slope: Steep on NW side	Pit [1194] is sat to the NE of PH		
1195	(10%). Light compaction.	1194	Moderate/steep on SE side.	[1186] x pit [1153]	1194	OWN GROUP
	Light greyish brown with					
	oprange flecks. Sandy clay. Filled with small angular		Shape in plan: Sub circular. Base shape: Flat (ish). Side			
	stones (40%). Burnt stones.		shape: Straight. Side slope:			
4400	Easy compaction of sill - dug	4404	Steep on NW side	Pit [1194] is sat to the NE of PH	4404	01411 000110
1196	with trowel.	1194	Moderate/steep on SE side. Shape in plan: curvilinear.	[1186] x pit [1153]	1194	OWN GROUP
			Base shape: Concave. Side			
	One and an individual by a second and a second		shape: concave. Side	Cully [4407] and the death BALL of the		NW-SE smaller
	Orangey mid brown sandy clay. Few small sub angular		slope: moderate. Additional: 2 fills. Full extent of feature	Gully [1197] sat to the NW of the PH [1186], pit [1153], and to the		enclosure ditch. Finds: Animal
1198	stones.	1197	unclear on surface in plan.	E of ditch slot [1182] of F18.	F18	bones
·	Light greyish brown with flecks					
	of orange silty sandy clay. Small to medium sized					
	rounded/sub angular stones.		Shape in plan: curvilinear.			
	Archaeological components:		Base shape: Concave. Side			NIM OF amount
	Odd fleck of charcoal/ burnt stone. Additional description:		shape: concave. Side slope: moderate. Additional:	Gully [1197] sat to the NW of the		NW-SE smaller enclosure ditch.
	Has a gritty feel to it. Tough		2 fills. Full extent of feature	PH [1186], pit [1153], and to the		Finds: Animal
1199	compaction. Brownish mid grey silty 20%	1197	unclear on surface in plan.	E of ditch slot [1182] of F18.	F18	bones SW-NE linear
	clay. Occasional pebbles up to		E-W. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: flat. Side	Cut of possible RB irrigation ditch. Cut of irrigation ditch F10		beneath furrow.
	8cm size towards the base of		shape: straight. Side slope:	(western slot). Shape in section		Finds: burnt
1201	the fill. Iron Age pot. Same fill	1200	+/- 45 degrees. Occasional	but different than [1178] &	F10	and unburn

		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	then (1179) & (1189). Tiny layer of dark red deposit of sand on the base of the fill.		pebbles, up to 8cm towards the base of the cut.	[1188[.		
1203	Mid orangey brown grey silty clay. Rare burnt stone/small stone. Charcoal flecks.	1202	E-W. Shape in plan: long sausage. Base shape: flat. Side shape: bowl shaped. Side slope: gradual. Feature dimensions: +3m x 0.56m x 0.23m.	RH gully terminus. As this is situated on the western side of the RH it could be fairly another enhancing or just an undulating cut.	F17	Eaves gully + sausage entranceway. Roundhouse, fin
1205	Type of intervention: half- Section. Mid-brown grey clayey silt. 75% small stone, some burnt, some flint, some fire cracked pebbles.	1204	Shape in plan: sub-circular. Base shape: pointy. Side slope: gradual. Side shape: concave. Additional: appears to be related to RH.	Roundhouse cut. Roundhouse cut related to entrenching post to Roundhouse.	F17	Eaves gully + sausage entranceway. Roundhouse, fin
1207	Orangey pinky mid brown clay. Small angular stones.	1206	S-N. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: Flat. Side shape: concave. Side slope: steep. Intervention: relationship slot. Feature dimensions: +10m x 1.5m x 0.37m. Additional: Relationship slot between ditches [1206] & [1209] and furrow [1058].	Ditch [1206] cuts through ditch [1209], and then is cut by furrow [1058].	F11	NW-SE linear RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones, animal
1208	Mid brown with orange flecks and a blue grey hue clay. Medium rounded/sub-angular stones. Archaeological components: roman pot, burnt stone.	1206	S-N. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: Flat. Side shape: concave. Side slope: steep. Intervention: relationship slot. Feature dimensions: +10m x 1.5m x 0.37m. Additional: Relationship slot between ditches [1206] & [1209] and furrow [1058].	Ditch [1206] cuts through ditch [1209], and then is cut by furrow [1058].	F11	NW-SE linear RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones, animal
1210	Mid greyish brown with flecks of orange. Clay. Small/medium sub angular stones 2%. Burnt stone. Compact fill.	1209	E-W. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: flat. Side shape: concave. Side slope: shallow. Feature dimensions: +20m x 0.80m x 0.25m	Ditch [1209] is cut by Roman ditch [1206] and modernish furrow [1058].	1209	OWN GROUP
1212	orangey/pink mid brown sandy clay. Light greyish brown with flecks or orange silty sandy clay.	1211	Shape in plan: curvilinear. Base shape: concave. Side shape: straight. Side slope: gentle slope at terminus end. Steep slope on edge. Shape in plan: curvilinear. Base shape: concave. Side	Terminus of gully close to roundhouse (feature 20) pits/ph [1194]/[1186] and ditch [1182].	1211	OWN GROUP
1213	Small rounded/angular stones. Archaeological components: Few fragments of burnt stone.	1211	shape: straight. Side slope: gentle slope at terminus end. Steep slope on edge.	Terminus of gully close to roundhouse (feature 20) pits/ph [1194]/[1186] and ditch [1182].	1211	OWN GROUP
1215	Mid brown clayey 40% silt, firm. Occasional pebbles 2-3cm towards NE side of the pit. Additional description: pebbles on NE side of pit bits of redeposit from (1002) in this side of the fill.	1214	Shape in plan: round. Base shape: flat. Side shape: straight. Side slope: +/- 45 degrees. Diameter: 0.60m x 0.13m. Additional: close to NW corner of Area 1 not very close features around just F10 +/- 10m to south. SW turning to N. Slightly	Cut of pit. Possible archaeological pit, perhaps slightly truncated.	1214	OWN GROUP
1217	Mid brown clayey 40%. Frequent flat pebbles up to 6cm towards the base of the fill. Fill of inconclusive linear ditch.	1216	curvilinear. Base shape: similar shape than some slots with base barely weaving up and down from the main round house of Area 1. but very truncated in section and not seen on plan a whole ring ditch to be talking properly about a	Slot in slightly curvilinear house. Possible very truncated and mostly disappeared in plan remains of round house.	1216	OWN GROUP



		Fill				
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
2 ороси			E-W. Shape in plan: linear.		0.000	пистристинен
	Barely reddish mid brown silty		Base shape: flat. Side shape: moderately straight.			
	20%m clay. Frequent and		Side slope: +/- 30 degrees -			
	flattened mudstones pebbles		45 degrees. Intervention:			
	up to 6cm size. Additional		1m slot. Feature dimensions: +/- 20m x			
	description: similar by composition and size of the fill		0.70m x 0.12m. Additional			
	then (1217), but very		description: cut very	Cut of gully. Seems very		
1219	inconclusive relationship between them.	1218	truncated as [1216] and many other	truncated ditch possible irrigation.	1218	OWN GROUP
1219	between them.	1210	E-W. Shape in plan:	irrigation.	1210	OWN GROOP
			Elongated oval. Base			
			shape: concave. Side shape: Straight. Side slope:			
			Steep. Feature dimensions:			
			1.0m x 0.24m x 0.33m			
	Greyish brown sandy clay		Additional description: Possibly a boiling trough &			
	small angular stones 5% large		fire pit due to shape and			
	deposits of charcoal & burnt		lots of burnt stones &			
1221	stones.	1220	charcoal found E-W. Shape in plan: linear.	Close to charcoal smear [1225].	1220	OWN GROUP
			Base shape: flattish, barely			
			slope down to west. Side			
	Yellowish light brown sandy		shape: barely concave. Side slope: +/- 70-80			
	20% clay. Blobs pf pebbles,		degrees. Feature			
	occasionally basically		dimensions: +/- 8m x 0.50m			
	redeposited from the subsoil. Additional description: fast		x 0.12m. Additional description: very shallow,	Cut of linear gully. Some similarities with [1218], on		
	filled blobs of pebbles		probably truncated, turning	shape, size and composition of		
1223	moderately washed up fill.	1222	barely de	the fill.	1222	OWN GROUP
1225			Subcircular: subcircular.			
			Base shape: flattish but			
	Mid brown grey slightly silty		pointed. Side shape:			Crown of 4/F
	clay. Archaeological components: charcoal flecks		gradual. Side slope: concave. Feature: 0.48m x			Group of 4/5 postholes NE
1227	and weird slice of round stone.	1226	0.46m x 0.13m.	Pit part of group F12	F12	side of site
	Grey with orange flecks sandy		Subcircular: subcircular. Base shape: flattish but			
	clay. Many rounded/sub		pointed. Side shape:			
	angular stones. Archaeological		gradual. Side slope:			Group of 4/5
1228	components: prehistoric pot, burnt clay, burnt stones.	1226	concave. Feature: 0.48m x	Pit part of group F12	F12	postholes NE side of site
1220	Durit Gay, Durit Stoffes.	1220	0.46m x 0.13m. Subcircular: subcircular.	i it pait of group F12	F12	SILE OF SILE
			Base shape: flatish but			
	Mib brown with orange flecks sandy clay. Occasional sub-		pointed. Side shape: gradual. Side slope:			Group of 4/5
	angular stones. BA pot		concave. Feature: 0.48m x			postholes NE
1229	fragment.	1226	0.46m x 0.13m.	Pit part of group F12	F12	side of site
			NW-SE. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape:			
	Orangey brown with patches of		concave. Side shape:			
400	grey clay. Rare small angular	4000	straight. Side slope:	Slot put at the trench edge.	1000	0)4/1-1 0 5 0 : : 5
1231	stones.	1230	irregular. N-S. Shape in plan: linear.	Same features as [1182].	1230	OWN GROUP
			Base shape: concave. Side			
			shape: flat. Side slope:			
	Light grey brown w/ brown		steep. Feature dimensions: +3m x 0.1m x 0.1m.			
	flacks silty clay. 20% sub		Symmetrical, consistent			
	angular, sub rounded coarse		throughout length, edges			
	gravel. Minimal mixing of natural & fill at interface.		vague on surface but evident once excavating,	Small gully running N-S near E of Area 1. Runs into Feature 37		
	Compact. Heterogenous but		some mixing of natural + fill	to N and disappears to the S.		
1251	throughout.	1250	but m	Higher at N.	1250	OWN GROUP
1253	Mid brown grey w/ yellow/white	1252	Shape in plan: Oval. Base	Small, oval pit cut by feature 36,	1252	OWN GROUP

		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
·	flecks. Silty clay. 40% sub angular coarse gravel + smaller. Very sparse charcoal. Additional description: heterogenous, moderately compact, mixing of fill & natural at interface.		shape: flat. Side shape: concave. Side slope: moderate. 0.40m x 0.70m x 0.10m.	S of intersection of Feature 36- 37. No relation to any other feature.		
1255	Mid greyish brown silty clay. Pebbles, 2%.	1254	E-W. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: concave. Side shape: slightly concave. Side slope: Moderate. Feature dimensions: +30m x 0.60m x 0.16m Sub oval/sub-rectangular.	Gully containing a single homogenous fill.	F37	Thin linear NE- SW enclosure.
1257	Mid bluish grey silty clay.	1256	Base shape: irregular. Side shape: irregular. Side slope: shallow (NE) steep (SW). Feature dimensions: 0.4m x 0.5m x 0.15m	Pit/natural feature. Possible pit/ natural feature contains a single homogenous fill. Function unclear.	1256	OWN GROUP
1259	Light grey with orange and dark yellow flecks. Very small stones subangular and angular 10-30mm. No finds, no charcoal.	1258	NW-SE. Shape in plan: Oval. Base shape: flat, sometimes irregular. Side shape: straight/concave. Side slope: steep/shallow. Feature dimensions: 1m x 0.35m x 0.09m Cut of very shallow, oval, small pit, contains two fills.	Cut of pit. Looks like natural feature no charcoal, no finds.	1258	OWN GROUP
1261	Mid grey with a brown I cannot read the spelling. Silty clay. Archaeological components: 1 sherd of pottery.	1260	NE-SW. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: U- shaped. Side shape: SE concave. NW convex. Side slope: Moderate. Feature dimensions: +10m x 0.96m x 0.31m. A NE-SW running linear, most likely a drainage/boundary ditch. Contained a single silting fill (1261). F	Ditch cut. Cut of a drainage of a dramatic ditch that silted up with (1261). A single find suggests feature is RB.	F10	SW-NE linear beneath furrow. Finds: burnt and unburnt
1262	Dark orangish yellow clay. Very small stones (1%). Archaeological components: No finds, no charcoal.	1258	NW-SE. Shape in plan: Oval. Base shape: flat, sometimes irregular. Side shape: straight/concave. Side slope: steep/shallow. Feature dimensions: 1m x 0.35m x 0.09m Cut of very shallow, oval, small pit, contains two fills.	Cut of pit. Looks like natural feature no charcoal, no finds.	1258	OWN GROUP
1264	Reddish brown with sandstone inclusions. Textural class: silty clay. 1% sandstone inclusions.	1263	E-W. Shape in plan: rectangular. Base shape: flat. Side shape: straight. Side slope: Moderate. Feature dimensions: +1m x 0.60m x 0.14m. Additional description: 1 cut, 1 fill shallow East/West running ditch across area 1 contains no finds related to the pi	Cut of ditch. Roman/Iron age ditch running East/West across Area 1. Very shallow and contains 1 fill. Likely related to the iron age houses and pits within the area.	1263	OWN GROUP
1266 1268	Light grey-brown with brown flecks. Silty clay. 20% subrounded sparse gravel. Minimal charcoal. Additional: mixing at interface small. Compact. Heterogenous throughout. Light grey brown with yellow	1265 1267	N-S. Shape in plan: linear. Base shape: concave. Side shape: concave. Side slope: steep. Feature dimensions: +5m x 0.3m x 0.11m. Additional: at the NE area of Area 1. Minimal mixing of fill + natural. Deeper at S at N before cut by [1267] narrower E-W. Shape in plan: linear.	Thought to be a terminus, cut by feature 37 at 90 degree angle. N of Pit [1252]. Small gully running into feature	F36 F37	Thin linear NNW-SSE Thin linear NE-



		F:::1				
		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	flecks + hue. Silty clay. 25% sub angular + sub rounded. Coarse gravel + smaller. Moderately compact. Heterogenous. Higher amount of coarse comp at E side, at point where feature 36.		Base shape: concave. Side shape: concave. Side slope: Moderate. Intervention: 1/2 half section - Relationship slot. Feature dimensions: +10m x 0.5m x 0.15m. Additional: minimal mixing at interface. Fairly even along length.	36 at 90 degree angle + cutting the terminus of Ft36. Continues W and disappears E.		SW enclosure.
1269	Shape in plan: sub-oval. Base shape: Irregular. Intervention: Half-section. Feature dimensions: 1.80m x 0.07m. Light greyish brown silt sand small - medium sized stones. Clay pipe stem. No clear interface to natural ground.					
1271	Light yellowish grey silty clay, contains small stones and flint, charcoal flecks, small find no. 9 -lead piece, roman pottery	1270	Linear ditch, irregular base, 3.20m length, 1m wide, 0.52m deep. Possibly related to feature 10, recut makes it harder to determine.	E-W running ditch, linear, recut, contained roman pottery, small find no. 9, possibly feature 10	F10	SW-NE linear beneath furrow. Finds: burnt and unburnt
1273	Mid grey silty clay with brown hue, no finds, 20% subangular, subrounded stones, poorly sorted.	1272	E-W running linear, shallow, feature length >10m, width 1.20m, depth 0.27m	Drainage or field boundary, but by gully [1274] one end of ditch cut by [1260]	F10	SW-NE linear beneath furrow. Finds: burnt and unburnt
1275	Dark grey silty clay with black hue, contained burnt material, charcoal, 5% subangular and subrounded stones, burnt clay	1274	E-W running linear, concave, u-shaped in section, steep side slope, feature length >10m, width 0.38m, 0.19m	Shallow cut in edge of [1272], patchy in plan, appears to terminate before cut [1260]	F10	SW-NE linear beneath furrow. Finds: burnt and unburnt
1277	Mid greyish brown silty clay, ~3% small stones, no finds	1276	Sub-oval, irregular in shape, irregular side shape, moderate slope, feature length 0.72m, width 1.05m, depth 0.25m	Pit containing 2 fills, upper fill rich in charcoal, function unclear	1276	OWN GROUP
1279	Light yellowish grey sandy clay, 3% angular to subangular stones, no finds	1278	Circular, concave and steep side slope, shallow, length 0.25m, feature width 0.20m, depth 0.08m, next to pit [1291] and pit [1258]	Cut of posthole	1278	OWN GROUP
1281	Mid brownish grey silty clay, charcoal (40%), no finds	1280	Or posthole, circular, shallow, base and side concave, length 0.2m, width 0.42m, depth 0.07m	Function unclear, no other similar feature	1280	OWN GROUP
1283	Brownish pink clay, charcoal flecks, very compact soil, approx. thickness 0.05m	1282	Linear, flat base, moderate straight sides, feature length >2m, width 1.0, depth 0.13m	SE-NW then curving towards N-S alignment, near [1285] then curves again E-W near [1285]	F19	NW-SE smaller end ditch parallel to F18.
1284	Yellowish brown sandy clay, flecks of charcoal, many small/medium sized subangular stones, compact soil approx thickness 0.08m	1282	Linear, flat base, moderate straight sides, feature length >2m, width 1.0, depth 0.13m	SE-NW then curving towards N-S alignment, near [1285] then curves again E-W near [1285]	F19	NW-SE smaller end ditch parallel to F18.
1286	Brownish pink clay, flecks of charcoal, very compact fill approx. thickness 0.05m	1285	N-S to E-W running, shallow, side and base concave, feature length >2m, width 0.57m, depth 0.14m	Shallow gully, part of feature 19, although looking different from [1282], but exactly same fill, looks similar in plan	F19	NW-SE smaller end ditch parallel to F18.
1287	Yellowish brown sandy clay, flecks of charcoal, burnt stones, many small/medium sized sub-rounded stones	1285	N-S to E-W running, shallow, side and base concave, feature length >2m, width 0.57m, depth 0.14m	Shallow gully, part of feature 19, although looking different from [1282], but exactly same fill, looks similar in plan	F19	NW-SE smaller end ditch parallel to F18.
1289	Light white-brown silty clay, more sandy than in area 2, possibly natural feature, 30% sub-rounded to sub-angular	1288	NW-SE running, curved, side and base concave, moderate to steep side slope, feature length 2.65m	Might be natural feature, similar curvature as ring gullies of roundhouses, some small natural features around	1288	OWN GROUP

		Fill			-10	_
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
	stones		width 0.2m, depth 0.13m,			
			deeper at N-W end, Sub-oval, irregular in			
			shape, irregular side shape,			
	Mid brownish grey silty clay, charcoal c. 10%, 3% small		moderate slope, feature length 0.72m, width 1.05m,	Pit containing 2 fills, upper fill		
1290	stones, no finds	1276	depth 0.25m	rich in charcoal, function unclear	1276	OWN GROUP
			NW-SE sub oval, shallow,			
			side and base irregular, steep slope, feature length			
	Light yellowish grey sandy		0.49m, width 0.29m, depth			
1292	clay, 3% angular to subangular stones, 1% charcoal, no finds	1291	0.05m, contains one fill (1292)	In area close to pits [1258] and [1293]	1291	OWN GROUP
1202	Single fill of shallow pit, light	1201	(1202)	[1230]	1201	OWN CITOCI
	greyish sandy clay, some		SE-NW sub oval, shallow,			
	yellow flecks, no finds, 5% small subangular and angular		concave side and base, feature length 0.63m width	In areas close to pits [1259] and		
1294	stones	1293	0.36m, depth 0.07m	[1291]	1293	OWN GROUP
				Small furrow running E-W across area 1, no apparent		Linear.
	Greyish brown silty clay, small		E-W aligned, irregular base,	relationship with nearby ditches		Posthole 1 and
1296	sandstone inclusions	1295	width 1m+, depth 0.14m N-S aligned ditch, concave	or ditch to the east	F42	posthole 2.
			base, straight sides,			
			shallow, feature length			
			0.9m+, width 0.6m, depth 0.10m, running across area			
			1, continues, deepening			
1298	Greyish brown silty clay, 10% sandstone	1297	further south across the area	Field boundary or part of animal enclosure, likely Roman ditch	1297	OWN GROUP
.200		.20:	Linear ditch, irregular base,	onereduce, meny remain anem		
	Light blackish pink silty clay,		3.20m length, 1m wide, 0.52m deep. Possibly			SW-NE linear
	moderate subcircular stones		related to feature 10, recut	E-W running ditch, linear, recut,		beneath furrow.
4000	(15%), charcoal flecks, Roman	4070	makes it harder to	contained roman pottery, small	F40	Finds: burnt
1299	pottery	1270	determine. Circular, irregular base,	find no. 9, possibly feature 10	F10	and unburnt
	Light yellowish grey silty clay,		stepped sides, feature			
1301	3% small angular and subangular stones, no finds	1300	diameter 0.39m, depth 0.13m	No other similar features in this area, located in north of site.	1300	OWN GROUP
	3		W-E aligned, oval, U-			
			shaped base, concave sides, shallow, features			
	Greyish yellow sandy clay, 1%		length, 0.66m, width 0.8m,	Small pit close to other pits and		
1303	sandstone inclusions, no finds	1302	depth 0.2m NNE-SSW linear, concave	ditches, all very shallow	1302	OWN GROUP
	Light grey brown clay silt with yellow brown sandy flecks,		base and sides, moderate			
	30% subrounded and angular		slope, feature length >10m,	Runs into bulk to the N,		Comditions
1305	stones, smaller towards base, heterogenous	1304	width 0.56m, depth 0.11m, shallow, stony interface	continues toward roundhouse to S, north of possible furrow	F16	Curvilinear next to F15.
	Ĭ		E-W curvilinear feature,	,		Possibly
	Mid greyish brown silty clay,		relationship slot between F18 and F20, width 1m,	For Roundhouse, containing		roundhouse eaves gully.
1307	5% pebbles, no finds	1306	depth 0.24m	single homogenous fill	F20	Finds: Flint, pot
	Mid brownish grey silty clay, 10% pebbles, pottery		N-S linear, relationship slot, width 1m, depth 0.44m.			NW-SE smaller enclosure ditch.
	fragments similar to those in		Ditch [1308] cuts ring gully	Ditch containing three distinct		Finds: Animal
1309	(1330)	1308	[1306] clearly visible in plan	fills	F18	bones
			NE-SW , oval, u-shaped base, concave sides,			
			shallow, length 0.80m,			
	Greyish yellow silty clay, 1%		width 0.50m, depth 0.20m, other similar sized pits in	Small, shallow pit similar to		
1311	sandstone inclusions	1310	area	others in area	1310	OWN GROUP
			E-W linear, flat base, straight, moderate sloping			NW-SE smaller
	Brown pink clay, flecks of		sides, 0.8m wide, 0.24m	Shallow gully, purpose unclear,		end ditch
1313	charcoal, lower fill of gully	1312	deep.	wiggles across site	F19 F19	parallel to F18.
1314	Light Yellowish-brownish grey	1312	E-W linear, flat base,	Shallow gully, purpose unclear,	F19	NW-SE smaller



Deposit Fill Description Sundy clay occasional small sub-rounded stones, flecks of charcoal Straight, moderate sloping sides, 0.8m wide, 0.24m deep. Oval, flat base, concave sides, steep slope, feature length 2.35m, 1.20m wide, occasional small sub-rounded stones, flecks of charcoal Oval, flat base, concave sides, steep slope, feature length 2.35m, 1.20m wide, occasional small sub-rounded stones, clayer sand, many small-large rounded stones, charcoal 1315 Own GRC			F'''				
Deposit Fill Description Stright, moderate sloping sub-rounded stones, flecks of charcoal Stright, moderate sloping stright, moderat			Fill of			P/O	Group
sub-rounded stones, flecks of chearcoal Mottled orangey light grey clayey sand, many small-large rounded stones Light orangey brown, many small rounded stones, charcoal Light orangey brown, many small rounded stones, charcoal 1316 Sub-circular, 0.6m length, 2.35m, 1.20m wide, 0.29m deep 1317 Light orangey grey mottled silty clay, sparse sub-rounded stones (5-10%), charcoal flecks, Roman pottery potters and potters of the sub-rounded stones (10%), charcoal flecking 1326 (10%), charcoal flecking 1328 Sub-circular, 0.6m length, 0.95m wide, 0.17m deep E-W aligned, suboval, base irregular, side concave, slope moderate, length 0.25m, width 0.72m, depth 0.25m, width 0.73m, depth 0.25m, width 0.72m, depth 0.25m, width 0.73m, depth 0	Deposit		_				Interpretation
Mottled orangey light grey clayey sand, many small-large rounded stones 1315 O.29m deep 1315 O		sub-rounded stones, flecks of		sides, 0.8m wide, 0.24m	wiggles across site		end ditch parallel to F18.
1316 rounded stones 1315 0.29m deep CVal, flat base, concave sides, steep slope, feature length 2.35m, 1.20m wide, charcoal 1315 0.29m deep Fig 1315 0.00m GR0		Mottled orangey light grey		Oval, flat base, concave sides, steep slope, feature			
Light orangey brown, many small rounded stones, charcoal 1319 Flint 1318 0.29m deep 0.29m deep Flint 1318 0.29m deep Flint	1316		1315	0.29m deep		1315	OWN GROUP
1317 Charcoal 1315 O.29m deep F19 Sub-circular, 0.6m length, 0.95m width, 0.13m depth Probably natural feature 1318 OWN GR0				sides, steep slope, feature	Pit cits to the west of gully [1212]		
1319 Flint	1317		1315	0.29m deep		1315	OWN GROUP
Mid orangey grey mottled silty clay with orange, 1% pebbles 1320	1319	Flint	1318	0.95m width, 0.13m depth	Probably natural feature	1318	OWN GROUP
Light blueish red sitty clay, sparse sub-rounded stones (5-10%), charcoal flecks, Roman pottery Light blackish pink silty clay, sparse subrounded stones (10%), charcoal flecking Light blackish pink silty clay, sparse subrounded stones (10%), charcoal flecking Mid orangey grey silty clay with orange mottled, 1% stones, no finds Mid grey-brown clay-sand, yellow-orange flecks, >40% subangular flat stones Light blackish pink silty clay, sparse subrounded stones (10%), charcoal flecking N-S, sub-oval, 0.60m long, 0.50m wide, 0.17m deep E-W aligned, suboval, base irregular, side concave, slope moderate, length 0.5m, width 0.72, depth 0.5m, width 0.72, depth 0.5m, width 0.72, depth 0.5m, width 0.7m, depth 0.21m, slot in centre of gully continuing for c. 10m in semi-circular shape NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south than in area north of furrow north of Roundhouse, relationship not determined NB-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south determined NB-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south determined NB-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south determined NB-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south determined NB-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south determined NB-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south determined NB-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south determined NB-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south de		Mid orangey grey mottled silty		concave base and sides,	Of roundhouse containing two		roundhouse eaves gully.
sparse sub-rounded stones (5- 10%), charcoal flecks, Roman pottery Light blackish pink silty clay, sparse subrounded stones (1326 (10%), charcoal flecking 1326 (10%), charcoal flecking Curvilinear, concave side and base, moderate slope, width 0.7m, depth 0.21m, slot in centre of gully continuing for c. 10m in stones, no finds 1327 Semi-circular shape Mid grey-brown clay-sand, yellow-orange flecks, >40% subangular flat stones N-S, sub-oval, 0.60m long, 0.50m wide, 0.17m deep E-W aligned, suboval, base irregular, side concave, slope moderate, length 0.5m, width 0.72, depth 0.5m, width 0.21m, slot in centre of gully continuing for c. 10m in semi-circular shape NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south subangular flat stones NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south NW-SE sn NW-SE	1321		1320	0.19m	fills, terminating	F20	Finds: Flint, pot
1324 pottery 1323 0.50m wide, 0.17m deep Possible Roman posthole 1323 OWN GR0		sparse sub-rounded stones (5-		N-S, sub-oval, 0.60m long,			
Light blackish pink silty clay, sparse subrounded stones (10%), charcoal flecking Mid orangey grey silty clay with orange mottled, 1% stones, no finds Mid grey-brown clay-sand, yellow-orange flecks, >40% asubangular flat stones Mid grey brown sandy clay with orange flecks, 30% Mid grey brown sandy clay with orange flecks, 30% Light blackish pink silty clay, slope moderate, length 0.5m, width 0.7z, depth 0.5m, width 0.7z, depth determined Curvilinear, concave side and base, moderate slope, width 0.7m, depth 0.21m, slot in centre of gully continuing for c. 10m in semi-circular shape containing 2 fills NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, deeper and wider to south than in area north of furrow Mid grey brown sandy clay with orange flecks, 30% Izight blackish pink silty clay slope moderate, length 0.5m, width 0.7z, depth determined 1325 OWN GR0 Posthole or pit next to [1323]. Relation possible but not determined 1325 OWN GR0 Posthole or pit next to [1323]. Relation possible but not determined 1325 OWN GR0 Postible vit next to [1324]. Possibly roundhouse caves gull containing 2 fills NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, deeper and wider to south than in area north of furrow determined NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, onderate slope, onderate slope, width 0.7m, depth 0.21m, slot in centre of gully continuing for c. 10m in Ring gully of roundhouse containing 2 fills NW-SE sn orange flecks, 240% NW-SE sn orange flecks, 24	1324		1323	0.50m wide, 0.17m deep	Possible Roman posthole	1323	OWN GROUP
1326 (10%), charcoal flecking 1325 0.27m determined 1325 OWN GRO Curvilinear, concave side and base, moderate slope, width 0.7m, depth 0.21m, slot in centre of gully continuing for c. 10m in semi-circular shape South of furrow, north of general concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, yellow-orange flecks, >40% 1329 than in area north of furrow NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south subangular flat stones NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, determined NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, with orange flecks, 30% NW-SE sn concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south determined South of furrow, north of enclosure enclosure enclosure enclosure flows, 30% NW-SE sn concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south deeper and wider to south flows, relationship not enclosure finds: Ani Finds:				irregular, side concave, slope moderate, length			
Curvilinear, concave side and base, moderate slope, width 0.7m, depth 0.21m, slot in centre of gully continuing for c. 10m in semi-circular shape 1328 stones, no finds 1327 semi-circular shape NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, deeper and wider to south subangular flat stones 1329 that is a concave side and base, moderate to steep slope, deeper and wider to south than in area north of furrow with orange flecks, 30% NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, deeper and wider to south determined NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, deeper and wider to south determined NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, deeper and wider to south determined NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, deeper and wider to south determined NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, deeper and wider to south determined NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, deeper and wider to south determined NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, deeper and wider to south determined NW-SE sn of furrow, north of enclosure enclosure enclosure enclosure enclosure enclosure enclosure, north of enclosure enclosure, and the furrow enclosure enclosure enclosure, and the furrow enclosure, and the furrow enclosure enclosure enclosure, and the furrow enclosure enclosure enclosur	1326	l •	1325			1325	OWN GROUP
Mid orangey grey silty clay with orange mottled, 1% stones, no finds 1327 semi-circular shape semi-cir		(1070), 0110100011110		Curvilinear, concave side			
with orange mottled, 1% stones, no finds 1327 continuing for c. 10m in semi-circular shape NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, yellow-orange flecks, >40% subangular flat stones NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, deeper and wider to south than in area north of furrow with orange flecks, 30% NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, o.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south of furrow determined NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, o.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south of furrow, north of enclosure finds: Ani hones							Possibly
1328 stones, no finds 1327 semi-circular shape containing 2 fills F20 Finds: Flin					Ping gully of roundhouse		roundhouse
Concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south subangular flat stones Mid grey-brown clay-sand, yellow-orange flecks, >40% subangular flat stones	1328		1327	semi-circular shape		F20	Finds: Flint, pot
Mid grey-brown clay-sand, yellow-orange flecks, >40% 1329 1							
yellow-orange flecks, >40% subangular flat stones 1329 NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, With orange flecks, 30% yellow-orange flecks, >40% subangular flat stones NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south Roundhouse, relationship not bones NW-SE sn enclosure Roundhouse, relationship not bones NW-SE sn enclosure Roundhouse, relationship not Finds: Ani bones		M'd assurbasson also assured		moderate to steep slope,	Ocath of Comments of		NW-SE smaller
NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, Mid grey brown sandy clay with orange flecks, 30% NE-SW running linear concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south Roundhouse, relationship not Finds: Ani							Finds: Animal
concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, Mid grey brown sandy clay with orange flecks, 30% concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south Roundhouse, relationship not NW-SE sn enclosure Finds: Ani	1330	subangular flat stones	1329		determined	F18	bones
Mid grey brown sandy clay with orange flecks, 30% 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, deeper and wider to south Roundhouse, relationship not enclosure Finds: Ani				concave sides and base,			
with orange flecks, 30% deeper and wider to south Roundhouse, relationship not Finds: Ani		Mid grev brown sandy clay			South of furrow, north of		NW-SE smaller enclosure ditch.
	1004	with orange flecks, 30%	4000	deeper and wider to south	Roundhouse, relationship not	F40	Finds: Animal
1331 coarse gravel, pottery 1329 than in area north of furrow determined F18 bones Mid blue-grey silt clay with NE-SW running linear	1331		1329		aeterminea	F18	pones
some brown flecks, sand concave sides and base,		some brown flecks, sand		concave sides and base,			NW-SE smaller
2, 15% coarse gravel, 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, South of furrow, north of enclosure		2, 15% coarse gravel,		0.9m wide, 0.44m deep,			enclosure ditch.
moderately compact, deeper and wider to south heterogenous deeper and wider to south than in area north of furrow determined F18 bones	1332		1320			F18	Finds: Animal
NE-SW running linear	1002	notorogenous	1323	NE-SW running linear	dotominod	1 10	DOLLOS
concave sides and base, moderate to steep slope, NW-SE sn							NW-SE smaller
Mid grey-brown silty clay, 10% 0.9m wide, 0.44m deep, South of furrow, north of enclosure		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		0.9m wide, 0.44m deep,			enclosure ditch.
sub-rounded, sub-angular deeper and wider to south coarse gravel 1329 than in area north of furrow Roundhouse, relationship not determined Finds: Ani bones	1333		1329			F18	Finds: Animal bones
Circular, irregular sides,				Circular, irregular sides,			
Light yellow grey clay sand, 20% coarse gravel, loose, interface mixing with natural, diameter 0.2m, Small pit to east of F18, possibly					Small pit to east of F18, possibly		
	1335		1334	depth 0.1m	natural, north of area 1	1334	OWN GROUP
Light yellowish grey silty clay, base and side, moderate				base and side, moderate			
	1336	charcoal flecking	1322			1322	OWN GROUP
Mid orange grey silty clay, 1% pebbles, charcoal, pottery, N-S slot, curvilinear, Possibly		pebbles, charcoal, pottery,					
					Of roundhouse containing two		roundhouse eaves gully.
	1337		1320			F20	Finds: Flint, pot

		Fill			-1-	
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
•	when 100% excavated		•	•		•
	Mid orangy grey silty clay, 1%		Curvilinear, concave side			
	pebbles, charcoal, pottery, upper fill of roundhouse ring		and base, moderate slope, width 0.7m, depth 0.21m,			Possibly
	gully, pottery found approx. 1m		slot in centre of gully			roundhouse
	NE of section [1327] when		continuing for c. 10m in	Ring gully of roundhouse		eaves gully.
1338	100% excavated	1327	semi-circular shape	containing 2 fills	F20	Finds: Flint, pot
	Dark grey silty clay with		Irragular aguariah irragular			
	orangey brown streaks, sparse subangular to subrounded		Irregular squarish, irregular base, feature length 0.68m,			
1340	stones (5%), charcoal	1339	width,0.60m, depth 0.27m		1339	OWN GROUP
	, ,		Small ditch/gully cut by			
			larger ditch running N-S			
			[1343] [1297] part of Iron Age enclosure. SE-NW			
			running, irregular in plan, u-			
			shaped base, straight sides			
	Light brownish grey silty sand,		with moderate slope,			
4040	50% stone inclusion, pebbles	4044	feature length 0,80m+,	Con all ditab (accelled	4044	OWN CROUD
1342	and sandstone, no finds	1341	width 0.50m, depth 0.26m. N-S aligned, irregular in	Small ditch/gully	1341	OWN GROUP
			plan, flat base, straight			
	Light brownish grey silty sand,		sides, moderate slope, cuts			
	50% stone inclusions, pebbles		[1431], length 0.8m+, width			01111
1344	and sandstone, no finds	1343	0.60, depth 0.17m		1343	OWN GROUP
	Mid red-brown silty clay with		E-W orientated, oval, flat base, concave side, steep			
	some orange/brown flecks, 5%		slope, feature length 1.23m,	Near other similar features in		
1346	subangular coarse gravel	1345	width 0.62m, depth 0.45m	area 1	1345	OWN GROUP
	Mid black-brown silty clay with					
	yellow/brown flecks, 15-20% subrounded to subangular		E-W orientated, oval, flat			
	coarse gravel, fairly abundant		base, concave side, steep			
	charcoal, compact,		slope, feature length 1.23m,	Near other similar features in		
1347	heterogenous.	1345	width 0.62m, depth 0.45m	area 1	1345	OWN GROUP
	Mid grey brown silty clay, 15% subrounded to subangular		E-W orientated, oval, flat base, concave side, steep			
	coarse gravel, traces of		slope, feature length 1.23m,	Near other similar features in		
1348	charcoal, only in southern half	1345	width 0.62m, depth 0.45m	area 1	1345	OWN GROUP
	Dark black brown silty clay					
	with sparse yellow/orange		E Wasington and Bar			
	flecks, 15% subangular to subrounded coarse gravel,		E-W orientated, oval, flat base, concave side, steep			
	abundant charcoal, some burnt		slope, feature length 1.23m,	Near other similar features in		
1349	clay	1345		area 1	1345	OWN GROUP
			Oval, flat base, concave,			
	Mid brownish grey silty clay, rare small subangular stones,		steep sides, feature length 2.70m, width 1.0m, depth			
1351	no finds	1350	0.38m		1350	OWN GROUP
			Oval, flat base, concave,		1.200	
			steep sides, feature length			
1252	Light reddish orange clay, no	1250	2.70m, width 1.0m, depth		1250	OWN CBOLID
1352	finds	1350	0.38m Oval, flat base, concave,		1350	OWN GROUP
			steep sides, feature length			
	Light brownish grey silty clay,		2.70m, width 1.0m, depth			
1353	rare small subangular stones	1350	0.38m	Wedstanna !!	1350	OWN GROUP
			ENE-WSW curvilinear, concave base and side,	Within roundhouse to provide extra drainage as part of the		Possibly
			moderate slope, feature	original roundhouse, possibly		roundhouse
	Mid orangey grey sandy clay,		length >3m, width 0.34m,	continuing outside giving the		eaves gully.
1355	0.5 % charcoal	1354	depth 0.11m	feature as sinuous shape	F20	Finds: Flint, pot
1356			NE CW subsect to the		-	
	Medium brown clayey silty with		NE-SW suboval, irregular base, concave steep sides,			
	red hue, few small stones,		feature length 1.65m, width			Cluster of oval
	irregular unsorted, possibly		0.9m, depth 0.39m, slightly			pits. Finds:
4050	settled down from (1359),	4055	deeper than other features	512021212	F.40	Burnt animal
1358	charcoal, Roman pottery	1357	nearby	5 to 6 similar features in a line	F48	bones an



		Em				
		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
			NE-SW suboval, irregular base, concave steep sides,			
	Dark brown-black silty clay,		feature length 1.65m, width			Cluster of oval
	abundant small to large		0.9m, depth 0.39m, slightly			pits. Finds:
1250	stones, chalk inclusions,	1257	deeper than other features	E to 6 similar factures in a line	E40	Burnt animal
1359	charcoal	1357	nearby NW-SE curvilinear, irregular	5 to 6 similar features in a line	F48	bones an
	Light beigish brown silty clay,		base, concave side,			
	moderate subangular burnt		moderate slope, feature			Gully. Possibly
1361	stones (20%), charcoal flecks, pottery	1360	length >0.80m, width 0.26m, depth 0.27m	Truncated gully of roundhouse to west of area 1	F69	part of roundhouse.
1301	pottery	1300	N-S curvilinear, irregular	to west of area 1	F09	Touridriouse.
	Light blackish brown silty clay,		base, concave side,			
	moderate subrounded stones		moderat slope, length			Gully. Possibly
1363	(25%), charcoal flecking,	1362	>0.60m, width 1.5m, depth 0.28m	Roundhouse gully, same as [1360] but less in width	F69	part of roundhouse.
1303	pottery	1302	Irregular, sub-circular,	[1360] but less in widin	F09	Touridriouse.
			located within group F20,			
			irregular base and side,			
1365	Mid greyish brown silty clay	1364	feature length 0.5m, width 0.44m, depth 0.19m	Pit or natural feature	1364	OWN GROUP
1303	wild greyish brown silty clay	1304	NE-SW aligned, oval, flat	Fit of flatural feature	1304	Cluster of oval
	Dark greyish brown clayey silt,		base, straight sides, steep			pits. Finds:
	frequently stones, flint, sparse		slope, feature length 2.50,	Similar to pits in vicinity [1345],		Burnt animal
1367	charcoal flecks, pottery	1366	width 0.80m, depth 0.48m NE-SW aligned, oval, flat	[1357], [1350]	F48	bones an Cluster of oval
	Mid reddish brown silty clay,		base, straight sides, steep			pits. Finds:
	frequent stones, sparse		slope, feature length 2.50,	Similar to pits in vicinity [1345],		Burnt animal
1368	charcoal, pottery	1366	width 0.80m, depth 0.48m	[1357], [1350]	F48	bones an
			NE-SW aligned, oval, flat base, straight sides, steep			Cluster of oval pits. Finds:
			slope, feature length 2.50,	Similar to pits in vicinity [1345],		Burnt animal
1369	Mid greyish red clay	1366	width 0.80m, depth 0.48m	[1357], [1350]	F48	bones an
			Oval, shallow, flat base,			
	Light greyish brown silty clay, rare small subangular stones,		concave sides, steep slope, feature length 1.90m, width			
1371	no finds	1370	0.54m, depth 0.32m		1370	OWN GROUP
			Oval, shallow, flat base,			
	Dark brown silty clay, rare		concave sides, steep slope,			
1372	small rounded stones, no finds, charcoal inclusions	1370	feature length 1.90m, width 0.54m, depth 0.32m		1370	OWN GROUP
1012	iniae, chareea molaciene	1070	SE to SW, sub-oval,		1070	own ontoo
			undulating base, concave			
	Light blackish grey silty clay		sides, feature length	\\(\lambda \); this trusported roundhouse		
1374	10% subrounded stones, burnt, charcoal flecking	1373	0.70m+, width 0.42m, depth 0.20m	Within truncated roundhouse [1360] and [1363]	1373	OWN GROUP
	Zami, and odd nooming	10.0	NW-SE, irregular oval, flat	[1000] a.i.a [1000]	10.0	om ones.
			base, concave steep side,			Cluster of oval
	Mid grey-red silty clay, 15% coarse gravel, moderate		feature length approx. 4.8m, widht 0.7m, depth	Near cluster of small pits, W of		pits. Finds: Burnt animal
1376	charcoal, moderate compact	1375	0.28m	F48, N of furrow	F48	bones an
_	Mid blackish brown silty clay			·		-
	with grey hue, 25%		NW-SE, irregular oval, flat			Olivet and
	subrounded to subangular coarse gravel, abundant		base, concave steep side, feature length approx.			Cluster of oval pits. Finds:
	charcoal, burnt stone, baked		4.8m, widht 0.7m, depth	Near cluster of small pits, W of		Burnt animal
1377	clay, finds	1375	0.28m	F48, N of furrow	F48	bones an
			NW-SE curvilinear, irregular			
	Light beigish pink silty clay,		base, concave side, moderate slope, feature			Gully. Possibly
	sparse subrounded stones		length >0.80m, width	Truncated gully of roundhouse		part of
1378	(10%), charcoal flecks	1360	0.26m, depth 0.27m	to west of area 1	F69	roundhouse.
			Curvilinear, concave base,			
			irregular, moderate to steep sides, feature lenth 1.0m+,			Roundhouse
1380	Mid red-blueish red silty clay	1379	width 0.65m, depth 0.21m	Ring gully of roundhouse	F47	gully.
	Mid greyish brown silty clay		Curvilinear, concave base,			
1201	with red hue, sparse charcoal,	1270	irregular, moderate to steep	Ping gully of roundhouse	E47	Roundhouse
1381	moderately compact, no finds	1379	sides, feature lenth 1.0m+,	Ring gully of roundhouse	F47	gully.

		Fill				
Donocit	Fill Description	of	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O	Group Interpretation
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description width 0.65m, depth 0.21m	Cut interpretation	Group	interpretation
			NW-SE linear, flat base,			NW-SE linear
	Mottled dark brown silty clay		irregular sides, shallow,			RB ditch. Finds:
	with light grey, animal bones,		feature length 10m+, width			Animal bones,
1383	fairly compact	1382	1.4m depth 0.6m		F11	animal
	Light grey silty clay with occasional dark orange mottle,		NW-SE linear, flat base,			NW-SE linear
	rare subrounded to subangular		irregular sides, shallow,			RB ditch. Finds:
	gravel, rare charcoal, burnt		feature length 10m+, width			Animal bones,
1384	stone	1382	1.4m depth 0.6m		F11	animal
	Dark red-brown silty clay, rare					NW-SE linear
	subangular gravel, rare		W-E linear, flat to concave			RB ditch. Finds:
1386	charcoal, no finds, fairly compact and homogenous	1385	base, feature length 10,+, width 1.3m, depth 0.6m		F11	Animal bones, animal
1000	Mottled dark orange brown	1000	width 1.5m, depth 6.6m			animai
	with light grey silty clay,					NW-SE linear
	frequent subrounded gravel,		W-E linear, flat to concave			RB ditch. Finds:
	rare charcoal, burnt stone, not		base, feature length 10,+,			Animal bones,
1387	very compact, similar to (1383)	1385	width 1.3m, depth 0.6m		F11	animal
	Mottled grey orange silty clay, frequent subrounded to					
	subangular gravel, rare		N-S linear, shallow, feature			
	charcoal, no finds, fairly loose		length 10m+, width 1.8m,			
1389	and homogenous	1388	depth 0.2m	Cutting F77 at east of site	1388	OWN GROUP
	Dark reddish brown sandy clay					
	with greyish brwon mixed in,					
	occasional rounded and subangualr pebbles, charcoal,		NW-SE linear, flat base,			NW-SE linear
	pottery, possibley mixture of		straight steep sides, v-	Truncated by re-cut [1392],		RB ditch. Finds:
	natural and redeposited		shaped, feature length 5m+,	creates a shoulder at the top of		Animal bones,
1391	natural	1390	width 2.30m, depth 0.87m+	[1390]	F11	animal
			NW-SE linear, concave			NW-SE linear
			base and sides, moderate			RB ditch. Finds:
1393		1392	slope, feature length 5m+, width 2.30m, depth 0.87m+	Recut	F11	Animal bones, animal
1393	Ligth grey sandy clay with	1392	width 2.30m, depth 0.87m+	Necut	ГП	ariiriai
	reddish brown and yellow		NW-SE linear, concave			NW-SE linear
	inclusions, rare subrounded		base and sides, moderate			RB ditch. Finds:
	and subangular pebbles,		slope, feature length 5m+,			Animal bones,
1394	charcoal, pottery,	1392	width 2.30m, depth 0.87m+	Recut	F11	animal
	Mid greyish brown sandy clay with orange sandy inclusions,		NW-SE linear, concave			NW-SE linear
	frequent subrounded to		base and sides, moderate			RB ditch. Finds:
	subangular pebbles, charcoal,		slope, feature length 5m+,			Animal bones,
1395	pottery	1392	width 2.30m, depth 0.87m+	Recut	F11	animal
	Mid greyish brown snady clay					
	with yellow and brown inclusions, occasional rounded		NW-SE linear, concave			NW-SE linear
	and subangular pebbles,		base and sides, moderate			RB ditch. Finds:
	charcoal, slightly lighter than		slope, feature length 5m+,			Animal bones,
1396	natural and more sand	1392	width 2.30m, depth 0.87m+	Recut	F11	animal
			E-W curvilinear, flat base,			
	Mid brown alay with arrange		concave steep sides,			
	Mid brown clay with orange hue, rare unsorted stones,		feature length 0.9m+, width 0.37m, depth 0.2m, close to			Roundhouse
1398	charcoal fleck	1397	F48	Roundhouse ring gully terminus	F47	gully.
		120.	E-W curvilinear, flat base,		1	Jy.
			concave steep sides,			
	Light brown silty clay with		feature length 0.9m+, width			_
1200	grey/yellow hue, rare unsorted	1207	0.37m, depth 0.2m, close to	Poundhouse ring guilly terming	F47	Roundhouse
1399	stones, chalk flecks, charcoal	1397	F48 Circular, flat base, concave	Roundhouse ring gully terminus	Г41	gully.
	Light greyish brown sandy		steep sides, feature			
	clay, rare small subangular		diameter 0.60m, depth			
1401	stone, no finds	1400	0.12m		1400	OWN GROUP
	Litabet conflict the State of t		NE-SW irregular in plan and			
	Light yellowish grey silty clay,		section, concave sides,	Possible gully sould be remaint		
1403	2% pebbles, possible flint debitage, homogenous fill	1402	moderate slope, feature length >2.2m, width 0.41m,	Possible gully, could be remnant of heavily truncated gully	1402	OWN GROUP
. 100	_ === nago, nomogonoao iiii	1.02	.ogar - E.E.m, Widai O. Tilli,	JJarny danoatou guny	1.02	3111 311001



		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
			depth 0.13m Curvilinear, concave base,			
			irregular sides with			
			moderate to steep slope,			
1405	Mid red silty clay, no finds	1404	feature width 0.65m, depth 0.20m	Ring gully of roundhouse	F47	Roundhouse gully.
1403	Iviid red siity clay, no nnds	1404	Curvilinear, concave base,	King guily of roundhouse	147	gully.
			irregular sides with			
	Mid greyish brown silty clay, sparse small subangular		moderate to steep slope, feature width 0.65m, depth			Roundhouse
1406	stones, sparse charcoal	1404	0.20m	Ring gully of roundhouse	F47	gully.
	, ,		SW-NE curvilinear, u-			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Mid brown slightly sandy clay		shaped base, concave steep sides, feature width			
	with orange hue, rare charcoal		0.44m, depth 0.08m, cut by			Roundhouse
1408	flecks	1407	furrow	Ring gully of roundhouse	F47	gully.
	Mid brown sith, slovewith		S-N curvilinear, flat base, concave sides, moderate			Roundhouse
1410	Mid brown sitly clay with orange hue, one piece of flint	1409	slope	Roundhouse	F47	gully.
			NE-SW linear, irregular			SW-NE linear
	Mid organgey grey silty sand,		base, straight moderate			beneath furrow.
1412	7% pebbles and rounded stones, no finds	1411	slope, feature width 1.17m, depth 0.37m	Possible animal enclosure	F10	Finds: burnt and unbox
	Mid orangey grey silty clay,		Sub-cirbular, flat base	i oddiolo driimar chelocare	1 10	and and on
	frequent subrounded and		straight steep sides,			
1414	rounded stones, charcoal, no finds, firm compaction	1413	diameter 1.56m, depth 0.30m		1413	OWN GROUP
	Mid grey-brown silty clay with		N-S linear, flat base,		1110	- CTIT CITCO!
	orange/red flecks, 10%		concave side with moderate			Object Pages
1416	subangular and subrounded coarse gravel, charcoal	1415	slope, width 0.88m, depth 0.16m	Terminus of gully, but by furrow,	F51	Short linear. Cut by F25.
1410	Light orangey brown silty clay,	1410	0.10111	Terrimas or garry, but by furrow,	101	Out by 1 20.
	very sparse subrounded		N-S sub-circular, undulating	West of area1, possibly related		
1418	stones (2%), charcoal flecks, no finds	1417	base, straight steep sides, width 0.48m, depth 0.22m	to postholes to southwest, this feature particular isolated	1417	OWN GROUP
			NNE-SSW curvilinear,	- Containe particular isolated	1	01111 011001
			concave base and sides,	Maradan avenue (m. 1. 500 in		
	Light orangey grey silty clay,		shallow, feature length >3m, widht 0.36m, depth	Meanders away from F20 in approximate s-shape, similar to		
1420	10% gravel	1419	0.06m, diffuse boundary	gully [1354]	1419	OWN GROUP
	Mid yellowish brown sandy		NE-SW linear, concave base and side, moderate	Component of F11 and F25,		NW-SE linear
	clay with grey inclusions, occasional rounded and sub-		slope, width 1.8m, depth	earliest cut in sequenze, cut by		RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones.
1422	angular pebbles, charcoal	1421	0.72m	[1424]	F11	animal
	Mid reddish brown sandy clay		NE-SW linear, concave	Component of E44 and E05		NW-SE linear
	with mid grey inclusions and orange sand, charcoal, animal		base and side, moderate slope, width 1.8m, depth	Component of F11 and F25, earliest cut in sequenze, cut by		RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones,
1423	bones	1421	0.72m	[1424]	F11	animal
	Mid grey sandy clay with brown and orange sand,			Component of F11 and F25,		NW-SE linear RB ditch. Finds:
	occaisonal rounded and		NW-SE linear, irregular side	shallower than [1421], cut by		Animal bones,
1425	subangular pebbles, charcoal	1424	and base, cut by landdrain	recut [1426]	F11	animal
	Light grey sandy clay with brown and orange sand,					NW-SE linear
	occasional rounded and					RB ditch. Finds:
	subangular pebbles, pottery		NE-SW linear, concave	Recut of ditch [1421], cuts		Animal bones,
1427	and charcoal	1426	base, irregular sides	[1424]	F11	animal
	Light pinkish white silty clay, sparse subrounded pebbles		NW-SE linear, shallow, concave steep sides, width			
1429	(5%), charcoal flecks, no finds	1428	1m+, depth 0.21m	Terminus, cutts F25	1428	OWN GROUP
			N-S linear, relationship slot,			NW-SE smaller
	Light yellowish grey silty clay,		width 1m, depth 0.44m. Ditch [1308] cuts ringgully	Ditch containing three distinct		enclosure ditch. Finds: Animal
1430	3% small pebbles, no finds	1308	[1306] clearly visible in plan	fills	F18	bones
			N-S linear, relationship slot,			NW-SE smaller
	Mid reddish brown silty clay,		width 1m, depth 0.44m. Ditch [1308] cuts ringgully	Ditch containing three distinct		enclosure ditch. Finds: Animal
1431	2% pebbles, lens of red clay	1308	[1306] clearly visible in plan	fills	F18	bones
1433	Light greyish brown silty clay,	1432	NE-SW linear, flat base,	Boundary or major drainage	F25	NE-SW ditch

		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	rare small subangular stones,		concave steep sides,	ditch running across the site		enclosure.
	no finds		feature length >50m, width 0.30m, depth 0.75m			Finds: Animal bone, pottery
			NE-SW linear, flat base,			NE-SW ditch
	Mid greyish brown silty clay,		concave steep sides,			enclosure.
	rare medium rounded pebbles,		feature length >50m, width	Boundary or major drainage		Finds: Animal
1434	animal tooth	1432	0.30m, depth 0.75m	ditch running across the site	F25	bone, pottery NE-SW ditch
			NE-SW linear, flat base, concave steep sides,			enclosure.
	Mid greyish brown clay, rare		feature length >50m, width	Boundary or major drainage		Finds: Animal
1435	chalk inclusions, no finds	1432	0.30m, depth 0.75m	ditch running across the site	F25	bone, pottery
			W-E linear, flat base,			Linear adjacent
	Dark brownish red clay, rare subrounded gravel, rare		stepped side, shallow, feature length 10m+, width			to F11. NW-SE Finds: Animal
1437	charcoal	1436	1.7m, depth 0.4m	Unknown usage	F49	bones
	Mid reddish brown silty clay,		W-E linear, flat base,			Linear adjacent
	frequent subangular to		stepped side, shallow,			to F11. NW-SE
1 1 2 0	subrounded gravel, rare	1426	feature length 10m+, width	Linkneyen years	F49	Finds: Animal
1438	charcoal, no finds Mid reddish brown silty clay,	1436	1.7m, depth 0.4m W-E linear, flat base,	Unknown usage	F49	bones Linear adjacent
	frequent subangular to		stepped side, shallow,			to F11. NW-SE
	rounded gravel, rare charcoal,		feature length 10m+, width			Finds: Animal
1439	no finds	1436	1.7m, depth 0.4m	Unknown usage	F49	bones
	Light grey brown silty clay, frequent subround to		W-E linear, flat base,			Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE
	subangular gravel, rare		stepped side, shallow, feature length 10m+, width			Finds: Animal
1440	charcoal, no finds	1436	1.7m, depth 0.4m	Unknown usage	F49	bones
-			Curvilinear, concave base,			
			irregular, moderate to steep			
4.440	Maria and alternation		sides, feature width 0.6m,	Dia a sulli	F 47	Roundhouse
1442	Mid red silty clay Mid greyish brown silty clay,	1441	depth 0.23m Curvilinear, concave base,	Ring gully	F47	gully.
	sparese small to medium sized		irregular, moderate to steep			
	subrounded to subangular		sides, feature width 0.6m,			Roundhouse
1443	stones, sparse charcoal	1441	depth 0.23m	Ring gully	F47	gully.
	Dark reddish brown silty clay,		O Ni sada sasal sasaldaksis s			
	sparse subrounded stones (40%), charcoal flecks, pottery		S-N sub-oval, undultaing base, straight steep side,			
1445	burnt stone	1444	length 0.40m, depth 0.25m	SW of area 1	1444	OWN GROUP
			Curvilinear, concave base,			
			irregular sides, moderate			
4 4 4 7	Maria and alternation	4440	slope, width 0.30m, depth	Dia a sulli	F 47	Roundhouse
1447	Mid red silty clay	1446	0.16m Curvilinear, concave base,	Ring gully	F47	gully.
	Mid greyish brown silty clay,		irregular sides, moderate			
	sparse small stones, sparse		slope, width 0.30m, depth			Roundhouse
1448	charcoal, no finds	1446	0.16m	Ring gully	F47	gully.
	Mid brown silty clay with orange hue, few small stones,		N-S curvilinear, u-shaped, concave sides, moderate	Torminus of ring gully of		Roundhouse
1450	unsorted, charcoal flecks	1449	slope	Terminus of ring gully of roundhouse	F47	gully.
1 100	uncertou, charcoar nocho	1110	Curvilinear, concave base,	Touristicas	1	guny.
			irregular sides, moderate			
			slope, feature width 0.30m,			Roundhouse
1452	Mid red silty clay Mid greyish brown silty clay,	1451	depth 0.11m+ Curvilinear, concave base,	Ring gully	F47	gully.
	sparse small subangular and		irregular sides, moderate			
	subrounded stones, sparse		slope, feature width 0.30m,			Roundhouse
1453	charcoal	1451	depth 0.11m+	Ring gully	F47	gully.
	Dark greyish black silty clay,		N-S sub-oval, irregular			
1155	5% subrounded stones,	1454	base, straight sides,	Very shallow feature with	1454	OWN CECTS
1455	abudant charcoal	1454	shallow, depth 0.1m+ SW-NE sub-oval,	abundant charcoal	1454	OWN GROUP
			undulating base, straight			
	Light pinkish brown silty clay,		sides, shallow, feature			
1457	subrounded stones 5%	1456	depth 0.15m+	Shallow feature	1456	OWN GROUP
	Bid grey brwon silty clay with		N-S linear, concave base	East part of area 1, south of and		
	red hue and orange brown		and sides, steep slope,	cut by F25, no evidence beyond		
1/50	flecks, small amount of charcoal	1/50	feature length 10m+, width	F25 to north, cut by furrow to south andcontinues, terminates	1/59	OWN GROUP
1459	CHalCOal	1458	0.55m, 0.22m	south andcontinues, terminates	1458	OWN GROUP



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		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	Mid greyish brown silty clay,		N-S linear, concave base,	at spread, similar feature to east		
	frequent subangular, angular		straight steep sides, feature			
	and subrounded stones,		width 0.54m, depth 0.12m,			
1461	sparse charcoal flecks, no finds	1460	not clear where it terminates		1460	OWN GROUP
	Light orangey brown silty clay,					
	moderate subrounded stones (5%), charcoal flecking, no		E-W sub-oval, undulating base, straight steep sides,	Feature deeper than others in		
1463	finds	1462	feature depth 0.30m+	area, relationship unclear	1462	OWN GROUP
		-	N-S linear, concave sides,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	
			moderate slope, feature length >1m, width 0.6m,	Shallow feature south of spread		
	Mid brown clay, flecks of		depth 0.2m, looks like	[1469], potentially joins gully		
1465	charcoal, similar to (1464)	1464	terminus in section	[1466] north of spread	1464	OWN GROUP
	Brownish pink clay, many		N-S linear, concave steep sides, feature width 0.5m,	Shallow feature similar to gully		
1467	charcoal flecks	1466	depth 0.15m	[1464], north of spread [1469]	1466	OWN GROUP
	Mid brown clay, charcoal		N O l'accessor at a constitution			
	flecks, same feature as [1464]?, not connected in plan,		N-S linear, concave steep sides, feature width 0.5m,	Shallow feature similar to gully		
1468	similar fills (1468) and (1465)	1466	depth 0.15m	[1464], north of spread [1469]	1466	OWN GROUP
			Irrogular aballous facture	Spread of Roman artefacts		Finds: Pottery (bases, rims,
	Brownish pink clay, small		Irregular, shallow, feature length 2.10m, width > 1m,	(pottery, burnt stones) cuts gully [1466] on north side, cut by pit		various styles),
1470	flecks of charcoal	1469	depth 0.3m	[1474] on south side	F45	iron
			Irregular, shallow, feature	Spread of Roman artefacts (pottery, burnt stones) cuts gully		Finds: Pottery (bases, rims,
	Greenish licht grey clay, flecks		length 2.10m, width > 1m,	[1466] on north side, cut by pit		various styles),
1471	of charcoal	1469	depth 0.3m	[1474] on south side	F45	iron
	Mottled pinky grey clay, small medium angular stones,			Spread of Roman artefacts		Finds: Pottery
	charoal flecks, pottery, burnt		Irregular, shallow, feature	(pottery, burnt stones) cuts gully		(bases, rims,
4.470	stones, stamped samian ware,	4.400	length 2.10m, width > 1m,	[1466] on north side, cut by pit	E45	various styles),
1472	iron nail	1469	depth 0.3m	[1474] on south side Spread of Roman artefacts	F45	iron Finds: Pottery
	Dark grey clay, same as		Irregular, shallow, feature	(pottery, burnt stones) cuts gully		(bases, rims,
1473	(1472), abundant pottery, burnt stones, charcaol	1469	length 2.10m, width > 1m, depth 0.3m	[1466] on north side, cut by pit [1474] on south side	F45	various styles), iron
1473	Stories, charcaoi	1409	Circular, flat base, straight	[1474] OH SOULH SIDE	145	IIOII
			sides, moderate slope,			
1475	Brownish pink clay, small flecks of charcoal	1474	length 3.35m, width 1.0m, depth 0.3m	Feature cuts gully [1464] and spread [1469]	1474	OWN GROUP
1470	neono di diarecai	1474	Circular, flat base, straight	Spread [1400]	1474	OWIT CITOCI
			sides, moderate slope,	Facture and multi-14 4041 and		
1476	Light grey clay, pottery	1474	length 3.35m, width 1.0m, depth 0.3m	Feature cuts gully [1464] and spread [1469]	1474	OWN GROUP
	g . g . yy, py		Circular, concave base,	1 222 1 271		
	Browny pink clay, flecks of		straight steep sides, feature length 0.14m, width 0.25m,			
	charcoal, near F45, silting to		depth 0.16m, identified by	Located just on the north edge		
1478	the north of fill (1471)	1477	packing stones	of spread [1469]	1477	OWN GROUP
	Dark grey clay, medium		Circular, concave base, straight steep sides, feature			
	angular stone in section-		length 0.14m, width 0.25m,			
1470	possibly packing stones,	1 477	depth 0.16m, identified by	Located just on the north edge	1.477	OWN CDOUR
1479	charcoal at base	1477	packing stones W-E to N-S corner bend,	of spread [1469]	1477	OWN GROUP Linear adjacent
	Mid reddish brown silty clay,		concave base and side,			to F11. NW-SE.
1481	rare subangular stones and charcoal, no finds	1480	shallow, feature width 1.2m, depth 0.3m		F49	Finds: Animal
1401	Gnarcoai, no mus	1400	W-E to N-S corner bend,		F49	bones Linear adjacent
			concave base and side,			to F11. NW-SE.
1482	Light yellow grey silty clay,	1480	shallow, feature width 1.2m, depth 0.3m		F49	Finds: Animal
1402	frequent stones, rare charcoal Mid grey-brown silty clay with	1400	N-S linear, concave base		148	bones
	red/brown flecks, 15%		and side, moderate to steep			
1484	subangular coars gravel, pottery, some charcoal,	1483	slope, feature length >10m, width 0.74m, depth 0.33m,	Cut by F25 at N end	1483	OWN GROUP
	pottory, como onarodal,			1 Jacoby 1 20 at 14 ona	1 100	1 31111 011001

		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	heterogenous, moderate compaction		symetrical, interface with natural mixed, slightly wider at north end			
	Mid yellow-red silty clay, frequent subangular gravel, rare charcoal, burnt clay, not very compact and		N-S terminus, flat base, straight sides, shallow, feature length 10m+, width	Terminus, eroded away at this		Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE. Finds: Animal
1486	homogenous	1485	1m, depth 0.1m	point	F49	bones
1488	Mid orangey grey silty clay, 3% limestone, bone, flint, pottery	1487	E-W linear, u-shaped, stepped sides, moderate slope, width 1m+, depth 1.05m, running across area 1	Possible animal enclosure	F25	NE-SW ditch enclosure. Finds: Animal bone, pottery
1489	Orangey brown sandy clay 2% pebbles, pottery	1487	E-W linear, u-shaped, stepped sides, moderate slope, width 1m+, depth 1.05m, running across area 1	Possible animal enclosure	F25	NE-SW ditch enclosure. Finds: Animal bone, pottery
1490 1491						
1491						
1493	Mid yellowish brown sandy clay, 2% sandstone	1487	E-W linear, u-shaped, stepped sides, moderate slope, width 1m+, depth 1.05m, running across area	Possible animal enclosure	F25	NE-SW ditch enclosure. Finds: Animal bone, pottery
	Mid yellow brown sandy clay,		E-W linear, u-shaped, stepped sides, moderate slope, width 1m+, depth 1.05m, running across area			NE-SW ditch enclosure. Finds: Animal
1494	2% sandstone	1487	W-E then N-S bend, flat to	Possible animal enclosure	F25	bone, pottery
1496	Mid orange-brown clay, rare subangular gravel, rare charcoal, no finds	1495	concave base, straight sides, moderate slope, feature length 10m+, width 1.1m, depth 0.3m	Corner bend, close to F11	F49	Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE. Finds: Animal bones
1497	Dark grey silty clay with orange and black mottle, rare subangular gravel, rare charcoal, pottery	1495	W-E then N-S bend, flat to concave base, straight sides, moderate slope, feature length 10m+, width 1.1m, depth 0.3m	Corner bend, close to F11	F49	Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE. Finds: Animal bones
1499	Mid orangey brown silty clay, angular small stones (1%), no finds	1498	E-W linear, flat base, concave sides, moderate to steep sides, feature length >20m, width 0.45m, depth 0.2m	Cuts ditch [1500], which runs in right angle to and contemporary with [1498]	F54	Gully. Parallel to F53. Finds: Animal bones, potte
1501	Mid orangey grey silty clay, small angular stones (2%), small pottery fragments	1500	N-S linear, straight steep sides, feature length > 150m, width >1m, depth 0.45m	Similar pottery as F54	F11	NW-SE linear RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones, animal
4500	Mid orange red silty clay, rare subangular gravel, rare	4500	N-S linear, concave side and base, moderate slope, feature length 10m+, width	T	F40	Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE. Finds: Animal
1503	charcoal, fo finds Dark brown silty clay with	1502	1.5m, depth 0.35m	Terminus, runs parallel to furrow	F49	bones
1504	mottles fo black and orange, common subrounded gravel, common charcoal, pottery and CBM	1502	N-S linear, concave side and base, moderate slope, feature length 10m+, width 1.5m, depth 0.35m	Terminus, runs parallel to furrow	F49	Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE. Finds: Animal bones
1505	Dark brown silty clay with mottles of black, rare subangular gravel, burnt stone,	1500	N-S linear, concave side and base, moderate slope, feature length 10m+, width	Terminus runo perellel to furcio	E40	Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE. Finds: Animal
1505	common charcoal,	1502	1.5m, depth 0.35m E-W linear, flat base,	Terminus, runs parallel to furrow	F49	bones Linear gully W-
1507	Orange grey silty clay, 2% pebbles, stones, pottery	1506	stepped side, moderate slope, feature width 0.9m, depth 0.43m		F53	E. East of F11. Finds: Animal bone,
	Dark black-brown silty sand,		E-W linear, u-shaped,			Linear gully W-
1509	1% pebbles, pottery, burnt	1508	straight sides, moderate		F53	E. East of F11.



		Fill				
		of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description stone bone, charcoal	cut	Cut Description slope, feature width 0.26m,	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation Finds: Animal
	Storie borie, criarcoai		depth 0.20m			bone,
			NW-SE linear, concave			,
	Mid reyish red silty clay with yellow brwon flecks,		base and sides, moderate slope, feature length 10m+,			Gully. Parallel
	subrounded, subangular		width 1.02m, depth 0.35m,			to F53. Finds:
	coarse gravel (15%), charcoal,		deeper in NW (possible	South of F53 on similar		Animal bones,
1511	compact, heterogenous	1510	truncation) NW-SE linear, concave	orientation	F54	potte
	Mid brown-grey silty clay with		base and sides, moderate			
	yellow/brown flecks, 15%		slope, feature length 10m+,			Gully. Parallel
	coarse gravel, charcoal, burnt stone, pottery, compact,		width 1.02m, depth 0.35m, deeper in NW (possible	South of F53 on similar		to F53. Finds: Animal bones,
1512	heterogenous	1510	truncation)	orientation	F54	potte
	Mid reddish brown clayey silt,		ŕ			
	rare subangular stones,		E-W semi-circular, irregular			Gully. Parallel
	common charcoal flecking rare pottery and degraded bone,		base, straight sides, moderate slope, feature	Terminus, disturbance by tree		to F53. Finds: Animal bones,
1514	interface with natural diffuse	1513	width, 1.42m, depth 0.3m	roots	F54	potte
	12-64		NW-SE aligned, straight	Out dish ME103		0.11. 5
	Light greyish brwon clayey silt, moderate subangular stones,		steep sides, feature length 5m+, depth 0.3m, only one	Cuts ditch [1513], cut by sanddrain, no relationship visible		Gully. Parallel to F53. Finds:
	common charcoal flecking,		edge visible due to	to [1517], continues beyond		Animal bones,
1516	rare pottery	1515	disturbance by landdrain	edge of trench to SE	F54	potte
	Light greyish brown clayey silt, moderate subangular and		E-W aligned, concave base			Gully. Parallel
	subrounded stones, common		and sides, shallow, feature			to F53. Finds:
	charcoal flecking, rare pottery,		length 10m+, width 0.57m,			Animal bones,
1518	clear interface with (1514)	1517	depth 0.15m	Terminus of shallow feature	F54	potte
	Mid orange-brown silty clay, rare subangular gravel, rare		W-E linear, flat base, straight sides, moderate			Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE.
	charcoal, no finds, fairly		slope, feature length 10,+,			Finds: Animal
1520	homogenous and compact	1519	width 0.85m depth 0.25m	Terminus	F50	bone,
	Mid grey-brown-organge silty		W-E linear, flat base, straight sides, moderate			Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE.
	clay, rare subangular gravel,		slope, feature length 10,+,			Finds: Animal
1521	common charcoal, no finds	1519	width 0.85m depth 0.25m	Terminus	F50	bone,
	Mid orango brown silty clay		E W. linear feature langth			Gully. Parallel to F53. Finds:
	Mid orange brown silty clay, small angular stones 1%,		E-W- linear, feature length 15m+, width 0.45m, depth			Animal bones,
1523	pottery	1522	0.4m	Cut by [1524]	F54	pottery
	Naid anariah basana siku alau		N-S linear, concave sides,			NW-SE linear
	Mid greyish brown silty clay with orange flecks, small		moderate slope, feature length >150m, width >1m,			RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones,
1525	angular stones (1%), pottery	1524	depth 0.57m	Cuts ditch [1522]	F11	animal
	NACA Interior		N-S linear, concave sides,			NW-SE linear
	Mid bluish grey silty clay, small angular stones (1%), burnt		moderate slope, feature length >150m, width >1m,			RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones,
1526	stones	1524	depth 0.57m	Cuts ditch [1522]	F11	animal
			N-S linear, concave sides,			NW-SE linear
	Mid orangey brown silty clay, small rounded stones (1%),		moderate slope, feature length >150m, width >1m,			RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones,
1527	homogenous	1524	depth 0.57m	Cuts ditch [1522]	F11	animal
	<u> </u>		Sub-oval, concave base			
	Dark browniah blaat: -t		and side, shallow, feature			
1529	Dark brownish black clay, abundant charcoal (60-70%)	1528	length 0.78m, width 0.5m, depth 0.08m	Function unknown	1528	OWN GROUP
	(50 . 570)		Sub-circular, concave side			
	Light volloudels every 200 ster		and base, moderate slope,			
1531	Light yellowish grey silty clay, homogenous	1530	feature diameter 0.31m, depth 0.12m	Function unclear	1530	OWN GROUP
.001	Mid brown-grey silty clay, 20%	1000	asparonem	. doutin directal	.000	3111 311301
	subrounded and subangular		NE OW III II			
	coarse gravel, moderate charcoal, burnt stone, pottery,		NE-SW curvilinear, flat base, concave side,			Shallow gully
	fragments of burnt bone,		moderate slope, feature	E end of F54 and F53, at S end		stuffed with
	moderate compaction,		length >5m, width 0.32m,	of area 1, cut by furrow and land		Roman pot- to
1533	heterogenous	1532	depth 0.03m	drain	F55	the east
1535	Mid orange-brown silty clay,	1534	W-E linear, flat base,	Gully or truncated ditch	F50	Linear adjacent

		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	rare subangular gravel, rare charcoal, no finds		stepped sides, moderate slope, feature length >10m, width 0.85m, depth 0.35m, parallel to F11			to F11. NW-SE. Finds: Animal bone,
1536	Mid grey-brown silty clay, common small subrounded gravel, rare charcoal, no finds, not very compact and homogenous	1534	W-E linear, flat base, stepped sides, moderate slope, feature length >10m, width 0.85m, depth 0.35m, parallel to F11	Gully or truncated ditch	F50	Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE. Finds: Animal bone,
1537	Dark orange-grey silty clay, common subangular gravel, charcoal, pottery glass, burnt stone	1534	W-E linear, flat base, stepped sides, moderate slope, feature length >10m, width 0.85m, depth 0.35m, parallel to F11	Gully or truncated ditch	F50	Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE. Finds: Animal bone,
	Mid grey-orange silty clay, common subangular to subrounded gravel, rare charcoal, no finds, not very		W-E linear, flat base, stepped sides, moderate slope, feature length >10m, width 0.85m, depth 0.35m,			Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE. Finds: Animal
1538 1540	Mid brown silty clay with grey hue, frequent subangular to subrounded stone (20%) poorly mixed, pottery	1534 1539	parallel to F11 N-S linear, flat base, stepped and straight sides, moderate slope, feature length >10m, width 0.74m, depth 0.25m	Gully or truncated ditch Boundary ditch	F50 F57	Parallel linear NNW-SSE. East side. Finds: pottery
1542	Pink sandy clay with reddish orange hue, possibly redeposited natural	1541	N-S linear, v-shaped, stepped in E, straight in W, moderate slope, feature length >10m, width 0.62m, depth 0.36m		F57	Parallel linear NNW-SSE. East side. Finds: pottery
1543	Mid brown silty clay with grey hue, frequent subangular and subrounded stones (20%), poorly sorted, pottery	1541	N-S linear, v-shaped, stepped in E, straight in W, moderate slope, feature length >10m, width 0.62m, depth 0.36m		F57	Parallel linear NNW-SSE. East side. Finds: pottery
1545	Mid red brown silty clay, rare subangular gravel, rare charcoal, no finds, compact and homogenous	1544	W-E to N-S linear, concave base, shallow, feature length 10m+, width 1.0m, depth 0.2m, located close to [1566] but no relationship	Bend of linear ditch	F50	Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE. Finds: Animal bone,
1546	Mid grey-brown silty clay, common subrounded gravel, rare charcoal, burnt stone, CBM	1544	W-E to N-S linear, concave base, shallow, feature length 10m+, width 1.0m, depth 0.2m, located close to [1566] but no relationship	Bend of linear ditch	F50	Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE. Finds: Animal bone,
1548	Mid grey silty clay with orange hue, rare subangular stone (10%), pottery, very compact	1547	N-S linear, curvilinear south of land drain, flat base, straight steep side, feature length 10m+, width 0.9m, depth 0.27m	Cut by furrow and land drain	F56	Parallel linear NNW-SSE. West side. Finds: pottery
	Mid grey silty clay with brown hue, rare (10%) subangular stones poorly sorted, very		N-S linear, flat base, straight steep sides, feature length >10m, width 0.76m,	Drainage/boundary ditch,		Parallel linear NNW-SSE. East side.
1550	compact, no finds Mid grey silty clay with brown hue, rare (10%) subangular stone, poorly sorted, pottery,	1549	depth 0.18, NW-SE linear, flat base, feature length 10,+, width	contemporary with [1551] Drainage/boundary ditch, cut by [1547], contemporary with [1549], cut by furrow [1557] and	F57	Finds: pottery Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE. Finds: Animal
1552	very compacted Mid brownish grey silty clay, rounded pebbles (>1%),	1551	1.94m, depth 0,27m N-S, suboval, irregular shape and sides, shallow,	land drain Pit or natural feature, function	F50	bone,
1554	charcoal (0.5%) Mid brownish grey silty clay, (1%) rounded stones, (1%)	1553	depth 0.06m E-W suboval, concave base	Shallow and linear feature,	1553	OWN GROUP
1556	charcoal, pottery, homogenous Mid brown sandy clay with a yellow hue, 50% stones,	1555	and side, moderate slope	possible remnant of gully	1555	OWN GROUP
1558 1560	mid greyish brown silty clay, no finds, homogenous	1557 1559	E-W linear irregular linear Circular/sub-circular, concave base and sides, moderate slope	Posthole or shallow pit, similar features in area	1557 1559	OWN GROUP



		E:II				
		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
1560	Dark brownish black silty clay,	1560	N-S linear, concave base, straight steep sides,	Perpendicular to beamslot [1564]		Beam slots.
1563 1565	80% charcoal	1562	straight steep sides,	[1564]	F58	Core.
	Mid reddish brown silty clay,		Sub-circular, sloping N to S,			
	rare gravel, rare charcoal, no		straight moderate to steep			
1567	finds, fairly compact, homogenous	1566	sides, feature length 2.0m, width 1.8m, depth 0.5m		1566	OWN GROUP
1307	Homogenous	1500	Sub-circular, sloping N to S,		1300	OWN CICOU
	Dark grey silty clay, common		straight moderate to steep			
1568	gravel, charcoal, pottery,	1566	sides, feature length 2.0m,		1566	OWN GROUP
1300	animal bone, burnt stone Dark blue grey silty clay with	1300	width 1.8m, depth 0.5m Sub-circular, sloping N to S,		1300	OWN GROOP
	orange mottles, common		straight moderate to steep			
4500	subangular gravel, rare	4500	sides, feature length 2.0m,		4500	014/14 0 0 0 1 1 0
1569	charcoal, pottery	1566	width 1.8m, depth 0.5m Sub-circular, sloping N to S,		1566	OWN GROUP
	Mottled grey red silty clay,		straight moderate to steep			
	common gravel, rare charcoal,		sides, feature length 2.0m,			
1570	no finds Mottled mid grey-orange silty	1566	width 1.8m, depth 0.5m		1566	OWN GROUP
	clay, common subangular to		Sub-circular, sloping N to S,			
	subrounded gravel, no finds,		straight moderate to steep			
4574	fairly homogenous and	4500	sides, feature length 2.0m,		4500	OWAL OBOUR
1571	compact	1566	width 1.8m, depth 0.5m W-E linear, concave base,		1566	OWN GROUP Linear adjacent
	Mid grey-brown silty clay,		straight sides, moderate			to F11. NW-SE.
	common gravel, rare charcoal,		slope, eastern extension of			Finds: Animal
1573	animal bone	1572	F50	Unknown date	F50	bone,
	Mid grey orange silty clay,		W-E linear, flat base, shallow, feature length			Linear adjacent to F11. NW-SE.
	common subangular gravel,		10m, width 0.65m, depth			Finds: Animal
1575	rare charcoal, no finds	1574	>0.1m	Possibly extension of F50	F50	bone,
	Mid brownish grey clay, 1%		NEE-SEE linear, concave sides and base, moderate			Thin linear turning next
	subangular course gravel,		slope, feature length >10m,	Relationship with other features		F49. Finds:
1577	loose, no finds	1576	width 0.42m depth 0.07m	unclear	F59	Pottery
	Mid busy wish such slave lands		NE-SSW linear, concave			Thin linear
	Mid brownish grey clay, loose, one piece of pottery from		base and sides, moderate slope, feature length >10m,			turning next F49. Finds:
1579	surface	1578	width 0.41m, depth 0.11m,		F59	Pottery
			NE-SW oval, flat base,			
	Dark grey clay, loose, no post		concave sides, moderate slope, feature length 0.38m,	Small and shallow truncated		
1581	pipe visible, no finds	1580	width 0.32m, depth 0.03m	feature, possibly posthole or pit	1580	OWN GROUP
	Mid grey silty clay with a brown		NW-SE linear, u-shaped,			Linear adjacent
	hue rare subangular to		straight steep sides, feature	Drainago/field houndary auto		to F11. NW-SE. Finds: Animal
1583	subrounded stones, poorly sorted, pottery	1582	length >10m, width 0.83m, depth 0.35m	Drainage/field boundary, cuts furrow and [1584] and [1586]	F50	bone,
	Mid brown silty clay with grey		SE-NW, flat base, straight		1	,
	hue, rare (3%) subangular		steep sides, feature length			
1585	stones, poorly sorted, very compact	1584	>5m, width ~0.6m, depth 0.2m	Possible drainage gully	1584	OWN GROUP
1303	Dark grey silty clay with brown	1004	0.2111	1 033ibic dramage guny	1304	OWN CITODI
	hue, common (50%)					
	subangular and subrounded stones, poorly sorted, pottery		Irregular, flat base, feature			
1587	from surface	1586	depth 0.13m	Possibly furrow	1586	OWN GROUP
			N-S linear, flat base,		1	
	Mid brown silty clay with a grey		straight steep sides, feature			Parallel linear
	hue, rare (3%) subangular to subrounded stone, poorly		length >8m, width 0.6m, depth 0.34m, cut by land	Terminus of drainage or field		NNW-SSE. East side.
1589	sorted, no finds	1588	drain and furrow	boundary ditch	F57	Finds: pottery
	Mid grey silty clay with a brown		NE-SW irregular in plan,			
	hue, infrequent (20%) subangular to subrounded		irregular base, concave sides, shallow, feature			
	stones, poorly sorted, pottery		length approx. 5.0m, width	Possibly hollow, partially		
1591	and animal bone	1590	2.52m, depth 0.2m	covered by furrow	1590	OWN GROUP
1500	Light reddish brown clayey silt,	4500	E-W aligned, sub-	Cut by modern according ME	FFF	Shallow gully
1593	rare subrounded stones,	1592	rectangular, flat base,	Cut by modern sewer in NE	F55	stuffed with

		Fill			D/0	
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
•	charcoal flecking, pottery,		stepped sides, feature			Roman pot- to
	animal bone, interface with natural diffuse		length 5m+, width 1.9m,			the east
	naturai diffuse		depth 0.65m, south edge very steep, bioturbated			
			E-W aligned, sub-			
	Mid greyish black rare		rectangular, flat base,			
	subrounded stones, common		stepped sides, feature			Shallow gully
	charcoal flecking, abundant		length 5m+, width 1.9m,			stuffed with
1594	pottery, clear interface with lower fill	1592	depth 0.65m, south edge very steep, bioturbated	Cut by modern sewer in NE	F55	Roman pot- to the east
1394	Light grey clayey silt, rare	1392	E-W aligned, sub-	Cut by modern sewer in NE	F33	tile east
	subrounded stones, common		rectangular, flat base,			
	charcoal flecking, rare pottery,		stepped sides, feature			Shallow gully
	spread or tertiary fill, paler than		length 5m+, width 1.9m,			stuffed with
1595	(1594), but no direct interface, boundaries clear	1592	depth 0.65m, south edge	Cut by modern cower in NE	F55	Roman pot- to
1595	boundaries clear	1592	very steep, bioturbated Curvilinear, concave	Cut by modern sewer in NE	FOO	the east
	Mid to pale brown grey silty		graduate sides, feature			Thin curvilinear
	clay, occasional small stones,		length >5m, width 0.35m,			enclosure
	3 burnt stones, pottery (rim		depth 0.15m, cut by sewer	Possible small enclosure ditch in		linear. Finds:
1597	sherd)	1596	and furrow	NE, possibly retated to F50	F60	Animal b
			Flat base and sides, very shallow, feature width			
			>1.5m, depth 0.2m, under			
			furrow, cut by [1680],			
			slightly sloping down to	Possible larger pit or spread, cut		
1599	Nicolar Indiana (16 and 17 and	1598	south	by [1600] to N and [1602] to SE	1598	OWN GROUP
	Nus brown grey silty clay with some brown flecks, 15%					
	coarse subrounded and		Same as 1602? circular,			
	subangular gravel, moderate		longer E-W, flat base,	Cut by furrow and spread [1598],		
	compaction, similar to (1599)		concave sides, moderate	north of small pit [1602], north of		
4004	but darker, pottery, charcoal,	4000	slope, diameter ~1.8m,	F53 and 54, in area of other	4000	OWAL OBOUR
1601	burnt stone Dark blue grey silty clay with	1600	depth 0.18m	smaller pits	1600	OWN GROUP
	brown flecks, 10% coarse		Circular, concave base and			
	subangular to subrounded		sides, slope moderate to	Cut by furrow, cuts spread		
	gravel, moderate compaction,		steep, diameter 0.6m, depth	[1598], north of small pit [1602],		
1600	heterogenous, pottery and charcoal	1600	0.4m, cut by furrow, south	north of F53 and 54, in area of	1600	OWN CROUD
1603	Mid brown-grey clay silt with	1602	side steeper	other smaller pits	1602	OWN GROUP
	orange flecks, 10% subangular					
	to subrounded smaller stones,					
	large rock at the base		Curvilinear concave base			
	(appears not deliberate), heterogenous, moderate		and sides, slope moderate to steep, diameter 0.73,	Same as [1606] and [1621], pit in core area SE of [1606] and S		
	compaction, animal teeth,		depth 0.34m, SE shallower	of [1621], W of beam slot and E		
1605	charcoal	1604	than NW	of F11	1604	OWN GROUP
	Light grey-brown clay silt with					
	some orange flecks, 15%		Circular, concave sides and			
	subrounded small stones, sparse charcoal, pottery,		base, moderate slope, diameter 0.58m, depth	NW of pit [1604], SW of pit		
	heterogenous, moderate		0.18m, SE side slightly	[1621], S of furrow, W of beam		
1607	compaction	1606	steeper	slot, shallower as [1604]	1606	OWN GROUP
			E-W linear, flat base,			
	Block shores of (000%) Is an		slightly concave sides,			Door state
1608	Black charcoal (99%), large chunks of charcoal	1564	steep (N) to moderate (S) slope		F58	Beam slots. Core.
1000	GIGINS OF CHARCOAL	1504	E-W linear, flat base,		1 30	OUIG.
			slightly concave sides,			
			steep (N) to moderate (S)			Beam slots.
1609	Mid orangey grey silty clay	1564	slope		F58	Core.
			W-E suboval, flat base,			
			straight sides, moderate slope, diameter 0.3m, depth			
	Mid grey silty clay with orange		0.1m, close to F49,			
1611	mottles, rare gravel, no finds	1610	relationship unclear		1610	OWN GROUP
	Dark brown silty clay, 3% small		Circular, irregular shape,			
1613	stones, abundant charcoal	1612	stepped sides, feature		1612	OWN GROUP



		Fill				
		of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	(50%)		diameter 0.76m, depth 0.22m			
	Mid graviah Draven silter alay		Circular, irregular shape,			
	Mid greyish Brown silty clay, 20% stones, pottery, 10%		stepped sides, feature diameter 0.76m, depth			
1614	charcoal	1612	0.22m		1612	OWN GROUP
			E-W linear, flat base,			Linear gully W- E. East of F11.
	Mid orangey brown sandy silt,		straight sides, moderate			Finds: Animal
1616	no finds	1615	slope, depth 0.22m E-W aligned linear, flat	Cut by ditch	F53	bone,
			base, straight sides,			
			moderate slope, width			Linear gully W-
	Grey brown sandy silt, 2%		0.8m, depth 0.6m, cut by furrow [1615], likely the	Drainage ditch or animal		E. East of F11. Finds: Animal
1618	sandstone, no finds	1617	same as [1506] and [1508]	enclosure	F53	bone,
			W-E sub-oval, flat base, concave to straight sides,			
			steep slope, feature length			
1620	Mid reddish brown silty clay,	1610	1.34m, width 0.69m, depth		1610	OWN CROUD
1620	1% stone inclusion, pottery Light grey-brown clay-silt, 10%	1619	0.13m		1619	OWN GROUP
	subrounded coarse gravel,		Circular, concave base and	NE of pits [1604], [1606] but not		
1622	minimal charcoal, moderate compaction	1621	side, shallow, diameter 0.63m, depth 0.1m	in alignment, S of furrow, W of beam slot in core area	1621	OWN GROUP
1022	Gempasion	1021	E-SW curvilinear, concave	South clot in core area	1021	
	Mid grov day sparse rounded		base and sides, shallow, feature length >5m, width	Shallow, probably truncated		
1624	Mid grey clay, sparse rounded gravel, sparse charcoal	1623	0.52m, depth 0.03m	feature	1623	OWN GROUP
			E-W linear, u-shaped base,			
	Light grey silty clay with yellow brown hue, rare subangular		straight sides, shallow, feature length 1.42m, width			
1626	stones, charcoal flecks	1625	0.24m, depth 0.07m	Cut by [1627]	1625	OWN GROUP
	Dark grey silty clay with black hue, rare 5% subrounded and		E-W curvilinear, u-shaped			
	subangular stones, poorly		base, straight sides,			
1628	sorted, charcoal, burnt clay	1627	moderate slope	Cuts [1625] and [1629]	1627	OWN GROUP
	Mid grey silty clay with brown		E-W oval, u-shaped base, straight sides, moderate			
4000	hue, rare subangular stone,	4000	slope, feature length 1.28m,	0 11 110071	4000	01/11/00/01/0
1630	poorly sorted, no finds	1629	width 0.48m, depth 0.17m N-S linear, flat base straight	Cut by [1627]	1629	OWN GROUP NW-SE linear
	Light grey silty clay with white		steep sides, feature length			RB ditch. Finds:
1632	hue rare (10%) subangular stones, no finds	1631	>10m, width 1.04m, depth 0.63m	Possible drainage or boundary ditch	F11	Animal bones, animal
1002		1001	N-S linear, flat base straight	GROTI	1	NW-SE linear
	Pink sandy clay with orange		steep sides, feature length	Possible drainage or boundary		RB ditch. Finds:
1633	brown hue, no inclusions, no finds	1631	>10m, width 1.04m, depth 0.63m	ditch	F11	Animal bones, animal
	Mid grey silty clay with brown		N-S linear, flat base straight			NW-SE linear
	hue, rare (5%) subangular and subrounded stones, poorly		steep sides, feature length >10m, width 1.04m, depth	Possible drainage or boundary		RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones,
1634	sorted, pottery	1631	0.63m	ditch	F11	animal
	Mid reddish brown silty clay with grey and yellow		NW-SE linear, flat base, straight steep sides, feature			NW-SE linear
	inclusions, occasional rounded		length 5m+, width 1.4m,			RB ditch. Finds:
1626	to subrounded pebbles,	1605	depth 0.73m+, N edge		F44	Animal bones,
1636	charcoal	1635	steeper NW-SE linear, flat base,		F11	animal
			straight steep sides, feature			NW-SE linear
	Mid reddish brown sandy clay, occasional rounded and		length 5m+, width 1.4m, depth 0.73m+, N edge			RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones,
1637	subrounded pebbles, charcoal	1635	steeper		F11	animal
			NW-SE linear, flat base,			NIM SE linger
	Mid yellowish brown sandy		straight steep sides, feature length 5m+, width 1.4m,			NW-SE linear RB ditch. Finds:
1600	clay, occasional rounded to	1005	depth 0.73m+, N edge		F4.4	Animal bones,
1638 1639	subangular pebbles, charcoal Light grey sandy clay with	1635 1635	steeper NW-SE linear, flat base,		F11	animal NW-SE linear
	, <u> </u>				<u> </u>	

		Fill			2/2	
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
	yellow inclusions, occasional rounded and subangular pebbles, charcoal		straight steep sides, feature length 5m+, width 1.4m, depth 0.73m+, N edge steeper			RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones, animal
	Brown pink clay, charcoal		Irregular linear, flat base, straight sides, very shallow, feature length 0.85m, width	Cut by land drain and ditch		Spread. Seals F61. Finds: pottery, burnt
1641	flecks, pottery Mid greyish brown clay,	1640	>1m, depth 0.9m Irregular linear, flat base,	[1643]	F62	stone Spread. Seals
1642	occasional rounded medium sized stone, pottery, charcoal flecks, burnt stones	1640	straight sides, very shallow, feature length 0.85m, width >1m, depth 0.9m	Cut by land drain and ditch [1643]	F62	F61. Finds: pottery, burnt stone
1644	Reddish pink clay, thickness 0.07m	1643	NW-SE linear, not fully excavated	Cuts spread [1640] and [1650]	F61	Ditch parallel to F50 + F49. Finds: Animal bone, p
	Light greyish pink clay, pottery, charcoal flecks, burnt stone,		NW-SE linear, not fully			Ditch parallel to F50 + F49. Finds: Animal
1645	animal bone Mottled light grey, pink, orange clay, occasional small angular stones, charcoal flecks, thickness 0.1m	1643	NW-SE linear, not fully excavated	Cuts spread [1640] and [1650] Cuts spread [1640] and [1650]	F61	bone, p Ditch parallel to F50 + F49. Finds: Animal bone, p
	Greyish orange clay, pottery,		NW-SE linear, not fully			Ditch parallel to F50 + F49. Finds: Animal
1647	burnt stone, charcoal flecks Dark grey clay, charcoal flecks, abundant pottery, burnt stone, thins out on southern	1643	NW-SE linear, not fully	Cuts spread [1640] and [1650]	F61	bone, p Ditch parallel to F50 + F49. Finds: Animal
1648	side of feature	1643	excavated	Cuts spread [1640] and [1650]	F61	bone, p
1649 1651	Orangey pink clay, charcoal flecks, pottery, thickness 0.7m	1650	Irregular rectangle, flat base, straight sides, shallow, feature length >3m, width >1m, depth 0.2m	Seems to extend underneath a furrow on the northern side, not fully investigated	F63	Spread/pit. Finds: Pottery, animal teeth
1652	Dark grey clay, thickness 0.16m, pottery, burnt stone	1650	Irregular rectangle, flat base, straight sides, shallow, feature length >3m, width >1m, depth 0.2m	Seems to extend underneath a furrow on the northern side, not fully investigated	F63	Spread/pit. Finds: Pottery, animal teeth
1653	Dark grey brown sandy loam, 2% charcoal flecks	1654	N-S aligned, flat base, straight sides, moderate slope, feature length 10,+, width 0.9m, depth 0.4m	Area 3	F38	NE-SW enclosure ditch. Finds: Animal bones, potter
1655	Re brown silty clayey loam, 20% charcoal flecks	1656	N-S sub-rectangular, flat base, straight steep sides, feature length 0.65m, width 2.0m, depth 0.6m	Possible shrub/tree bowl, used as pit post burning	1656	OWN GROUP
1657	Mid brown grey silty loam, with orange flecks (50%), 1% charcoal flecks	1654	N-S aligned, flat base, straight sides, moderate slope, feature length 10,+, width 0.9m, depth 0.4m	Area 3	F38	NE-SW enclosure ditch. Finds: Animal bones, potter
1658	Mid grey brown sandy clay loam, 5% subrounded pebbles, 50% charcoal flecks	1656	N-S sub-rectangular, flat base, straight steep sides, feature length 0.65m, width 2.0m, depth 0.6m	Possible shrub/tree bowl, used as pit post burning	1656	OWN GROUP
1659	Very dark brown loamy sand, 50% charcoal	1660	E-W sub-oval, irregular base and sides, shallow, length 0.30m, width 1.0m, depth 0.07m	Shrub with burnt/charred roots	1660	OWN GROUP
1661	Very dark brown, loamy sand, 50% charcoal	1662	E-W sub-oval, irregular side and base, shallow, feature length 0.30m, width 1.0m, depth 0.05m	Feature with burnt/charred roots	1662	OWN GROUP
1663	00 /0 GHAIGGAI	1002	GOPHI O.OOHI	i cature with burnyonaneu 100ts	1002	JVIIV GROUP
1664						



		Fill				
		of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	Mid grey silty clay, 3% rounded to well-rounded		E-W linear, flat base,			Linear adjacent
	coarse gravel, pottery,		concave sides, moderate			to F11. NW-SE.
1666	charcoal, moderate compaction	1665	slope, feature length >15m, width 0.78m, depth 0.4m		F50	Finds: Animal bone,
1000	Compaction	1000	W-E sub-oval, irregular,		1 00	bone,
	Dark reddish brown sandy		concave/stepped sides,			
	clay, rare (1%) stone, 20%		shallow, feature length 2.70m, width 0.7-0.8m,			
1668	charcoal, animal bone, pottery	1667	depth 0.20m		1667	OWN GROUP
			E-W linear, concave side and base, moderate slope,	Small ditch, possibly contemporary to [1672], cuts		
			feature length >1.5, width	[1669], cut by N-S ditches [1672]		
1670		1669	>0.45m, depth 0.34m E-W linear, concave side	and [1675] Small ditch, possibly	1669	OWN GROUP
	Light grey brown silty clay with		and base, moderate slope,	contemporary to [1672], cuts		
	brown flecks, 5% coarse		feature length >1.5, width	[1669], cut by N-S ditches [1672]		
1671	gravel, charcoal, pottery Mid grey red silty clay with	1669	>0.45m, depth 0.34m	and [1675]	1669	OWN GROUP
	brown flecks, 10% coarse					
	gravel, charcoal,					
1673	heterogenous, moderate compaction	1672			1672	OWN GROUP
	Mid brown-grey silty clay with					
	brown and orange flecks, 15% coarse gravel, pottery,					
	charcoal, moderate					
1674	compaction, heterogenous	1672	N.C. lineau annous aidea		1672	OWN GROUP
	Mid brown-grey silty clay with brown and orange flecks, 15%		N-S linear, concave sides and base, steep slope,	Parallel to [1672], relationship		
	coarse gravel, charcoal,		feature length > 1.5m, width	unknown, S of furrow, W of		
1676	pottery, burnt stone	1675	>1m, depth 0.36m, Sub-oval, undulating base,	beam slot	1675	OWN GROUP
	Mid blackish grey silty clay,		straight steep sides, feature			
1682	occasional subrounded stones	1681	width 0.20m+, depth 0.14m+		1681	OWN GROUP
1002	(10%), charcoal flecking Mid blackish orange silty clay,	1001	SW-NE sub-oval,		1001	OWN GROOP
	occasional subrounded stones		undulating base, straight			
1684	(5%), charcoal flecking, no finds	1683	steep sides, feature width 0.16m+, depth 0.18m+		1683	OWN GROUP
			NW-SE curvilinear, irregular			
	Mid blackish red silty clay, moderate subrounded stones		base, concave sides, moderate to steep slope,			
	(25%), charcoal flecking,		feature width 0.52m+, depth	Possible posthole with gully		
1686	roman pottery	1685	0.31m+	cutting through	1685	OWN GROUP
	Dark grey silty clay with a brown hue, rare (5%)		E-W linear, u-shaped base,			
	subangular and subrounded		straight steep sides, feature			
1688	stone, poorly sorted, very compact	1687	length 10m+, width 1.20m, depth 0.45m	Drainage or boundary ditch, cut by furrow [1689] and land drain	1687	OWN GROUP
1000		1001	E-W irregular linear, u-	Sy tarrow [1000] and land dialit	1007	31111 011001
	Mid brown sandy clay with		shaped, concave sides,			
	yellow hue, (30%) subangular and subrounded stones, no		shallow, feature length 10m+, width 1.20m, depth			
1690	finds	1689	0.20m	Cut by land drain	1689	OWN GROUP
			Linear enclosure ditch turning to W, flat base,			
	Mid greyish brown silty clay,		concave sides, graduate			
4000	small stones, pottery, burnt	4004	slope, feature length >3.5m,		4004	OWN CDOUR
1692	stone	1691	width 0.6m, depth 0.2m E-W linear, flat base,		1691	OWN GROUP Ditch parallel to
			straight sides, moderate			F50 + F49.
1694	Light blue grey silty clay, very similar to natural, charcoal	1693	slope, width 1.3m, depth 0.5m	Possible animal enclosure	F61	Finds: Animal bone, p
1034	ominiar to natural, orial coal	1033	E-W linear, flat base,	1 OSSIDIO AHIIHAI CHOIUSUIC	1 01	Ditch parallel to
	Mid orangey brown sandy silt,		straight sides, moderate			F50 + F49.
1695	2% sandstone, charcoal, bone, pottery	1693	slope, width 1.3m, depth 0.5m	Possible animal enclosure	F61	Finds: Animal bone, p
1696	Dark reddish brown silty sand,	1693	E-W linear, flat base,	Possible animal enclosure	F61	Ditch parallel to

		Fill			P/O	Crown
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Group Interpretation
	10% pebbles, no finds		straight sides, moderate slope, width 1.3m, depth 0.5m			F50 + F49. Finds: Animal bone, p
			NE-SW linear, flat base,			bone, p
	Pale to mid orange beige silty		concave sides, moderate			
1698	clay, occasional stones, pottery	1697	slope, width >2m, depth 0.1m	Cut enclosure gully F60	1697	OWN GROUP
	•		E-W oblong, irregular base,	gan, rec		
	Dark grey black clayey silt, <1% small stones, animal		convex sides, near vertical, feature length 2.3m, width			
1700	bone, pottery	1699	0.6m, depth 0.37m		1699	OWN GROUP
			E-W oblong, irregular base,			
	Mid orangey brown sandy clay, 1% small subrounded stones,		convex sides, near vertical, feature length 2.3m, width			
1701	no finds	1699	0.6m, depth 0.37m		1699	OWN GROUP
	Mid grow brown silty alove 10/		E-W oblong, irregular base,			
	Mid grey brown silty clay, 1% large subangular stones,		convex sides, near vertical, feature length 2.3m, width			
1702	animal bone	1699	0.6m, depth 0.37m		1699	OWN GROUP
			Sub-circular, concave base and sides, moderate slope,			
			feature diameter 0.5m,	Located next to beam slot [1562]		
1704	Black, charcoal rich	1703	depth 0.17m	and [1564]	1703	OWN GROUP
	Mid orange grey silty clay mottled with dark brownish		Sub-circular, concave base and sides, moderate slope,			
	grey, charcoal (~30%),		feature diameter 0.5m,	Located next to beam slot [1562]		
1705	thickness 0.1m	1703	depth 0.17m	and [1564]	1703	OWN GROUP
	Light brown silty clay, charcoal flecks, common rounded		E-W linear, flat base, concave and stepped sides,			
1707	pebbles, no finds	1706	width 2m, depth 0.49m		1706	OWN GROUP
	Light grey clay, charcoal flecks, sandstone (c. 10%), no		E-W linear, flat base, concave and stepped sides,			
1708	finds	1706	width 2m, depth 0.49m		1706	OWN GROUP
			E-W linear, flat base,			
1709	Light grey silty clay, frequent rounded pebbles, pottery	1706	concave and stepped sides, width 2m, depth 0.49m		1706	OWN GROUP
	Mid grey mottled reddish-	1100				
	brown clay, occasional subrounded stones, burnt		Sub-circular, flat base, straight steep slope,			
1710	stone, charcoal flecks	1713	diameter 0.8m, depth 0.4m	Storage pit, cuts [1715]	1713	OWN GROUP
	Mottled reddish brown to mid	_			-	
	grey clay, occasional subrounded stones, burnt		Sub-circular, flat base, straight steep slope,			
1711	stone, charcoal	1713	diameter 0.8m, depth 0.4m	Storage pit, cuts [1715]	1713	OWN GROUP
	Sterile fill formed by silting up,		Sub-circular, flat base,			
1712	few charcoal flecks, grey clay inclusions	1713	straight steep slope, diameter 0.8m, depth 0.4m	Storage pit, cuts [1715]	1713	OWN GROUP
17.12		17.10		Cut by pit [1713], comparable to	17.10	OTHI ORGO!
1714	Mid brownish grey clay,	1715	E-W linear, concave base	adjacent feature interpreted as	1715	OWN GROUP
1714	charcoal Mid orange brown sandy clay,	1715	and sides	beam slot	1715	OWN GROUP
	<1% small subrounded stones,					a
1717	pottery	1716	N-S linear, irregular, flat to		1716	OWN GROUP
			concave base, concave			
	Mid grey red silty clay with		sides, moderate to steep			
	brown flecks, ~10% subrounded to subangular,		slope, length 1.0m, width 0.7m/1.2m, depth			
1721	coarse gravel, charcoal	1720	0.2m/0.51m,	Gully that widens into a pit	1720	OWN GROUP
			N-S linear, irregular, flat to			
	Mid brown grey silty clay with		concave base, concave sides, moderate to steep			
	brown flecks, 5% coarse		slope, length 1.0m, width			
1722	gravel, subrounded to	1720	0.7m/1.2m, depth	Gully that widons into a nit	1720	OWN CROUD
1722	subangular, charcoal Mid grey sandy clay with	1720	0.2m/0.51m, NW-SE linear, flat base,	Gully that widens into a pit	1720	OWN GROUP NW-SE linear
	brown and yellow inclusions,		straight steep sides, feature			RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones,
	occasional rounded and		length 5.0m, width 0.6m+,	Cuts ditch [1725] which seems		



		Fill				
		of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	charcoal Light grey sandy clay with					
	brown and yellow inclusions,		NE-SW linear, flat base			
	occasional rounded to		rounded steep sides,	Out he dist [4700] ()		
1726	subangular pebbles, pottery charcoal, animal bone	1725	feature length 3m+, width 1.1m+, depth 0.74m+	Cut by ditch [1723] terminates at this junction	1725	OWN GROUP
1720	Mid blackish red silty clay,	20	1. mr, dopar on mr	une juneuen	1720	- CHITCHESI
	moderate subrounded stones		E-W sub circular, undulating			
1728	(25%), charcoal flecking, burnt stone	1727	base, straight steep sides, depth 0.14m+		1727	OWN GROUP
20	Mid brown silty clay with grey		NW-SE linear, u-shaped,			
	hue, rare (1%) subangular and		concave sides, moderate			
1730	subrounded stones, poorly sorted, pottery	1729	slope, feature length >5m, width 0.67m, depth 0.21m	Drainage or boundary ditch	1729	OWN GROUP
	Dark grey silty clay with brown		NW-SE linear, flat base,	,		
	hue, frequent (50%) subangular to subrounded		concave sides, steep slope, feature length >5m, width			
1733	stones, poorly sorted, no finds	1732	0.32m, depth 0.17m	Appears to cut spread [1734]	1732	OWN GROUP
	Mid brown silty clay with grey					
	hue, frequent (20%) subangular to subrounded		Irregular shape, flat base,			
1735	stone, poorly sorted, pottery	1734	feature depth 0.27m	Dumped material	1734	OWN GROUP
	Mid business and also with		NW-SE linear, u-shaped,			
	Mid brown sandy clay with pinkish orange hue, no stone		straight sides, moderate slope, feature length >5m+,	Possible drainage ditch, cuts		
1737	inclusion, no finds	1736	width 0.45m, depth 0.32m	[1734] and [1771]	1736	OWN GROUP
	Dark grey silty clay with black hue, rare subangular to		NW-SE linear, u-shaped, straight sides, moderate			
	subrounded stones, poorly		slope, feature length >5m+,	Possible drainage ditch, cuts		
1738	sorted, no finds, very compact	1736	width 0.45m, depth 0.32m	[1734] and [1771]	1736	OWN GROUP
			E-W linear, flat base, straight sides, moderate	Stepped on one side, possible anima enclosure, possible		Gully. Parallel to F53. Finds:
	Mid greyish brown sandy silt,		slope, width 1.1m, depth	relation to larger ditch running N-		Animal bones,
1740	pottery, spindle whorl Dark grey brown clay	1739	0.45m Group of 3 stone post pads	S across site Post pads associated with	F54	pottery
	occasional stone, pottery,		with worked stone, larger	spreads of settlement to west of		
1742	occasional charcoal	1741	stones 0.5x0.4m	main enclosure	1741	OWN GROUP
			E-W linear, flat, slightly concave base, straight			
			steep sides, feature length			
			3m, width 0.47m, depth	Describle has really as a little		
1744	Black charcoal (98%)	1743	0.22m, surrounded by 0.1m of burnt clay	Possible beamslot parallel to beamslot [1564]	1743	OWN GROUP
	(0070)		E-W linear, flat, slightly			
			concave base, straight			
	Mid brownish orange silty clay		steep sides, feature length 3m, width 0.47m, depth			
4	mottled with dark brownish	1	0.22m, surrounded by 0.1m	Possible beamslot parallel to	1	014/14/2020
1745	grey, 20% charcoal Dark greyish red silty clay,	1743	of burnt clay	beamslot [1564]	1743	OWN GROUP
	10% moderate small					
	subangular and sub rounded					
1747	stones, animal bones, pottery, abundant charcoal	1746	W-E sub-oval		1746	OWN GROUP
	Dark reddish brown silty clay,	1				
1748	5% small stones, pottery, animal bone	1746	W-E sub-oval		1746	OWN GROUP
1740	amila Dule	1740	Sub-circular, flat base,		1740	OWN GROUP
	Mid grey clay with brown		straight sides, diameter		.=-:	0.000
1749	mottle	1751	0.4m, depth 0.25m Sub-circular, flat base,		1751	OWN GROUP
			straight sides, diameter			
1750		1751	0.4m, depth 0.25m		1751	OWN GROUP
	Mid orangey brown sandy clay,		NE-SW linear, irregular, slightly curved flat base,			Roundhouse
	occasional small to medium		concave sides, steep slope,			gully. Finds:
1752	sized stones, pottery, animal	1752	feature length 5m, width 0.6m, depth 0.17m	Likely to be contemporary with	Eee	Animal bone,
1753 1755	bone Mid orangey brown sandy clay,	1752	NW-SE linear, u-shaped	[1754] Contemporary to [1752], cut in	F66 F66	pottery Roundhouse
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			

Deposit	Fill Description	Fill of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
	occasional small stones, pottery		base, concave sides, steep slope, feature length 5m, width 0.5m, depth 0.17m	south by land drain and furrow		gully. Finds: Animal bone, pottery
1758	Dark grey brown clay, occasional stone, pottery, charcoal flecks	1757	Oval, shallow, concave side and base, feature length 6m, width 2m, depth 0.3m	Associated with post pads [1741], working area to west of main enclosure	1757	OWN GROUP
1760	Light grey brown clay, pottery	1759	Oval, concave side and base, shallow, feature length 0.6m, width 0.6m, depth 0.1m N-S linear, concave side	Cut for post pad, cuts pit [1757, abuts stone pad [1741]	1759	OWN GROUP NW-SE linear
1762	Light brownish grey clay, rounded pebbles, charcoal flecks	1761	and base, gentle slope, feature width 1.32m, depth 0.17m		F11	RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones, animal
1763	Brownish grey silty clay, rounded pebbles, charcoal flecks, common angular flint, no finds	1761	N-S linear, concave side and base, gentle slope, feature width 1.32m, depth 0.17m		F11	NW-SE linear RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones, animal
1765	Mid brown grey silty clay with some red flecks, <10% subrounded and subangular coarse gravel, charcoal, pottery	1764	Circular, concave base and side, steep slope, diameter 0.64m, depth 0.52m	SE of [1720], SW of beamslot in core area	1764	OWN GROUP
1766	Mid grey-red silty clay, ~10% coarse gravel, larger stone, charcoal, moderate compaction, heterogenous	1764	Circular, concave base and side, steep slope, diameter 0.64m, depth 0.52m	SE of [1720], SW of beamslot in core area	1764	OWN GROUP
1767	Mid brown-grey silty clay with some red and yellow flecks, ~10% coarse gravel, heterogenous, moderate compaction	1764	Circular, concave base and side, steep slope, diameter 0.64m, depth 0.52m	SE of [1720], SW of beamslot in core area	1764	OWN GROUP
1768	Mid brown silty clay with grey hue, rare (5%) subangular and subrounded stones, poorly sorted, no finds, very compact	1736	NW-SE linear, u-shaped, straight sides, moderate slope, feature length >5m+, width 0.45m, depth 0.32m	Possible drainage ditch, cuts [1734] and [1771]	1736	OWN GROUP
1770	Black charcoal, no stone inclusion, no finds	1769	E-W oval, u-shaped, concave steep sides, feature length 0.74m, width 0.42m, depth 0.21m	Cuts spread [1734 and cut by ditch [1736]	1769	OWN GROUP
1771	Dark grey silty clay with black hue, rare (1%) subangular to subrounded stone, poorly sorted, charcoal, animal bone	1769	E-W oval, u-shaped, concave steep sides, feature length 0.74m, width 0.42m, depth 0.21m	Cuts spread [1734 and cut by ditch [1736]	1769	OWN GROUP
1773	Light grey silty clay, 1% subrounded to rounded coarse gravel, 1% charcoal flecks, moderate compaction	1772	E-W linear, flat base, concave sides, moderate slope, feature length >10m, width 0.68m, depth 0.16m		1772	OWN GROUP
1775	Mid grey clay, 1% charcoal, moderate compaction, no finds	1774	NE-SW oval, flat base, concave sides, shallow, feature length 0.72m, width 0.43m, depth 0.07m	Adjacent to gully, relationship unknown	1774	OWN GROUP
1770	Dark reddish black silty clay, moderate subrounded stones 30%. Charcoal flecking. Pottery, burnt stone and	1770	E-W sub-oval, convex sides, shallow, irregular and undulating base. Length: +1.3m width: +1.12m thick: +0.23m	Cut of spread. Cut of very shallow spread. Roman in	1770	OWN GROUP
1779	Greyish mid brown clay. Occasional medium sized sub rounded stones. Containing	1778	NW-SE linear in plan, straight sides, shallow slope, concave base. Length: +2m width: 1.20m	Terminus of ditch. Shallow terminus of ditch F.61 that	1778	Ditch parallel to F50 + F49. Finds: Animal
1781	Mid blackish brown silty sand.	1780	depth: 0.16m E-W. Square in plan. Straight sides, moderate slope and a flat base.	Peters out in the SE.	F61	bone, p
1783	3% pebbles. Contained pottery.	1782	Length: +1m Width: 1m Depth: 0.20m	Cut of spread.	1782	OWN GROUP
1785	Light blackish white silty clay. Occasional subrounded	1784	E-W sub circular in plan. Convex sides. Moderate	Cut of shallow posthole possible related [1786] but this is	1784	OWN GROUP



		Fill			D/C	
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
	stones. 10-15%. Charcoal flecks and contained Roman pottery.		slope. Undulating base. Length: +0.35m Width: +0.30m Depth: +0.16m	unconfirmed.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1787	Light whiteish red silty clay. Occasional subrounded stones 10-15%. Containing charcoal flecking and roman pot.	1786	E-W. sub-oval in plan. Convex sides. Moderate slope. Irregular and undulating base. Length: +0.48m Width: +0.38 Depth: +0.15m	Cut of shallow posthole. Possibly related to [1784] but relation unconfirmed.	1786	OWN GROUP
1788	Dark grey clay with occasional charcoal.	1790		Post pit containing in situ post pipe 1788 with packing 1789 around it. Part of structure associated with post-pit 1751.	1790	OWN GROUP
	Mottled reddish-brown clay. Occasional small sub-rounded			Post pit containing in situ post pipe 1788 with packing 1789 around it. Part of structure	1790	OWN GROOP
1789	stones.	1790	Straight sides, concave	associated with post-pit 1751.	1790	OWN GROUP
1791	Mid mottled grey brown clay. Occasional small stones. WSW-ENE. Irregularly shaped in plan. Straight sides and irregular base. Length: 0.47m.	1792	base. 0.4m diameter. 0.4m depth.	Post hole? Partially truncated by 1790.	1792	OWN GROUP
1793	0.18m deep. Mid brown with a pink hue sandy clay. Natural redeposit, moderately compact most likely slumping of Eastern edge of feature. Could also be part of spread [1784], not	4704	N-S. Linear in plan. Straight sides, moderately sloped. Flat base. Length: +5m Width: 0.96m 0.27m. N-S running gully, possible drainage suffered slumping of E edge before being backfilled with (1800). Later recut by [1799]. Finally, a	Cut of a drainage gully deliberately backfilled with (1800) after initial slumping (1795). Layer recut by [1799]. No finds but Roman or earlier	4704	
1795	particularly clear. No finds. Light grey ashy clay. Sub angular stone well spread. Very compact shallow ash	1794	pit [1796] is cut in 0.09m deep. A Small shallow pit filled with an ashy clay, possible just ash	Cut of a pit, probably used for the disposal of ash. No finds.	1794	OWN GROUP
1797	layer. No finds. 0.11m deep. Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Devoid of stone inclusions. Contains charcoal, pottery and stone. Very compact backfill of recut [1799]. Charcoal rich, probably fire waste disposal. Pottery suggests it is Roman. Mid brown with a grey hue silt clay. 1% subangular stone inclusions. Well sorted and 5-10cm in size. Contains charcoal. Very compact backfill, possible a Recut [1799] cut into this fill. No	1796	N-S. Linear in plan, straight sides with very steep/vertical slope. Flat base. Length: +5m Width: 0.34m Depth: 0.18m.	Recut of gully [1794] in fill (1800). Backfilled with fire waste. Pottery suggests a Roman date.	1796	OWN GROUP
1800	Mid grey red silty clay. 10% sub rounded coarse gravel. Containing small amounts of charcoal. Heterogeneous, compact, no/minimal rooting, some mixing at interface with natural.	1803	N-S. Linear in plan. Concave sides with moderate sloping. Concave base. Length: +3m Width: 1.35m Depth: 0.38m. Additional: steeper on W until little extension at W edge of NE facing section. 1 degree of fill more obvious in NE facing section than SW facing	Cut of ditch.	1803	OWN GROUP
1805	Mid brown grey with orange/brown flecks. Contains charcoal, bone and pottery. Heterogenous, moderate	1803	N-S. Linear in plan. Concave sides with moderate sloping. Concave base. Length: +3m Width:	Cut of ditch.	1803	OWN GROUP

	Fill Description compaction, no/minimal rooting. Some mixing b/w (1884) (1805)	of cut	Cut Description 1.35m Depth: 0.38m. Additional: steeper on W until little extension at W edge of NE facing section. 1 degree of fill more	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
	rooting. Some mixing b/w		1.35m Depth: 0.38m. Additional: steeper on W until little extension at W edge of NE facing section.	·	•	
			until little extension at W edge of NE facing section.			
	(1884) (1805)		edge of NE facing section.			
			I acgree of fill friore			
			obvious in NE facing			
		1	section than SW facing			
			E-W. Linear in plan.			
			Concave sides, gradual			This can discuss
			slope with a flat base. Feature dimensions.			Thin curvilinear enclosure
I			Length: +3.5m Width:	Shallow enclosure gully/ditch		linear. Finds:
1807	mid brown grey silty clay.	1806	0.60m Depth: 0.2m	cut.	F60	Animal b
			NE-SW. Linear spread in			
			plan. Irregular sides with a			
	Mid grey with yellow inclusions		gentle slope. Concave base. Length: +5m Width:			
	sandy clay. Occasional		+1.7m depth: +0.3m.	Cut of spread. The spread		
	rounded and sub angular		Spread is truncated on the	continues NE but terminates at		
	pebbles. Contains burnt stone,		Eastern edge by a furrow	this point. It is also parallel to		
1809	charcoal, animal bone and pot.	1808	and the edge has been lost.	another spread to the east.	1808	OWN GROUP
	NE-SW. Linear spread. Side are irregularly shaped. Gently					
	sloped with a flat base. Dark					
	grey with yellow inclusions					
	sandy clay. Contains charcoal,					
	burnt stone, pottery, animal					
	bone and metal. Eastern edge is truncated by a furrow, so a					
	small sondage has b				F64	Spread
			E-W. Square in plan.		-	
			Straight sides with			
			moderate sloping. Flat			
			base. Length: +0.50m Width: 0.60m Depth: 0.10m.			
	Mid greyish brown silty sand.		Small ditch going east-west	Small gully. Ditch running		
	5% sandstone. Containing		across site. One small find	alongside a larger ditch to the		
1812	pottery.	1811	of pottery.	south and a number of furrows.	1811	OWN GROUP
	Length: +6m Width: +5m Depth:0.50m Dark greyish					
	brown silty clay loam. 1%					Spread/pit.
	subrounded pebbles. Contains					Finds: Pottery,
1813	5% charcoal, pot and bone.				F63	animal teeth
	Longth, Con Width, Em		E-W. Sub-oval in plan.			
	Length: +6m Width: +5m Depth: 0.50m. Red Brown clay		Concave sides. Shallow sides. Concave base.	Large shallow pit to the east of		
	loam. 5% sub rounded		Length: +6m Width: +5m	stone scattering. Possible pond.		
1814	pebbles. Contains bone.	1815	Depth: 0.50m	Silted.	1815	OWN GROUP
	!		NE-SW sub-oval in plan.			
	1		Flat base. Length: -0.8m Width: 2.2m Depth: 0.2m			
	Mid reddish brown clayey silt.		Additional: Truncated on			
	Minimal rounded stones 20-		surface by furrow to SE			
	40mm stones. Rare pottery,		meaning extent uncertain,			
	moderate charcoal flecking.		judging by shape of NW			
	Lower fill of pit, extent to be unknown as continues under		half it was probably Oval shaped. 2 fills: 1 primary, 1			
	furrow. Boundary with natural		secondary. Long and very			
	diffuse.	1816	shallow	Very long shallow pit	1816	OWN GROUP
			NE-SW sub-oval in plan.			
	1		Flat base. Length: -0.8m			
			Width: 2.2m Depth: 0.2m Additional: Truncated on			
	ı		Additional Huncated on	1		1
			surface by furrow to SF			
	Mid brown silt. Frequent		surface by furrow to SE meaning extent uncertain,			
	rounded-sub rounded stones		meaning extent uncertain, judging by shape of NW			
			meaning extent uncertain,			



		Fill				
		of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	Mid-greyish red silty clay.		shallow			
	Moderate subrounded stones		SW-NE. Subcircular in plan.	Cut of pit. Shallow. Contained		
	25-30%. Charcoal flecking,		Convex sides. Moderately	one piece of roman pot. No		
1820	Roman pottery.	1819	sloped. Irregular base.	relation to other features.	1819	OWN GROUP
	Light greyish pink clay. 1% well rounded - subrounded		NW-SE. Linear in plan.			
	coarse gravel, 1% subangular		Concave sides with a			
	cobbles. 3% sparse charcoal		shallow slope. Flat base.	Terminus of linear gully. No		
4000	flecking. 1% burnt bone. 1%	4004	Length: +5m x 0.68m x	dating evidence recovered, cut	4004	OWN CROUD
1822	shell. Moderate compaction. Mid brownish grey clay. Few	1821	0.06m.	by furrow to the SE of slot.	1821	OWN GROUP
	small stones. It contained a		NE-SW. Sub-rectangular in			
	band of charcoal		plan. Concave in shape			
	demonstrating the southern boundary which may have		varying from steep to gradual. Flat base. Length:			
	been a wooden piece as part		1m Width: 0.7m Depth:			
1823	of its inclusion.	1824	0.25m	Rubbish pit.	1824	OWN GROUP
			NW-SE. Linear in plan.			
			Concave sides, moderately sloped. Concave base.			
			Length: +2m x Width: 0.4m	Small gully in core area west of		
			Depth: 0.10m. Shallow,	beam slots, East of 2 linears		
	Mid grey brown silty clay. +		symmetrical and some	[1672] [1678]. Interaction with		
1827	10% sparse gravel subrounded sub angular.	1826	mixing of fill and natural interface.	other features in spread is not known yet.	1826	OWN GROUP
1021	mid grey brown with orange	1020	Oval in plan. Gradual slope.	Milowii yet.	1020	OWN CITOO!
	brown patches. Silty clay.		Irregular base. Diameter:			Spread/pit.
1829	Containing animal bone,	1828	0.60m Depth: 0.3m Slot in SW corner of feature 63	Midden spread cut.	F63	Finds: Pottery, animal teeth
1029	pottery, burnt stone, and tile.	1020	Sub circular in plan. Flat	wildden spread cut.	F03	animai teetii
	Mid mottled grey clay. Few		base. Diameter: 0.9m			
1830	small stones.	1832	Depth: 0.3m		1832	OWN GROUP
	Daddish brown slov Fow small		Sub circular in plan. Flat base. Diameter: 0.9m			
1831	Reddish brown clay. Few small stones.	1832	Depth: 0.3m		1832	OWN GROUP
	Length: 0.98m Width: 0.02m					
	Depth: 0.05m. Greyish brown		N-S turning to NW-SE. Side			
	slightly silty clay. Rounded pebbles (common), charcoal		shape: straight. Steep slope. Slightly curved base.	Shallow gully located within central area of site. Has been		
	flecks. Interface with natural is		Length: 0.98 Width 0.50	slightly disturbed by a furrow at		
1834	difficult to distinguish in places.	1833	Depth: 0.13.	its South end.	1833	OWN GROUP
	Dark grey slightly silty clay.		N-S turning to NW-SE. Side shape: straight. Steep	Shallow gully located within		
	Charcoal flecks, small angular stones. No archaeological		slope. Slightly curved base.	Shallow gully located within central area of site. Has been		
	finds. Length: 0.98. Width:		Length: 0.98 Width 0.50	slightly disturbed by a furrow at		
1835	0.37. Depth: 0.11m	1833	Depth: 0.13.	its South end.	1833	OWN GROUP
	Length: 0.98m x Width: 0.50m Depth:0.08m. Light brown		N-S turning to NW-SE. Side			
	clayey sand. Mixed stone		shape: straight. Steep	Shallow gully located within		
	inclusions. Only present within		slope. Slightly curved base.	central area of site. Has been		
1836	the slot for [1833] at the southern end.	1833	Length: 0.98 Width 0.50 Depth: 0.13.	slightly disturbed by a furrow at its South end.	1833	OWN GROUP
1030	N-S. Length: +0.50m Width:	1000	ւթերու մ. 13.	no South end.	1000	OVVIV GROUP
	+0.52m Depth: +0.20m Light		N-S. Sub-circular in plan.			
	greyish red silty clay.		Concave sides. Moderately	Cost of without the large on the		
	Subrounded stones (10%). Charcoal flecking. Roman		sloped. Undulating base. Length: +0.50m Width:	Cut of pit/gully. Irregular in shape and possibly truncated to		
1838	pottery.	1837	+0.52m Depth: +0.20m	the east.	1837	OWN GROUP
			N-S. Sub circular in plan.			
	Light greyish red silty clay. Sub		Moderately sloped sides.	Cut of pit To the wight of [4007]		
	rounded stones (very sparse) 5%. Charcoal flecking, roman		Undulating base. Length: +0.38m Width: +0.36m	Cut of pit. To the right of [1837]. Similar chronology to [1837] with		
1840	pottery.	1839	Depth: +0.23.	Roman pot present.	1839	OWN GROUP
1841						
	Light brown grey with some		Circular in plan. Concave	Cut of pit. Cut by gully [1845]. In		
	brown flecks. Silty clay. 10% sub rounded coarse gravel.		sides, moderately sloped. Flat/concave base.	core area spread West of beam slots; NE part of spread, E of 2		
1844	Charcoal. Heterogenous.	1843	Diameter: 0.61m Depth:	N/S linears [1672] [1675].	1843	OWN GROUP
	<u>-</u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · ·		

Deposit	Fill Description	Fill of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
	Moderate compaction. Minimal		0.12m.			
1846	Mid grey brown silty clay. 10% coarse gravel; most sub rounded some sub angular. Heterogenous. Minimal, no rooting. Some mixing at interface.	1845	NW-SE. Linear in plan. Concave sides, steeply sloped. Concave base. Symmetrical. Barely visible in plan. Mixing at interface.	Cuts through small pit [1843], only catches the edge. No easy to see in plan. Therefore, interaction of this feature with others in core confounded. NE edge of core spread. West of beam slots.	1845	OWN GROUP
1847	Mid brown-grey with brown orange flecks. Silty clay. 10%. Coarse gravel. Occasionally larger. Sub rounded and sub angular.	1845	NW-SE. Linear in plan. Concave sides, steeply sloped. Concave base. Symmetrical. Barely visible in plan. Mixing at interface.	Cuts through small pit [1843], only catches the edge. No easy to see in plan. Therefore, interaction of this feature with others in core confounded. NE edge of core spread. West of beam slots.	1845	OWN GROUP
1848	spread, middle fill of mid grey brown clayey silt	1645	in plan. Mixing at interface.	beam siots.	F64	Spread
1849	mid brown clayey silt fill beneath post pad 1741				1704	Spread
2003	Mid yellow silty clay. No coarse components. Archaeological components: oyster shell. Possibly a fill of uncertain/unnumbered cut to NE of (2008) and SW of (2029).					
2005	Dark Grey silt clay. Minimal rooting.	2004	NW-SE. Linear in plan. Concave sides which are steeply sloped. Irregularly shaped base. Length: +10m Width: 5.24m Depth: 0.88m	Cut of large NW-SE ditch. Up to 4 fills depending on interpretation.	2004	OWN GROUP
	Length: +1m Width: 5.2m Depth: 0.3m. Mottled Yellow Grey silt clay. No coarse components. Burnt stone. Animal tooth. Only fill to produce finds from ditch		NW-SE. Linear in plan. Concave sides which are steeply sloped. Irregularly shaped base. Length: +10m	Cut of large NW-SE ditch. Up to 4 fills depending on		
2006	[2004].	2004	Width: 5.24m Depth: 0.88m	interpretation.	2004	OWN GROUP
2007	Length: +1m Width: 1.2m Depth: 0.14m	2004	NW-SE. Linear in plan. Concave sides which are steeply sloped. Irregularly shaped base. Length: +10m Width: 5.24m Depth: 0.88m	Cut of large NW-SE ditch. Up to 4 fills depending on interpretation.	2004	OWN GROUP
2009	Mid-dark grey. Silty clay. Rare stone inclusions. Contained 2 burnt stones.	2008	E-W. Linear- curving E in plan. Cowl shaped/ concave sides gradually sloped. Flat base. Feature dimensions. Length: -17m Width: 0.75m Depth: 0.25m.	Cut for Southern enclosure ditch not fully seen as W side beyond limit of excavation.	2008	OWN GROUP
2011	Greyish mid brown clay. Small sub angular stones (rare). Contained pottery and animal		E-W. Linear in plan, curving South. Concave sides which are moderate-steeply sloped. Irregular base. Length: +0.9m Width:			Small enclosure ditch
	bone. Very compact. greyish yellow silty clay. Moderate pebble inclusions (subcircular) occasional subangular flint pieces. Occasional charcoal flecks. Corner slot of twisting feature to the south of area 2. Unrelated to any other features and time period unconfirmed	2010	1.15m Depth: 0.18m NW/. Steep sides moderately sloped. Irregular/undulating base. Length: 1.6m. Corner slot of unconfirmed gully or ditch enclosure. Slightly overcut and boxed in to define edge. No finds so time period unconfirmed. No	Same feature [2008].	F2	S side.
2013	due to Pale mid brown silty (30%0	2012	relation to other features. E-W. Roughly linear in plan.	Possible ditch/gully enclosure.	2012	OWN GROUP
2015	clay. Very occasional grit from (2002). Occasional blobs, yes,	2014	Straight sides with 45 degree angle slope. Slightly	Cut of gully running E-W +15m East from roundhouse F7.	F4	Enclosure ditch/gully



		Fill				
		of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	blobs, of grey clay from (2002) that makes easy to see [2014]		pointed base shape. Length: +/- 8m Width: 0.5m			
	from the top ground. On the		Depth: 0.25m Roughly			
	other hand, both boundaries		linear but inconclusive relationship with round			
	with (2002), just more reddish and (2001) just		house F7.			
	Mottled yellow + light blue grey					
	silty clay. 3% subangular flints 30mm 1% charcoal 20mm.		E-W. Linear in plan. Concave sides with steep.			
	Darker, browner lense at top of		U shaped base.	E-W ditch. One cut one fill.		
	fill probably leeched from		Dimensions: Length: +20m	Probably Roman/British/Iron		
2017	subsoil. E-W then N-S. Rectilinear in	2016	Width: 1.72m Depth: 0.70m	Age.	2016	OWN GROUP
	plan. Concave sides which are					
	steeply sloped. Concave base.					
	Dark grey silty clay. 3% subrounded stones 30mm.		E-W. Concave sides which are steeply sloped. U-	Cut of rectilinear enclosure ditch. Cuts small ditch to W. Possibly		
	Containing burnt stone and		shaped base. Length: +20m	been extended to W. past		
2019	pot.	2018	Width: 0.61m Depth: 0.22m	previous terminus.	2018	OWN GROUP
			E-W. Linear in plan. Curving E. Concave sides. Gradual			
			sides. Flat base. Length:			
	Mid grey slightly silty clay.		>36mm Width: 0.5m Depth:			Small
2021	Rare/occasional small stone. Charcoal flecks and Pot.	2020	0.14m F2 PTO back of (2035) for sketch.	Enclosure ditch. Cuts gully F3.	F2	enclosure ditch S side.
2021	Onarcoar neeks and 1 ot.	2020	(2000) for sketch.	Enclosure diteri. Odis galiy i 3.	12	Narrow gully
			Linear - butting in S. Sides			cut by F2
2023	Length: >6m Width: 0.4m Depth: 0.12m	2022	flat bottomed. Side gradual- steep slope. Flat base.	Gully cut terminus in S. Cut by F2 enclosure ditch.	F3	enclosure. Finds: Pottery,
2020			W-E. Linear in plan. Straight	. 2 0.10.000.10 0.10.11	. 0	
	Dark grey brown clay.		sides, irregularly sloped.			
	Occasional small/medium sized rounded stones. Lower		Flat base. Length: >1.0m Width: 1.75m Depth: 0.60m			Large E-W
	fill. Fill is 0.25m thick.		Side slope: Steep on North	Ditch running from South Facing		enclosure ditch.
2025	Compact, sticky fill. Part of	0004	side. Moderate on south	trench edge towards East facing	F5	Finds: Timber,
2025	feature 5m long running ditch.	2024	side. 2 fills. W-E. Linear in plan. Straight	trench edge.	гэ	burnt st
			sides, irregularly sloped.			
			Flat base. Length: >1.0m Width: 1.75m Depth: 0.60m			Large E-W
			Side slope: Steep on North	Ditch running from South Facing		enclosure ditch.
0000	light grey clay. Charcoal flecks,	0004	side. Moderate on south	trench edge towards East facing		Finds: Timber,
2026	1 piece of pot. Dark grey silty clay. Coarse	2024	side. 2 fills.	trench edge.	F5	burnt st
	components: sub angular		Linear in plan. Concave			
0000	smaller components 5%.	0007	sides, steeply sloped.	Out of a calcaving distal	0007	OWAL ODOLLD
2028	Charcoal. Light grey silty clay. 60%	2027	Concave base.	Cut of enclosure ditch.	2027	OWN GROUP
2029	manganese.					
			NE-SW. Linear in plan.			
			Concave sides. Moderate slope. U-shaped base.			
			Length: >10m Width: 0.8m			
2031	Light grov silty clay	2030	Depth: 0.26m Possibly cuts manganese layer (2029).	Ditch cut to NE of [2004] ditch relationship to [2004] unclear.	2030	OWN GROUP
2031	Light grey silty clay. Mid greyish brown silty clay.	2030	N-S. Linear in plan. Straight	relationship to [2004] unclear.	2030	OVVIN GROUP
	Rare subangular to rounded,		sides which are steeply in			
	coarse gravel to cobbles. 0.02- 0.2m. Rare charcoal flecks,		sloped. Flat base. Length: >10m width 0.55m Depth:			
	rare pieces. Rare pottery.		0.23m 2 Fills, 1 Secondary			
	Moderate compaction. Two		fill. Slope on W. side	_ ,		
	pieces of possibly Roman pottery recovered from close to		steeper than E side. Forms part of a rectilinear	Enclosure ditch, possibly roman period based on pottery		Small enclosure ditch
2033	West side of ditch. Minimal a	2032	enclosure ditch.	recovered from (2033).	F2	S side.
	Light yellowish orange clay.		N-S. Linear in plan. Straight	, ,		
	Rare sub rounded cobbles. Rare charcoal specks, sparse		sides which are steeply in sloped. Flat base. Length:	Enclosure ditch, possibly roman		Small
	charcoal pieces. Moderate		>10m width 0.55m Depth:	period based on pottery		enclosure ditch
2034	compaction, large	2032	0.23m 2 Fills, 1 Secondary	recovered from (2033).	F2	S side.

		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	concentration of pieces of charcoal near top. Sample taken. Rare, small flecks of charcoal in rest of fill.		fill. Slope on W. side steeper than E side. Forms part of a rectilinear enclosure ditch.			
	mid-pale brown silty clay. Occasional rounded stone and pebbles. Possible hammer stone and to tiny fragments of		Linear roughly. N-S. Linear in plan. Concave sides gradually sloped. Irregular base shape. Length: >6m	Cut for linear gully. Gully cut by		Narrow gully cut by F2 enclosure.
2036	pot. Light blue grey upper red lower	2035	Width: 0.43m Depth: 0.13m	enclosure fitch F2.	F3	Finds: Pottery,
2038	silty clay upper sand clay lower. 1% stones, mix of subangular and subrounded. 50mm. 40% charcoal pieces of varying size.	2037	NE-SW. Straight sides, steeply sloped. Flat base. Length: 0.61m Width: 0.8m Depth: 0.15m.	Pit north of ditch feature 5. Pit fill discreet predominantly denoted by a concentration in charcoal + blue clay patch.	2037	OWN GROUP
2040	Mid brownish grey silty clay. 2% infrequent subangular. Charcoal.	2039	E-W. Linear in plan. Concave sides which are steeply sloped. Concave base. Length: +20 Width: 0.80 Depth: 0.35.	Running E-W. No datable finds.	2039	OWN GROUP
	Dark greyish brown silty clay moderate 10% subangular.		E-W. Linear in plan. Concave sides which are steeply sloped. Concave base. Length: +20 Width:			
2041	Charcoal. Light pinkish brown silty clay frequent subangular stones. Charcoal flecks. Possible burnt	2039	0.80 Depth: 0.35. E/W. Sub rectangular in plan. Steep sides, sharply	Running E-W. No datable finds. Ditch silt of continuous gully of enclosure ditch. Related to [2012]. East/West oriented. Two pieces of Roman pot indicate Roman period. The feature went out of use. No relation to say other features except those mentioned. Natural soil of a	2039	OWN GROUP Enclosure
2043	bone fragments. Bright orange clay.	2042	sloped. Undulating base. E-W. Linear in plan. Concave sides. Irregular sides. Flat base. Side slope: steep on southern side. shallow on northern side.	Ditch cuts IA ditch [2050] and is cut later by modern land drain [2052].	F4 F5	Large E-W enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber, burnt st
2046	Light yellowy grey mottled with orange clay. Small angular stones (sparse). Charcoal flecks. Compact fill. Second fill of [2044]. Fill is found on northern side of ditch.	2044	E-W. Linear in plan. Concave sides. Irregular sides. Flat base. Side slope: steep on southern side. shallow on northern side.	Ditch cuts IA ditch [2050] and is cut later by modern land drain [2052].	F5	Large E-W enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber, burnt st
2047	Light grey 9mottled with orange clay. Small to medium rounded stones. Animal bone, flecks of charcoal.	2044	E-W. Linear in plan. Concave sides. Irregular sides. Flat base. Side slope: steep on southern side. shallow on northern side.	Ditch cuts IA ditch [2050] and is cut later by modern land drain [2052].	F5	Large E-W enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber, burnt st
2048	Dark grey clay. Sparse small angular stones. Small flecks of charcoal. Thin lenses between fill (2047) + (2049) compact fill. + the fill of [2044].	2044	E-W. Linear in plan. Concave sides. Irregular sides. Flat base. Side slope: steep on southern side. shallow on northern side.	Ditch cuts IA ditch [2050] and is cut later by modern land drain [2052].	F5	Large E-W enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber, burnt st
2049	Dark greyish brown clay. Charcoal flecks, burnt stone. 5th and upper fill of [2044]. Compact fill.	2044	E-W. Linear in plan. Concave sides. Irregular sides. Flat base. Side slope: steep on southern side. shallow on northern side.	Ditch cuts IA ditch [2050] and is cut later by modern land drain [2052].	F5	Large E-W enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber, burnt st
2051	Dark grey clay. Small rounded stones near bottom of fill. Contains pot and burnt stone. Moderate compaction, wet sticky fill, hits into ground	2050	E-W. Linear in plan. Irregular sides. Steep sides. Concave base. Length: >1m Width: 0.65m Depth: 0.45m. Side shape:	Iron Age ditch cut by roman ditch [2044].	2050	OWN GROUP



		Fill				
D	FILI December 1	of	Out December to a	Out but a manufaction	P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description water (very quickly filled with	cut	Cut Description concave on southern side.	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	water). Fill thickness: 0.35m		Straight on northern side. One fill.			
	Ne-SW. Linear in plan. Straight					
	sides steeply sloped. Flat base. Length: >1m Width:					
	0.10m Depth: 0.60m. Context Number 2052 refers to both					
	cut and fill of Modern land					
2052	drain. Compact fill.		NW-SE. Linear in plan.			
			Concave sides. Moderately			
			sloped sides and concave base. Length: +10m Width:			
			7.54m Depth: 0.50m the			
			relationship between [2060] and [2053] is not totally			
			clear only a slight variation			
2054	Light reddish brown sandy clay.	2053	in the fill is visible and is marked on the sect	Cut of large ditch. No datable finds found in the fill.	2053	OWN GROUP
	,		NW-SE linear in plan.	-		
			Concave sides moderately sloped with concave base.			
	Dark grey sandy clay sub		Length: +10m Width: 7.54m Depth: 0.50m The			
	rounded coarse gravel.		relationship between [2060]			
	Possible burnt stone. Animal bone. Could be the some as		and [2053] is not totally clear only a slight variation			
	(2059) which is slightly lighter		in the fill is visible and is	Cut of probable roman enclosure		
2055	in colour.	2060	marked on the section NW-SE. Linear in plan.	ditch.	2060	OWN GROUP
			Concave sides. Moderately			
			sloped sides and concave base. Length: +10m Width:			
	NA:		7.54m Depth: 0.50m the			
	Mixed red, yellow, grey firm sandy clay. No clear cut		relationship between [2060] and [2053] is not totally			
	between (2056) and (2059) there is a gradual change in		clear only a slight variation in the fill is visible and is	Cut of large ditch. No datable		
2056	fill.	2053	marked on the sect	finds found in the fill.	2053	OWN GROUP
			NW-SE linear in plan. Concave sides moderately			
			sloped with concave base.			
			Length: +10m Width: 7.54m Depth: 0.50m the			
			relationship between [2060]			
	Length: +10m Width: 7.54m Depth: 0.50m Mid yellow		and [2053] is not totally clear only a slight variation			
2057	brown sandy clay. Sandier fill	2060	in the fill is visible and is	Cut of probable roman enclosure	2060	OWN CROUD
2057	ontop of ditch.	2060	marked on the section NW-SE. Linear in plan.	ditch.	2060	OWN GROUP
			Concave sides. Moderately sloped sides and concave			
			base. Length: +10m Width:			
			7.54m Depth: 0.50m the relationship between [2060]			
			and [2053] is not totally			
			clear only a slight variation in the fill is visible and is	Cut of large ditch. No datable		
2058	Dark grey brown sandy clay.	2053	marked on the sect	finds found in the fill.	2053	OWN GROUP
			NW-SE linear in plan. Concave sides moderately			
			sloped with concave base. Length: +10m Width: 7.54m			
	Mid grey brown silty clay sub		Depth: 0.50m the			
	rounded coarse gravel. Contains animal bone. Could		relationship between [2060] and [2053] is not totally			
	be the same as (2055) which		clear only a slight variation	Cut of probable roman enclosure		
2059	is slightly darker in colour.	2060	in the fill is visible and is	ditch.	2060	OWN GROUP

		Fill				
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
	•		marked on the section dra	•	•	•
	Mid greyish brown silty clay Sparse medium- coarse gravel, subangular to rounded. Sparse charcoal flecks, charcoal pieces, pottery. Medium compaction. Fill has mottled texture, from grey to close to natural colour. Piece		NNE-SWW. Curvilinear in plan. Straight sides steeply sloped with flat base. Length: >20m Width: 0.50m	L- shaped trouser slot at apparent junction between 2 sections of enclosure ditch. Shaded area below insubstantial a very shallow. Junction of enclosure ditch now believed to		
2063	of RB pottery	2062	Depth: 0.19m.	be contemporary with possible.	2062	OWN GROUP
2065	Dark greyish brown silty clay. Smaller 3% subangular, larger 1% subangular stones. Contains pottery and charcoal.	2064	W-E. Rectangular shape in plan. Stepped sides, irregularly sloped. Concave base.		2064	OWN GROUP
2003	Dark greyish brown silty clay. 15% smaller, 10% larger rounded. Charcoal. Round	2004	W-E. Rectangular in plan. Concave sides. Moderate sides, concave base. Length: >5m Width: 0.50m		2004	CWW CINCOI
2067	House ditch fill.	2066	Depth: 0.11m	Ring Ditch cut.	2066	OWN GROUP
	Barely greyish light brown silty (20%) clay. Very occasional pebbles round and subangular up to 2cm in size. Very scarce RB pot. The SE boundary with (2002) is clearer. Against a moderately reddish clay, cut the NW boundary is difficult to		NE-SW. Linear, turning NE to S. Straight sides 45-30 degrees. Flat base. Length: +/- 30m Width: 0.85 Depth: 0.25. Looking at the composition of the fill, it seems more irrigation ditch than any kind of enclosure/field boundary	Slot in curvilinear ditch. Possible truncated (floodplain) barely		
2069	discern	2068	ditch.	regular in section.	2068	OWN GROUP
2071	Blueish grey clay. Occasional small pebbles, throughout but high concentration near the bottom. Animal Bone, antler burnt stone. Compact fill. Fill cut on eastern side by [2072].	2070	N-S. Linear in plan. Straight sides moderately sloped sides. Flat base. Length: >1m Width: 1.85m Depth: 0.60m Cut on the eastern odge by disb [2073] 1 fill	Slot approx. 10m south from cut	EE	Large E-W enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber,
2071	Approx. 0.60m thick. Orangey brown silty clay.	2070	edge by ditch [2072]. 1 fill.	[2081] of same feature.	F5	burnt st
0070	Occasional small rounded stones area of iron panning across eastern part of fill. Lower fill of [2072] that cuts through fill (2071) of ditch [2070]. Compact fill that felt more gravelly near the bottom.	0070	N-S. Linear in plan. Straight sides. Moderately sloped. Flat base. Length: >1m Width: 1.85m Depth: 0.32m. Cuts through [2070] on the	Slots approx. 10m south of cut	0070	
2073	Approx. 0.32 thick.	2072	western edge 2 fills. N-S. Linear in plan. Straight	[2081]/[2083].	2072	OWN GROUP
0074	Not be a second as	0070	sides. Moderately sloped. Flat base. Length: >1m Width: 1.85m Depth: 0.32m. Cuts through [2070] on the	Slots approx. 10m south of cut	0070	OWN ODOLID
2074	Mid brown clay.	2072	western edge 2 fills. N-S. Linear in plan	[2081]/[2083].	2072	OWN GROUP
2076	Mid brown grey fe mottled slightly silty clay. Occasional small stone. Contained burnt stone.	2075	terminating South. Concave sides. Steep on West, gradual of East. Slightly irregular base. Length: >6m Width: 0.5m Depth: 0.18m	End cut part of gully going to North.	F3	Narrow gully cut by F2 enclosure. Finds: Pottery,
2078	Light whiteish grey silty clay. Occasional subangular flint pieces 3-5% frequent stones subcircular 10-25%. Contained charcoal.	2077	S-N. Subcircular in plan. Steep sides and sharply sloped. Undulating/ Concave base. Length: 0.89m Width: 0.71m Depth:0.17m	Singular posthole cut. No dateable finds or connection with any other features. N/S orientation. Close to confirmed Iron Age roundhouse but relationship not confirmed.	2077	OWN GROUP
2080	Mid brownish grey silty clay. Frequent sub circular stones. 15-20%.	2079	S-N. Circular in plan. Sharp sides, steeply sloped. Concave base. Length: 0.50m Width: 0.42. Depth: 0.17m	Half section of posthole. No dateable finds or environmental inclusions. Possibly related to slightly larger posthole to the West of [2077]. But link unconfirmed.	2079	OWN GROUP



		E:11				
		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	Mid to light grey silty 20% clay.		N-S. Linear in plan. Roughly straight sides 30 degree sloped. Flat base. Length: +/- 25m Width: 1.65m Depth: 0.40m	Cut of possible enclosure ditch.		
	Very occasional bags of		Turning to West +/- 20m to	+/- 20m to south is turning to		
2082	redeposit from (2002) towards top side of [2081].	2081	south making enclosure ditch F5.	West in sharp corner +/- 90 degrees.	2081	OWN GROUP
	Barely yellowish light brown. Clayey 30% silt. Very		N-S. Linear in plan. Straight sides, gently concave 30 degrees. Flat base. Length: +/- 25m Width: 1.35m Depth: 0.40m. Re-cut of ditch [2081], making the same shape in section. Both [2081] + [2083] that continues turning +/- 25m south to West in E-W	Recut of enclosure ditch. Basically, distinguishable from [2081] by change of colour of their respective fills. Shape and size both of [2081] & [2083] are		
2084	occasional grit from (2002).	2083	enclosure	very similar.	2083	OWN GROUP
	Dark greyish brown silty clay except for burnt inclusion. Smaller 10% rounded, subangular, larger 20% well rounded-subrounded. Contains		NE-SW. Rectangular in plan. Concave sides which are steeply sloped. L:moderate. R:steep. Length: >5m Width: 0.50			
2086	burnt inclusions, charcoal.	2085	Depth:>0.10m	Round House Ditch (NE Slot) Gully terminus with posthole.	2085	OWN GROUP
	Light orangey grey silty clay. Occasional pebbles subcircular 5% 10mm.		South-North. Terminus in plan. Concave sides which are moderately sloped.	Cut of gulley terminus with earlier posthole [2102]. Unrelated to other features though ditch may continue under area edge. Environmental samples taken but no datable finds. Truncated by land drain to		
2088	Charcoal flecking 30%.	2087	Concave, undulating base.	the north edge of the feature	2087	OWN GROUP
0000	Light grey silty clay. 1% sub angular flints, 30mm 5% charcoal 3% subrounded	0000	N-S. Rectangular in plan. Straight sides moderately sloped with a flat base. Length: 2.88m Width:	Cut of pit North of enclosure	0000	
2090	pebbles 0.1m. Contains pot.	2089	1.92m Depth: 0.36m N-S. Rectangular in plan.	gully. South of pit.	2089	OWN GROUP
2092	Mid grey silty clay. 1% subangular flints 30mm, 3% subrounded pebbles 0.1mm. Charcoal flecks 5% 10mm.	2091	Straight sides, moderately sloped. U-shaped base. Length: 2.88m width: 1.92m Depth: 0.48m	Cut of pit North of enclosure gully.	2091	OWN GROUP
2094	Light blueish grey silty clay.	2093	N-S. linear in plan. Concave sides moderately sloped with a concave base. Width: 57m Depth: 0.2m Over-cut by 0.05m on all sides of the section.	Shallow ditch containing a single homogenous fill. No finds.	2093	OWN GROUP
	mid to dark grey clayey 30%	2000	occion.	nomogenous im. No imas.	2000	CWW CROOL
2096	silt Mid greyish brown clay. Rare rounded coarse gravel 0.02-0.06m. Rare charcoal flecks, pottery and rare charcoal pieces. Moderate compaction, single concentration of pottery sherds, E facing - probably		SWW-NEE. Curvilinear. Concave sides moderate	Ring gully associated with probably round house, likely RB		
2098	RB.	2097	slopes. Concave base. Oval in plan. Concave	in date based on pottery in fill.	2097	OWN GROUP
2100	Light blueish grey mottled with light orangey grey silty clay.	2099	sides, steeply sloped, slightly concave. Length: 0.75m Width: 0.53m Depth: 0.18m	Pint containing 2 fills- a primary silting fill and a secondary fill. The function of this pit is unclear.	2099	OWN GROUP
2102	Light blackish grey silty clay. Very occasional stones sub circular 1-2%. Very occasional charcoal.	2101	N-S. Subcircular in plan. Sharp sides and steeply sloped. Undulating base. Length: 0.56m Width:	Small irregular posthole contained within feature [2087]. Earlier than [2087] but relation to any other features. Land drain	2101	OWN GROUP

		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
•	•		0.29m Depth: 0.20m	truncation to the north in [2087].	•	•
	Dark grey brown silty clay. Lots of small stones near bottom of fill. Interaction with natural. Contains animal bone. Fill thickness of approximate		NE-SW. Linear in plan. Straight sides, moderate- steeply sloped. Flat base. Length: >1m Width:2.20m Depth:0.60m Side slope:	ditch at intersection between		Large E-W enclosure ditch.
2104	0.2m fairly compact, sticky, wet fill.	2103	Moderate on SE side Steep on NW-side.	many other ditches unclear relationship.	F5	Finds: Timber, burnt st
2104	wet iii.	2103	NE-SW. Linear in plan.	relationship.	гэ	buillt St
2105	Light blueish grey clay. Small orange sandstone throughout. Animal bone, flecks of charcoal. Mottled with orange soil, fairly compact fill. Approx thickness 0.2m	2103	Straight sides, moderate- steeply sloped. Flat base. Length: >1m Width:2.20m Depth:0.60m Side slope: Moderate on SE side Steep on NW-side.	ditch at intersection between many other ditches unclear relationship.	F5	Large E-W enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber, burnt st
0400	Dark brown clay. Compact fill approximate thickness of	0400	NE-SW. Linear in plan. Straight sides, moderate- steeply sloped. Flat base. Length: >1m Width:2.20m Depth:0.60m Side slope: Moderate on SE side Steep	ditch at intersection between many other ditches unclear		Large E-W enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber,
2106	0.10m	2103	on NW-side. S-N. Linear in plan.	relationship.	F5	burnt st
2108	Light greyish blue. Compact fill.	2107	Concave sides which are steeply sloped with a flat base. Length: +1m Width: 0.50m Depth: 0.20m	Sat to the south-east of [2103].	2107	OWN GROUP
2110	Dark greyish brown silty clay. Smaller components 10% rounded- Sub angular, larger 3% rounded. Contains pottery,	2109	NE-SW. Curvilinear in plan. Concave sides that are moderately sloped. Concave base.	Ring ditch (SE slot) SE slot of F7.	2109	OWN GROUP
2111	Barely yellowish mid grey silty 20% clay. Very scarce bits of charcoal, occasional, the writing is illegible.	2095	oval. Vertical sides, 90-45 degrees. Flattish base. Slightly modified cut, inconclusive to say if (2111) is bioturbation by bush roots or not but the shape of fill (2056) is perfectly concave.	No finds, just +/- 20m NE from round house F7. But inconclusive relationship.	2095	OWN GROUP
	Circular in plan. Concave sides, steep slopes. Concave base. Mid brownish grey silty		Oval in plan. Concave sides, steeply sloped, slightly concave. Length: 0.75m Width: 0.53m Depth:	Pint containing 2 fills- a primary silting fill and a secondary fill. The function of this pit is		
2112	clay. Charcoal 2% flecks.	2099	0.18m	unclear.	2099	OWN GROUP
2114	Mixed, grey fill, blue natural, red natural silty clay. Contains pot.	2113	E-W. Linear in plan. Straight sides, steep sides with a flat base. Length: +10m Width: 0.28m Depth:0.48m.	Land drain cut. Land drain - ceramic, cutting Iron Age/ Roman British pit.	2113	OWN GROUP
2116	Light bluish grey silty clay.	2115	NE-SW. Linear in plan. Concave sides that is shallow sloped. Concave base. Feature dimensions. Length: >3m Width: 0.35m Depth:0.06m	Gully terminus/gully/geological feature. Linear feature containing a single homogenous fill. It could be a gully terminus, although.	2115	OWN GROUP
2118	Dark grey brown silty clay. Rounded pebbles at bottom of fill (30%). Compact, west & sticky fill. Lowest fill of [2117]. Approx. thickness: 0.11m. Fill only features on the southern area of slot. Greyish brown clay. Small	2117	S-N/NW to SE. Linear in plan. Irregular sides and Steep/moderate slope. Flat base. No obvious cut in section of relationship slotwhich suggests cuts [2016], [2024], [2044], [2053], [2070], [2103], & [2117] are all part of the same ditch system of features S-N/NW to SE. Linear in		F5	Large E-W enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber, burnt st
2119	rounded stones 5%. Compact fill. Second fill of [2117]. Approximate 0.15m thick.	2117	S-N/NW to SE. Linear in plan. Irregular sides and Steep/moderate slope. Flat base. No obvious cut in		F5	Large E-W enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber, burnt st



		Fill				
		of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description section of relationship slot-	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
			which suggests cuts [2016],			
			[2024], [2044], [2053],			
			[2070], [2103], & [2117] are all part of the same ditch			
			system of features			
			S-N/NW to SE. Linear in			
			plan. Irregular sides and			
			Steep/moderate slope. Flat			
	Yellowy mid brown clay. Small		base. No obvious cut in section of relationship slot-			
	rounded stones 5%. Heavily		which suggests cuts [2016],			
	filled with manganese flecks in		[2024], [2044], [2053],			Large E-W
	eastern area of slot. Compact		[2070], [2103], & [2117] are			enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber,
2120	fill. 3rd of [2117]. Approx. 0.18m thickness.	2117	all part of the same ditch system of features		F5	burnt st
2120	o. Tom thomass.	2117	S-N/NW to SE. Linear in		10	Danie St
			plan. Irregular sides and			
			Steep/moderate slope. Flat			
			base. No obvious cut in section of relationship slot-			
			which suggests cuts [2016],			
			[2024], [2044], [2053],			Large E-W
	Links blooded on 1 B		[2070], [2103], & [2117] are			enclosure ditch.
2121	Light blueish grey clay. Rare small rounded stones 2%.	2117	all part of the same ditch system of features		F5	Finds: Timber, burnt st
2121	Small rounded stories 276.	2111	NW-SE aligned, oval,		13	burnt st
	Mid brownish grey clay, 1%		concave sides and base,			
0.400	subrounded coarse gavel, rare	0.400	shallow, feature diameter	Possibly contemporary with	0400	014/41 0 0 0 1 1 0
2123	charcoal flecks Dark grey silty clay, 30% large	2122	1.10m, depth 0.12m Oval, concave, feature	roundhouse	2122	OWN GROUP
	rounded, rare subrounded		length 0.38m, width 0.22m,			
2125	stones, pottery	2124	depth 0.05m		2124	OWN GROUP
			E-W linear, concave sides			
	Mid greyish brown clay, 1% subangular coarse gravel, rare		and base, shallow, feature length >1.5m, width 0.30m,	Drainage gully inside		
2127	charcoal flecks, no finds	2126	depth 0.09m	roundhouse	2126	OWN GROUP
		_	E-W linear, straight sides,			
	Grey clay, 1% natural stone?		moderate slope, flat base,			
2201	Rare charcoal, pottery, flint, cracked pot boiler stones	2200	feature length >11m, width 0.5m, depth 0.15m	Roundhouse eave gully terminus	F9	Roundhouse eaves gully.
2201	cracked pot boller stories	2200	N-S linear, flat base,	Rodificiouse eave guily terrillius	13	Narrow gully
	Pinky brown clay occasional		concave sides, steep slope,			cut by F2
	small angular stones, animal		feature length >2m, width,	Southern terminus cut by ditch		enclosure.
2203	bone	2202	0.6m, depth 0.43m N-S linear, flat base,	[2207]	F3	Finds: Pottery, Narrow gully
	Mid brown clay, small		concave sides, steep slope,			cut by F2
	subangular stones (2%),		feature length >2m, width,	Southern terminus cut by ditch		enclosure.
2204	pottery	2202	0.6m, depth 0.43m	[2207]	F3	Finds: Pottery,
	Drawnish gray alay assasianal		W-E linear, flat base,			Large E-W
	Brownish grey clay, occasional small to medium sized		straight steep sides, feature length >2m, width 1.0m,	Cut at eastern end by ditch		enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber,
2206	subangular stones, pottery	2205	depth 0.65m	[2207]	F5	burnt st
			N-S to E, linear, flat base,			
	Blueish grey clay, small		straight steep sides,			Large E-W enclosure ditch.
	rounded stones, occasional		possible corner, turning to east in this slot, width			Finds: Timber,
2208	charcoal flecks	2207	1.30m, depth 0.65m	Cuts ditches [2205] and [2202]	F5	burnt st
			N-S to E, linear, flat base,			
	Blueish grey clay with flecks of		straight steep sides,			Large E-W
	orange, occasional medium sized to large rounded stoned,		possible corner, turning to east in this slot, width			enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber,
2209	pottery, charcoal flecks	2207	1.30m, depth 0.65m	Cuts ditches [2205] and [2202]	F5	burnt st
	Mid grey-brown silty clay with		Curvilinear, concave base,			
	reddish-yellow flecks, 15%		straight steep sides, feature	Descibly correspond to 2000		
2211	subrounded to subangular coarse gravel, no finds	2210	length >5,0m, width 0.35m, depth 0.22m	Possibly same as 2200, eave gully for roundhouse	2210	OWN GROUP
<u> </u>	Mid grey sandy clay, 3%	2210	NE-SW curvilinear, flat	gany for foundhouse	2210	Roundhouse
2213	subangular to rounded coarse	2212	base, concave moderate	Eave gully for roundhouse	F7	eaves gully.
	-					

		Fill			D/O	0
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
	gravel, rare charcoal flecks		sides, feature length >18,0m, width 0.44m, depth 0.10m			
2215	Orange grey clay, 3% stone, surface pottery	2214	NE-SW linear, flat base, concave sides, feature length >6m, width 0.4m, depth 0.1m	Terminus, possible subdivision (diagonal) of larger enclosure	2214	OWN GROUP
2210	Mid orangey grey silty clay mottled with blueish grey,	ZZIT	Irregular in plan and	(diagonal) of larger enclosure	2217	OWN CROOL
2217	pottery	2216	section, shallow N-S curvilinear, flat base,	Possible tree	2216	OWN GROUP
2219	Mid greyish brown clay, 3% coarse gravel, well rounded to subrounded, no finds	2218	straight moderate sides, feature length >20.0m, width 0.34m, depth 0.11m	Terminus of eave for roundhouse, contemporary with other features in group F7	F7	Roundhouse eaves gully.
2221	Mid brown-grey silty clay with yellow/brown flecks, 10% subangular coarse gravel, pottery, possibly iron?	2220	SE-NW curvilinear, flat base, straight moderate sides, feature length >5m, width 0.5m, depth 0.09, southwest component of roundhouse, 3m away from [2210]	Cut by [2222] at 90 degree angle	F9	Roundhouse eaves gully.
	Mid blue-grey silty clay with yellow/brown flecks, 15% subangular to angular coarse gravel, manganese, pottery,		NE-SW linear, concave base, flat, slightly stepped sides, moderate slope, feature length >3m, width 0.7m, depth 0.18m, shallower at NE end,	Cutting roundhouse gully [2220] at 90 degree angle, north of [2014], possibly terminating inside, draining away from		
2223	possibly iron? Light grey clay, sparse big	2222	possibly terminating there	roundhouse	2222	OWN GROUP
2224	rounded stones, occasional medium sized to small subangular stone, pottery, charcoal, burnt stone	2205	W-E linear, flat base, straight steep sides, feature length >2m, width 1.0m, depth 0.65m N-S to E, linear, flat base,	Cut at eastern end by ditch	F5	Large E-W enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber, burnt st
2225	Light grey sandy clay with streaks of orange, occasional small angular stones, pottery, charcoal flecks	2207	straight steep sides, possible corner, turning to east in this slot, width 1.30m, depth 0.65m	Cuts ditches [2205] and [2202]	F5	Large E-W enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber, burnt st
2227	Light whitish grey silty clay, moderate subangular stones (30%), charcoal	2226	E-W linear, concave/undulating base, concave sides, feature width 1.50m+, depth 0.67m+		2226	OWN GROUP
2228	Dark whitish red silty clay, moderate subangular stones, charcoal	2226	E-W linear, concave/undulating base, concave sides, feature width 1.50m+, depth 0.67m+		2226	OWN GROUP
2230	Mid greyish brown clay, pottery, 1% charcoal flecks, pottery	2229	W-SE curvilinear, concave side and base, steep slope, feature length >8m, width 0.45m, depth 0.19m	At west adjacent to F7	F8	Roundhouse behind F7. Finds: Animal bone, pottery
2232	Mid brown-grey silty clay with yellow/brown flecks, 20% subangular to subrounded coarse gravel, pottery, flint blade	2224	Curvilinear, concave side and base, moderate slope, feature length >5m, width 0.45m, depth 0.18m	Cute [2233]	2231	OWN GROUP
2232	Light to mid blue-grey silty clay some brown flecks, 30% subrounded to subangular stone, pottery	2231	N-5, linear, concave base, straight steep sides, feature length >5m, width 1.0m, depth 0.43m	Cuts [2233] Cut by [2231] in 90 degree angle	2233	OWN GROUP
2236	Dark blueish grey silty clay, clay lenses towards top, pottery, animal bone	2235	NE-SW linear flat base, concave sides, moderate slope, feature length > 30m, width 1.95m, depth 1.0m	Unclear relationship with [2238]	F25	NE-SW ditch enclosure. Finds: Animal bone, pottery
2237	Mid blueish grey silty clay, 2% small rounded pebbles, pottery	2235	NE-SW linear flat base, concave sides, moderate slope, feature length > 30m, width 1.95m, depth 1.0m	Unclear relationship with [2238]	F25	NE-SW ditch enclosure. Finds: Animal bone, pottery



Deposit		Fill				
Deposit		of			P/O	Group
	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
			NW-SE linear, flat base, irregular steep sides,			NW-SE connecting
	Mid blueish grey silty clay, 2%		feature length >10m, width			ditch. Finds:
2239	small rounded pebbles, pottery	2238	0.85m, depth 0.62m	Unclear relationship with [2235]	F24	Pottery, bone
			Sub-oval, irregular base, straight steep sides, feature			
	Mixed grey and brownish red		length 0.7m, width 0.8m,	For disposal of large stones,		
2241	clay, 40% stone, no finds	2240	depth >0.6m	contemporary with land drain	2240	OWN GROUP
	Light grey clay, occasional		Linear, undulating base,			Large E-W
	medium/small subangular to angular stones, pottery, antler,		straight sides, moderate slope, feature length >2m,			enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber,
2243	charcoal flecks	2242	width >2.60m, depth 0.6m	Possibly same feature as [2207]	F5	burnt st
	Orongov light grov glov		Linear, undulating base, straight sides, moderate			Large E-W enclosure ditch.
	Orangey light grey clay, occasional small angular		slope, feature length >2m,			Finds: Timber,
2244	stones, no finds	2242	width >2.60m, depth 0.6m	Possibly same feature as [2207]	F5	burnt st
			Linear, undulating base,			Large E-W enclosure ditch.
	Dark grey clay, some small		straight sides, moderate slope, feature length >2m,			Finds: Timber,
2245	angular stones, no finds	2242	width >2.60m, depth 0.6m	Possibly same feature as [2207]	F5	burnt st
	Mid grey clay with orange flecks, rare small/medium		Linear, undulating base, straight sides, moderate			Large E-W enclosure ditch.
	sized angular stones, pottery,		straight sides, moderate slope, feature length >2m,			Finds: Timber,
2246	animal bone, burnt stone	2242	width >2.60m, depth 0.6m	Possibly same feature as [2207]	F5	burnt st
	Mid greyish brown clay, 3%					Douadhouse
	sparse coarse subrounded to well rounded gravel, 1%					Roundhouse behind F7.
	charcoal flecking, moderate			Terminus of feature, possibly		Finds: Animal
2248	compaction, no finds	2247	N.O. and marks and a	contamination of gully [2229]	F8	bone, pottery
	Dark orangey brown silty clay,		N-S sub rectangular, concave/irregular base,			
	20% moderate subangular		straight steep sides, feature			
0050	stones, charcoal flecking, lime	0040	length and width 2m+,	Davida sincular aballant facture	F04	Dit/on no o d
2250	disposal?	2249	depth 0.30m E-W linear, base and sides	Double circular shallow feature	F31	Pit/spread.
			slightly concave, shallow,			
0050	Mid brownish grey silty clay,	0054	feature length >1.4m, width		0054	014/11/00/01/10
2252	pottery	2251	>0.4m, depth 0.22m Irregular in plan, flat base,	Possible ring gully	2251	OWN GROUP
	Mid brownish grey silty clay,		irregular steep sides,			
2254	pottery	2253	feature depth 0.5m	Contemporary to gully [2251]	2253	OWN GROUP
	Mid brown clay, compact fill,		S-N linear, concave base, straight sides with varying			
	few angular/subangular		sides, feature width 0.56m,	Feature terminate before ditch		
2256	stones, no finds	2255	depth 0.16m	[2242] F5	2255	OWN GROUP
	Mixed light grey and orangey		Linear, undulating base, straight sides, moderate			Large E-W enclosure ditch.
	brown clay, no inclusions, no		slope, feature length >2m,			Finds: Timber,
2257	finds	2242	width >2.60m, depth 0.6m	Possibly same feature as [2207]	F5	burnt st
			E-W slot, curvilinear/circular, concave			
	Mid grey brown silty clay with		sides and base, moderate			
	yellow-brown flecks, ~15%		slope, feature length >5m,			
2259	subangular, subrounded coarse gravel, pottery	2258	width 0.55m, depth 0.12m, part of roundhouse gully		F9	Roundhouse eaves gully.
2200	ocarse graver, policry	2230	N-S linear, concave base		13	caves guily.
	Mid blue-grey silty clay with		and sides, steep slope,			
2261	brown hue, ~20% subangular to subrounded gravel, no finds	2260	feature length >5m, depth 0.25-0.35m	Cut by [2262] and [2258], same as [2233]	2260	OWN GROUP
ZZU I	Light blue-grey silty clay with	2200	N-S linear, straight sides,	ا می زخخی ا	2200	OVVIV GROUP
	yellow/brown flecks, 25%		shallow, feature length			
2263	subangular coarse gravel, pottery, charcoal	2262	>2m, width ~1.35m, depth 0.25m	Cuts [2260], cut by [2258]	2262	OWN GROUP
2200	Dark greyish black silty clay,	2202	E-W linear, undulating	Outo (2200), cut by (2200)	2202	OWN GROOP
	occasional subangular stones		base, concave shape sides,			
2265	(10-15%), pottery, charcoal flecks	2264	feature width 1.4m+, depth 0.32m+		2264	OWN GROUP
2200	Light brownish grey silty clay,	2204	N-S subcircular, undulating		2204	OVVIN GROUP
2267	occasional subangular stones	2266	base, concave, sharp sides,	West of area 2	2266	OWN GROUP

		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description (5%), charcoal flecks	cut	Cut Description feature length 0.6m+, width	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	(670); Gridroddi filodio		0.57m, depth 0.23m+			
	Dauly succession and describe		SE-NW linear, concave			
	Dark grey-brown sandy silty loam, 10% rounded to		base and sides, moderate slope, feature length >10m,	Possible medieval ditch,		
2269	subangular stones, pottery	2268	width 0.79m, depth 0.26m	contexts associated: [2270]	2268	OWN GROUP
	Dark grey brown sandy silly		NW-SE linear, concave to			
	loam, sparse rounded to subrounded stone, piece of		flat base, straight steep sides, feature length >10m,			
2271	iron	2270	width ~1m, depth 0.4m	Associated with [2271]	2270	OWN GROUP
	Light blackish white silty clay,		N.O. and alarmondada (a.a.			
2273	occasional subcircular stones (5%), charcoal flecking	2272	N-S subcircular, undulating base, concave steep sides	South of area 2	2272	OWN GROUP
LLIO	Dark orangey brown silty clay,		Saco, concavo cicop ciaco	Godan or alou 2		OTTA GREEN
0074	occasional subcircular stones	0070	N-S subcircular, undulating		0070	014/11/00/01/10
2274	(5%), charcoal flecks	2272	base, concave steep sides N-S subcircular, irregular	South of area 2	2272	OWN GROUP
			base, concave sharp sides,			
	Light orangey brown silty clay,		feature length 0.60m+,			
2276	occasional subrounded stones (5%), charcoal flecks	2275	width 0.25m+, depth 0.25m+		2275	OWN GROUP
LLIO	Light reddish grey silty clay,	22.0	0.20111		LLIO	OTTA GREEN
0070	occasional subangular stones	0077	N-S subcircular, undulating	South of area 2. Possibly related	0077	OWN CROUD
2278	(5%), charcoal flecks Light orangey brown silty clay,	2277	base, convex sharp sides,	to [2266], [2272], [2277], [2279]	2277	OWN GROUP
	occasional subangular stones		N-S subcircular, convex	Associated with [2266], [2272],		
2280	(5%), charcoal flecks	2279	base and sides, sharp slope	[2275], [2277]	2279	OWN GROUP
	Light greyish red clay, 3% rare		Circular, concave base, straight vertical sides,	Contemporary to roundhouses		Well, finds:
	charcoal flecks, pottery,		diameter 1.38m, depth	nearby, probably silting process		animal bone,
2282	moderate compaction	2281	>1.19m+	ended during Roman times	F28	pottery
	Light grey silty clay, rare rounded coarse gravel, animal		Circular, concave base, straight vertical sides,	Contemporary to roundhouses		Well, finds:
	bone, 1% charcoal flecks, soft		diameter 1.38m, depth	nearby, probably silting process		animal bone,
2283	compaction, thickness 0.38m	2281	>1.19m+	ended during Roman times	F28	pottery
	Dark grey clay loam, 1% subrounded coarse grave,		Circular, concave base,			
	pottery, waterlogged organic		straight vertical sides,	Contemporary to roundhouses		Well, finds:
2284	material, moderate	2201	diameter 1.38m, depth	nearby, probably silting process ended during Roman times	E20	animal bone,
2204	compaction, thickness: 0.8m	2281	>1.19m+ Circular, concave base,	ended during Roman times	F28	pottery
			straight vertical sides,	Contemporary to roundhouses		Well, finds:
2285	Mid red sandy clay, no inclusions, no finds	2281	diameter 1.38m, depth >1.19m+	nearby, probably silting process ended during Roman times	F28	animal bone, pottery
2203	inclusions, no imas	2201	Circular, concave base,	ended during Koman times	120	pottery
			straight vertical sides,	Contemporary to roundhouses		Well, finds:
2286	Light red clay, no inclusions, no finds	2281	diameter 1.38m, depth >1.19m+	nearby, probably silting process ended during Roman times	F28	animal bone, pottery
2200	no mido	2201	Sub-rectangular, irregular	onded daming Norman unites	1 20	policiy
	Dark greyish brown silt loam,		base, concave sides,			
	rare well rounded to subrounded stones, cracked		moderate slope, feature length 2m+, width 0.73m,	Associated contexts: [2287],		
2288	by heat, abundant charcoal	2287	depth 0.20m	[2289]	2287	OWN GROUP
	Mid greyish brown loamy sand,			Associated contexts: [2287],		NE-SW ditch
2290	occasional subrounded to angular, stones, charcoal	2289	Depth ~0.5m,	[2290], identified during excavation of pit [2287]	F23	enclosure. Finds: Pottery
			1	Associated contexts: [2287],		NE-SW ditch
2291	Mid reddish-brown silt loam, rare small stones	2289	Donth 0.5m	[2290], identified during excavation of pit [2287]	F23	enclosure. Finds: Pottery
ZZ31	ומוד אוומוו אנטווצא	2209	Depth ~0.5m, SW-NE linear/subcircular,	Excavation of pit [2207]	FZS	rinus. Fullery
			concave base and sides,			
	Light yellowish grey silty clay, occasional subangular stones		shallow, feature length 1.7m+, width 0.8m+, depth			
2293	(10%), charcoal flecks	2292	0.12m+	Terminus of linear feature	2292	OWN GROUP
·			NNW-SSE linear, flat base,			NW-SE
	Mid purple-red clay, ~10%		stepped steep sides,			connecting
2295	subrounded gravel, no finds, very compact, homogenous	2294	feature length 5m+, width 1.75m, depth 0.7m	Cut by [2349]	F24	ditch. Finds: Pottery, bone
2296	Mid blue grey silty clay, ~30%	2294	NNW-SSE linear, flat base,	Cut by [2349]	F24	NW-SE



		Fill				
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
Бороск	subrounded to angular stones,	Jul	stepped steep sides,	out moi protution	- Group	connecting
	~5% charcoal, pottery, bone		feature length 5m+, width			ditch. Finds:
	NO.		1.75m, depth 0.7m			Pottery, bone
	Mid grey-brown silty clay with yellow/brown flecks, ~30%		NNW-SSE linear, concave base, moderate slope,			NW-SE connecting
	subangular to subrounded		feature length >5m, width			ditch. Finds:
2297	coarse gravel, bone, pottery	2349	1.45m, depth 0.45m	Recut of ditch [2294]	F24	Pottery, bone
	Light orangey brown silty clay,		E-W linear, undulating			NE-SW ditch
	moderate subangular stones		base, concave steep sides,			enclosure.
2299	(20%), charcoal flecks	2298	feature depth 0.27m+	Truncated by gully [2300]	F23	Finds: Pottery
	Light whitish grey silty clay,		N O Francisco de Color			Gully/linear
	moderate subangular stones (20-25%), charcoal flecking,		N-S linear concave sides and base, moderate slope,			ditch. Cuts F5.Finds:
2301	animal bone	2300	depth 0.43m	Truncates, ditch [2998]	F22	Animal bone
2001	diminal polic	2000	E-W linear, concave base,	Transaces, and [Leee]	1.22	7 tillinai bollo
			irregular to straight steep			NE-SW ditch
	Light grey clay, rare small		sides, feature length >20m,			enclosure.
2303	stones, no finds	2302	width 0.05m, depth 0.44m		F23	Finds: Pottery
2304						N= 6
	Mid grey silty clay with brown		E-W linear, flat base,			NE-SW ditch
	hue, orange mottles, rare subangular to subrounded		concave sides, steep slope, feature length >10m, width			enclosure. Finds: Animal
2306	stones, no finds	2305	1.84m, depth 0.77m	Recut [2310]	F25	bone, pottery
	Storios, no mas	2000	N-S linear, flat base,	110001 [2010]	1 20	zono, policry
	Dark grey silty clay with brown		concave steep sides,			
	mottle, rare subangular stones,		feature length >10m, width			
2307	poorly sorted, pottery	2310	1.72m, depth 0.77m	Ditch recut of [2305]	2310	OWN GROUP
			N-S linear, flat base,			
	Mid brown sandy clay with		concave steep sides,			
2308	orange hue, rare subangular stones, no finds	2310	feature length >10m, width 1.72m, depth 0.77m	Ditch recut of [2305]	2310	OWN GROUP
2306	Mid greyish silty clay with	2310	N-S linear, flat base,	Ditch recut of [2303]	2310	OWN GROUP
	black hue and brown mottling,		concave steep sides,			
	rare (5%) subrounded to		feature length >10m, width			
2309	subangular stones, no finds	2310	1.72m, depth 0.77m	Ditch recut of [2305]	2310	OWN GROUP
			SW-NE linear, slightly			
	NACA bassaciate same allowaters		concave base and side,			NE-SW ditch
	Mid brownish grey silty clay, 1% rounded pebbles, animal		moderate slope, feature length >30m, width >1.9m,			enclosure. Finds: Animal
2312	bone, pottery	2311	depth 1m	Appears to be cut by pit [2313]	F25	bone, pottery
LUIL	bone, pettery	2011	deptil IIII	Appears to be out by pit [2010]	1 20	Finds:
	Dark brownish grey silty clay,					Waterlogged
	animal bone, wood		Irregular in plan, slightly			wood, animal
	(waterlogged), worked stone,		concave sides, moderate		1_	bone, pottery,
2314	pottery	2313	slope, feature depth 1.78m	Cuts ditch [2311]	F29	metal
						Finds: Waterlogged
			Irregular in plan, slightly			wood, animal
	Light brownish grey silty clay,		concave sides, moderate			bone, pottery,
2315	animal bone, pottery	2313	slope, feature depth 1.78m	Cuts ditch [2311]	F29	metal
						Finds:
	Mid greyish brown silty clay,], ,			Waterlogged
	3% rounded pebbles, pottery,		Irregular in plan, slightly			wood, animal
2316	animal bone, metal (knife blade)	2313	concave sides, moderate slope, feature depth 1.78m	Cuts ditch [2311]	F29	bone, pottery, metal
2310	biade)	2010	Siope, leature depth 1.76m	Cuts until [2311]	F29	Roundhouse
	Mid greyish brown clay, 1%					behind F7.
	well rounded coarse gravel, no		E-W curvilinear, concave	Extremely truncated eave of		Finds: Animal
2318	finds	2317	base and sides, shallow	roundhouse	F8	bone, pottery
			NW-SE linear, irregular			
	Danis amassa 200 s alassa 200 s 1 s 1		base, concave sides,			
	Dark grey silty clay with black hue, rare subangular and		shallow, feature length	Aloo possible ditab tamaiana		
2320		2319	>2m, width 0.59m, depth 0.20m	Also, possible ditch terminus or hollow, cut by land drain,	2319	OWN GROUP
<u> </u>	subrounded stones, no finds Mid reddish brown silty clay	2019	Suboval, flat base, straight	nonow, cut by lattu utalit,	2318	OWIN GROUP
	15% subrounded stones,		to stepped steep sides,			
	charcoal, pottery, animal bone,		feature length ~1.8m, width			
2322	burnt stone	2321	1m, depth 0.45m		2321	OWN GROUP
2323	Mid greyish brown sandy clay,		Suboval, flat base, straight		2321	OWN GROUP

		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
•	occasional stones, pottery, charcoal		to stepped steep sides, feature length ~1.8m, width 1m, depth 0.45m			
	Fill of feature south, Light orange white silty clay, occasional subrounded stones, charcoal flecks, small find 3:					
2324	spindle whorl or loom weight Light grey silty clay with white hue, 3% subangular stones,					
2325	poorly sorted, no finds					
2327	Light grey silty clay with white hue, 1% subangular stone, well sorted, no finds	2326	NW-SE linear, u-shaped base, concave sides, moderate slope, feature length 4m+, width 0.45m, depth 0.10m	Terminus	F25	NE-SW ditch enclosure. Finds: Animal bone, pottery
2328	Natural layer distinctive from (2002), variable mix of mid brown sand with streaks of mid brown streaks and yellow mottling, frequent subangular and subrounded stones, no finds	2020	dopuir o. rom	Tommad	120	sone, pettery
	Mid blueish grey silty clay,		Circular, v-shaped base,			
2330	20% small subrounded to rounded stones, no finds	2329	straight sides, moderate slope	Possible posthole, associated with [2347]	2329	OWN GROUP
	Light grey silty clay with brown hue, rare subrounded and		NW-SE linear, flat base, concave sides, steep slope, feature length 1.10m, width			NE-SW ditch enclosure. Finds: Animal
2332	subangular stones, no finds	2331	0.42m, depth 0.09m E-W aligned, L-shaped in	Terminus	F25	bone, pottery
2334	Light grey clay, no stone inclusions, Pottery, small finds: lead and silver bowls	2333	plan, flat base, straight vertical sides, feature length >10m, width 1.07m, depth, 1m		2333	OWN GROUP
2336	Light grey clay with orange flecks, no stone inclusions, no finds	2335	N-S aligned, L-shaped, flat base, straight sides, steep/vertical sides, feature length 10m+, width 1.07m, depth 1m		2335	OWN GROUP
2330	Mid greyish brown clay, 15	2333	depin mi		2333	OWN GROOP
	rare coarse gravel, well rounded, 3% charcoal flecks, moderate compaction,		NE-SW curvilinear, concave sides and base, moderate slope, feature length >4m,			Roundhouse behind F7. Finds: Animal
2338	extremely truncated Light yellowish brown silty	2337	width 0.28m, depth 0.1m E-W linear, flat/sloping	Terminus	F8	bone, pottery
0040	clay, occasional subangular stones (10%), charcoal flecks,	2220	base, concave sides, moderate slope, depth	Cuts [2341], same as [2333],	F00	NE-SW ditch enclosure.
2340	no finds Mid brownish grey silty clay, occasional subangular stones (15%), charcoal flecks, no	2339	N-S linear, concave base, straight steep sides, feature	joining [2341]	F23	Finds: Pottery Gully. Parallel to F53. Finds: Animal bones,
2342	finds Mid grey silty clay with brown hue, 5% subangular stones,	2341	depth 0.52m+ NE-SW linear, flat base, straight steep sides, feature	Cuts [2339]	F54	NE-SW ditch enclosure.
2344	poorly sorted, pottery and iron object	2343	length >10m, width >3m, depth 0.58m	Cuts (2328)	F25	Finds: Animal bone, pottery
	Mid grey silty clay with brown hue, 5% subangular stone,		NW-SE linear, u-shaped base, concave stepped sides, feature length >10m,			NE-SW ditch enclosure. Finds: Animal
2346	poorly sorted, no finds	2345	width 1.5m, depth 0.58m Curvilinear, concave irregular base, concave	Cuts (2328)	F25	bone, pottery
2348	Light blueish grey silty clay,no inclusions, no finds	2347	sides, moderate slope, width 0.65m, depth 0.20m NNW-SSE linear, concave	Possible feature, associated with [2347], [2329]	2347	OWN GROUP NW-SE
0050	Mid greyish brown clay with orange flecks, no stone	00.40	base, moderate slope, feature length >5m, width	Deput of disab (2004)	F0.4	connecting ditch. Finds:
2350	inclusions, no finds	2349	1.45m, depth 0.45m	Recut of ditch [2294]	F24	Pottery, bone



		Fill				
D	Elli December Com	of	Out December to a	Out lot and add an	P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description E-W aligned, L-shaped in	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
			plan, flat base, straight			
	Dark grey clay, no stone		vertical sides, feature length >10m, width 1.07m, depth,			
2351	inclusions, no finds	2333	> rom, widin 1.07m, depin,		2333	OWN GROUP
	Mid greyish brown clay, 5%		SW-NE curvilinear, concave			
	angular well rounded coarse gravel and cobbles, moderate		base, straight sides, moderate slope, feature			Roundhouse behind F7.
	compaction, 3% charcoal		length 7m, width 0.32m,			Finds: Animal
2353	flecks, pottery	2352	depth 0.12m	Terminus	F8	bone, pottery
	Light grey clay mottled with orange, occasional medium					Large E-W
	sized rounded stones,		E-W linear, flat base,			enclosure ditch.
0055	charcoal flecks, pottery,	0054	straight steep sides, feature	0 11 100501		Finds: Timber,
2355	compact soil	2354	depth 0.35m E-W linear, u-shaped,	Cut by [2356] and land drain	F5	burnt st Large E-W
	Orangey brown sandy silty		straight sides, moderate			enclosure ditch.
0057	clay with pink hue, abundant	0050	slope, feature length 3.2m,	0		Finds: Timber,
2357	small angular stones, no finds Dark brown silty clay,	2356	width >1m, depth 1.17m E-W linear, u-shaped,	Cuts [2354]	F5	burnt st Large E-W
	abundant angular stones,		straight sides, moderate			enclosure ditch.
0050	timber/wood, waterlogged,	0050	slope, feature length 3.2m,	0		Finds: Timber,
2358	burnt stone	2356	width >1m, depth 1.17m E-W linear, u-shaped,	Cuts [2354]	F5	burnt st Large E-W
	Light grey clay, rare angular		straight sides, moderate			enclosure ditch.
0050	small stones, possible burnt	0050	slope, feature length 3.2m,	0		Finds: Timber,
2359	seeds, animal bone, charcoal	2356	width >1m, depth 1.17m E-W linear, u-shaped,	Cuts [2354]	F5	burnt st Large E-W
	Light grey clay, occasional		straight sides, moderate			enclosure ditch.
	small subangular stones,		slope, feature length 3.2m,	0		Finds: Timber,
2360	pottery, animal bone, charcoal Light grey clay, occasional	2356	width >1m, depth 1.17m E-W linear, u-shaped,	Cuts [2354]	F5	burnt st Large E-W
	small subrounded stones,		straight sides, moderate			enclosure ditch.
0004	charcoal flecks, slightly gritty	0050	slope, feature length 3.2m,	0		Finds: Timber,
2361	texture, compact Mid grey brown clay, abundant	2356	width >1m, depth 1.17m E-W linear, u-shaped,	Cuts [2354]	F5	burnt st Large E-W
	small to medium sized		straight sides, moderate			enclosure ditch.
0000	rounded to subrounded	0050	slope, feature length 3.2m,	0.4-100541		Finds: Timber,
2362	stones, pottery	2356	width >1m, depth 1.17m NNE-SSW curvilinear,	Cuts [2354]	F5	burnt st
			concave side and base,			
	Mid brownish grov silty slov		moderate slope, feature			Davadhavaa
2364	Mid brownish grey silty clay, 1% rounded pebbles, pottery	2363	length >10m, width 0.24m, depth 0.1m	Ring gully	F9	Roundhouse eaves gully.
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Sub-oval, flat base,	3 3 - 7	-	, ,
			irregular sides, moderate to steep slope, feature length			
	Mid brownish grey silty clay,		1.4m, width 0.8m, depth			Roundhouse
2366	1% pebbles, no finds	2365	0.22m	Possible cooking/heating pit	F9	eaves gully.
			Sub-oval, flat base, irregular sides, moderate to			
	Dark brownish grey silty clay,		steep slope, feature length			
0007	no stone inclusions, 30%	0005	1.4m, width 0.8m, depth	Describle and the World	FC	Roundhouse
2367	charcoal, pottery	2365	0.22m NE-SW linear, flat base,	Possible cooking/heating pit	F9	eaves gully. NE-SW ditch
	Light grey silty clay, 5%		straight steep sides, feature			enclosure.
0000	subangular to subrounded	00.45	length >10m, width >3m,	0.4- (0000)	F05	Finds: Animal
2368	stone, poorly sorted, no finds	2343	depth 0.58m NW-SE linear, u-shaped	Cuts (2328)	F25	bone, pottery NE-SW ditch
	Light grey silty clay, 5%		base, concave stepped			enclosure.
2260	subangular to subrounded	2245	sides, feature length >10m,	Cuto (2220)	F0F	Finds: Animal
2369	stones, poorly sorted, no finds	2345	width 1.5m, depth 0.58m ENE-WSW linear, concave	Cuts (2328)	F25	bone, pottery
			sides and base, moderate			
	Mid yellowish brown sandy		slope, feature length >10m,	Appropriated sentents [0070]		
2371	loam, frequent subrounded to rounded stones, no finds	2370	width ~0.28m, depth ~0.10m	Associated contexts: [2372], [2374]	2370	OWN GROUP
	Mid yellowish brown sandy		ENE-WSW linear, concave	Associated contexts: [2374],		
2373	loam, frequent rounded to	2372	base and sides, moderate	[2370]	2372	OWN GROUP

		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	subangular stones, no finds		slope, feature length >10m, width 0.33m, depth 0.07m			
			W-E linear, concave base			
	Mid yellowish brown sandy		and sides, moderate slope,	Associated contacts [2275]		
2375	loam, frequent rounded to subangular stones, pottery	2374	feature length >10m, width ~0.44m, depth ~0.12m	Associated contexts: [2375], [2372], [2370]	2374	OWN GROUP
	Light blackish grey silty clay,		N-S subcircular, concave	[==:=]; [==:=]		
0077	occasional subangular flint	0070	base and sides, sharp	Courtly of one o	0070	OWN CDOUD
2377	pieces, charcoal flecks	2376	slope, feature depth 0.24m+ N-SE curvilinear, concave	South of area 2	2376	OWN GROUP
	Mid greyish brown clay, rare		base, straight sides,			Roundhouse
	rounded cobbles, sparse		moderate slope, feature			behind F7.
2379	coarse gravel, animal bone, pottery, charcoal flecks	2378	length 2m+, width 0.42m, depth 0.38m	Terminus	F8	Finds: Animal bone, pottery
	Light orangey white silty clay,		'			71
2381	occasional subcircular stones	2380	NW-SE subcircular, convex	South of area 2	2380	OWN GROUP
2301	(10%), charcoal flecking	2360	base, concave steep sides, NE-SW linear, concave	South of area 2	2360	OWN GROUP
			base, straight steep sides,			
2383	Light yellowish grey clayey silt, 2% charcoal, no finds	2382	feature length >20m, width 0.42m, depth 0.32m	Possibly draining into larger ditch downhill	F26	Thin gully/linear E-W-ish.
2303	2% Charcoal, no linus	2302	Roughly NE-SW curvilinear,	dicir downinii	F20	E-VV-1511.
			concave base and sides,			Large E-W
	Mid blue-grey clay, 5% subrounded coarse gravel,		steep slope, feature length >10m, width 1.9m, depth			enclosure ditch. Finds: Timber,
2385	pottery	2384	0.75m		F5	burnt st
	•		Roughly NE-SW curvilinear,			
	Mid red-brown silty clay with yellow/brown flecks, 20%		concave base and sides,			Large E-W enclosure ditch.
	subrounded to subangular		steep slope, feature length >10m, width 1.9m, depth			Finds: Timber,
2386	coarse gravel, pottery, bone	2384	0.75m		F5	burnt st
	Mid blue grey silty clay with		Roughly NE-SW curvilinear,			
	yellow brown flecks, ~15% subangular to subrounded		concave base and sides, steep slope, feature length			Large E-W enclosure ditch.
	coarse gravel, 10% charcoal,		>10m, width 1.9m, depth			Finds: Timber,
2387	pottery, horn, animal bone	2384	0.75m E-W linear,		F5	burnt st
	Light yellowish grey silty clay,		concave/undulating base,			
	occasional subangular stones		concave sides, moderate			
2389	(5-10%), charcoal flecking	2388	slope, feature depth 0.23m+ NE-SW linear, concave	Same as [2383]	2388	OWN GROUP
	Light brownish yellow silty		sides and base, moderate			
	clay, 5% rounded pebbles, no		slope, feature length >20m,			Thin gully/linear
2391	finds Mid blueish grey silt loam,	2390	width 0.4m, depth 0.1m		F26	E-W-ish.
	frequent small to large stones,		Sub-rectangular, flat base, concave sides moderate			
	charcoal, animal tooth, burnt		slope, feature length ~2m,			
2393	stone	2392	width ~1.62m, depth 0.11m ESE-NNW linear to	Cut by [2394]	2392	OWN GROUP
			curvilinear, concave sloping			
			base, concave sides,			
	Mid blueish grey silt loam,		moderate slope, feature length ~2.5m, width 0.27m,			
2395	sparse stones, pottery	2394	depth 0.11m,		2394	OWN GROUP
	· · ·		NNW-SSE linear, concave			
	Dark blueish grey sandy loam, small to large stones, pottery,		sides and base, moderate slope, feature length >20m,	Terminus, associated context		
2397	burnt stone	2396	width ~0.82m, depth 0.29,	[2447]	2396	OWN GROUP
	Light yellowish brown silty		E-W linear, undulating			
	clay, occasional subangular stones (5-10%), charcoal		base, concave sides, moderate slope, feature			
2399	flecking, no finds	2398	depth 0.34m+	Same as [2382], [2388], 2390]	2398	OWN GROUP
	Mid grey-brown silty clay with					
	yellow-brown flecks, ~20% subrounded to subangular					
	coarse gravel, charcoal,		N-S linear, flat base,			Narrow gully
	pottery, animal bone, small		straight steep sides, feature			cut by F2
2401	find: lead object, compact, heterogenous	2400	length>3m, width 1.27m, depth 0.2m		F3	enclosure. Finds: Pottery,



		Fill				
		of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description Mid grey clay, abundant	cut	Cut Description W-E aligned, flat base,	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	rounded medium sized stones,		straight sides, shallow,			
	abundant pottery, charcoal,		feature length 2.10m, with	Cut by furrow, [2406], similar to		
2403	flint Dark grey clay, few angular	2402	>2m, depth 0.18m	[2249]	2402	OWN GROUP
	stones, pottery, charcoal, burnt		Not fully excavated further	Cut by furrow [2406] and land		
2405	stone, small find: lead object	2404	investigated in slot [2406]	drain in N	2404	OWN GROUP
	Mid brown clay, many rounded medium sized stones, pottery,		E-W linear, flat base,	Cuts [2402] and [2404], cut by		
2407	very compact	2406	straight sides, moderate slope, feature depth 0.11m	land drain	2406	OWN GROUP
2101	Dark grey sandy clay with blue	2.00	NE-SW linear, flat base,	land drain	2100	NE-SW ditch
	hue and commonly brown-		straight steep sides, feature			enclosure.
2408	orange mottling, frequent stone inclusion, no finds	2343	length >10m, width >3m, depth 0.58m	Cuts (2328)	F25	Finds: Animal bone, pottery
2400	Storie moradion, no mas	2040	NW-SE linear, u-shaped	Outo (2020)	1 20	NE-SW ditch
	Dark grey sandy clay with blue		base, concave stepped			enclosure.
2409	hue and brown/orange streaks, 50% stone inclusion, no finds	2345	sides, feature length >10m,	Cuts (2328)	F25	Finds: Animal
2409	Light brownish yellow silty	2343	width 1.5m, depth 0.58m NW-SE linear, irregular	Cuis (2328)	F20	bone, pottery
	clay, 15-20% subangular		base, concave sides,			
2414	stone, charcoal flecking, no	2440	moderate slope, feature	Cut by E10	2410	OWN CROUD
2411	finds Mid orangey grey silty clay,	2410	depth 0.65m+ NW-SE linear, irregular	Cut by F10	2410	OWN GROUP
	occasional subangular stone		base, concave sides,			
0.440	(25%), charcoal flecking, no	0440	moderate slope, feature	Out he 540	0.440	OWAL ODOLLD
2412	finds	2410	depth 0.65m+ NNE-SSW linear, concave	Cut by F10	2410	OWN GROUP
	Light grey silty clay, no stone		sides and base, moderate	Possible terminus of gully, same		
	inclusions, 1% charcoal		slope, feature length >10m,	alignment as [2415], also		
2414	flecking	2413	width 0.62m, depth 0.36m NNW-SSE linear, flat base,	possible being a pit cut by [2415]	2413	OWN GROUP
	Dark grey clay, 1% coarse		concave sides, moderate			
	gravel, no finds, moderate		slope, feature length >20m,			
2416	compaction Light grey clay, 1% medium	2415	width 3.28m, depth 0.54m	Probably for drainage	2415	OWN GROUP
	sized rounded gravel, <1%		NNW-SSE linear, flat base, concave sides, moderate			
	charcoal flecking, moderate		slope, feature length >20m,			
2417	compaction	2415	width 3.28m, depth 0.54m	Probably for drainage	2415	OWN GROUP
	Light orangey brown clay, 1%		NNE-SSW linear, irregular base, straight sides,			NE-SW aligned large ditch.
	subangular to angular stone,		moderate slope, feature			Finds: Animal
2419	no finds, moderate compaction	2418	length >20m, depth 0.46m	Possible drainage ditch	F1	bone and
	Mid grey clay, 5% sparse subangular medium sized		NNE-SSW linear, irregular base, straight sides,			NE-SW aligned large ditch.
	gravel, animal bone and tooth,		moderate slope, feature			Finds: Animal
2420	moderate compaction	2418	length >20m, depth 0.46m	Possible drainage ditch	F1	bone and
	Dark grey sandy clay, 1%		NNE-SSW linear, irregular base, straight sides,			NE-SW aligned large ditch.
	subangular coarse gravel, no		moderate slope, feature			Finds: Animal
2421	finds	2418	length >20m, depth 0.46m	Possible drainage ditch	F1	bone and
			NNE-SSW Linear in plan.	Small gully running on NNE-		
			Concave sides moderately sloped. Concave case.	SSW alignment parallel to feature 1. Indeterminate		
	Mid grey clay. Firm		Length: >20m Width: 0.50m	relationship to other feature &		Small linear
2423	compaction. 0.22m deep.	2422	Depth: 0.22m	date.	F6	ditch NW-SE.
			roughly NE-SW. Linear with slight curve in plan.			
			Concave sides. Moderately			
	Mid grey brown with		sloped with concave base.			
	yellow/brown flecks. Silty clay 20% sub rounded and sub		Length: >10m Width: 0.65m Depth: 0.25m NE side partly	Most of the curve happens		
	angular coarse gravel.		machined out, therefore	between this slot and [2426]. E		Slightly
	Comact, heterogenous but		only 1 section available to	of 2 small linears (not excavated		curvilinear not
2425	evenly mixed. Some mixing at interface with natural.	2424	analyse in this slot. Symmetrical. At SW of area	yet) - roughly parallel. Trails of burn after this slot to NE.	F27	originally visible.
<u> </u>	mid-grey brown with	<u> </u>	Roughly NE-SW. Slight	Part of linear gully in SW area of	1 41	VISIDIG.
	yellow/brown flecks. Silty clay.		curve, linear. Concave	Area 2. Features W of [2424] not		
2/27	20% sub rounded/sub angular	2426	sides. Moderately sloped with a concave base. Fairly	present at this point. N of [2424],	2426	OWN GROUP
2427	coarse gravel. Compact,	∠4 ∠ 0	with a concave base. Fairly	S of [2428].	Z4Z0	OVVIN GROUP

		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	heterogenous but evenly mixed. Some mixing at interface of natural + fill.		symmetrical. Likely partially truncates by the machine. SW of area 2.			
	mid grey- brown w/ yellow brown flecks silty clay. 20%		Roughly NE-SW. Linear w/ slight curve. Concave sides, moderate slope. Concave base. Not as symmetrical as slots further S-E side steeper. SW area in area 2.	See [2424] and [2426]. N most slot before feature disappears. On approximate same alignment		Slightly curvilinear not
2429	sub rounded and sub angular coarse gravel.	2428	quite shallow, possibly truncated by machine.	as [2426]. Similar dimensions as well.	F27	originally visible.
2431	Light blackish grey silty clay. Moderate subangular stones 30-35%. Charcoal flecking.	2430	East-West. Linear in plan. Concave sides moderately sloped. Undulating base. Length: 1.30m+ Width: 1.06m+ Depth: 0.57m+	Cut of linear Roman Ditch. Some as [2410]. Only one full unlike [2410] suggesting possible truncation.	F10	SW-NE linear beneath furrow. Finds: burnt and unburnt
2433	Mid greyish brown mottled with orange. Silty clay. Pebbles 1%.	2432	Sub-circular in plan. Irregular sides, moderately sloped and irregularly shaped. Diameter: >5m Depth: 0.72m	The fills and the finds from this slot are the same as those in slot [2313]. The function of the pit is unclear.	2432	OWN GROUP
2434	Depth: 0.42m Mid brownish grey with orange flecks silty clay. Small stones 1%. RB pottery.	2432	Sub-circular in plan. Irregular sides, moderately sloped and irregularly shaped. Diameter: >5m Depth: 0.72m	The fills and the finds from this slot are the same as those in slot [2313]. The function of the pit is unclear.	2432	OWN GROUP
2436	Light grey silty clay. Infrequent 10% sub angular and stone inclusions poorly sorted +5- 60mm in size. Very compact.	2435	NE-SW. Linear in plan. Convex/stepped sides, very steep and u-shaped base.	Cut of a RB drainage/boundary ditch. Containing two distinct silting fills 924360 and 924370. Finds consisted of RB pottery (in 2437). Probably small-scale rubbish disposal.	2435	OWN GROUP
2437	Mid grey v. common streaks of yellow brown mottled. Rare 5% sub angular stones inclusions poorly sorted + 5-40mm in size.	2435	NE-SW. Linear in plan. Convex/stepped sides, very steep and u-shaped base.	Cut of a RB drainage/boundary ditch. Containing two distinct silting fills 924360 and 924370. Finds consisted of RB pottery (in 2437). Probably small-scale rubbish disposal.	2435	OWN GROUP
2438	Diameter: >5m Depth:0.13m Mid greyish brown silty clay.	2432	Sub-circular in plan. Irregular sides, moderately sloped and irregularly shaped. Diameter: >5m Depth: 0.72m	The fills and the finds from this slot are the same as those in slot [2313]. The function of the pit is unclear.	2432	OWN GROUP
2439	Length: 3m Width: 4.30m Depth: 0.90m Mid brown with a yellow hue. Silty clay. Common (50%) sub angular stone inclusions poorly sorted. 5-30mm in size.					
2441	Light whiteish grey silty clay. Moderate subangular stones 30-40%. Charcoal flecking.	2440	E-W. Linear in plan. Concave sides, sharply sloped. Concave base. Length: 1m Width: 0.90m Depth: 0.51m+	Cut of linear ditch. Same as [2410] + [2430] Roman in chronology.	F10	SW-NE linear beneath furrow. Finds: burnt and unburnt
2443		2442	N-S. Linear in plan. Slightly concave/convex sides. Moderately sloped. Flat base. Length: >30m Width: 1.26m Depth: 0.60m	Ditch containing 2 homogenous fills. This slot runs through the centre of the roundhouse (feature 9) At this slot the ditch is deeper and wider than it is further south.	2442	OWN GROUP
	Dark grey with a brown hue. Silty clay. Common 40%. Sub angular stone inclusions. Poorly sorted. 5-150m in site. Fill of a wide irregular shaped hollow. Finds suggest rubbish		Irregular in plan. Straight sides, steep sides, flat base. Diameter: 8m. Depth:	Cut of a shallow possible a very shallow pit, used for rubbish disposal. Finds suggest RB date. May be part of a midden.		
2445	disposal. Mid greyish brown. Silty clay.	2444	0.14m. N-S. Linear in plan. Slightly	[2460]. Ditch containing 2 homogenous	2444	OWN GROUP
2446	Rounded pebbles (small) 2%.	2442	concave/convex sides.	fills. This slot runs through the	2442	OWN GROUP



Deposit Fill Description Cut Cut Description Moderately sloped. Field Moderately sloped. Fill Search Sea			Fill				
R8 pottery fragments. Moderately sloped. Flat busines. Length: 30m Width: 1.26m Depth: 0.80m Interest 9 At this soft the disch is deeper and wider than it is furnified angular. Roman pottery, highly degraded burnt. 2448 Animal bone- not retained. 4. 2447 Depth: 0.26m Interest 9 At this soft the disch is deeper and wider than it is furnified angular. Roman pottery, highly degraded burnt. 2448 Depth: 2.2 Mb Evonesh grey silv delay. Charcoal 1%. 2447 Depth: 0.20m Width: 0.77 m 26i. 2448 Depth: 0.22 Mb Evonesh grey silv delay. Charcoal 1%. 2449 Sloped. Concave base. Length: >20m Width: 0.77 m 26i. 2449 Depth: 0.20m Sloped. Concave base. Length: >20m Width: 0.77 m 26i. 2449 Depth: 0.20m 2449 Sloped. Concave base. Length: >20m Sloped. Concave b						P/O	Group
Dark blueish grey sandy loam. Small 10% varietic, large: 15% pottery, highly degraded burnt. Animal bone- not retained. Length: 50 Methics: 0.7 methics: 0.8 both; 10% varieties and moderately sloped. Length: 9.2 methics: 0.7 methics: 0.8 both; 2449 commoderately sloped. Length: 9.1 methics: 0.7 methics: 0.8 both; 2450 grey sith; 240 commoderately sloped. Length: 9.1 methics: 0.7 methics: 0.8 both; 2451 commoderately sloped. Length: 9.1 methics: 0.7 methics: 0.8 both; 2451 commoderately sloped. Length: 9.1 methics: 0.7 m	Deposit		cut			Group	Interpretation
Dark blueish grey sandy losm. Small 10% varied, large; 15% rounded-angular Roman Small 10% varied, large; 15% rounded-angular Roman Depth: 0.22 Mid brownish grey silly clay. 2447 Depth: 0.22 Mid brownish grey silly clay. Charcoal 5%. 2450 Depth: 0.22 Mid brownish grey silly clay. Charcoal 5%. 2461 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Charcoal 5%. 2470 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Charcoal 5%. 2481 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Charcoal 5%. 2482 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Charcoal 5%. 2483 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Charcoal 5%. 2484 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Charcoal 5%. 2485 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2485 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2485 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2486 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2487 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2488 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2489 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2480 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2480 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2480 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2481 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2482 Depth: 0.16m Mid grey silly clay. Charcoal 5.30m Mid grey silly clay. Depth: 0.26m Mid grey clay. Dept		RB pottery fragments.					
Dark blueish grey sandy loam. Small 10% varied, large: 15% rounded-angular Ramurunt. Animal broke vogradiande 2447 2448 2450 2450 2450 2450 2451 2450 2451 2452 2452 2452 2453 2453 2453 2454 2455 2455 2455 2455 2455 2455 2455 2456 2456 2457 2457 2458 2458 2458 2458 2458 2458 2458 2458 2458 2459 2459 2459 2459 2459 2459 2459 2450					()		
Small 10% varied, large: 15% rounded-angular, Roman potrey, highly degraded burnt. 2449 Animal bone: not retained. 2450 Depth: 0.20 Mild provinish grey sitly clay. 2451 Mild brownish grey sitly clay. 2451 Charcoal: 5%. 2462 Mild brownish grey sitly clay. 2453 Mild brownish grey sitly clay. 2453 Langth: 1.8 m Width: 0.96m Depth: 0.10m. 2454 Langth: 1.8 m Width: 0.96m Depth: 0.10m. 2455 Langth: 0.10m. Mild greyish brown sitly clay. 2451 Light blackish grey sitly clay. 2452 Mild brown sitly clay. 2453 Light blackish grey sitly clay. 2454 Moderate large subangular stocking. 2455 Mild brownish grey sitly clay. 2456 Mild grey clay. 3% sparse coarse gravel, rounded 1%. 2457 Orange montiling. 2457 Orange montiling. 2458 Orange montiling. 2459 Orange montiling. 2450 Orange montiling. 2451 Orange montiling. 2452 Orange sides moderately sloped. Concave base. 2453 Mild brownish grey sitly clay. 2454 Moderate large subangular stocking. 2455 Mild brownish grey sitly clay. 2456 Mild grey clay. 3% sparse coarse gravel, rounded 1%. 2457 Orange montiling. 2458 Orange montiling. 2459 Orange montiling. 2450 Orange montiling. 2451 Orange montiling. 2452 Orange sides moderately sloped. Concave base. Indepth: 0.6 mm Width: 0.6 mm Wid				•			
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Authority Auth					Associating contaxts (2448)		
2450 Animal bone- not retained. 2447 Deght: 0.20m [2396]. 2396]. 2447 OWN GROU Length: > 24 Moderate bone so with the secondary fill and process of the secondary fill and proce							
Depth: 0.22 Mid brownish 2450 sides and moderately sloped. Concave base. moderar. 2449 OWN GROU	2448	, , , , ,	2447	· ·		2447	OWN GROUP
2451 Mid brownish grey silty clay. 2449 Sloped. Concave base. N.S. Sub-vow. Irregular sides and moderately sloped. Concave base. Pit/gully. The purpose of this feature is unclear. 2449 OWN GROU					-		
Mid brownish grey silty clay. Charcoal, 5%. An object of the property of the	0.450		0.440			0.440	OWN OBOUR
Mid brownish grey silty clay. 2449 Sides and moderately sloped. Concave base. Unclear 2449 Charcoal. 5%.	2450	grey siity clay. Charcoai 1%.	2449		unciear.	2449	OWN GROUP
2451 Charcoal. 5%. 2449 sloped. Concave base. Unclear. 2449 OWN GROU File plan. Slightly concave. Sides which are shallow in slope. Slightly concave. Sides which are shallow in slope. Slightly concave sides. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2452 Service or speech control of the state of th		Mid brownish grev silty clay.			pit containing 2 fills. Function		
Length: >1.8m Width: 0.96m	2451	Charcoal. 5%.	2449			2449	OWN GROUP
Length: >1.8m Width: 0.96m Depth: 0.10m. Mid greyish brown silty clay.				•	Pit/gully. The purpose of this		
Length: >1.8m Width: 0.96m Depth: 0.10m. Nid greyish brown silty clay. Light blackish grey silty clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25.30%. Charcoal flecking. 2455 2455 2456 2457 2458 2458 2458 2459 2459 2459 2450 245							
Length: >1.8m Width: 0.96m bepth: 0.10m. Mky greysh brown silty clay. Light blackish grey silty clay. Light blackish grey silty clay. Light blackish grey silty clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2455 Light blackish grey silty clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2455 Light blackish grey silty clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2456 Light blackish grey silty clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2457 2458 Light blackish grey silty clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2459 mid grey clay, 3% sparse coarse gravel, rounded 1%. Cobbies rounded 1%. Cobbies rounded to sub rounded. Moderate so coarse gravel, rounded 1%. Cobbies rounded to sub rounded. Moderate overcut. Overcut not visible during securation only sible uniform only sible uniform overcut. Overcut not visible during securation only sible uniform overcut. Overcut not visible during securation only sible uniform overcut. Overcut not visible during securation only sible uniform overcut. Overcut not visible during securation only sible uniform overcut. Overcut not visible during securation only sible uniform overcut. Overcut not visible during securation only sible uniform overcut. Overcut not visible during securation only sible uniform. 2457 O.18m deep. Mid grey clay. 1% rare subangular gravel. Soft compaction. O.18m deep. Mid grey clay. 1% rare subangular gravel. Soft compaction. Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. Orange mottling. 2458 All the secondary fill. Feature overcut not visible during securation due to bright subangular subangular gravel. Soft compaction. Size uniform the secondary fill. Seature overcut. Overcut not visible during securately sloped. Filt base. Length: -0.8m Width: 0.8m Pophin. 0.18m Name Pophin. 0.18m Name Pophin. 0.18m Name Pophin. 0.18m Name Pophin. 0.18m N							
Depth: 0.10m. Mid greyish brown silty clay. Bose. Length: 3.16m Width: versa. 2452 O.96m Depth: 0.10m. versa. 2452 O.96m Depth: 0.10m. versa. 2453 Dishert large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal llecking. 2454 D.96m Depth: 0.10m. versa. 2455 Ilecking. 2455 Ilecking. 2456 Variable mix of blackish grey with orange mottling. 2457 O.18m deep. Mid grey clay. 1% rare subangular gravel. Soft compaction. 2458 D.18m fire puller base. Length: 0.60m Volter to visible during excavation only visible in section due to bright sunlight. 2459 D.18m fire puller base. Length: 0.60m Volter to visible during excavation only visible in section due to bright sunlight. 2450 D.18m deep. Mid grey clay. 1% rare subangular gravel. Soft compaction. 2450 D.18m fire puller above. Length: 0.60m Versut not visible during excavation only visible in section due to bright sunlight. 2450 D.18m fire puller above. Length: 0.18m fix secondary fill. Fleature voercut. Overcut not visible during excavation only visible in section due to bright sunlight. 2450 D.18m fix per virti a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. 2461 Dark grey with a black brounded stone inclusions and brounded stone inclusions and very poorly and pinkish red. Silty clay. Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of years and subrangular sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of years and subrate table. 2465 Vertical specific properties of the pull of Red pottery. Curs straight through [2460] and [2444] potter. 2465 Vertical specific properties. 2466 Vertical specific prope		Lenath: >1.8m Width: 0.96m					
Light blackish grey sitly clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking.		Depth: 0.10m. Mid greyish		base. Length: >1.8m Width:			
Light blackish grey silty clay. Moderate large subangular stores 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2455 2456 2457 2458 2458 2458 2459 2459 2459 2459 2459 2459 2459 2450 245	2453	brown silty clay.	2452	0.96m Depth: 0.10m.	versa.	2452	OWN GROUP
Light blackish grey silty clay. Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2455 Leght blackish grey subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2454 Leght blackish grey subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2455 Leght blackish grey subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2456 Leght blackish grey subangular gravel. Some quality of charcoal but no finds. N-S. Linear in plan. Concave sides. Moderately sloped. Irregular base. Length: >0.8m Width: 0.63m Depth: 0.19m 1X secondary fill. Feature overcut. Overcut not visible during excavation only visible in section due to bright sunlight. N-S. Linear in plan. Irregular sides and moderately sloped. Concave base. Length: >6m Width: 0.52m Depth: 0.18m 1x secondary fill. Side on west different to east, forms shallow shelf. 2459 Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay, Infrequent 20%. Subangular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150m in size. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. 2460 Variable mix of blackish grey and pinkish red. Silty clay. Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly and burned stone inclusions and very poorly subangular gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2465 Leght: -0.60m + Width: 0.52m Depth: 0.27m Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Carmin 40%, sub angular sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly solved 5-30mm in size. 2462 Dark Blue grey sity sand. 40% sub angular sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2465 Leght: -0.52m Depth: 0.27m Shallow backfilled trial trench Linear dicth 1 Sadpacent to Sadpace							
Moderate large subangular stones 25-30%. Charcoal flecking. 2454 2454 2454 2454 2464 2465 2		Light blackish grev silty clay					
Stones 25-30%. Charcoal 16ecking. 2454 2454 226m+ 16ecking. 2454 2454 226m+ 16ecking. 2454 2454 226m+ 16ecking. 2454 2456 226m+ 16ecking. 2454 2456 226m+ 16ecking. 2454 2456 226m+ 16ecking. 2454 2456 226m+ 16ecking. 2456 2456 226m+ 2456					Cut of pit to the edge of area 2.		
mid grey clay. 3% sparse coarse gravel, rounded 1%. Cobbles rounded to sub rounded. Moderate compaction, mid grey with orange mottling. 2457 2458 2459 2450 2450 0.18m deep. Mid grey clay. 1% rare subangular gravel. Soft compaction. Pill. Side on west different to east, forms shallow shelf. 2459 2450 Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. 2461 Variable mix of blackish grey and pinkish red. Silty clay. Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorty sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular suver tounded stone inclusions and very poorty sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular? sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2465 NWS.ELinear in plan. Corcave base Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Straight sides, Vertical slope. Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plants: Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plants: Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plants: Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plants: Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plants: Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plants: Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plants: Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plants: Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plants: Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plants: Stepped (E). F		stones 25-30%. Charcoal		Width: 0.86m+ Depth:			
Concave sides. Moderately sloped. Irregular base. Length: >0.8m Width: 0.63m Depth: 0.19m 1X secondary fill. Feature overcut. Overcut not visible during excavation only visible in section due to possibly drainage. Dates to RB based on pottery. 2457 2458 2459 2459 2450 0.18m deep. Mid grey clay. 1% rare subangular gravel. Soft compaction. Dark grey with a black hue. Sity clay. Infrequent 20%. Subangular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. 2461 2461 2461 2462 2463 2463 2463 2463 2464 2464 2465 Concave sides. Moderately sloped. Col.9m Width: 0.19m 1X secondary fill. Side on west different to east, forms shallow shelf. 2460 Concave base. Length: >0.8m Vigit pand. Moderately sloped. File base. Diameter: 5m Depth: 0.27m Smoderately sloped. File base. Diameter: 5m Depth: 0.27m Depth: 0.27m Smoderately sloped. File base. Diameter: 5m Depth: 0.27m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2465 2465 Concave sides. Moderately sloped. Contain plan. Corave sides moderately sloped. File base. Diameter: 5m Depth: 0.27m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] gackfilled trial trench from evaluation. Full ones. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2465	2455	flecking.	2454		finds.	2454	OWN GROUP
sloped. Irregular base. Length: > 0.8m Width: 0.63m Depth: 0.19m 1X secondary fill. Feature overcut. Overcut not visible during excavation only visible in section due to bright sunlight. N-S. Linear in plan. Irregular sides and moderately sloped. Concave base. Length: > 5m Width: 0.52m Depth: > 0.18m deep. Mid grey clay. 1% rare subangular gravel. Soft compaction. Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. 2461 Variable mix of blackish grey and pinkish red. Silty clay. Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand, 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of west etable. 2465 Sloped. Irregular base. Length: 0.19m 1X secondary fill. Second visible during excavation only visible in section due to bright sunlight. N-S. Linear in plan. Irregular sides and moderately sloped. Concave base. Length: > 6m Width: 0.52m Depth: 0.52m Shallow shelf. Small gully, unknown purpose, possibly drainage. Dates to RB based on pottery. Small gully, unknown purpose, possibly drainage. Dates to RB based on pottery. Small gully, unknown purpose, possibly drainage. Dates to RB based on pottery. Small gully, unknown purpose, possibly drainage. Dates to RB based on pottery. Small gully, unknown purpose, possibly drainage. Dates to RB based on pottery. Small gully, unknown purpose, possibly drainage. Dates to RB based on pottery. Small gully, unknown purpose, possibly drainage. Dates to RB based on pottery. Small gully, unknown purpose, possibly drainage. Dates to RB based on pottery. Small gully, unknown purpose, possibly drainage. Dates to RB based on pottery. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. OWN GROU White Dates to RB based on pottery. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural ho							
mid grey clay. 3% sparse coarse gravel, rounded 1%. Cobbles rounded to sub rounded. Moderate compaction, mid grey with orange mottling. 2457 orange mottling. 2458 OWN GROU 2459 O.18m deep. Mid grey clay. 1% rare subangular gravel. Soft compaction. Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. 2461 Variable mix of blackish grey and pinkish red. Silty clay. Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly sorted 5-30mm in size. 2462 Dark Blue grey silty sand, 40% sub angular and rub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2465 Variable mix of blackish grey and pinkish red. Silty clay. Infrequent 20% sorted 5-30mm in size. Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly sorted 5-30mm in size. Length: >10m Width: 2m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] cand sub rounded stone inclusions, nearing level of water table. Variate label. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. Variate label. Pottery animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of vater table. Variate label. Pottery animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of vater table. Variate label. Pottery animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of vater table. Variate label. Pottery animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of vater table. Variate label. V							
coarse gravel, rounded 1%. Cobbles rounded to sub rounded. Moderate compaction, mid grey with orange mottling. 2457 2458 2459 2456 2456 2456 2456 2456 2456 2457 2457 2457 2457 2458 2458 2458 2458 2458 2458 2458 2459 2458 2459 2458 24							
Cobbles rounded to sub rounded. Moderate compaction, mid grey with orange mottling. 2457 2458 2459 2459 2459 2459 2459 2459 2459 2459 2459 2459 2450 2460							
rounded. Moderate compaction, mid grey with compaction, mid grey with orange mottling. 2456 2457 rounded. Moderate compaction, mid grey with compaction, mid grey with orange mottling. 2458 2459 0.18m deep. Mid grey clay. 1% rare subangular gravel. Soft compaction. Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infreguent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. 2461 2461 Dark grey with a blackish grey and pinkish red. Silty clay. Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly sub angular year of inclusions and very poorly year of yea		<i>y</i>		,			
compaction, mid grey with orange mottling. 2456 bright sunlight. N-S. Linear in plan. Irregular sides and moderatety sloped. Concave base. Length: >6m Width: 0.52m Depth: 0.18m deep. Mid grey clay. 1% rare subangular gravel. Soft compaction. 2459 Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. 2461 Done and burnt stone. 2462 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly sorted 5-30mm in size. 2463 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular ysub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2465 visible in section due to behigh sunlight. N-S. Linear in plan. Irregular in plan. Concave sides and moderately sloped. Cat of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. 2460 OWN GROU 2458 Depth: 0.27m bepth: 0.20m straight through [2460] and [2444] (2445). 2460 OWN GROU 2450 OWN GROU 2451 Depth: 0.25m based on pottery. 2452 OWN GROU 2458 OWN GROU 2459 OWN GROU 2450 OWN GROU 2450 OWN GROU 2450 OWN GROU 2451 Depth: 0.25m based on pottery. 2452 OWN GROU 2458 OWN					Gully of unknown purpose		
2456 bright sunlight. N-S. Linear in plan. Irregular sides and moderately sloped. Concave base. Length: Side on west different to east, forms shallow shelf. Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. 2461 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular, and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly and pinkish red. Silty clay. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2465 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2466 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2467 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2468 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2469 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2460 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2465 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2466 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2467 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2468 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular and sub rounded stones. Inclusions part and sub rounded stones. L							
Irregular sides and moderately sloped. Concave base. Length: >6m Width: 0.52m Depth: 0.18m. 1x secondary fill. Side on west different to east, forms shallow shelf. Small gully, unknown purpose, unknown date. 2458 OWN GROU	2457		2456	bright sunlight.		2456	OWN GROUP
moderately sloped. Concave base. Length: Sem Width: 0.52m Depth: 0.18m. 1x secondary fill. Side on west different to east, forms shallow shelf. Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. 2461 Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones and burnt stone. Park grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones and burnt stone. Park grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular in plan. Concave sides moderately sloped. Flat base. Diameter: 5m Depth: 0.27m NW-SE. Linear in plan. Straight sides, Vertical slope. Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] 2463 Park grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. Park grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. Park grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. Park grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. Park grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. Park grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. Park grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. Park grey in plan. Concave sides moderately sloped. Flat base. Length: 2460 own GROU Park grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. Park grey in plan. Scale shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Linear ditch in Steature is RB. Park grey in plan. Scale shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Linear ditch in Steature is RB. Park grey in plan. Scale shape							
Concave base. Length:							
2459 O.18m deep. Mid grey clay. 1% rare subangular gravel. Soft compaction. Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. Variable mix of blackish grey and pinkish red. Silty clay. Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded stone sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2462 Variable mix of blackish grey and pinkish red. Silty clay. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table.							
rare subangular gravel. Soft compaction. Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. Variable mix of blackish grey and pinkish red. Silty clay. Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ so gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. Vate of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. Small gully, unknown purpose, unknown date. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. OWN GROU Small gully, unknown purpose, unknown date. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. Small gully, unknown purpose, unknown date. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. Small gully, unknown date. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. Small gully, unknown date. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. Small gully, unknown date. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. Salical Park of Silty clay. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. Salical Park of Silty clay. Cut of a pit or possibly and. Sub a pit or possibly and. Sub a pit or possibly and. Sub a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. Salical Pa							
2459 compaction. 2458 east, forms shallow shelf. Unknown date. 2458 OWN GROU Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. 2460 Depth: 0.27m Depth: 0.27m Suggest feature is RB. 2460 OWN GROU NW-SE. Linear in plan. Straight sides, Vertical slope. Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] (2445). Backfilled trial trench Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2464 2465 Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. 2460 OWN GROU Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. 2460 OWN GROU Evaluation of the plan. Straight through [2460] and [2444] (2445). Backfilled trial trench Sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2464							
Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. 2460 Variable mix of blackish grey and pinkish red. Silty clay. Common 40%, sub angular and very poorly sorted 5-30mm in size. 2461 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2462 Variable mix of blackish grey and pinkish red. Silty clay. Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly sorted 5-30mm in size. 2463 Sorted 5-30mm in size. 2464 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2465 Dark grey with a black hue. Silty clay. Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. 2460 OWN GROU Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. 2460 OWN GROU Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. 2460 OWN GROU Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] Backfilled trial trench 2462 OWN GROU End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully.	2450	0 0	2459			2450	OWN CROUD
Silty day. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular and rub rounded stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. 2461 Variable mix of blackish grey and pinkish red. Silty clay. Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly sorted 5-30mm in size. 2462 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. Silty day. Infrequent 20%. Sub angular in plan. Concave sides moderately sloped. Flat base. Diameter: 5m Depth: 0.27m NW-SE. Linear in plan. Straight sides, Vertical slope. Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] Backfilled trial trench 2462 OWN GROU End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully.	2433		2430	east, forms shallow shell.	unknown date.	2430	OWN GROOP
stones. Inclusions poorly sorted 5-150mm in size. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. 2461		Silty clay. Infrequent 20%. Sub					
sorted 5-150mm in size. Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. 2460 Depth: 0.27m Depth: 0.27m Straight sides, Vertical slope. Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. sorted 5-150mm in size. 2460 Depth: 0.27m Shallow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. 2460 OWN GROU Cut of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. 2460 OWN GROU End of a pit or possibly a natural hollow, used as a midden. Finds suggest feature is RB. 2460 OWN GROU End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully.				<u>-</u>			
Containing RB pottery, animal bones and burnt stone. 2460 Plat base. Diameter: 5m Depth: 0.27m NW-SE. Linear in plan. Straight sides, Vertical slope. Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] (2445). Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. Plat base. Diameter: 5m Depth: 0.27m NW-SE. Linear in plan. Straight sides, Vertical slope. Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] [2463					Cut of a mit an massible a material		
2461 bones and burnt stone. 2460 Depth: 0.27m suggest feature is RB. NW-SE. Linear in plan. Straight sides, Vertical slope. Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] sorted 5-30mm in size. 2462 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2463 bones and burnt stone. 2460 OWN GROU NW-SE. Linear in plan. Straight sides, Vertical slope. Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m Backfilled trial trench 2462 Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench rom evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] Backfilled trial trench 2462 OWN GROU End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relationship unknown				, ,			
NW-SE. Linear in plan. Straight sides, Vertical slope. Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] 2463 sorted 5-30mm in size. 2462 cya45). Backfilled trial trench Backfilled trial trench End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small Straight sides, Vertical slope. Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] Backfilled trial trench End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small S adjacent to S adjacent to S adjacent to S adjacent to	2461		2460			2460	OWN GROUP
Variable mix of blackish grey and pinkish red. Silty clay. Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly sorted 5-30mm in size. 2463 Sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. Slope. Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] [2462] Backfilled trial trench End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully.		-		NW-SE. Linear in plan.			
Variable mix of blackish grey and pinkish red. Silty clay. Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly sub angular/ sorted 5-30mm in size. 2463 Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2464 Variable mix of blackish grey and width: 2m Depth: 0.20m. Shallow backfilled trench From evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] (2445). Backfilled trial trench End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully.							
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Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly 2463 sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. Common 40%, sub angular and sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. trench from evaluation. Full of RB pottery. Cuts straight through [2460] and [2444] (2445). Backfilled trial trench End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. F34 F1in SE area							
and sub rounded stone inclusions and very poorly sorted 5-30mm in size. 2462 2465 2465 2466 2465 2466 2465 2466 2465 2466 2466							
2463 sorted 5-30mm in size. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. 2462 (2445). Roughly N-S. Linear in plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m gully. Backfilled trial trench End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully. S adjacent to F145		and sub rounded stone					
Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. Dark Blue grey silty sand. 40% Roughly N-S. Linear in plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selections and plan. Side shape: Convex (P), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m selection	2462	, ,	2460		Poolefilled trial transh	2460	OWN CDOLLD
sub angular/ sub rounded coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. Roughly N-S. Linear in plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: Stepped (E). Flat b	2403		2462	(∠445).	Dackiiiled triai trench	2462	OWN GROUP
coarse gravel. Pottery, animal bone. Moderate consistency, homogenous, nearing level of water table. plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m plan. Side shape: C				Roughly N-S. Linear in	End of Feature 1 (Ditch) -		
homogenous, nearing level of water table. Length: >10m Width: 2m relatives. To the West of small gully. S adjacent to gully. S adjacent to gully. F34 F1in SE area		coarse gravel. Pottery, animal		plan. Side shape: Convex	relationship unknown in this slot		
2465 water table. 2464 Depth: 0.5m. gully. F34 F1in SE area							Linear ditch N-
	2465		2464	· ·		E24	•
2466 Mid blue grey-grey silty clay. 2464 Roughly N-S. Linear in End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - F34 Linear ditch N					End of Feature 1 (Ditch) -		Linear ditch N-

		Fill			D/0	
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
Deposit	25% Coarse gravel sub angular and sub rounded. Animal bone. Rooting. Moderate compaction. Homogenous.	Cut	plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m Depth: 0.5m.	relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully.	Стопр	S adjacent to F1in SE area.
2467	Mid grey brown with yellow/brown flecks silty clay. 20% coarse gravel, sub rounded and sub angular. Pottery. Compact. Heterogenous, mixing not entirely more flecks towards surface. Mid red brown with	2464	Roughly N-S. Linear in plan. Side shape: Convex (W), Stepped (E). Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 2m Depth: 0.5m.	End of Feature 1 (Ditch) - relationship unknown in this slot near where Feature 1 curves - relatives. To the West of small gully.	F34	Linear ditch N-S adjacent to F1in SE area.
2468	yellow/brown flecks. Silty clay. 20% sub rounded and sub angular coarse gravel. Contains animal bone, minimal charcoal. Compact heterogenous. Looks like mix of natural + fill, but obviously cut by ditch - relationship to Feature 1				F34	Linear ditch N-S adjacent to F1in SE area.
2470	Mid brown grey silty clay. Occasional small stone. Concrete hard fill.	2469	SE-NW. Curvilinear in plan. Concave sides, gradual - steep sides. Concave/flattish base. Length: 2.5m+ Width: 0.35m Depth: 0.13m	Gully cut adjacent to Roundhouse F8 so probably a recut.	F8	Roundhouse behind F7. Finds: Animal bone, pottery
2472	Light blueish greenish grey clayey sand. Flecks of charcoal.	2471	E-W. Linear in plan. Straight sides. Concave base. Length: 1.85m Width: >2m Depth: 0.79m Side slope: Moderate on s-side. Steep on N-side.	Re-cut of ditch [2485] hat is cut on the N-side by spread [2482].	F30	Hidden ditch E- W
2473	Black in colour. Charcoal heavy.	2471	E-W. Linear in plan. Straight sides. Concave base. Length: 1.85m Width: >2m Depth: 0.79m Side slope: Moderate on s-side. Steep on N-side.	Re-cut of ditch [2485] hat is cut on the N-side by spread [2482].	F30	Hidden ditch E- W
2474	Mottled browny pink clay. Located only on S-side of feature.				F30	Hidden ditch E- W
2475	Clay. Contained lots of pot. Smooth, sticky fill.				F30	Hidden ditch E- W
2476	Mottled mid brown orange clay. Contained pot, burnt stone. Soil was solid tough clay when baked.				F30	Hidden ditch E-W
2477	Dark grey clay. Small/medium angular stones. Charcoal flecks, burnt stone, shell. Pinky brown sandy silty clay. Tiny angular stone. Contained					
2478	pot. Redeposited possibly. Orangey pink clay. Very					
<u>2479</u> 2481	Yellowy brown clay. Lots of sub-angular medium sized stones. Pot/charcoal.	2480	Oval in plan. Straight sides, moderately sloped with a flat base. Depth: 0.20m. West extent of pit is unclear due to it being under the spread.	A small pit that is cut over the top by roman rubbish spread [2482]. Sat to the north of Romans ditch [2471].	2480	OWN GROUP
_ 10 1	Browny pink clay. A few small angular stones, pot-burnt stone. Redeposited natural looked very much like natural except for a slight brown hue.	2482	Straight sides, shallow slope with a flat base. A shallow spread that cuts ditch [2471/2485] and pit [2480], that contains lots of	Spread of Roman Rubbish.	2482	OWN GROUP



		Fill				
		of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description pot on south side, closest to	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
			the ditch. Fewer finds on north side of spread.			
	Mid brown clay many angular		·			
	medium stones. Contains pot, charcoal, flecks, brunt stone.					
2484	Very compact soil that had baked solid in the sun & wind.					
2404	Light greyish brown silty sand.					
	Small-medium sized stones. Contains pot. Fill mixed with					
	abundant charcoal in parts					
2487	greyish brown to dark black coloured fill.				F43	Linear ditch
	Light yellowish grey silty clay.					
	Small stones/ flint. Contained charcoal flecks. Single fill, very					
2489	compact.					
	Dark brownish black loamy		Oval in plan. Straight sides, shallow slope with a flat			
	sand. 40% rounded to angular.		base. Length: >1.20m			
2491	Pottery, bone, burnt stone, charcoal.	2490	Width: ca1.60m Depth: 0.50m	burnt spread overlying ditch	2490	OWN GROUP
	Mid greyish brown sandy silt loam. Small 10% round-		W-E. Linear in plan. Straight sides steeply sloped with a			Small
	angular. Pottery, bone and		flat base. Length: >5m			enclosure ditch
2493	burnt stone. Light greyish brown silty loam.	2492	Width: ca1m Depth: ca0.65.		F2	S side.
	Sparse coarse components.					Small
2494	Contained pottery and animal bone.				F2	enclosure ditch S side.
			NE-SW. Linear in plan but			
			not totally. Convex sides, gradually sloped. Length:			
	Length: >1km Width: 3.5m		>1km Width: 3.5m Depth: 0.18m. Furrow not totally	From the mediaval/post		
	Depth:0.18m Orangey brown crumbly silty clay. Furrow seen		obvious on surface as while	From the medieval/post medieval. Seen clearly across		
2495	more clearly in this section. Length: >1.5m Width: 3.6m	2496	area around pit quite murky.	whole of field.	2496	OWN GROUP
	Depth: 0.22m Mid browny					
	orange slightly silty clay. Not hand dug as machined back					
	edge of slot to make safe					
2497	before taking down further.					Finds:
	Market Control of the		Innervator to all 1919			Waterlogged
	Mid brown grey slightly silty clay. Occasionally small		Irregular in plan, slightly concave sides, moderate			wood, animal bone, pottery,
2498	pebbles/stone.	2313	slope, feature depth 1.78m	Cuts ditch [2311]	F29	metal
						Finds: Waterlogged
	Width:0.60m Depth:0.17m Medium-dark brown, Humic		Irregular in plan, slightly concave sides, moderate			wood, animal
2499	looking slightly silty clay.	2313	slope, feature depth 1.78m	Cuts ditch [2311]	F29	bone, pottery, metal
	mid-dark grey with rusty waterlogged speckles. Silty					Finds: Waterlogged
	clay, slightly grittier than clay		Irregular in plan, slightly			wood, animal
2500	above. Small amounts of grit. Contained animal bone.	2313	concave sides, moderate slope, feature depth 1.78m	Cuts ditch [2311]	F29	bone, pottery, metal
2000	Medium-dark grey with rusty	2010	c.cpc, rodiaro dopini ili olli	Sals and [EST1]	1.20	
	waterlogged speckles. Slightly grittier clay. Occasional small-					Finds: Waterlogged
	medium stone. Contained		Irregular in plan, slightly			wood, animal
2501	animal bones, large fragment of wood.	2313	concave sides, moderate slope, feature depth 1.78m	Cuts ditch [2311]	F29	bone, pottery, metal
	Dark blueish grey silty gritty,			• •		Finds:
	silty clay. Medium stones, flint chunks. Contained wood.		Irregular in plan, slightly concave sides, moderate			Waterlogged wood, animal
2502	Stake/post- possible flint	2313	slope, feature depth 1.78m	Cuts ditch [2311]	F29	bone, pottery,

Deposit	Fill Description	Fill of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
•	chunks. Length: 2.2m Width:		•		•	metal
2503	>2.2m Depth: 0.36m Very dark grey clay loam. 1% rare subrounded coarse gravel. Contained waterlogged organic material. Moderate compaction, waterlogged fill extending to base of feature.	2281	Circular, concave base, straight vertical sides, diameter 1.38m, depth >1.19m+	Contemporary to roundhouses nearby, probably silting process ended during Roman times	F28	Well, finds: animal bone, pottery
2999			E-W. Sub-rectangular in			
3002	light greyish brown with orange inclusions. Sandy clay. Moderate, sub angular and rounded stones 10-60mm. Moderate charcoal flecking. Very compact fill, majority of stones in the top 5cm of the ditch.	3001	plan. Straight sided moderately sloped. V- shaped. Length:+10m Width: 0.9m Depth: 0.3m Shallow ditch, North side very slightly stepped, however toot disturbance is clear so cloud explain this.	E-W oriented ditch, running v close to furrow to the south.	F38	NE-SW enclosure ditch. Finds: Animal bones, potter
3004	Depth:0.19m Dark grey with a brown hue. Silty clay. Rare3% sub angular and sub rectangular inclusions. Poorly sorted 5-30mm in size. Very compact.	3003	NE-SW. Linear in plan. Straight sides which are steeply sloped. U-shaped base. Length: 4.80m Width: 0.34m Depth:0.19m.	Cut of a gully of unknown use or date. Appears to have silted up. No finds. Further investigation suggests it is a modern feature.	3003	OWN GROUP
3006	Light grey with a yellow hue. Sandy clay. Moderate 40% sub angular and sub rounded stones including very poorly sorted 5-30mm size. Very rare charcoal flecks. Very small.	3005	Oval in plan. Concave sides and very shallow sloped. Flat base. Length: 0.70m Width: 0.48m Depth: 0.06m	Cut of fire pit. Cut of a reasonable shallow fire pit. No finds so of unknown date. May very well be geological feature.	3005	OWN GROUP
2008	Light grey with a yellow hue. Sandy clay. Moderate 40% sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions. Very poorly sorted 5-30mm in size. Loosely compacted fill of a small shallow pit. Feature could possibly a fire pit based off. The damaged base	2007	Oval in plan. Concave sides and shallow slope. Flat base. Length: 0.64m Width:	Cut of a possible fire pit or geological feature. No finds +	2007	OWN CROUD
3008	possibly s Dark grey with a black/brown	3007	0.52m Depth: 0.04m	therefore unknown date.	3007	OWN GROUP
3010	hue. Silty clay rare 3%. Sub angular and sub angular stone inclusions. Poorly sorted 5- 30mm in size. Very compact fill of a small gully. NE end. Destroyed by land drain.	3009	NE-SW. Linear in plan. Straight sides and steep slope. Flat base. Length: 4.80m Width: 0.54m Depth: 0.28m. Feature is damaged by a land drain that was	Cut of a modern gully and finds no obvious use or function.	3009	OWN GROUP
3012	Light grey sandy silt Common sub-rounded and sub-angular stones 5-20mm. Rare charcoal flecking. Upper fill of pit, large concentration of stones on the surface, bigger stones tended to be further down.	3011	Sub-oval shape in plan. Straight sides steep slope and concave base shape. Length: 2m Width: 0.8m Depth: 0.55m Sub oval shaped, pit with near- vertical sides. 2 fills: 1 primary, 1 secondary.	Pit cut by land drain	3011	OWN GROUP
3012		5011	Straight sides, vertical slope. Flat base. Initial relationship slot difficult to	out by fully druin	3311	NE-SW
0044	Light grey brown sandy clay 5% sparse orange medium	0045	determine relationship fully with F39. Will be confirmed	Ditch cutting an earlier ditch	F00	enclosure ditch. Finds: Animal
3014	O.2-0.6m Grey Brown sandy clay. 20% common orange subrounded coarse gravel 20-60mm. Small	3013	with further intervention.	(F39)	F38	Ditch adjoining F40 enclosure
3016	fragments of pot. light grey brown sandy clay.				F39	ditch.
3017	5% sparse coarse sand. Pot sherds + rim. 5% sparse charcoal flecks.					



		Fill of			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
	Red clay 1% rare rounded coarse gravel. 1% charcoal flecking, pottery. Almost pink in		NW-SE. Linear in plan. Stepped sides and moderate slope. Flat base.			
	colour, similar to natural in		Length: >60m Width: 1.94m			
	colour, some charcoal flecking,		Depth: 0.50m. 1 x primary	Large ditch cut on NW-SE		
3019	pottery though. Moderate compaction.	3018	fill, 1 x recut with secondary fill.	alignment, later recut. Probably dating to RB period.	3018	OWN GROUP
	Mid greyish hue sandy clay.		NW-SE. Linear in plan. Concave sides and irregular			
	1% subangular to subrounded coarse gravel, 1% subangular		slope and flat base. Length: >60m Width: 0.80m Depth:			
	cobbles. Contained charcoal		0.65m. 1 x secondary fill.			
	flecks 3% pottery. Mottled		Unclear if a recut or just a change in fill. Change	Ditch regut Probably dating to		
3021	greyish red clay. Moderate compaction.	3020	abrupt.	Ditch recut. Probably dating to RB period.	3020	OWN GROUP
	Light greyish red sandy clay. 50% abundant sub angular					
	coarse gravel. Contained		SW-NE. Linear in plan.			
	pottery. Upper 8cm largely free from coarse components, then		Straight sides, steeply sloped. Concave base.	Rectilinear gully, probably for an		NE-SW enclosure ditch.
	firm compaction with 50%		Length: >20m Width: 0.90m	enclosure. Probably dating to		Finds: Animal
3023	coarse gravel.	3022	Depth: - S-N. linear in plan. Straight	RB period.	F38	bones, potter
			sides and steep slope.			
			Concave/flat base. Length: unknown. Width: 0.50m			
	Mid to dark reddish brown		Depth: 0.24m Cut of linear			
	sandy clay. 20% common medium gravel, 1% small		small gully, contains one sandy fill (3026) located in			
	subrounded stones 30-60mm.		West part of site next to	Cut of gully. Likely a natural		
3026	One single fill.	3025	similar geological features. Series of similar features A-	feature.	3025	OWN GROUP
			D. Oval in plan. Straight			
	Series of similar features A-D.		sides, shallow slope and irregular base. Length:			
	Light grey silt. Small-Medium		0.65m Width: 0.50m			
	sized pebbles (frequent). Single very firm fill. Well sorted		Depth:0.10m Possible natural geological patch.			
	rounded pebbles. No finds, no		Frequent well-rounded			
3028	charcoal. Similar pit like patches to south and north.	3024	pebbles in fill. No finds or charcoal. Very sterile.	Natural geology	3024	OWN GROUP
0020	Similar to fill B and C. Length:	0021	Series of similar features B-	reaction goology	0021	OWN ONCO.
	0.50m Width: 0.30m Depth: 0.09m Light yellowish grey		C. Oval in plan. Concave sides, moderate slope and	Possible natural geology loamy		
	loam. Single very firm fill, no		concave base. Length:	patch in red clay similar features		
3029	inclusions, no charcoal, no finds.	3027	0.50m Width: 0.30m Depth: 0.09m	B and C to east and west (not excavated).	3027	OWN GROUP
0020		002.	Oval in plan. Irregular sides	ondaratou).	002.	
			and steeply sloped. Irregular base. Length:			
			0.60m Width: 0.40m Depth:			
			0.20m Brown clay sparse small stones. Possible			
			natural clay patch			
	Dark Grey clay sparse small stone. Very firm sterile grey		undercutting the red natural clay (animal burrows) no			
3031	clay.	3030	charcoal and finds.		3030	OWN GROUP
	Dark brown with a grey hue silty clay. Rare 30% sib		Oval in plan. Concave sides and steeply sloped.	Cut of a pit of unknown date or function, filled by a dark		
	angular and sub rounded		Irregular base. Length:	blackish/brown clay. No finds.		
3033	stone inclusions moderately sorted 5-30mm in size.	3032	0.66m Width: 0.50m Depth: 0.25m.	Cut by what could be a small posthole [3034].	3032	OWN GROUP
			NE-SW. Circular in plan			
	Length: 0.30m Width: 0.16m Depth: 0.10m Mid-brown with		straight sides, steep and shallowly sloped, U-shaped.	Cut of a small posthole in the top of (3033), the fill of [3032].		
0005	an orange hue sandy clay.	0004	Length: 0.30m Width:	Contained no finds of unknown	0001	OVANA CE CUIE
3035	Devoid of stone inclusions. Length: 2m Width: 0.8m	3034	0.16m Width:0.10m. Sub-oval shape in plan.	date.	3034	OWN GROUP
3036	Depth: 0.55m Light reddish	3011	Straight sides steep slope	Pit cut by land drain	3011	OWN GROUP

		Fill				
Deposit	Fill Description	of	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
Deposit	brown mottled with mid grey	cut	Cut Description and concave base shape.	Cut interpretation	Group	interpretation
	clayey silt. Moderate sub-		Length: 2m Width: 0.8m			
	rounded stones 20-60mm. Common charcoal flecking.		Depth: 0.55m Sub oval shaped, pit with near-			
	Common charcoal flecking.		vertical sides. 2 fills: 1			
			primary, 1 secondary.			
			Circular in plan. Concave			
	Dark brown 3% sparse well		sides, steeply sloped.	Cingle isolated hit or neethele of		
3038	rounded coarse gravel. 1% rare charcoal flecking.	3037	Concave base. Diameter: 0.43. Depth: 0.32.	Single isolated pit or posthole of unknown date or purpose.	3037	OWN GROUP
	g		L-shaped in plan. N-S.			
			Straight sides and			
			moderate slope. V-shaped base. Length: 8m Width:			
	Very mixed material possibly		0.40m Depth: 0.10m.			
	redeposited natural clay no		Unclear interface to natural			
3040	charcoal, no finds.	3039	red clay.		3039	OWN GROUP
	Light greyish brown sandy clay. Moderate sub rounded-					
	sub angular stones. 30-60mm.		Circular plan. Straight sides			
	Rare charcoal flecking,		and steeply sloped. Flat			
	common pottery sherds. Fill of pit, pottery common but fairly		base. Small, shallow circular pit. 1 fill - deliberate			
	degraded, could be from fewer		- large amount of pottery.			
	large pieces. Some of the		Base flat - concave in			
3042	stones may have been burnt.	3041	places.	shallow pit.	3041	OWN GROUP
			E-W. Linear in plan. Concave sides and			
			steep/vertical slope. U-			
	Length: unknown. Width:		shaped base. Length:			
	0.27m Depth: 0.29m Light		unknown Width: 0.27m			
	yellowish brown sandy clay. 3% sparse small subrounded		Depth: 0.29m. Cut of deep and linear gully, contains			
	and subangular stones 10-		one single fill (3044). This			
	50mm. No charcoal, no finds.		feature is located next to			
3044	One single fill of gully [3043].	3043	edge of excavations. Circular in plan. Concave	Probably natural feature	3043	OWN GROUP
			sides and steeply sloped.			
			Concave base. Length:			
			0.45m Width: 0.45m Depth:			
	Light greyish brown silty clay,		0.23m. Cut of circular, shallow pit, contains two fills			
	no stones, no finds, no		(3047) and (3046). This			
	charcoal. Length: 0.25. Width:		feature is located next to			
3046	0.29m Depth: 0.18m	3045	SW edge of excavation. Circular in plan. Concave	Probably natural feature	3045	OWN GROUP
			sides and steeply sloped.			
			Concave base. Length:			
	Light yellowish creamy brown		0.45m Width: 0.45m Depth:			
	silty clay. No stones, no finds, no charcoal. Primary fill of		0.23m. Cut of circular, shallow pit, contains two fills			
	circular shallow pit [3045].		(3047) and (3046). This			
0047	Length: 0.26m Width: 0.26m	0045	feature is located next to	5	0045	01411 0 0 0 1 1 0
3047	Depth: 0.23m	3045	SW edge of excavation. Sub-circular in plan.	Probably natural feature	3045	OWN GROUP
			Straight sides and steeply			
			sloped, v-shaped base.	Stake hole with some		
3049	Mid-grey clay. Darker fill directly in stake-hole.	3048	Diameter: 0.42m Depth: 0.14m	disturbance around it from either	3048	OWN GROUP
3049	unechy in stake-noie.	JU40	Circular in plan. Concave	falling, over, or being pulled out.	3040	OVVIN GROUP
	Dark grey clay. 1% coarse		sides, steeply sloped and	Posthole or possible pit.		
0054	gravel sub angular. Moderately	0050	concave base. Diameter:	Unknown purpose, no dating	0050	OWAL OBOUT
3051	compacted.	3050	0.45m Depth: 0.23m N-S. Linear in plan.	material recovered.	3050	OWN GROUP
	Mottled orange yellowy grey		Concave sides with			
	clayey silt. Gravely. Many		moderate slope with			
	small rounded stones. Flecks		undulating base. Length:	Challeng gully that are a see "."		
3053	of charcoal. Only fill of [3052]. Very gravely.	3052	>20m Width: 0.5m Depth: 0.08m. Similar to [3054] 1m	Shallow gully that runs parallel to F.11	F46	
0000	voir glavoly.	J002	0.00m. Ominar to [0004] 1111		1 70	<u> </u>



		Fill				
D !!	Elli December de la	of	Out December to a	Out but a more factors	P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description slot dug 10m to the south	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
			but feature fades out, only			
			visible in plan of surface - this slot not recorded.			
	Mottled yellowy light grey		tilis siot flot recorded.			
	sandy clay. Occasional small		N-S. Linear in plan.			
	sub-angular stones. Flecks of charcoal. Soft fill - softened by		Concave sides steeply sloped and concave base.			
	rain over weekend/during		Length: >20m Width: 0.70m			
3055	week.	3054	Depth: 0.23m	See 3055 or 3052	F46	
	Length: 0.82m Width: 3m		N-S. Irregular-curvilinear in plan. Straight sides and			
	Depth: 0.30m Red with grey		steeply sloped. U-shaped			
	marl silty clay loam and silty		base. Length: 0.82m Width:			
	clay. 5% charcoal. Fill is a mixing - dug to tree-throw no		3m Depth: 0.30m. Cut of tree-throw section/slot.			
	separate fills recorded this fill		Cut/slot done due to			
3056	used for presence of charcoal.	3057	presence of charcoal.		3057	OWN GROUP
			SE-NW. linear in plan. Concave/straight sides			
			which are slightly sloped. V-			
			shaped. Length: 6m Width: 0.30m Depth: 0.18m. Cut of			
	Light yellowish brown silty		linear shallow gully.			
	clay. 1% rare small		Probably that feature is 6			
	subrounded and sub angular stones 10-50mm. No finds, no		meters long. This feature contains one single fill			
3059	charcoal.	3058	(3059).	Natural	3058	OWN GROUP
	Very light yellowish brown					
	clayey silt. Common sub- rounded stones 20-50mm.					
	Shallow fill surrounding (3049).					
3061	Boundaries clear.		0: 1 : 1 0			
			Circular in plan. Concave sides, moderately sloped.			
			Concave base. 1 x			
	Mid-grey clay. 3% coarse gravel sub angular. 1%		secondary fills, 1 x primary fills. Diameter: 0.23m	Post hole containing 2 fills. No		
3063	charcoal flecking.	3062	Depth: 0.11m	dating material recovered.	3062	OWN GROUP
			Circular in plan. Concave			
			sides, moderately sloped. Concave base. 1 x			
	Mid greyish orange clay.		secondary fills, 1 x primary			
0004	Moderate compaction. Depth:	0000	fills. Diameter: 0.23m	Post hole containing 2 fills. No	0000	0/4/4/ 000/10
3064	0.07m	3062	Depth: 0.11m Sub-circular in plan.	dating material recovered.	3062	OWN GROUP
			Gradual sloping sides,			
	Mid-dark grey brown silty clay.		concave. Concave base.			
3066	Occasional small stones, flint fragments.	3065	Diameter: 0.55m Depth: 0.12m	Adjacent to the West of Linear.	3065	OWN GROUP
	_		E-W. Sub-circular in plan.	,		
	Length: 0.35m Width: 0.37m Depth: 0.25m Very dark brown		Concave sides, steeply sloped and concave base.			
	silty clay loam. 2% rounded		Length: 0.35m Width:	Small pit - part of a sequence of		
3067	cobbles <60mm.	3068	0.37m Depth: 0.25m	other pits.	3068	OWN GROUP
	Length: 0.62m Width: 0.30m Depth: 0.18m. Light grey		S-N. Irregular/sub-oval plan.			
	(yellowish) silty clay. 5%		Concave/straight sides			
	sparse subrounded and		steeply sloped. Irregular			
	subangular 20-90mm. No finds, no charcoal. One single		base. Length:0.62m Width: 0.30m Depth: 0.18m Cut of			
	fill of shallow, irregular (sub-		small, sub-oval pit, contains			
3070	oval) pit. Length: 0.73m Width: 0.36m	3069	one single fill (3070).	Looks like tree throw	3069	OWN GROUP
	Depth: 0.15m. Orangish light		E-W. Oval in plan. Stepped sides and steeply/shallowly			
	grey (with dark grey flecks)		sloped. Irregular base.			
	clay. 1% rare very small		Length: 0.73m Width:			
3072	stones 2-4mm. 3% sparse charcoal (only on the top of	3071	0.36m Depth: 0.15m Cut of oval, small, shallow pit.	cut of pit.	3071	OWN GROUP
			,,, ondien più	, . . 	1	

		Fill				
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
Березіі	feature), no finds. One single	Jul	out Description	out interpretation	Огоар	microretation
	fill of oval, small pit [3071].		N.O. Innovatorila dis-	Discontinuo 4 o constant CII		
	Mid reddish blown sandy clay. 20% common medium sized		N-S. Irregular in plan. Concave sides and	Pit combining 1 x secondary fill, 1 x redeposited natural, no		
	gravel. Angular to well-		moderately sloped. Flat	dating evidence recovered. May		
	rounded 5% sparse coarse		base. Length: 1.62m Width:	also be a geological feature with		
3074	gravel. Well rounded. Dark grey clay. 1% sub	3073	0.78m Depth: 0.16m.	a post hole cut into it.	3073	OWN GROUP
	angular medium gravel. 1%		N-S. Irregular in plan.	Pit combining 1 x secondary fill,		
	sub rounded coarse gravel.		Concave sides and	1 x redeposited natural, no		
	Moderate compaction. Dark		moderately sloped. Flat	dating evidence recovered. May		
3075	grey secondary fill. Boundary with (3074) is mixed.	3073	base. Length: 1.62m Width: 0.78m Depth: 0.16m.	also be a geological feature with a post hole cut into it.	3073	OWN GROUP
0070	Length: 6m Width: 0.98m	0070	E-W. Rectangular in plan.	a post note out into it.	0070	OVII OROGI
	Depth: 0.50m. Light grey		Concave sides and			
	sandy clay loam. 1% pebbles.		moderately sloped. Irregular	manaih la tuan thuann mith		
3076	15% charcoal flecks 6-20mm. Slight undercut on south side.	3077	base. Length: 6m Width: 0.98m Depth: 0.50m	possible tree-throw with interruption.	3077	OWN GROUP
0010	Siight andoreat on ceath cide.	0011	SE-NW. Straight sides,	interruption.	0077	own ontoo
	Dark greyish orange clay. 1%		vertically sloped. Flat base.			
	rare very small stones 3-		Length: 0.45m Width: 0.39m Depth: 0.19m. Cut of			
	30mm. 10% moderate charcoal. Only on the top of		shallow, oval pit, contains			
	the feature. Length: 0.40m		two fills, probably primary			
	Width: 0.35m Depth: 0.12m.		3080 and secondary 3079.			
	Secondary fill of oval, small pit [3078] with the charcoal in the		this pit is located 1.60m to west next to similar oval pit			
3079	top part of fill.	3078	[3-71].	Cut of pit.	3078	OWN GROUP
			SE-NW. Straight sides,			
			vertically sloped. Flat base.			
			Length: 0.45m Width: 0.39m Depth: 0.19m. Cut of			
			shallow, oval pit, contains			
			two fills, probably primary			
	Light grey clay. No coarse components. No finds. 1% rare		3080 and secondary 3079.			
	charcoal. Primary fill of oval,		this pit is located 1.60m to west next to similar oval pit			
3080	small pit [3078].	3078	[3-71].	Cut of pit.	3078	OWN GROUP
			SWW-NEE. Linear in plan.			
	mid brownish red. 1% rare well rounded coarse gravel. 1%		Concave sides, shallow sides concave base.			Linear.
	rare charcoal. Soft		Length: 6m Width: 0.64m	Small gully of unknown purpose		Posthole 1 and
3082	compaction.	3081	Depth: 0.10m.	or date.	F42	posthole 2.
			Oval in plan. Concave sides			
	Mid greyish yellow silty clay.		and shallow slope. Irregular base. Length: 0.85m Width:			
	No coarse components. 1%		0.32m Depth: 0.10m. Cut of			
	rare charcoal. Only on top of		shallow, oval pit, contains			
	fill. One single fill of oval,		one single fill. Cut of			
3084	shallow pit [3083] with the charcoal of the top of feature.	3083	shallow, oval pit, contains one single fill.	cut of pit.	3083	OWN GROUP
	onarosar or are top or routare.	3333	SW-NE. Linear in plan.		0000	
			Concave sides.			
	Light vallow (gravish) candy		Shallow/steep sides.			
	Light yellow (greyish) sandy clay. 3% sparse angular and		Concave base. Length: unknown. Width: 0.60m			
	subrounded stones 30-		Depth: 0.17m. Cut of			
	100mm. One piece of pottery		shallow, linear gully			
	(it was on the top of the feature), no charcoal. One		contains one single fill (3086). Gully is located next			
	single fill of linear, shallow		to the SSE edge of			
3086	gully [3085].	3085	excavation.	Cut of gully.	3085	OWN GROUP
	Mid and disk because 1 9:		Sub-oval in plan. Straight			
	Mid reddish brown sandy silt. Common sub-angular,		sides, vertical slope and concave base. Diameter:			
	rounded stones 5-60mm.		0.60m Depth: 0.70m. Deep			
	Charcoal flecks. Lower fill of		cut with very straight near			
2000	pit. Boundary with natural is	2007	vertical. Sides, base slightly	Doop nit no finds	2007	OWN ODOLLO
3088	clear.	3087	concave. 2 fills: 1x primary,	Deep pit- no finds.	3087	OWN GROUP



Deposit Fill Description out of cut Description Cut Interpretation Property Group Interpretation Dark grey with veins of mid grey claypy self, Rare subconded stores 2-0-0mm, and because more prominent. Clear boundary with (2088). 3087 3089			Fill						
Dark grey with veins of mid grey clayer silt. Rare subrounded stones 2-0-dmm. Dark upper fill of pl. patchy in surface colour fladed with depth and mid-grey veins because more prominent. Clear boundary with (5088). 3089 Marchadh hown samplar and nunded stones 5-0-dmm. Rare pharcoal flecks. Lower fill of pil. boundaries somewhat office of the patch of the pil. boundaries somewhat office. Somewhat office of the pil. boundaries somewhat office of the pil. boundaries somewhat office. Somewhat office of the pil. boundaries somewhat office of the pil. boundaries somewhat office of the pil. boundaries somewhat office. Somewhat office off						P/O	Group		
Dark grey with veries of mid grey skey wells. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark upper fill of pit, boundaries somewhat diffuse. Part charcoal flexes. Lower fill of pit, boundaries somewhat diffuse. Part charcoal flexes and pit of the sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark patchly upper fill of pit. Dark grey olayey sit. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark patchly upper fill of pit. Dark grey olayey sit. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark patchly upper fill of pit. Dark grey olayey sit. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark patchly upper fill of pit. Dark grey olayey sit. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark patchly upper fill of pit. Dark grey olayey sit. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark patchly upper fill of pit. Some pit of the sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark patchly upper fill of pit. Some pit of the sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Some pit of the sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark patchly upper fill of pit. Some pit of the sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Some pit of the s	Deposit	Fill Description	cut		Cut Interpretation	Group			
subrounded stones 2-0-40m. Dark upper fill of pit, patchy in places, patchusiary on the digith and mid-grey veins because more prominent. Clear boundary with (3088) Medical forms and with a concave. 2 filist 5, primary, 10 clear boundary with (3088) Dark grey clayey sitt. Rare sub-charcoal flecks. Lower fill of pit, boundaries somewhat 2 gible of the concave. 2 filist 5, primary, 2 clayery sitt. Rare sub-charcoal flecks. Lower fill of pit, boundaries somewhat 2 gible of the concave. 2 filist 5, primary, 2 clayery sitt. Rare sub-charcoal flecks. Lower fill of pit. boundaries somewhat 2 gible of the concave. 2 filist 5, primary, 2 clayery sitt. Rare sub-charcoal flecks. Lower fill of pit. boundaries somewhat 2 gible of the concave. 2 filist 5, primary, 2 clayery sitt. Rare sub-charcoal flecks. Lower fill of pit. 2 secondary 2 filist 5, primary, 2 clayery sitt. Rare sub-charcoal flecks. Lower fill of pit. 3 secondary 2 filist 5, primary, 2 clayery sitt. Rare sub-charcoal flecks. Lower fill of pit. 3 secondary 3 sub-could at pit pit. 2 secondary 4		Doule group with vains of mid		1x secondary.					
subrounded stones 20-40mm. Dark upper fill of pit, battathy in places, particularly on the surface colour faced with surface colour faced with surface colour faced with subscalase more prominent. Clear boundary with (3088), 3087 Mid reddsh brown sandy silt. Common sub angular and rounded stones 5-40mm. Agree shall be subscalased for the subsca				Sub-oval in plan. Straight					
places, particularly on the surface colour feaded with depth and mid-grey veins. Sides, base slightly conceave. Zills: 1 x primary. Clear boundary with (3089). Mid reddish prown sandy sit. Common sub angular and rounded stones 5-40mm. Are charcoal flecks. Lower fill of pit, boundaries somewhat diffuse. 3091 Dark grey clayery sit. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark patchy upper fill of pit. Dark patchy upper fill of pit. 3092 Dark grey clayery sit. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark patchy upper fill of pit. Mid brownish red clay, 1% rare well rounded coarse gravel. 3094 1% rare charcoal. 3095 Mid brownish red clay, 1% rare well rounded coarse gravel. 3096 Mid provish brown silty clay. Rare small subungular stones. 3097 Rare small angular stones. 3098 Ordinary silts and provish prown silty clay. 3099 Contained charcosl. 3099 Sirrajht sides b. Steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. 3099 New Silts of the secondary steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. 3090 Dark grey silty clay, Loose or both sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. 3090 Dark grey silty clay, Loose correlation. Depth: 0.06m. 3091 Dark grey silty clay, Loose correlation. Depth: 0.06m. 3092 Dark grey silty clay, Loose correlation. Depth: 0.06m. 3093 Dark grey silty clay, Loose correlation. Depth: 0.06m. 3094 Dark grey silty clay, Loose correlation. Depth: 0.06m. 3095 Dark grey silty clay, Loose correlation. Depth: 0.06m. 3096 Dark grey silty clay, Loose correlation. Depth: 0.06m. 3097 Mid compaction. Depth: 0.06m. 3098 Dark grey silty clay, Loose correlation. Depth: 0.06m. 3099 Dark grey silty clay, Loose correlation. Depth: 0.06m. 3099 Dark grey silty clay, Loose correlation. Depth: 0.06m. 3090 Dark grey silty clay, Loose correlation. Depth: 0.06m. 3090 Dark grey silty clay, Loose correlation. Depth: 0.06m. 3090 Dark grey silty clay, Loose correlation. Depth: 0.06m. 3090 Dark grey silty clay, Loose correl									
surface colour faded with depth and mid-grey veins because more prominent. 3089 Clear boundary with (3088). 3081 Mid reddish brown sandy silt. Common sub angular and rounded stones 5-40mm. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Sub-pot of the base slightly concave. 2 fills: 1 x primary. 3091 Dark grey clayey silt. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Sub-pot of SW base slightly concave. 2 fills: 1 x primary. 3092 Dark grey clayey silt. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Sub-pot of SW base slightly concave. 2 fills: 1 x primary. 3092 Dark grey clayey silt. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Sub-pot of SW base slightly concave. 2 fills: 1 x primary. 3093 NW-SSE. Linear in plan. Stepped sides which are steeply sloped. Concave base sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Stepped sides which are steeply sloped. Concave well rounded coarse gravel. 3094 Whater chartool. 3095 Straight sides to NE. Silently straight nearly sloped. Sw base slightly concave. 2 fills: 1 x primary. Shallow pit. no finds. 3096 White straight nearly shall be sub-possed to stone streethy sloped. Concave base scondary fill. 3096 Rare small subangular stones. 3097 Rare small subangular stones. 3098 Contained charcoal. 3099 Straight side to NE. Silently sloped. Concave base. Length: Straight sides which are streethy sloped sides which are streethy sloped sides which are streethy sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. 3098 Straight side to NE. Silently sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. 3099 Straight side to NE. Silently sloped. Concave base. Length: Linear pully, contained sense streethy sloped. Concave base. Engith concave size streethy sloped. Concave base. Engith concave. Silently sloped. Concave base. Straight sloped. Concave base. Straight									
depth and mid-grey veins. because more prominent. Clear boundary with (3088). Mid reddish brown sandy sill. Common sub angigital and Common sub a									
Deep pit- no finds. Sold Deep pit- no f									
Mild reddish brown sandy silt. Common sub angular and rounded stones 45-dnm. Rare charcoal fleeks, Lower fill of pit, boundaries somewhat diffuse. 3091 3091 3091 3092 Dark grey clayey silt. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-dnm. Dark patchy upper fill of pit. 3090 All brownish red clay. 1% rare well rounded coarse gravel. 3090 Mid brownish red clay. 1% rare well rounded coarse gravel. 3091 Mid greyish brown silty clay. 3090 Rare small subangular stones. 3092 Mid greyish brown silty clay. 3096 All free charcoal. 3099 All free charcoal. 3099 All free charcoal. 3099 Mid greyish brown silty clay. 3090 All free charcoal. 3090 All free charcoal. 3090 All free charcoal. 3091 All free charcoal. 3092 All free charcoal. 3093 Mid greyish brown silty clay. 3096 All free small angular stones. 3096 All free small angular stones. 3097 All free small angular stones. 3098 All free small angular stones. 3099 All free smal									
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Common sub angular and rounded stones 5-domm. Rare charcoal flecks. Lower fill of pit. 3090 diffuse. 3090 Dark grey clayey sit. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark patchy upper fill of pit. 3090 Dark patchy upper fill of pit. 3090 NNW-SSE. Linear in plan. Stepped sides which are steeply sloped. Concave base slightly sepped sides which are well rounded coarse gravel. 3091 NnW-SSE. Linear in plan. Stepped sides which are steeply sloped. Concave base. Steeply sloped. Concave base. Steeply sloped. Concave base. Steeply sloped. Extra charcoal. Steeple sides which are steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. 3091 Tight greyish brown silty clay. Contained charcoal. To flink. One single fill of linear, shallow gtill. 3092 Dark grey silty clay. Loose under the relationship with sides and steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. 3093 NESW. Linear in plan. Concave base, straight sides and steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. 3094 Tight greyish brown silty clay. Concave base. Length sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. 3096 NESW. Linear in plan. Concave base, straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. 3097 Nesw. Linear in plan. Concave base, straight sides and steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. 3098 Nesw. Linear in plan. Concave base, straight sides and steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on subrounded stones 20-80mm. No charcoal, no finds. One single fill of linear, shallow grow provides the relationship with sides and steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on subrounded stones 20-80mm. No charcoal, no finds. One single fill of linear, shallow grow provides and steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on the sides. 3098 Dark grey silty clay, Loose compaction. Depth: 0.6m. 2001 Number of the secondary stream of the side		Mid roddish brown sandy silt							
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Dark grey clayey sit. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark patchy upper fill of pit.				straight side to NE, slightly					
Sub-circular in plan. Straight sides, steep slope, concave base. Steep straight side to NE. slightly stepped to SW base slightly concave. 2 fills. 1 x primary. 1 x secondary Shallow pit. no finds. 3090 OWN GROUP									
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Straight sides, steep slope, concave base. Steep slope, straight side to NE, slightly stepped to SW base slightly steeped sides which are steeply sloped. Concave base steeply sloped. Concave base steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. 3095 and post hole. Possible fence post. 3096 and k brown silty clay. 3097 are small angular stones. 3098 and subrounded stones 2P-80mm. No charcoal, no finds. One single fill of linear, shallow gully. 3101 and subrounded stones 2P-80mm. No charcoal, no finds. One single fill of sides. 3102 and subrounded stones 2P-80mm. No charcoal, no finds. One single fill of sides steeply sloped. Concave base. Length: Unknown. Width. One popth: 0.25m cut of shallow, linear gully. Concave base. Length: Unknown. Width. One popth: 0.25m cut of shallow, linear gully. Concave base. Length: Unknown. Width. One popth: 0.25m cut of shallow, linear gully. SW scaled next to the SSE edge of secavation. 3101 and steeply sloped. Concave base, straight sides straight sides and steeply sloped. Conca	3031	diliuse.	3030		Shallow pit, no linus.	3030	OWN GROOT		
Jark grey clayey silt. Rare sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark patchy upper fill of pit. Jark p				Straight sides, steep slope,					
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sub-rounded stones 20-40mm. Dark patchy upper fill of pit. Sallow pit, no finds. Shallow pit, no finds.		Dark grov clavov silt. Paro		straight side to NE, slightly					
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Stepped sides which are steeply sloped. Concave base. Length: 6m Width: slot 1 yie. Teacher face well rounded coarse gravel. 3093 secondary fill. Straight sides, steeply sloped. Chara Skeeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. Concave base. Length: Unknown. Width: 0.70m Depth: 0.25m Cut of shallow, linear gully, contains one single fill (3102). Gully is located next to the SSE edge of exacevation. Straight sides and steeply sloped. Feature dimensions: Length: 22m Width: 0.90m Depth: 0.31m .2 v secondary fills. Slot originally positioned to determine the relationship between F39 and F42. It is positioned to a featon with packing material on both sides. Straight sides in the F40 enclosure file on spositioned to a featon with packing material on both sides. Straight sides in the F40 enclosure file on sposition of a fall of the fall of t				NNW-SSE. Linear in plan.					
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well rounded coarse gravel. 1% rare charcoal. 1% rare charcoal. 3093 Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. 3095 Ware small subangular stones. 3096 Rare small subangular stones. 3097 Rare small angular stones. 3098 Contained charcoal. 3098 Light greyish yellow sandy clay. Sparse angular and subrounded stones 20-80mm. No charcoal, no finds. One single fill of linear, shallow guily. 3102 Dark grey silty clay. Loose compaction. Depth: 0.06m. Dark grey silty clay. Loose compaction. Depth: 0.06m. Dark grey silty clay. Loose compaction. Depth: 0.06m. Mid reddisin grey sandy clay. Mid reddisin grey sandy clay. 1304 Mid reddisin grey sandy clay. Mid reddisin grey sandy clay. Mid reddisin grey silty close. Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. Flat BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. Flat BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. Flat BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. Flat BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. Flat BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. Flat BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. Flat BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. Flat BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Straight sides, steeply sloped. Flat BASE. Post hole with packing material on bo									
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Straight sides, steeply sloped. FLAT BASE. Post hole with packing material on both sides. Small post hole. Possible fence post.	2007		2005		•	2005	OWN CROUD		
dark brown silty clay. Contained charcoal. 3095	3091	Naie siliali aligulai stolles.	3093		post.	3093	OWN GROOP		
Contained charcoal. 3095 On both sides. post. 3095 OWN GROUP									
Light greyish yellow sandy clay. 5% sparse angular and subrounded stones 20-80mm. No charcoal, no finds. One single fill of linear, shallow gully. 3102 gully. Dark grey silty clay. Loose 20-80 m. Dark grey silty clay. Loose compaction. Depth: 0.06m. Mid reddish grey sandy clay. Mid reddish grey sandy	0000	, ,	0005		•	0005	014/41 0 0 0 1 1 0		
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subrounded stones 20-80mm. No charcoal, no finds. One single fill of linear, shallow gully. 3102 gully. 3101 contains one single fill (3102). Gully is located next to the SSE edge of excavation. NE-SW. Linear in plan. Concave base, straight sides and steeply sloped. Feature dimensions: Length: >20m Width: 0.90m Depth: 0.31m. 2 x secondary fills. Slot originally positioned to determine the relationship between F39 and F42. It now appears that the The property of the property of the property of the position of the posi									
No charcoal, no finds. One single fill of linear, shallow gully. 3101 NE-SW. Linear in plan. Concave base, straight sides and steeply sloped. Feature dimensions: Length: >20m Width: 0.90m Depth: 0.31m. 2 x secondary fills. Slot originally positioned to determine the relationship between F39 and F42. It now appears that the Compaction. Depth: 0.06m. Mid reddish grey sandy clay. 1% rare rounded cobbles. 3% NE-SW. Linear in plan. Cout of gully. Study of understance with the single fill of linear, shallow to the SSE edge of excavation. Cut of gully. Study of understance with the single fill of linear, shallow to the SSE edge of excavation. Cut of gully. Study of understance with single fill of linear, shallow to the SSE edge of excavation. Cut of gully. Study of understance with single fill of linear, shallow to the SSE edge of excavation. Cut of gully. Study of understance fill of gully. Study of gully. Study of understance fill of gully. Study of understance fill of gully. Study of gully. Study of understance fill of gully. Study of gully. Study of understance fill of gully. Study of gully. Study of understance fill of gully. Study of understance fill of gully. Study of understance fill of gully. Study of gully. Study of gully. Study of understance fill of gully. Study of gully. Stud									
3102 gully. 3101 excavation. NE-SW. Linear in plan. Concave base, straight sides and steeply sloped. Feature dimensions: Length: >20m Width: 0.90m Depth: 0.31m. 2 x secondary fills. Slot originally positioned to determine the relationship between F39 and F42. It compaction. Depth: 0.06m. Mid reddish grey sandy clay. Mid reddish grey sandy clay. 1% rare rounded cobbles. 3% NE-SW. Linear in plan. Concave base, straight Concave base, straight cut of gully. Strong				(3102). Gully is located next					
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Length: >20m Width: 0.90m Depth: 0.31m. 2 x secondary fills. Slot originally positioned to determine the relationship between F39 and F42. It compaction. Depth: 0.06m. Mid reddish grey sandy clay. 1% rare rounded cobbles. 3% Length: >20m Width: 0.90m Depth: 0.31m. 2 x secondary fills. Slot originally positioned to determine the relationship between F39 and F42. It now appears that the NE-SW. Linear in plan. Concave base, straight Length: >20m Width: 0.90m Depth: 0.31m. 2 x secondary fills. Slot originally positioned to date. Immediately adjacent to a F40 enclosure f40 enclosure f40 enclosure f40 enclosure				sides and steeply sloped.					
Depth: 0.31m. 2 x secondary fills. Slot originally positioned to determine the relationship between F39 and F42. It compaction. Depth: 0.06m. Mid reddish grey sandy clay. 1% rare rounded cobbles. 3% Depth: 0.31m. 2 x secondary fills. Slot originally positioned to determine the relationship between F39 and F42. It now appears that the relationship to it. Enclosure gully of unknown date. Immediately adjacent to a posthole [3106] of unknown relationship to it. F39 Ditch adjoining F40 enclosure gully of unknown date. Immediately adjacent to a posthole [3106] of unknown relationship to it. F39 Ditch adjoining factor. Ditch adjoining date. Immediately adjacent to a factor.									
secondary fills. Slot originally positioned to determine the relationship between F39 and F42. It compaction. Depth: 0.06m. Mid reddish grey sandy clay. 1% rare rounded cobbles. 3% secondary fills. Slot originally positioned to determine the relationship between F39 and F42. It now appears that the sequence of the posthole [3106] of unknown relationship to it. Enclosure gully of unknown posthole [3106] of unknown relationship to it. F39 NE-SW. Linear in plan. Concave base, straight Concave base, straight									
originally positioned to determine the relationship between F39 and F42. It compaction. Depth: 0.06m. Mid reddish grey sandy clay. 1% rare rounded cobbles. 3% originally positioned to determine the relationship between F39 and F42. It now appears that the now appears that the 18 compaction. Depth: 0.06m. NE-SW. Linear in plan. Concave base, straight originally positioned to date. Immediately adjacent to a posthole [3106] of unknown relationship to it. F39 Ditch adjoining F40 enclosure ditch. Ditch adjoining fadte. Immediately adjacent to a fadte. I									
Dark grey silty clay. Loose compaction. Depth: 0.06m. Mid reddish grey sandy clay. 1% rare rounded cobbles. 3% Detween F39 and F42. It now appears that the now appears that the now appears that the leading for the posthole [3106] of unknown relationship to it. F39 NE-SW. Linear in plan. Concave base, straight Concave base, straight Ditch adjoining f40 enclosure gully of unknown date. Immediately adjacent to a				originally positioned to					
3104 compaction. Depth: 0.06m. 3103 now appears that the relationship to it. F39 ditch. Mid reddish grey sandy clay. 1% rare rounded cobbles. 3% NE-SW. Linear in plan. Concave base, straight date. Immediately adjacent to a F40 enclosure		Doub group silter start to a see							
Mid reddish grey sandy clay. 1% rare rounded cobbles. 3% NE-SW. Linear in plan. Concave base, straight Enclosure gully of unknown date. Immediately adjacent to a F40 enclosure	3104		3103			F39			
1% rare rounded cobbles. 3% Concave base, straight date. Immediately adjacent to a F40 enclosure	0.104		0.00			. 55			
3105 charcoal flecking. 3103 sides and steeply sloped. posthole [3106] of unknown F39 ditch.		1% rare rounded cobbles. 3%	_	Concave base, straight	date. Immediately adjacent to a	I _	F40 enclosure		
	3105	charcoal flecking.	3103	sides and steeply sloped.	posthole [3106] of unknown	F39	ditch.		

		Fill of			P/O	Crown		
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Group Interpretation		
			Feature dimensions: Length: >20m Width: 0.90m Depth: 0.31m. 2 x secondary fills. Slot originally positioned to determine the relationship between F39 and F42. It	relationship to it.				
3107	Dark brown clay. 1% rare sub- rounded cobbles, 1% sub angular coarse gravel. Moderate compaction.	3106	now appears that the NNE-SSE. Sub-oval in plan. Straight sides and moderately sloped. Flat base. Length: 1.06m Width: 0.48m Depth: 0.34m. 1 x deliberate backfill, 1 x post- pipe, sides vary from shallow to steep.	Posthole adjacent to gully [3103], F39. Unknown relationship with F39. No dating evidenced recovered.	3106	OWN GROUP		
	Mid greyish brown mottled with mid yellowish brown silty clay. Rare rounded stone 30-50mm. Charcoal flecking. Very mottled and patchy, boundary		E-W. Irregular in plan. Irregular sides and steeply sloped. V-shaped base. Length: 1.20m Width: 0.25. Depth: 0.25m. Long thin feature with tapering ends. N-side straight and steep, S-side irregular moderate					
3109	with natural diffuse.	3108	slope. 1 fill secondary. NNE-SSE. Sub-oval in plan. Straight sides and moderately sloped. Flat base. Length: 1.06m Width: 0.48m Depth: 0.34m. 1 x	Probable tree root action. Posthole adjacent to gully	3108	OWN GROUP		
3110	Light grey clay. 1% rare charcoal. Moderate compaction.	3106	deliberate backfill, 1 x post- pipe, sides vary from shallow to steep.	[3103], F39. Unknown relationship with F39. No dating evidenced recovered.	3106	OWN GROUP		
3112	Pink with an orange hue. Clay. Devoid of stone inclusions. Very compact redeposited natural. Probably slumping of the SW side. No finds.	3111	NW-SE. Linear in plan. SW- stepped. NE- slightly convex. Steeply sloped. Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 1.20m Depth: 0.48m. NW-SE running linear. Appears to be a silted-up ditch. Most likely for drainage or to act as a boundary. Pottery in silting (3113) a	Cut of a drainage/boundary ditch. Appeared to slump on Smost side (3112). Before silting with (3113). Pottery in (3113) suggests feature is RB.	F11	NW-SE linear RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones, animal		
3113	Depth: 0.48m. Dark grey with a brown hue. Streaks of orange brown mottled. Silty clay. Rare 10% sub angular stone inclusions. Poorly sorted 5-10mm in size.	3111	NW-SE. Linear in plan. SW- stepped. NE- slightly convex. Steeply sloped. Flat base. Length: >10m Width: 1.20m Depth: 0.48m. NW-SE running linear. Appears to be a silted-up ditch. Most likely for drainage or to act as a boundary. Pottery in silting (3113) a	Cut of a drainage/boundary ditch. Appeared to slump on Smost side (3112). Before silting with (3113). Pottery in (3113) suggests feature is RB.	F11	NW-SE linear RB ditch. Finds: Animal bones, animal		
3114	Length: 2.16m Width: 20m+ Depth: 0.60m. Light yellow brown loamy sand. 10% sub angular chalk flecks. Fill of furrow running E-W.	3115	NW-SE. Irregular sides and irregularly sloped. Irregular base. Length: 2.16m Width: 20m+ Depth: 0.60m. Cut of furrow running E-W intervention stopped at site edge.	Furrow cut overlapping Feature 38 - ditch.	3115	OWN GROUP		
3116	Length: 2.16m Width: 20m+ Depth: 0.60m Mid yellow grey sandy silty loam. 2% well rounded pebbles. Ditch running NW-SE. Contains: cattle teeth, small pot sherd. 2% charcoal flecks.	3118	NW-SE. Sub-rectangular. Irregular sides, irregularly sloped and irregular base. Length: 2.16m Width: 20m+ Depth: 0.60m	Cut of ditch running NW-SE (F38).	F38	NE-SW enclosure ditch. Finds: Animal bones, pottery		



		Fill				I	
					P/O	Group	
Deposit	Fill Description	cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation	
3117	Dark yellow grey silt loam. 10% charcoal flecks. Ditch running NW-SE. Intervention stopped at site edge.	3118	NW-SE. Sub-rectangular. Irregular sides, irregularly sloped and irregular base. Length: 2.16m Width: 20m+ Depth: 0.60m	Cut of ditch running NW-SE (F38).	F38	NE-SW enclosure ditch. Finds: Animal bones, potter	
	Length: 1.1m Width: 0.6m Depth: 0.55m. Mid reddish brown sandy slit. Moderate sub angular and rounded stones 5-20mm. Rare charcoal flecking. Lower fill od deep pit. Boundary with upper fill clear,		E-W. Sub-oval in plan. Straight sides. Steeply sloped. Concave base. Length: 1.1m Width: 0.60m Depth: 0.55m Oval shaped pit. 2 fills, 1 primary, 1 secondary. S-side slightly				
3120	with natural diffuse.	3119	stepped at 0.2m depth.	Small pit. No finds.	3119	OWN GROUP	
3121	Dark grey mottled with light grey-brown clayey silt. Moderate sub-angular + rounded stones 10-40mm. Upper fill of pit consisting of large dark patches surrounded by lighter stonier patches.	3119	E-W. Sub-oval in plan. Straight sides. Steeply sloped. Concave base. Length: 1.1m Width: 0.60m Depth: 0.55m Oval shaped pit. 2 fills, 1 primary, 1 secondary. S-side slightly stepped at 0.2m depth.	Small pit. No finds.	3119	OWN GROUP	
	Dark grey with brown hue, very common orangey brown streak mottled silty clay. Infrequent 20% subangular and sub rounded stone inclusions. Poorly sorted 5-40mm in size. Very compact silting fill. Contained no finds, but feature		NW-SE. Linear in plan. SW- straight sides and steeply sloped with a flat base. Feature dimensions Length: >10m Width: 0.92m Depth: 0.57m. A NW-SE running linear, most likely a drainage/boundary ditch silted up with (3123). May	Cut of a drainage/boundary ditch, that has silted up with (3123). Likely a recut of an earlier ditch, as it cuts through fill (3124) of ditch [3125]. Contained no finds, but likely RB based of			
3123	is likely RB based off fin	3122	be a recut of a ditch, as i	finds in [3111].	3122	OWN GROUP	
3124	Mid grey with an orangey brown hue. Silty clay. Rare (1%) sub angular stone inclusions. Poorly sorted 5-40mm in size. Very compact silting of ditch [3125]. Cut through by later ditch/recut [3122]. No finds but most likely RB or earlier as [3122] is most I	3125	NW-SE. Linear in plan. Straight sides, moderately sloped, flat base. A NW-Se running ditch that was silted up with (3124). Probably a drainage/boundary ditch. Possibly recut by [3122], which goes through (3124). No finds, but likely RB or earlier as [3122]	Cut of drainage/boundary ditch, silted up (3124) no finds but RB or earlier, based on [3122]. Likely being RB.	3125	OWN GROUP	
3127	Mid reddish yellow (greyish) clay. 1% rare subrounded and subangular stones. 20-40mm. No finds, no charcoal. One of two fills in linear, shallow gully [3126].	3126	E-W. Linear in plan. Concave sides, shallow/steep sides, concave base. Length: unknown Width: 0.69m Depth: 0.28m. Cut of shallow gully, contains two fills: one primary and one secondary (3128).	Probably this feature is younger than the neighbouring ditch. We can see in section that this gully cuts ditch [3129].	3126	OWN GROUP	
3128	Light greyish yellow silty clay. 10% moderate subangular and subrounded stones 20-70mm. 1% rare charcoal, no finds. One of two fills in linear, shallow gully [3126].	3126	E-W. Linear in plan. Concave sides, shallow/steep sides, concave base. Length: unknown Width: 0.69m Depth: 0.28m. Cut of shallow gully, contains two fills: one primary and one secondary (3128). W-SE. Curvilinear in plan.	Probably this feature is younger than the neighbouring ditch. We can see in section that this gully cuts ditch [3129].	3126	OWN GROUP	
3130	Length: Unknown Width: 0.57m Depth: 0.18m. Light greyish orange firm clay. 1% rare small subangular stones 10-20mm. No charcoal, no finds. One of this fills in curvi- linear, shallow ditch [3125], probably from Iron Age.	3129	Stepped sides, steeply sloped. Irregular base. Length: unknown. Width: 0.64m Depth: 0.48m. Cut of small, shallow ditch, contains two fills: one primary and one secondary (3131). Dated to the Iron Age probably.	Probably this feature is older than neighbouring gully [3126], because gully cuts this ditch. This ditch is probably from Iron Age (pottery inside).	F39	Ditch adjoining F40 enclosure ditch.	

		Fill				
Deposit	Fill Description	of cut	Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	P/O Group	Group Interpretation
	Length: Unknown Width:0.61m Depth: 0.36m Mid greyish		W-SE. Curvilinear in plan. Stepped sides, steeply sloped. Irregular base.			,
	orange silty clay. 3% sparse subrounded stones 10-40mm. 5% sparse charcoal. 1 piece of		Length: unknown. Width: 0.64m Depth: 0.48m. Cut of small, shallow ditch,	Probably this feature is older		
	black pottery (part of bottom), animal teeth in very bad condition. One of two fills in		contains two fills: one primary and one secondary (3131). Dated to the Iron	than neighbouring gully [3126], because gully cuts this ditch. This ditch is probably from Iron		Ditch adjoining F40 enclosure
3131	curvilinear and shallow ditch	3129	Age probably. Linear in plan. N = straight mostly. S = stepped sides.	Age (pottery inside).	F39	ditch.
	Mid brown with an orange hue clay. Rare (10%) sub rounded stone inclusions. Poorly sorted		N = steep S = moderate slope. Flat base. Linear appears to be forming an enclosure, about half of	City of an enclosure ditch, which has suffered some slumping (2122) and then citted upward		
3133	+ 5-30mm in size. Moderately compact natural redeposited, probably slumping of N edge. No finds.	3132	which is under the baulk. Has suffered some slumping on N edge of E-W running part (seen in slot).	(3133) and then silted upward (3134). (3134) contained pottery + a very large burnt stone. Most likely RB. Cut by a later furrow.	3132	OWN GROUP
0.00	Mid grey with a brown hue, very common reddish-brown mottling streaks. Silty clay.	0102	Linear in plan. N = straight mostly. S = stepped sides. N = steep S = moderate slope. Flat base. Linear	moy ris. oursy a later removi.	0102	own enteer
	30% sub angular and sub rounded stone inclusions. Very poorly sorted 5-50mm in size. RB pottery and a large burnt stone. Very compact silting of		appears to be forming an enclosure, about half of which is under the baulk. Has suffered some	City of an enclosure ditch, which has suffered some slumping (3133) and then silted upward (3134). (3134) contained pottery + a very large burnt stone. Most		
3134	ditch [3132] contained pot Length: 1.23m Width: 0.55m	3132	slumping on N edge of E-W running part (seen in slot). SE-NW. Irregular shape in	likely RB. Cut by a later furrow.	3132	OWN GROUP
	Depth: 0.13m. Dark brownish yellow sandy clay with grey flecks of clay. 1% rare rounded and sub rounded small stones 10-30mm. Sherds of Roman pottery. No charcoal. One single fill of irregular roman pit		plan. Stepped/concave sides and steepl/shallow slope. Irregular base. Length: 1.23m Width: 0.55m Depth: 0.13m. Cut of shallow, irregular pit, contains one single fill			
3136	[3135].	3135	(3136). East-West. Square in plan. Straight sides and	Roman pit.	3135	OWN GROUP
3138	Mid greyish brown silty clay. 5% pebbles, unsorted stones.	3137	moderately sloped. Flat base. Length: 1m+ Width: 1.05m+ Depth: 0.50m. Medium v-shaped ditch running East-West across area, the cut is straight and at a moderate slope with the bottom of the ditch been flat. No	Ditch going East/West across Area 3. The ditch has no finds and appears to be Roman as it is v-shaped. Only one cut as recuts of the ditch.	F38	NE-SW enclosure ditch. Finds: Animal bones, potter
	Light yellowish brown sandy		E-W. Oval shape in plan. Stepped/straight sides. Steep/shallow sides. Flat base. Length: 1.27m.			
3140	clay. 1% rare rounded and subrounded small stones 10- 20mm. No charcoal and no finds. One single fill of oval, shallow pit [3139].	3139	Width: 0.40m Depth: 0.12m Additional description. Cut of oval, shallow pit. Contains one single fill (3140).	Cut of pit.	3139	OWN GROUP
2.10		2.00	E-W. Linear in plan. Irregular sides, irregular slope, irregular base. Feature dimensions: Length: >15m Width: 1.62m Depth: 1.24m. 1 x			2 5.1.551
3142	Dark grey clay. Depth: 0.36m.	3141	secondary fill. Appears to be a much shallower recut of ditch [3143] and cuts both fills of that ditch.	Shallow and narrow recut of earlier ditch. No dating material recovered. Relationship with surrounding features unclear.	3141	OWN GROUP



						1
		of Out Beauty tiers			P/O	Group
Deposit	Fill Description cut		Cut Description	Cut Interpretation	Group	Interpretation
•	•		Excavation of feature	•		•
			E-W. Linear in plan.			
			Irregular sides, irregular slope and flat base. Depth:			
	Mid brownish orange clay, 3%		1.53m. 2 x secondary fills.			Ditch adjoining
	sparse charcoal. Moderate		Cut by [3141]. See also	Ditch of unknown date and		F40 enclosure
3144	compaction.	3143	[3141].	purpose.	F39	ditch.
	Light reddish grey clay. 1%					
	rare coarse subangular gravel. 1% rare charcoal. Moderate		E-W. Linear in plan.			
	compaction. Sample taken but		Irregular sides, irregular			
	destroyed after hearing rain		slope and flat base. Depth:			
	completely flooded slot with		1.53m. 2 x secondary fills.			Ditch adjoining
3145	material wasted from further up the site.	3143	Cut by [3141]. See also [3141].	Ditch of unknown date and purpose.	F39	F40 enclosure ditch.
3143	Length: +20m Width: +20m	3143	N-S L-shaped plan. Straight	purpose.	139	ulton.
	Length: +20m Width: +20m Depth: 0.35m Light grey brown		sides, steeply sloped and	Upper ditch for F38 cutting a		NE-SW
	sandy clay. 5% sparse orange		irregular base. Length:	lower earlier ditch [3149] and a		enclosure ditch.
3146	medium sand 0.2-0.6m 2% rounded cobbles 20mm.	3147	+20m Width: +20m Depth: 0.35m.	possible earlier feature ditch F39.	F38	Finds: Animal
3140	Length: +20m Width: +20m	3147	0.3311.	F39.	F30	bones, potter
	Depth: 0.35m Light grey sandy					NE-SW
	loam 1% rare fine gravel. 1%		N-S. L-shaped in plan.			enclosure ditch.
3148	charcoal. Edge of a lower ditch under [3147].	3149	Straight sides, steeply sloped. Irregular base.	Considered an earlier ditch due to a sharp cut into the natural.	F38	Finds: Animal
3140	under [3147].	3149	sioped. Irregular base.	Feature ditch F39 - possibly cut	F30	bones, potter
Ì	Length: +20m Width: +20m			by a later ditch F38 could be		
	Depth: 0.35m Grey brown		Length: +20m Width: +20m	opposite F39 cutting F38. Given		
			Depth: 0.35m. Ditch seems to curve at the point of	overall shape of feature, however cuts and fills suggest		
3150		3151	reaching F38.	F38 cuts F39.	3151	OWN GROUP
0.00	graver zo commi	0.0.	W-E. Sub-oval in plan.	1 00 000 1 001	0.0.	
			Straight/stepped sides,			
	Length: 20m Width: 0.68m		steep/shallow slope.			
Depth: 0.35m Grey brown sandy clay 20% common orange subrounded coarse gravel 20-60mm. Length: 20m Width: 0.68m Depth: 0.38m Light grey sandy clay. 10% moderate subrounded and subangular stones 20-40mm. No finds, no			Concave/flat base. Length: 3.32m Width: 1.34m Depth:			
			0.45m. Additional			
			description: Cut of tree			
0450	charcoal. One of two fills of throw, conta		throw, contains two fills	Cost of two a thousand	0450	OWN CDOUD
3153 tree throw [3152].		3152	(3153) and (3154). W-E. Sub-oval in plan.	Cut of tree throw	3152	OWN GROUP
			Straight/stepped sides,			
	Length: 3.30m Width: 0.60m		steep/shallow slope.			
	Depth: 0.44m. Greyish red		Concave/flat base. Length:			
	sandy clay. 3% sparse subrounded and subangular		3.32m Width: 1.34m Depth: 0.45m. Additional			
İ	stones 10-20mm. No charcoal.		description: Cut of tree			
	No finds. One of two fills of		throw, contains two fills			
3154	tree throw [3152].	3152	(3153) and (3154).	Cut of tree throw	3152	OWN GROUP



Appendix 7: Micromorphology report





HIGHFIELDS FARM LITTLEOVER, DERBY

Micromorphology Report

Site code: 115470

Date: 19th December 2018

Written by: Dr C. Lang

QUEST, School of Archaeology, Geography and Environmental Science, Whiteknights, University of Reading, RG6 6AB

Tel: 0118 378 8945 **Email**: n.a.marini@reading.ac.uk http://www.reading.ac.uk/quest



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1 NON-TECHNICAL SUMMARY

Micromorphological analysis was undertaken on samples collected at the site of Highfields Farm in order to determine: (1) the landscape function of several areas of interest; (2) whether there had been historical waste disposal, and (3) whether land surrounding it had been affected by trampling. The results of the thin section analysis indicate that the soils/sediments across the sampling areas derive from local parent material. Soil development has occurred over several different phases and contains fragmented charcoal, degraded bone and amorphous organic matter indicating prolonged human activity in the area and suggesting waste material has been added to the soil. Nevertheless, initial indications during archaeological excavation, that trampling may have occurred, cannot be confirmed as there is no evidence of soil development features relating to this activity.

2 INTRODUCTION

2.1 Site context

This report summarises the findings arising out of the micromorphological analysis undertaken by Quaternary Scientific (QUEST), University of Reading on three undisturbed soil samples collected from Highfields Farm, Derby, UK. Wessex Archaeology were commissioned by CgMs Heritage on behalf of North Midlands Construction Ltd (hereafter 'the Client) to undertake a programme of archaeological mitigation on a 3.25ha area that had been identified as containing a coaxial field system and an associated rectangular enclosure and ring gullies.

The undisturbed soils samples from across fine stratigraphic layers, identified during archaeological investigation, were collected to potentially interpret the historic activities occurring adjacent to the enclosures where several dark sediment deposits were identified Micromorphology will therefore examine several hypotheses that the soil/sediments within the shallow hollows adjacent to a set of enclosures were formed: (1) from the deposition of midden material or; (2) due to trampling.

2.2 Geoarchaeological and archaeological potential

The application of soil micromorphological techniques to the Highfields samples - the microscopic analysis of soil/sediment thin sections - can play a significant role in the archaeological investigation particularly when carried out with a methodical approach to observations and their interpretation.

Soil/sediment properties reflect the environment in which they have been formed, and so the recovery of known anthropic sediments from archaeological contexts has the potential to assist archaeologists to understand complex site formation processes related to past land use and the palaeo-environment. By applying micromorphological investigation to undisturbed soils it enables soil development properties to be examined: thickness, bedding, particle size, sorting, coarse:fine ratio, composition of the fine material, groundmass, colour, related distribution, microstructure, and distribution of inclusions, the shape of inclusions, and finally the inclusions to be identified and quantified. Additionally, these analyses can provide details of micro-artefacts, not seen by the naked eye during macromorphological analysis.

3 METHODS

Three thin sections (11.5 \times 7.5 cm) were oven-dried to remove all the moisture and then impregnated using epoxy resin under vacuum. The impregnated soils were cured, and then sliced, bonded to glass slides and precision lapped to 30 μ m thickness to produce a soil thin section.

By following procedures laid out in the International Handbook for Thin Section Description (Bullock et al., 1985) and (Stoops, 2003), soil properties were recorded semi-quantitatively and adapted specifically for the Highfields Project (115470). The thin sections were analysed using a Leica DMLP polarising microscope at a range of magnifications (x10- x400) and under Plane Polarised Light (PPL), Crossed Polarized Light (XPL) and where applicable Oblique Incident Light (OIL). Each light source allowed identification of specific microscopic features, such as, mineral and organic components, pedology and feature classification. All features observed were recorded on an Excel spread sheet with the limit of the coarse to fine material being $20\mu m$ (c/f20 μm). Photomicrographs were taken using a Leica DFC295 camera attached to the microscope and utilising the Leica display software.

4 RESULTS AND INTEPRETATION

The following section shows characterisation and interpretations of three micromorphological thin sections (ts468, ts489 and ts490) with a summary of the frequency and type of pedology in each thin section recorded in a supplementary table.

It is evident that the thin sections display well-developed pedology, with all three samples exhibiting a sub-angular block microstructure, while the arrangement of the coarse material within the fine matrix is poorly sorted suggesting mixing of the soil/sediments. This observation is substantiated by large granular porous crumb inclusions within the sub-angular blocky peds. The peds are separated by interpedal channel voids and accommodated cracks - due to the high level of clay in the fine material – and contain intrapedal chambers and vughs. Sample ts468 has obvious differences in the microstructure with smaller sub-angular peds being displayed in the lower part of the sample (Figure 1), while ts489 exhibits areas of finer light brown groundmass displays a defused boundary with the upper darker orange brown groundmass suggesting differential deposition.

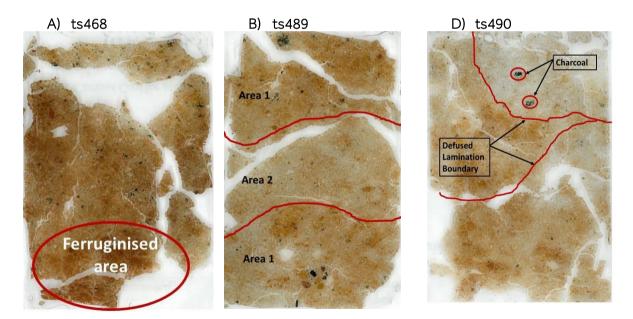


Figure 1: Thin sections from Highfields with annotations ton determine the different areas of interest: A) Increased ferruginisation can be seen in the bottom of the sample; B) Laminations with defused boundaries and fragments of degraded charcoal.

In contrast, there are subtle variations in the composition of the coarse organic material in the three samples. A low level of ferruginous woody material is present in ts468 and evidence of small (20-50 µm) degraded bone fragments in the finer silty clay matrix. A low frequency of fungal spores (2%) and amorphous organic matter (2%) are evident in the lower part of ts489. Additionally, there are modern root fragments - modern due to its high level of birefringence - within channel voids (Babel, 1975). All samples display an abundance of highly degraded charcoal (10%), with many of

the fragments exhibiting dual phase pedological activity: initial degradation of the charcoal *in situ* and latter deposition of dusty clay infilling and the external development of grano striations.

The groundmass has inclusions of crystalitic b-fabric characteristic of small calcitic mineral grains within a predominantly strial b-fabric formed from the presence of clay colloids that had undergone shrinking and swelling of clay colloids through the wetting and drying of the soil (Stoops, 2003). The most evident striations, the cross and random striations have formed in the fine material of all samples indicating unistrial fine matrix. Increased development of the cross and random striation can also be seen in the areas that have increased levels of post- depositional sesquioxides movement, while grano and poro striations are evident in all samples. The movement of sesquioxides, again through wetting and drying and subsequent reduction and oxidation of iron in the soils (D. L. LINDBO et al., 2010), has formed redoximorphic nodules in the fine material and are often use by the USDA (2010) to determine the movement of soil water.

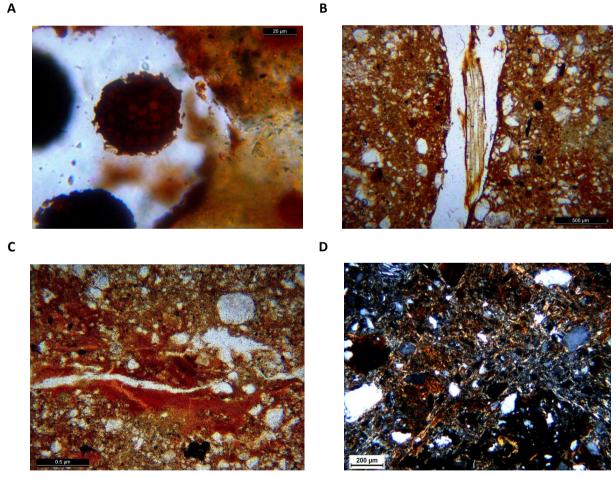


Figure 2: A: Fungal spore (unknown) sample ts489 (PPL); B: Modern root material within a channel void and hypocoatings evident within the matrix surrounding the channel void ts489 (PPL); C: Dense incomplete dusty clay coating within a channel void and a typic redoximorphic nodule within the matrix ts489 (PPL); D: Grano and poro striations within a strial b-fabric ts490 (XPL).

5 DISCUSSION

The composition of the coarse rock and mineral inclusions are derived from the localised geology, while the pedology suggests there has been little recent reworking of the soil due to the strongly developed microstructure. The microstructure has formed through the effects of bioturbation from modern roots, still visible in some of the channel voids (Figure 2B) and the high clay content allowing cracks to form when the soils dry. There is evidence however of different microfabric in the large peds indicating that prior to their development there had been extensive mixing of soil/sediment. The presence of visible laminations with defused boundaries (ts489 and ts490) indicate several phases of pedogenesis with: (1) mixing occurring prior to; (2) deposition of finer, lighter coloured sediments and finally; (3) the formation of a sub-angular blocky microstructure.

The presence of hydrological pedofeatures such as hypocoatings and redoximorphic nodules within the fine matrix are diagnostic of localised and periodic oxidisation and reduction through the processes of wetting and drying (D. L. LINDBO et al., 2010); (USDA-NRCS, 2010). The post-depositional development of hydrological pedofeatures (hypocoatings and ubiquitous redoximorphic nodules) is due to the movement of sequioxides. This movement of iron/manganese can also be identified by the increased accumulation of Fe/Mn staining within the fine material, after formation of the sub-angular peds - particularly in ts468. Soil genesis of the fine material supports the localised wetting and drying of the soil with the formation of a strial b-fabric (XPL) particularly in ts468 and in Area 1 of sample ts489, with reducing (wetting/drying) conditions providing the mechanism for the destabilisation of clay particles that form striations. Additionally, a crystallitic b-fabric is exhibited in areas that display little post-depositional sequioxides movement. The crystallitic b-fabric forming due to calcite derived from the limestone parent material, this microfabric can dominate over clay striations thus striation cannot be seen in areas containing calcitic fine material (I. KOVDA AND A. R. MERMUT).

There is evidence of coarse charcoal fragments (>20 μ m) and micro-charcoal (<20 μ m) in all samples and small (20-50 μ m) infrequent bone fragments (2%), the latter only in the finer matrix. The presence of these suggest anthropogenic activity such as deposition of burnt or waste material (R. I. MACPHAIL AND P. GOLDBERG, 2010), while the presence of fungal spores point to increased levels of organic matter, particularly in ts489. Many of the larger charcoal pieces were fragmented suggesting reworking within the soil. It is clear the fragmentation of the charcoal occurred before the development of dusty clay coatings, however as they were visible within the charcoal fragments.

Illuvial pedofeatures in the form of dusty coatings and inclusions develop due to disturbance of the soil either internally or on the surface and the deposition of fine silt and clay material via transportation in soil water (M. R. USAI, 2001), forming in voids and on large coarse fractions. There is no evidence that disturbance had occurred in the soil prior to the development of the coatings as their development has occurred after initial mixing and these features did not exhibit fragmentation and so, their development points to surface disturbance. The surface disturbance

could have occurred due to removal of coverings such as grass and exposure of the soil or due to trampling, however there is no other pedological evidence of compaction features that relate to trampling.

6 CONCLUSIONS

Undisturbed soil samples were collected from in and between several different stratigraphic units at Highfields Farm and evidence provided through soil micromorphology indicates that all samples came from the same local parent material.

The features within the soil would point to phased development with initial mixing of different sediments containing charcoal, small bone fragments and increased amorphous organic matter followed by the deposition of finer sediments also containing charcoal fragments indicating prolonged anthropogenic activity. Finally, the formation of a strong microstructure formed through bioturbation and through its high clay content.

The presence of hydrological pedofeatures in all samples indicates localised reduction and oxidation, with increased Fe/Mn staining through movement of sequioxides, while the development of illuvial pedofeatures indicate disturbance across the surface of the soil in all sample regions.

The micromorphological analysis can therefore tentatively support the hypothesis that there has been waste material added to the soil, particularly in sample ts489, and that there is evidence of disturbance across all sample regions. However, there is no clear evidence that trampling occurred as diagnostic compaction features could not be identified.

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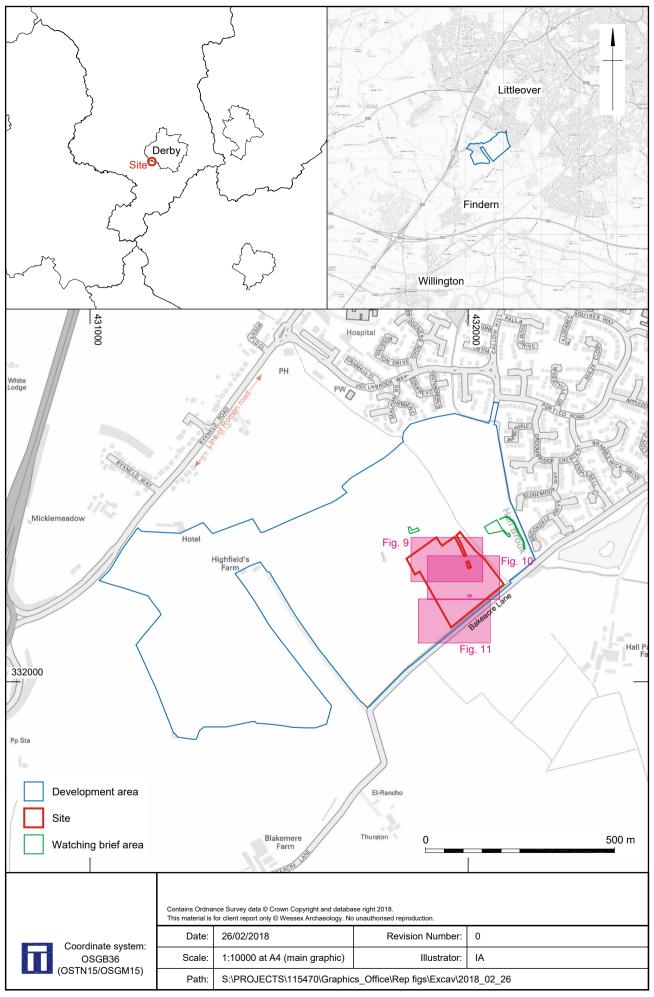
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Table 1: Summary of the soil thin section characterisation of samples ts468, ts489 and ts490 from the archaeological excavation at Highfields Farm, Derbyshire

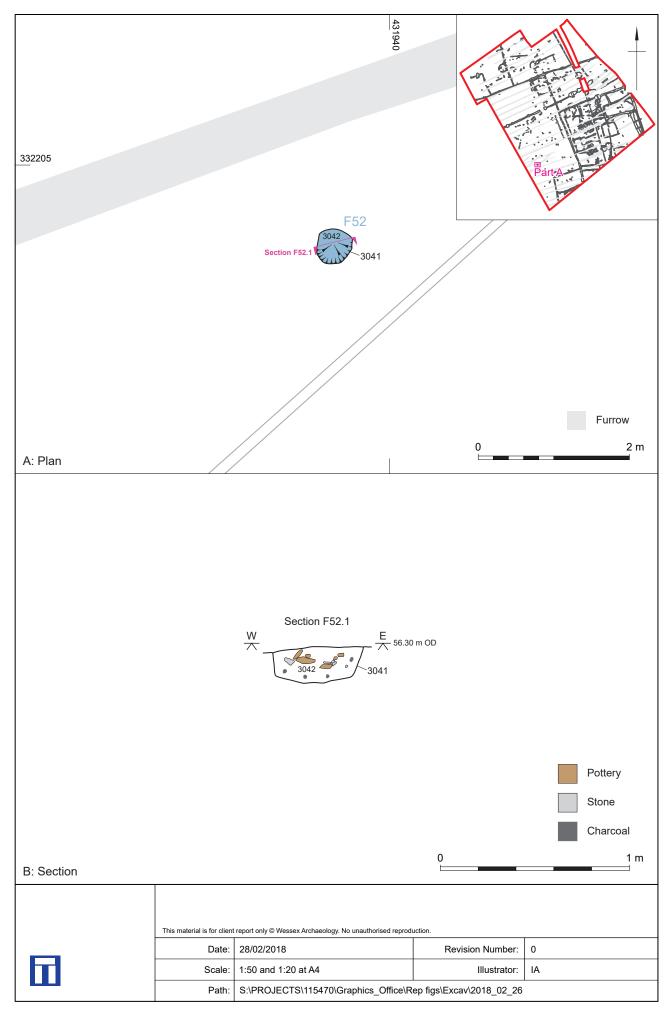
Thin	Related	c/f ^(20µm)	c/f ^(20µm) Coarse material						Groundmass			Pedofeatures						
Section	distribution	distribution (ratio)	R	Rock and Mineral			Organic											
			Quartz	Quartzite	Plagioclase	Mudstone	Charcoal	Bone	Wood franments	Amorphous OM	Fungal spores	PPL	XPL	Peds	Voids	Redoximorphi c nodules	Dusty coating	Hypocoating
468	Enaulic	3:7	***	***	**	**	**	*	*			Opaque	Striated: Grano Poro Cross	Large SA-B	Channels (20- 30%) Cracks (5%) Chambers (10%) Vughs (5%)	****	**	***
489	Enaulic	3:7	****	***	**	**	**	*	*	*	*	Opaque	Striated: Grano Poro Cross	Large SA-B	Channels (20- 30%) Cracks (5%) Chambers (10%) Vughs (5%)	****	**	**
490	Enaulic	3:7	****	***		**	**					Opaque	Striated: Grano Poro Cross	Large SA-B	Channels (20- 30%) Cracks (5%) Chambers (10%) Vughs (5%)	****	**	**

All measurements indicated are semi quantitative Key: Peds: SAB-Sub-angular blocky; Frequency: *Low (<2%); **Moderate (5-10%); *** High (10-20%); **** Very High (>20)

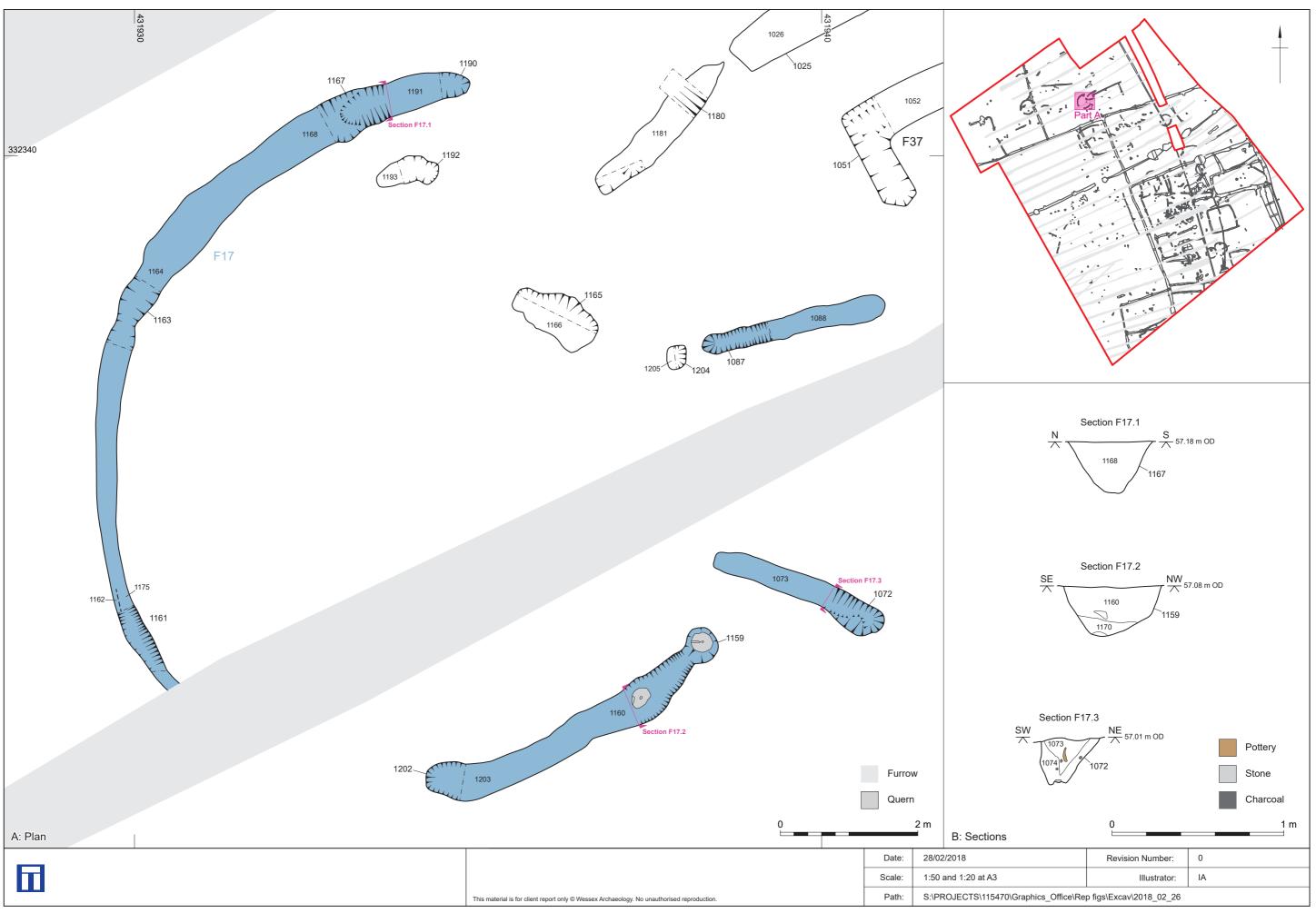


Site location Figure 1

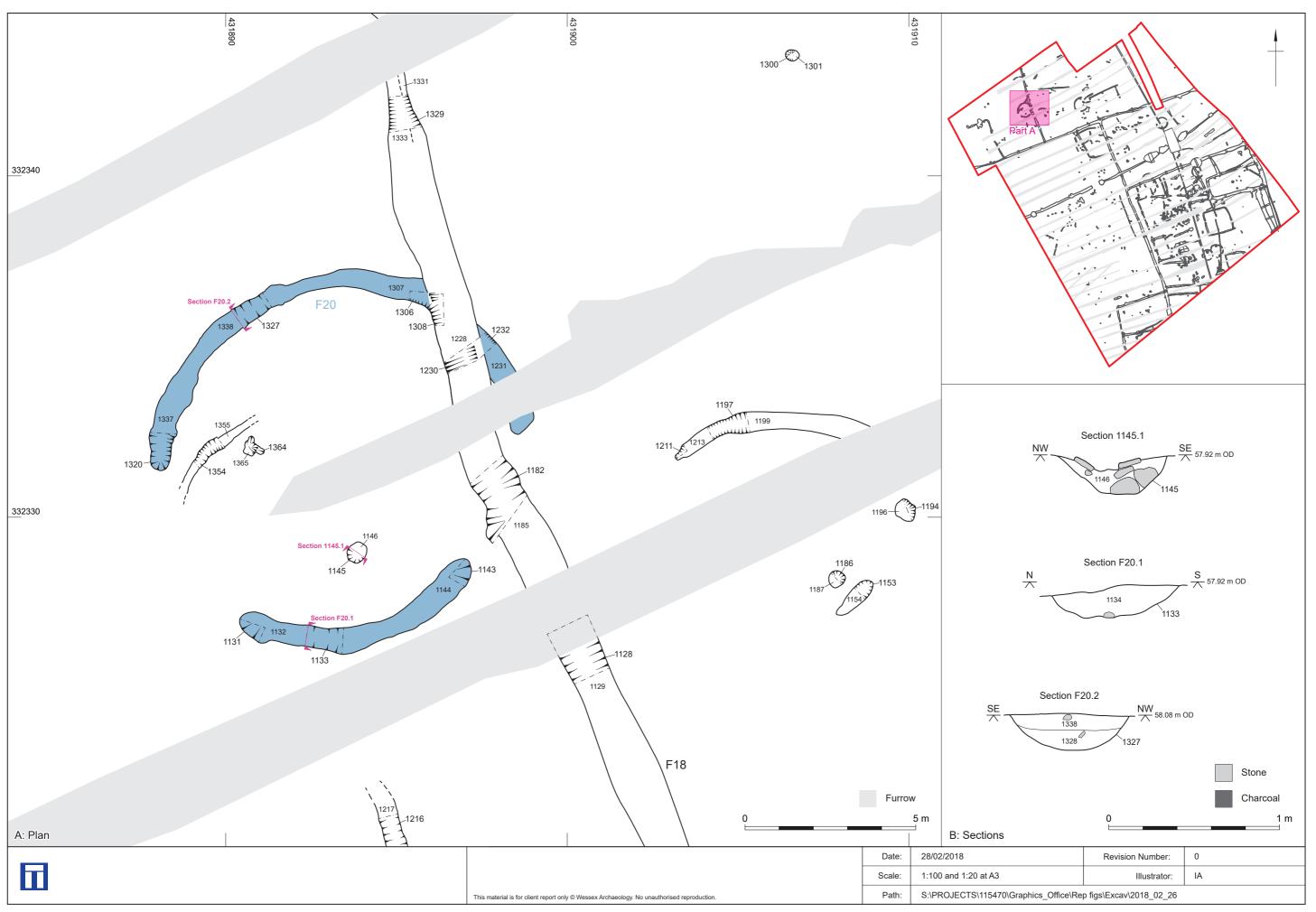


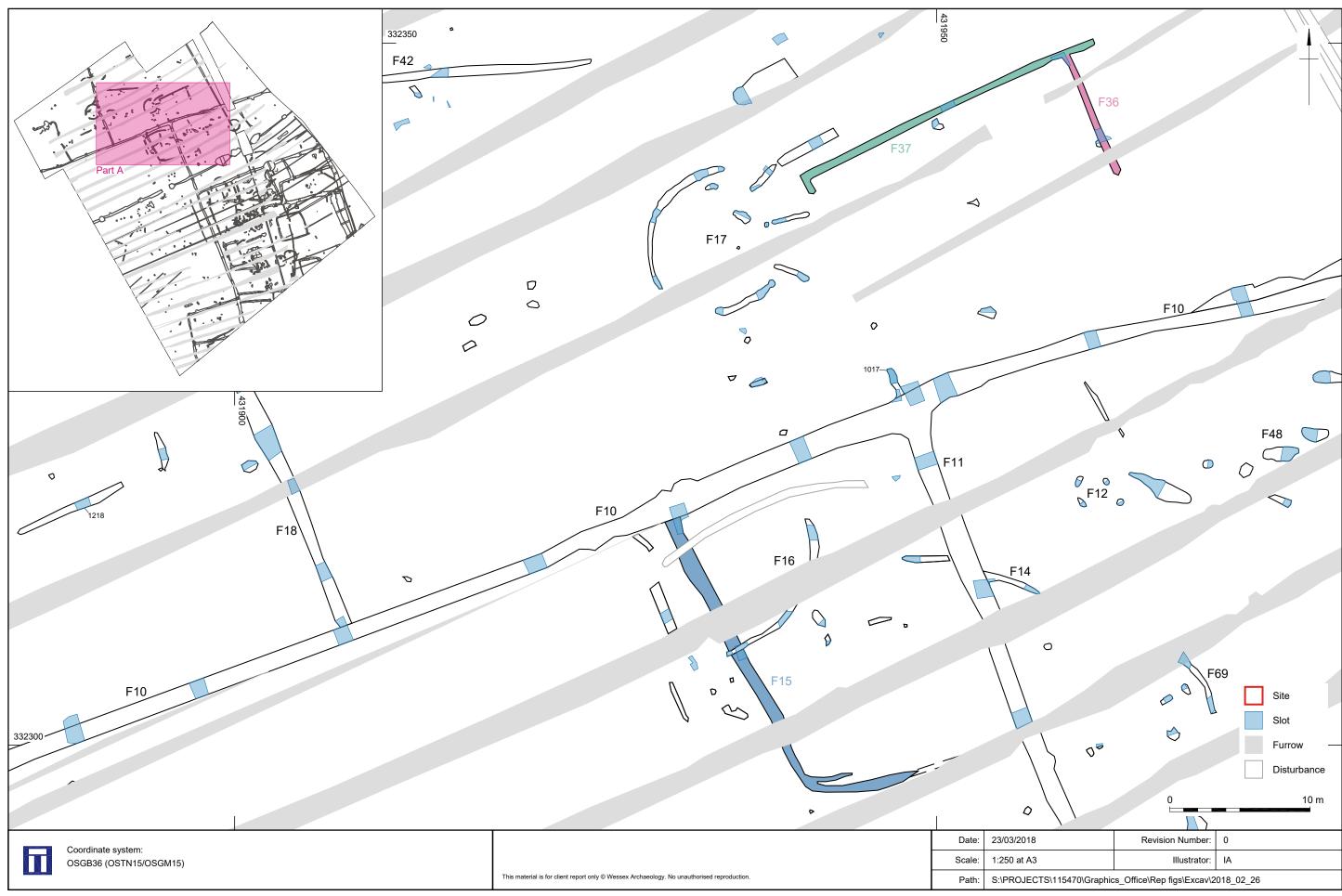


Bronze Age pit F52 in Area 3



Late Iron Age eaves drip gully F17

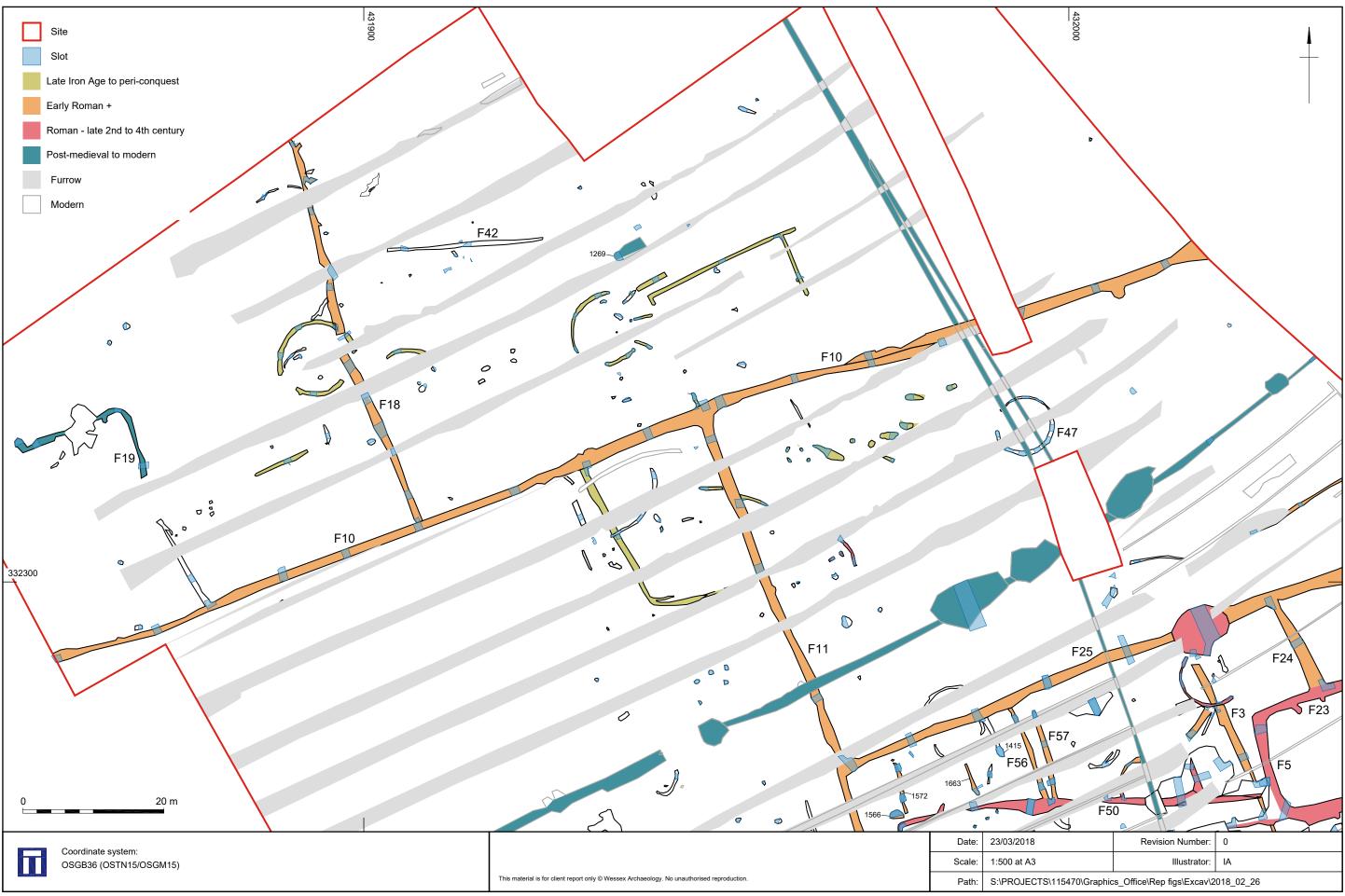


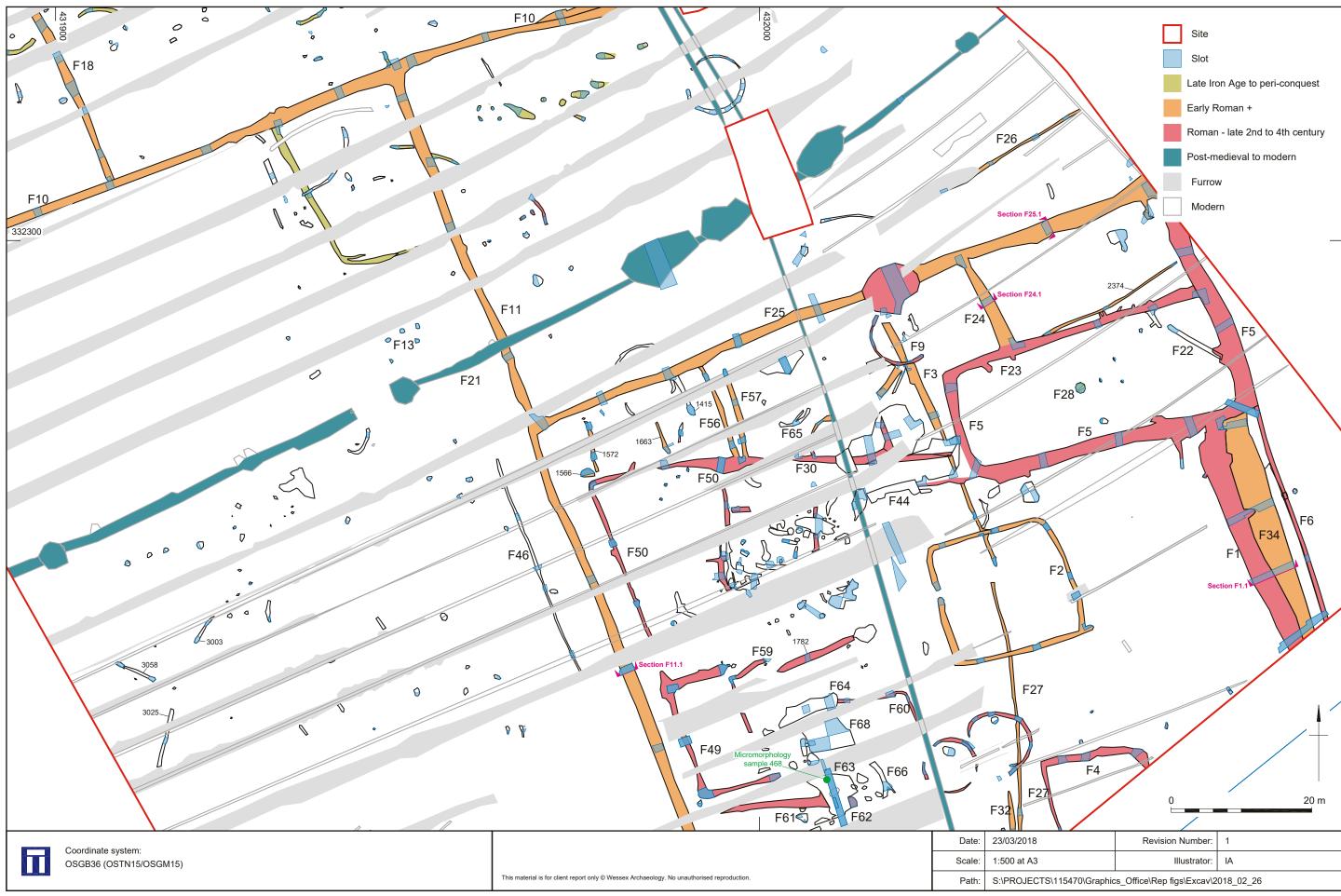


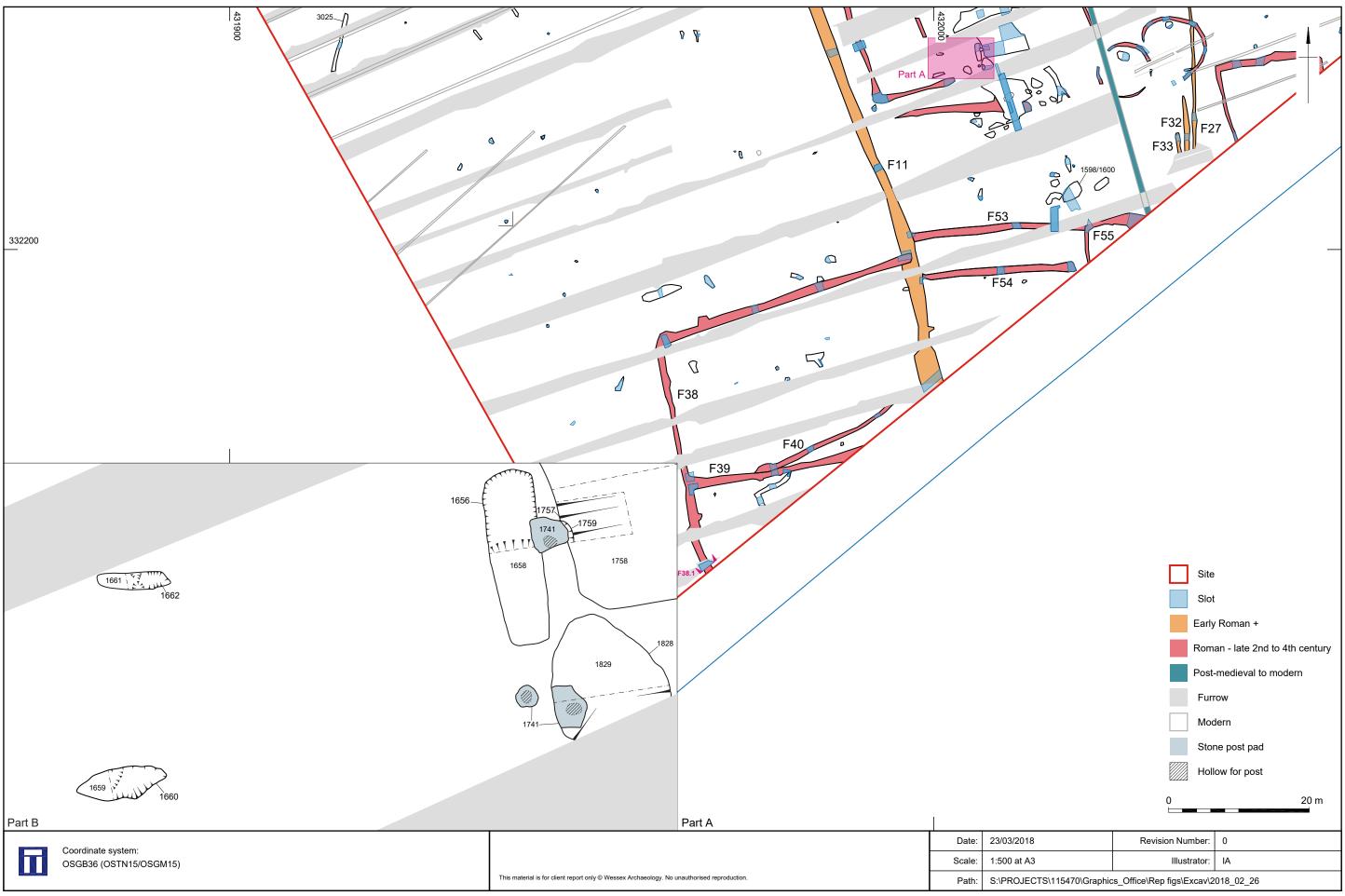
Late Iron Age enclosure ditches F15, F36 and F37

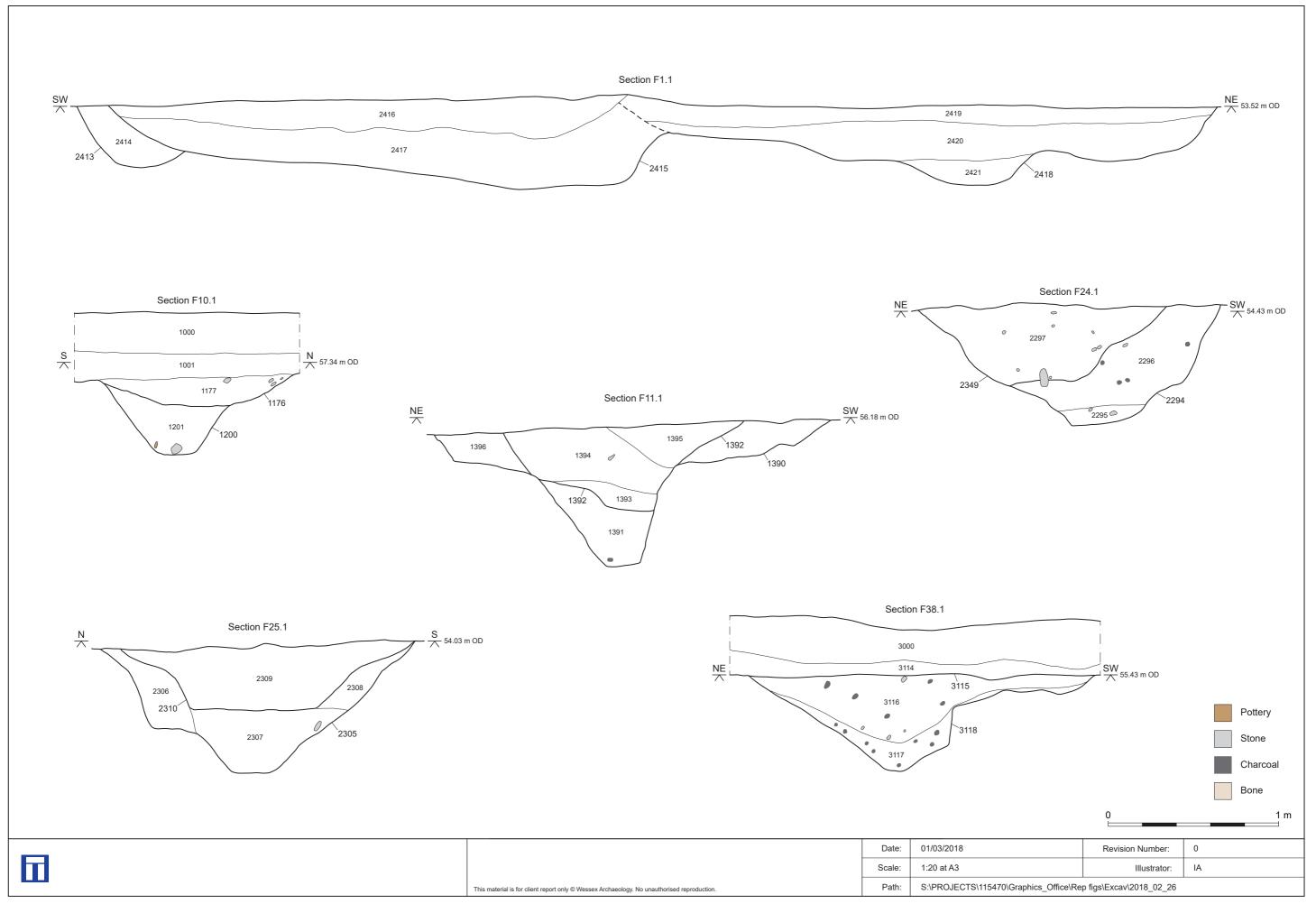


Early Romano-British (1st-century) pits



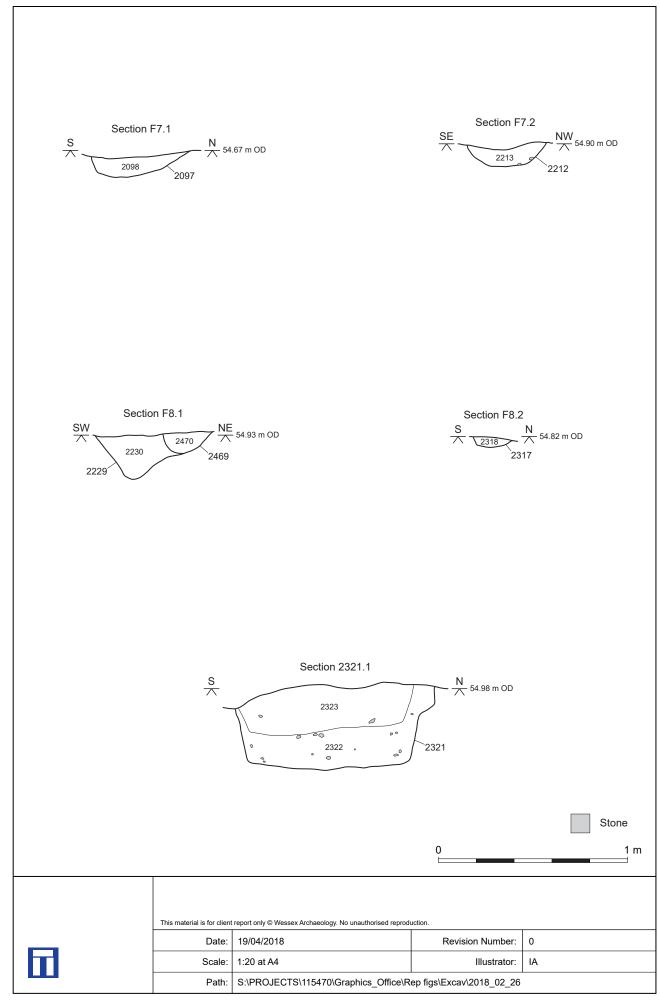


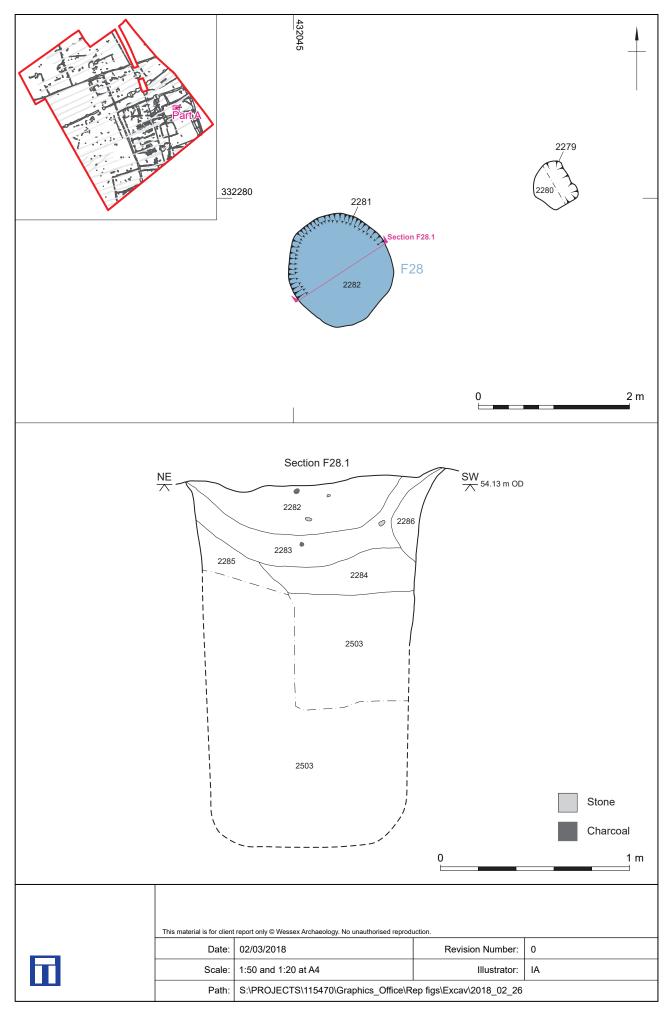




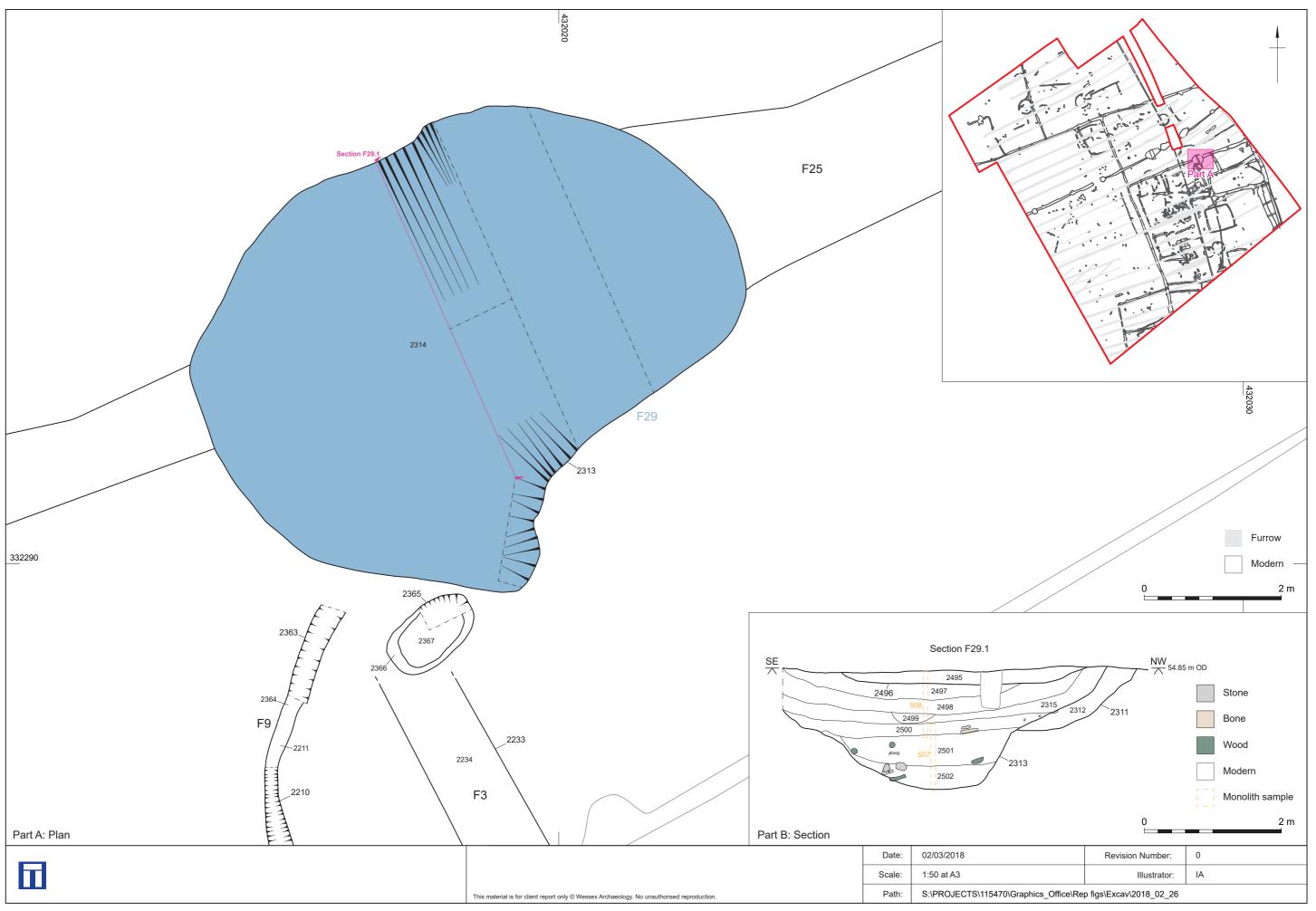


Roundhouse eaves drip gullies F7 and F8





Well F28 - plan and section



Large pit F29 - plan and section

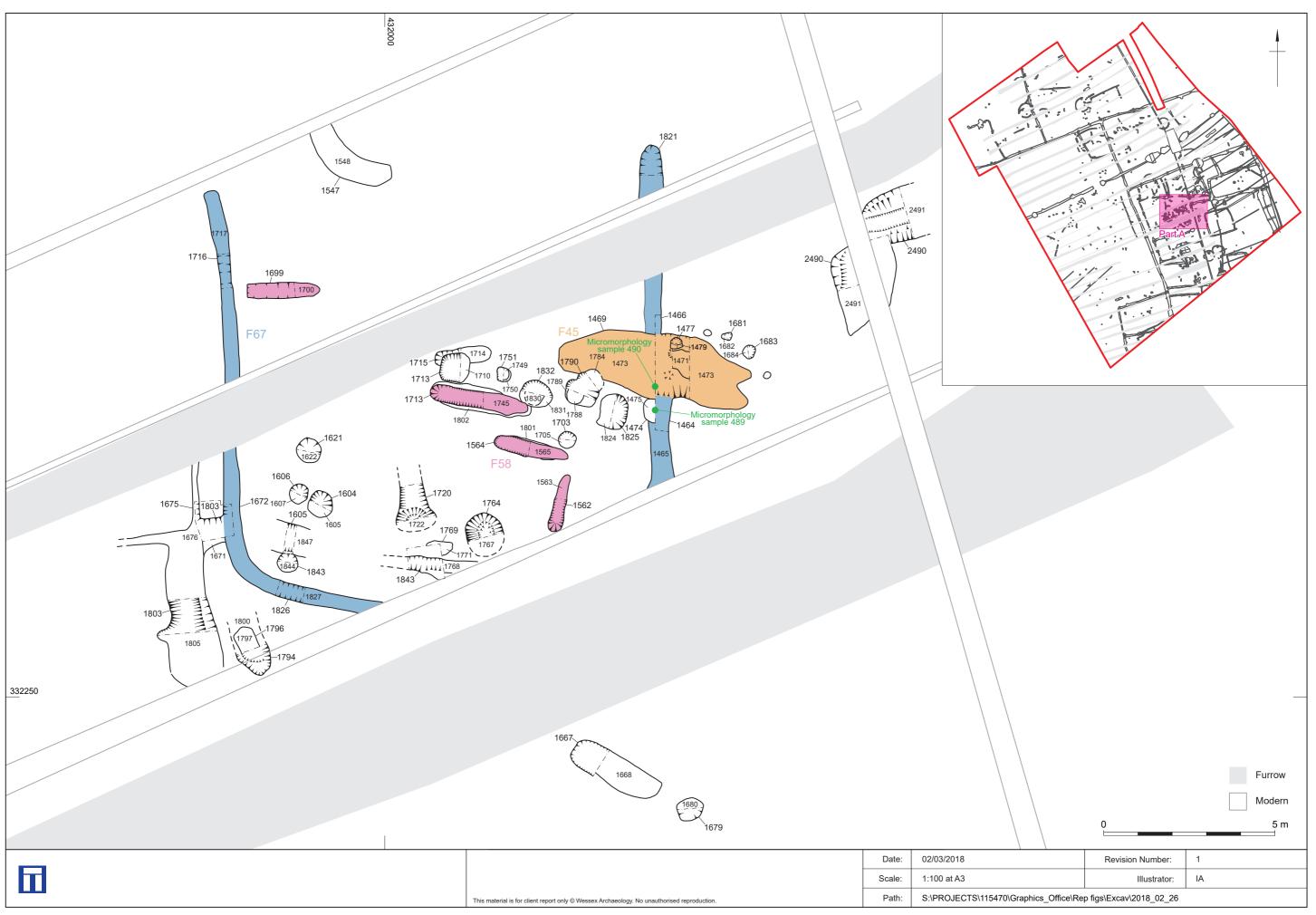




Plate 1: Medieval furrows, truncating the archaeology, looking north-east



Plate 2: Bronze Age pit, F52 3041, section facing south-west with pottery sherds on clipboard

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Plate 3: Beehive quernstones found in terminal of eaves drip gully F17, facing south-west.



Plate 4: Beehive quernstones found in terminal of eaves drip gully F17, facing north-west.

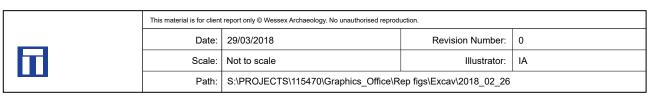




Plate 5: Entranceway gullies of roundhouse F17, facing west, quernstones in eaves drip gully behind.



Plate 6: Eaves drip gully F20 after a heavy rainfall, facing south-east.

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Plate 7: Burnt stone pit 1145 within roundhouse F20, facing north-east.



Plate 8: Section facing west through pit F48 1366

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Plate 9: Enclosure ditch F10, with F15 adjoining, facing west



Plate 10: Long enclosure ditch F11, with ditch F25 adjoining on the right, facing north-west.

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Plate 11: Partial roundhouse just beyond F65, fresh after machining, facing north-east.



Plate 12: Eaves drip gully F8 with internal pit, facing west

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Plate 13: Well F28 section facing north



Plate 14: Well F28 after slumping, monolith being taken, facing south

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Plate 15: Large pit F29 section facing north-east



Plate 16: Large pit F29 monolith sample in place, section facing north-east

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Plate 17: Large pit F29 waterlogged wood in lower fill 2501, section facing north-east



Plate 18: Ditch F25 cut 2435 with deer antler in fill 2436, section facing west

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Plate 19: Lead bowl with metal vessel placed inside, object no. 4 and 34 from ditch F23 fill 2435



Plate 20: Lead bowl on right with metal vessel on left, exterior base view, object no. 4 and 34 from ditch F23 fill 2435 $\,$

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Plate 21: Metal vessel exterior base view, object no. 34 from ditch F23 fill 2334



Plate 22: Metal vessel interior base view, object no. 34 from ditch F23 fill 2334

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Plate 23: Enclosure ditch F5 closest to baulk edge heading north, adjoining small linear F22 also in foreground



Plate 24: Ditch F25 2435 with deer antler in fill 2436, section facing west

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Plate 25: Ditch F2 section facing west



Plate 26: Beam slot structure F58 pre-excavation, shot facing north

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Plate 27: Beam slot structure F58, shot facing north-east



Plate 28: Pottery from spread F45

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Plate 29: Spread F68, shot facing north



Plate 30: Elongated pit F68, section facing north

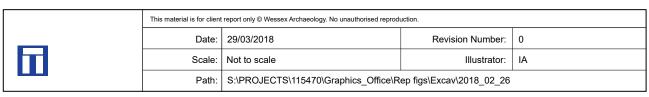




Plate 31: Silver long cross penny, object no. 13 from surface of ditch F25



Plate 32: Eaves drip gully F47, shot facing south-east

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Wessex Archaeology Ltd registered office Portway House, Old Sarum Park, Salisbury, Wiltshire SP4 6EB Tel: 01722 326867 Fax: 01722 337562 info@wessexarch.co.uk www.wessexarch.co.uk

